Independent Auditor's Report and Financials Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the School Board Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Mitchell, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mitchell School District No. 17-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Mitchell, South Dakota February 15, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the School Board Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Mitchell, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Mitchell School District No. 17-2, South Dakota (School District), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Mitchell School District No. 17-2 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Mitchell, South Dakota

E10 ly LRC

February 15, 2024

Schedule of Prior and Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

The prior audit report contained no written audit findings.

Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of report the auditor issued on wheth prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmod		stateme	ents audited were
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	X	None Reported
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	_No
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over major federal progran	ns:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	None Reported
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	for major progra	ams: Ur	nmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	_No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

FALN Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster									
84.007	Student Financial Assistance Cluster - Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program									
84.033	Student Financial Assistance Cluster - Federal Work Study									
84.063	Student Financial Assistance Cluster - Federal Pell Grant Program									
84.268	Student Financial Assistance Cluster - Direct Loan Program									
84.048	Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States									
84.425D	Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief									
84.425U	Education Stabilization Fund - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief									
84.425C	Education Stabilization Fund - Governor's Emergency Education Relief									
84.425F	Education Stabilization Fund - Higher Education Emergency Relief									
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish									
	between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000									
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No									

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

There are no findings which are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no findings or questioned costs relating to federal award programs which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).



Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Mitchell, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mitchell School District No. 17-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mitchell School District No. 17-2 as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District Contributions, and the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mitchell, South Dakota

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February 15, 2024

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary G		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accete			
Assets:	¢ 20 721 600	\$ 2,492,705	¢ 21 21 / /02
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 28,721,698	\$ 2,492,705	\$ 31,214,403 493,957
	493,957		493,937
Receivables:	C C71 077		C C71 977
Taxes - current	6,671,877		6,671,877 116,919
Taxes - delinquent	116,919		760,550
Trade accounts	760,550		41,000
Student loans - current portion	41,000		•
Promises to give	189,550		189,550
Due from other governments	2,787,572	54,742	2,842,314
Inventories	301,686	104,326	406,012
Student loans - non-current	384,181		384,181
Net pension asset	89,804		89,804
Capital assets:	4 400 600		4 400 600
Land and land improvements	1,432,632		1,432,632
Construction work in progress	4,772,408		4,772,408
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	46,228,391	349,752	46,578,143
Restricted Assets:			
Cash with fiscal agent	25,387,872		25,387,872
Total Assets	118,380,097	3,001,525	121,381,622
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows	8,934,448		8,934,448
Liabilities:	4 257 422	00.470	4 445 647
Accounts payable	1,357,139	88,478	1,445,617
Other current liabilities	2,766,271		2,766,271
Uneared revenue		58,218	58,218
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	3,317,340		3,317,340
Due in more than one year	41,064,831		41,064,831
Total Liabilities	48,505,581	146,696	48,652,277
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property taxes levied for future periods	6,671,877		6,671,877
Pension related deferred inflows	5,353,425		5,353,425
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,025,302		12,025,302
Net Position:			
Net Investment in capital assets	33,468,087	349,752	33,817,839
Restricted for:	33,400,007	349,732	33,017,039
Special education	1,584,610		1,584,610
•			
Capital outlay	8,012,079 190,000		8,012,079 190,000
Agriculture program	5,372,571		
Post-Secondary education	·		5,372,571
Mitchell Technical College	5,000,000		5,000,000
Student financial aid	82,022		82,022
Debt service	1,413,939		1,413,939
SDRS pension purposes Unrestricted	3,670,827 7,989,527	 2,505,077	3,670,827 10,494,604
Total Net Position	\$ 66,783,662	\$ 2,854,829	\$ 69,638,491

