	NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING -PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX LEVY Proposed LOGAN-MAGNOLIA Property Tax Levy Fiscal Year July 1, 2024 - June 30, 2025	
Location of Public Hearing: High School Media Center	Date of Public Hearing: 3/25/2024	Time of Public Hearing: 06:00 PM
Location of Notice on School Website: https://www.lomaschools.org/page/proposed-tax-notice		

At the public hearing any resident or taxpayer may present oral or written objections to, or arguments in favor of the proposed tax levy. After the hearing of the proposed tax levy, the Board will publish notice and hold a hearing on the proposed budget.

		Current Year Final Property	Budget Year Effective Property Tax Dollar Levy (No change in Property Tax Dollars Levied) FY 2025	Budget Year Proposed Property Tax Dollar Levy FY 2025
		Tax Dollar Levy FY 2024		
General Fund Levy	1	1,873,183	1,873,183	2,029,962
Instructional Support Levy	2	157,557	157,557	116,432
Management	3	196,904	196,904	295,922
Amana Library	4	0	0	0
Voted Physical Plant and Equipment	5	0	0	0
Regular Physical Plant and Equipment	6	73,550	73,550	80,842
Reorganization Equalization	7	0	0	0
Public Education/Recreation (Playground)	8	0	0	0
Debt Service	9	621,542	621,542	626,285
Grand Total	10	2,922,736	2,922,736	3,149,443
		Current Year Final Property Tax Rate FY 2024	Budget Year Effective Property Tax Rate (No change in Property Tax Dollars Levied) FY 2025	Budget Year Proposed Property Tax Rate FY 2025
Grand Total Levy Rate		13.11361	11.93078	12.85620
Property Tax Comparison		Current Year Property Taxes	Proposed Property Taxes	Percent Change
Residential property with an Actual/Assessed Value of \$100,000		717	596	-16.88
Commercial property with an Actual/Assessed Value of \$100,000		717	596	

Note: Actual/Assessed Valuation is multiplied by a Rollback Percentage to get to the Taxable Valuation to calculate Property Taxes. Residential and Commercial properties have the same Rollback Percentage at \$100,000 Actual/Assessed Valuation.

Reasons for tax increase if proposed exceeds the current:

The cost of property/casualty insurance continues to increase substantially and the cost of workers' compensation also has increased. Additionally, State Supplementary Assistance is not keeping pace with the inflationary adjustments necessary to attract and retain high-quality staff.