Statement of Activities June 30, 2023

			Program Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$ 28,639,751	\$ 4,957,612	\$ 11,913,663	\$	\$ (11,768,476)	\$	\$ (11,768,476)			
Support services	14,915,580	4,720,448	178,710	62,825	(9,953,597)		(9,953,597)			
Community services	206,503				(206,503)		(206,503)			
Nonprogrammed charges	1,612,265		1,612,265							
Interest on long-term debt*	1,134,918				(1,134,918)		(1,134,918)			
Cocurricular activities	1,102,880	110,699			(992,181)		(992,181)			
Total Governmental Activities	47,611,897	9,788,759	13,704,638	62,825	(24,055,675)		(24,055,675)			
Business-type Activities:										
Food service	1,845,254	771,739	1,151,731			78,216	78,216			
MTI bookstore	1,384,992	1,615,056				230,064	230,064			
Drivers Education	38,613	30,901				(7,712)	(7,712)			
Total Business-type Activities	3,268,859	2,417,696	1,151,731			300,568	300,568			
Total Primary Government	\$ 50,880,756	\$ 12,206,455	\$ 14,856,369	\$ 62,825	(24,055,675)	300,568	(23,755,107)			
			General Revenues:							
*The District does not have interest	t		Taxes:							
expense related to the functions	5		Property taxes		14,572,397		14,572,397			
presented above. This amount includes	5		Gross receipts ta	ixes	353,675		353,675			
indirect interest expense on genera	I		Revenue from Sta	ate Sources:						
long-term debt.			State aid		16,047,941		16,047,941			
			Revenue from Fe	deral Sources	25,878		25,878			
			Unrestricted inve	estment earnings	388,317		388,317			
			Other general rev	venues .	388,651		388,651			
			Total General Reve	nues	31,776,859		31,776,859			
			Change in Net Posi	tion	7,721,184	300,568	8,021,752			
		Net Posi	tion, Beginning of Y	ear	59,062,478	2,554,261	61,616,739			
		Net Posi	tion, End of Year		\$ 66,783,662	\$ 2,854,829	\$ 69,638,491			

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,899,613	\$ 7,424,038	\$ 1,798,999	\$ 5,558,026	\$	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 41,022	\$ 28,721,698
Investments		493,957						493,957
Receivables:								
Taxes - current	3,207,746	2,173,652	1,290,479					6,671,877
Taxes - delinquent	55,000	39,554	22,365					116,919
Trade accounts		111,084		201,718	447,748			760,550
Student loans - current portion							41,000	41,000
Due from other governments	1,066,832		177,427	916,171	627,142			2,787,572
Inventory of stores for resale				301,686				301,686
Student loans - non-current							384,181	384,181
Restricted Assets: Cash with fiscal agent Total Assets	\$ 13,229,191	\$ 10,242,285	\$ 3,289,270	\$ 6,977,601	23,973,933 \$ 25,048,823	\$ 5,000,000	1,413,939 \$ 1,880,142	25,387,872 \$ 65,667,312
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:	\$ 86,268	\$ 17,000	\$ 34,933	\$ 591,796	\$ 627,142	\$	\$	\$ 1,357,139
Accounts payable	. ,	\$ 17,000	' '		\$ 627,142	\$	•	
Contracts payable Payroll deductions and withholdings and	1,517,545		285,652	406,814				2,210,011
employer matching payable	370,295		71,231	114,734				556,260
Total Liabilities	1,974,108	17,000	391,816	1,113,344	627,142			4,123,410
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes levied for future periods	3,207,746	2,173,652	1,290,479					6,671,877
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	55,000	39,554	22,365					116,919
	3,262,746	2,213,206	1,312,844			<u></u>		6,788,796

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:				<u> </u>				
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	\$	\$	\$ 301,686	\$	\$	\$	\$ 301,686
Long-term receivables							384,181	384,181
Restricted for:								
Student financial aid							82,022	82,022
Debt service							1,413,939	1,413,939
Capital outlay fund		8,012,079						8,012,079
Special education fund			1,584,610					1,584,610
Agriculture program				190,000				190,000
Post-secondary education				5,372,571				5,372,571
New senior high school					24,421,681			24,421,681
Mitchell Technical College						5,000,000		5,000,000
Unassigned	7,992,337							7,992,337
Total Fund Balances	7,992,337	8,012,079	1,584,610	5,864,257	24,421,681	5,000,000	1,880,142	54,755,106
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 13,229,191	\$ 10,242,285	•	•	\$ 25,048,823 ed in governmental refore is not report	\$ 5,000,000 activities is not an a red in the funds	\$ 1,880,142 available	\$ 65,667,312
			and	therefore are not r	eported in the fund			52,433,431
			acc and	rued leave payable d therefore are not	e, are not due and p reported in the fur		nt period	(44,382,171)
					outflows are compo not reported in the	onents of pension lia funds	ability	8,934,448
					inflows are compor not reported in the	ents of pension liab funds	oility	(5,353,425)
					o give are not availa re are deferred in tl	able to pay for curre ne funds.	ent period	189,550
	Assets such as taxes receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.							
	Net Position of Governmental Activities \$							\$ 66,783,662
	The coor	unvina Natas ta Fins						

Mitchell School District No. 17-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Revenues</u>	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,944,481	\$ 4,756,906	\$ 2,759,325	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 14,460,712
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	27,987	25,432	14,445				· 	67,864
Utility taxes	353,675	· 						353,675
Penalties and interest on taxes	12,468	8,953	5,031					26,452
Tuition and Fees:								
Regular day school tuition	146,409		4,000					150,409
Post Secondary Program Tuition and Fees:								
Post secondary program tuition				3,569,480				3,569,480
Post secondary student fees				653,015				653,015
Earnings on investments and deposits	164,396	132,702	20,914	70,305				388,317
Post Secondary:								
Resales/services - occupational programs				771,031				771,031
State fees				191,857				191,857
Corporate education fees				107,927				107,927
Local fees				2,560,932				2,560,932
Cocurricular Activities:								
Admissions	90,320							90,320
Other student activity income	20,379							20,379
Other Revenue from Local Sources:								
Rentals	18,351			91,640				109,991
Contributions and donations				178,710				178,710
Refund of prior years' expenditures	34,849		15	31,462				66,326
Judgements				29,695				29,695
Charges for services	44,528		97,969					142,497
Other	612,052	92,126	776	349,714			4,338	1,059,006

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:								
County Sources:								
County apportionment	\$ 217,506	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 217,506
Revenue from State Sources:								
Grants-in-aid:								
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	11,294,020			4,753,921				16,047,941
Restricted grants-in-aid	51,415		1,886,750					1,938,165
Tuition:								
Regular Education	375,885							375,885
Other State Revenue	241,408	111,084		3,588,262				3,940,754
Revenue from Federal Sources:								
Grants-in-aid:								
Restricted grants-in-aid received								
directly from federal government							1,734,366	1,734,366
Restricted grants-in-aid received								
from federal government through state	1,449,822		809,319	271,066	3,280,283			5,810,490
Johnson O'Malley Funds	25,878							25,878
Other Federal Revenue		6,167		77,950			26,036	110,153
Total Revenues	\$ 22,125,829	\$ 5,133,370	\$ 5,598,544	\$ 17,296,967	\$ 3,280,283	\$	\$ 1,764,740	\$ 55,199,733

Mitchell School District No. 17-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	<u>General</u>	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Instruction:								
Regular Programs:								
Elementary	\$ 5,631,192	\$ 266,535	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,897,727
Middle/junior high	2,688,449	140,007						2,828,456
High school	4,064,728	273,434						4,338,162
Special Programs:								
Gifted and talented	7,241							7,241
Culturally different	15,466							15,466
Programs for special education			3,552,155					3,552,155
Educationally deprived	653,908							653,908
Other special programs	995,807							995,807
Post Secondary Occupational Programs				7,366,275				7,366,275
Support Services:								
Students:								
Guidance	493,735		24,726	2,063,111				2,581,572
Health	23,917		18,770					42,687
Psychological			138,088					138,088
Speech pathology			774,647					774,647
Student therapy services			219,873					219,873
Instructional Staff:								
Improvement of instruction	180,315							180,315
Educational media	543,003	31,131						574,134
General Administration:								
Board of education	154,400			2,907				157,307
Executive administration	194,894			46,441				241,335
School Administration:								
Office of the principal	1,214,857	777						1,215,634
Vocational school - director's office				244,750				244,750
Financial aids administration				243,006				243,006
Title I Program Administration	10,092							10,092
Other	3,017			373,606				376,623

Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Business:								
Fiscal services	\$ 271,144	\$ 23,158	\$	\$ 467,230	\$	\$	\$	\$ 761,532
Facilities acquisition and construction		96,140		24,533				120,673
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,068,470	2,327		1,804,990				4,875,787
Student transportation	32,100							32,100
Food Services	87,925							87,925
Internal services	68,639	69,395						138,034
Central:								
Planning				638				638
Data processing				622,223				622,223
Special Education:								
Administrative costs			150,792					150,792
Transportation costs			131,222					131,222
Other special education costs			120,216					120,216
Resale Services:								
Post secondary resales/service				818,317				818,317
Other Support Services							30,374	30,374
Community Services:								
Direction	8,986							8,986
Custody and care of children	151,118							151,118
Nonpublic school	46,399							46,399
Nonprogrammed Charges:								
Pension payments	77,899							77,899
Student financial aid							1,728,316	1,728,316
Other nonprogrammed charges							6,050	6,050
Debt Services	319,704	2,709,615		350,789				3,380,108
Cocurricular Activities:								
Male activities	194,871	1,526						196,397
Female activities	178,625							178,625
Transportation	152,677							152,677
Combined activities	433,150	10,447		62,077				505,674
Capital Outlay	1,317,148	593,034		2,419,390	3,280,283			7,609,855
Total Expenditures	23,283,876	4,217,526	5,130,489	16,910,283	3,280,283		1,764,740	54,587,197

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Post- High	Capital Projects - New Senior High School	Capital Projects - Ag Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (1,158,047)	\$ 915,844	\$ 468,055	\$ 386,684	\$	\$	\$	\$ 612,536
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Interfund transfers in							119,875	119,875
Interfund transfers (out)		(25,000)		(94,875)				(119,875)
General long-term debt issued	1,317,148							1,317,148
Sale of surplus property	<u></u>	100		103,876				103,976
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,317,148	(24,900)		9,001			119,875	1,421,124
Net Change in Fund Balances	159,101	890,944	468,055	395,685			119,875	2,033,660
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,833,236	7,121,135	1,116,555	5,468,572	24,421,681	5,000,000	1,760,267	52,721,446
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,992,337	\$ 8,012,079	\$ 1,584,610	\$ 5,864,257	\$ 24,421,681	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 1,880,142	\$ 54,755,106

Reconciliation to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,033,660
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	4,134,545
In the statement of activities gains and losses of \$61,054 on disposal of capital are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds of \$103,976 from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized.	(42,822)
The receipt of donated capital assets is not reported on the fund statements, but is reported as program revenue on the government wide statements.	62,825
The issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the fund financial statements, but an increase in long-term liabilities on the government wide statements.	(1,317,148)
Long-term pledges payable are not considered an expenditure in the fund financial statements.	200,000
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	2,245,190
The fund financial statement governmental fund property tax accruals differ from the government wide statement property tax accruals in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	17,369
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave and early retirement payments, but the statement of activities reflects the change in accrued leave and early retirement payments through expenditures.	(171,074)
The fund financial statement governmental fund promises to give accruals differ from the government wide statement promises to give accruals in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	(8,000)
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	566,639
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,721,184

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Food Service	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,628,401	\$ 864,304	\$ 2,492,705	
Due from other governments	54,742		54,742	
Inventory of supplies	15,758		15,758	
Inventory of stores purchased for resale	26,542	62,026	88,568	
Total Current Assets	1,725,443	926,330	2,651,773	
Capital Assets:				
Machinery and equipment	1,044,109		1,044,109	
Accumulated depreciation	(694,357)		(694,357)	
Capital Assets - Net	349,752		349,752	
Total Assets	\$ 2,075,195	\$ 926,330	\$ 3,001,525	
Liabilities and Net Position: Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 34,330	\$ 54,148	\$ 88,478	
Unearned revenue	58,218	ψ 5 i)1 io	58,218	
Total Current Liabilities	92,548	54,148	146,696	
Total Carrent Liabilities	32,31.0	3 1,1 13	1:0,030	
Net Position:				
Invested in capital assets	349,752		349,752	
Unrestricted net position	1,632,895	872,182	2,505,077	
Total Net Position	1,982,647	872,182	2,854,829	
-		,	, - ,- ,	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 2,075,195	\$ 926,330	\$ 3,001,525	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Other Enterprise	
	Food Service	Funds	Totals
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services:			
Food service	\$ 771,739	\$	\$ 771,739
Bookstore		1,615,056	1,615,056
Drivers Education		30,901	30,901
Total Charges for Services	771,739	1,645,957	2,417,696
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries	542,208	89,789	631,997
Employee benefits	147,883	30,222	178,105
Purchased services	42,144	16,802	58,946
Supplies	50,384	5,841	56,225
Cost of sales - purchased	841,656	1,280,951	2,122,607
Cost of sales - donated	125,098		125,098
Depreciation	95,881		95,881
Total Operating Expenses	1,845,254	1,423,605	3,268,859
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,073,515)	222,352	(851,163)
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Other Local Revenue	5,802		5,802
State Sources:			
Cash reimbursements	4,132		4,132
Federal Sources:			
Cash reimbursements	1,016,699		1,016,699
Donated food	125,098		125,098
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,151,731		1,151,731
Change in Net Position	78,216	222,352	300,568
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,904,431	649,830	2,554,261
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,982,647	\$ 872,182	\$ 2,854,829

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Food Service	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 790,088	\$ 1,645,599	\$ 2,435,687
Cash paid to suppliers	(925,445)	(1,340,408)	(2,265,853)
Cash paid to employees	(690,091)	(120,011)	(810,102)
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(825,448)	185,180	(640,268)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:			
Cash reimbursements	1,020,831		1,020,831
Other local revenue	5,802		5,802
Cash Flows Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	1,026,633		1,026,633
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	201,185	185,180	386,365
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,427,216	679,124	2,106,340
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,628,401	\$ 864,304	\$ 2,492,705
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,073,515)	\$ 222,352	\$ (851,163)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	95,881		95,881
Value of commodities used	125,098		125,098
(Increase) decrease in:	123,030		123,030
Due from other governments	(4,289)		(4,289)
Inventory	16,828	(39,215)	(22,387)
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable	(8,089)	2,401	(5,688)
Unearned revenue	22,638	(358)	22,280
Total Adjustments	248,067	(37,172)	210,895
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (825,448)	\$ 185,180	\$ (640,268)
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Activities:			
Commodities received from Federal Government	\$ 125,098	\$	\$ 125,098

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Private-PurposeTrust Funds		Custodial Funds	
Assets:		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,099,085	\$	801,938
Miscellaneous receivables		31,500		
Investments, at fair value		326,754		
Total Assets		1,457,339		801,938
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable				8,331
Total Liabilities				8,331
Net Position:				
Restricted for:				
Scholarships		1,457,339		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments				793,607
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,457,339	\$	801,938

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds	
\$ 2,165,683	\$	
11,632		
	5,486,237	
2,177,315	5,486,237	
1,797,497		
	5,510,010	
1,797,497	5,510,010	
379,818	(23,773)	
1,077,521	817,380	
\$ 1,457,339	\$ 793,607	
	\$ 2,165,683 11,632 2,177,315 1,797,497 1,797,497 379,818 1,077,521	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Mitchell School District No. 17-2 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity).

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Venture" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3) Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund — A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of, or additions to real property, plant, or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Post-Secondary Vocational-Technical Fund (also referred to as Post-High Fund) — A fund established by SDCL 13-39-39.1 to account for funds incidental to the operation of the post-secondary vocational-technical program. This is a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Perkins Loan Fund, Pell Grant Fund, SEOG Fund, CWSP Fund – These funds were established to account for the activity of Student Financial Aid Programs. These funds are not major funds.

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Series 2005 QZAB Redemption Fund – A fund established in accordance with the terms of the Series 2005 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds restricted to the use for the payment of the certificates upon maturity. The Series 2005 QZAB Redemption Fund is not a major fund.

Series 2010A Certificate Redemption Fund – A fund established in accordance with the terms of the Series 2010A Capital Outlay Certificate Bonds restricted to the use for the payment of the certificates upon maturity. The Series 2010A Certificate Redemption Fund is not a major fund.

Series 2012 QZAB Redemption Fund – A fund established in accordance with the terms of the Series 2012 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds restricted to the use for the payment of the certificates upon maturity. The Series 2012 QZAB Redemption Fund is not a major fund.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

The New Senior High School Capital Project Fund is to construct a new senior high school. This is a major fund.

The Ag Building Capital Project Fund is to construct a new ag building. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit even if that government is not expected to make any payments is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs
 (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with
 taxes or similar revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

• The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

MTC Bookstore Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the operation of the MTC Bookstore. This is not a major fund.

Drivers Education Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the operation of the Drivers Education Program. This is not a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds – private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The School District's private-purpose trust funds are established to provide scholarships to students.

Custodial Fund Types – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The district maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of Accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary fund types.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period for the School District is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2023, are grant reimbursements and tuition and fees.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary fund and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist primarily of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The total June 30, 2023, balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 5% for which costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2023, balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost. These estimated original costs were established by review of prior-year minutes and original contracts.

For governmental activities capital assets, construction period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP. For capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is not capitalized in accordance with USGAAAP.

Depreciation/amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

			Depreciation/	
	•	italization reshold	Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land*	\$	5,000		
Land improvements	\$	5,000	Straight-line	20 yrs
Buildings	\$	50,000	Straight-line	50 yrs
Machinery and equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 yrs

^{*}Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences, early retirement benefits payable, notes payable, qualified zone academy bonds, direct borrowing notes, leases, and capital outlay certificates payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

g. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

i. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

1. Net investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

I. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are
 externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the School Board.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The nonspendable fund balance is comprised of amounts reported in non-spendable form such as inventory and amounts not in cash form such as long-term loans receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreement requirement dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted final balance when expenditures are made.

The school does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

m. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

n. Leases:

The School District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of a building, computers, and copiers. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

• The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

o. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements:

The School District does not have any subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) with vendors to use vendor-provided information technology to recognize. If the School District had any, it would recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the School District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial implementation costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscription include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

p. Implementation of Accounting Standard:

In 2023, the School District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements. The implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning net position.

2. Deposits and Investments, Fair Value Measurement, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Interest Rate Risk:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits — The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to or at least 100% of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Fair Value Measurement – The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

2. Deposits and Investments, Fair Value Measurement, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Interest Rate Risk: (Continued)

The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

		Fair Value	
Investment Description	Amount	Hierarchy	Valuation Technique
Mutual funds	\$ 326,754	Level 1	Quoted market prices in active markets

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Credit Rating	Maturities	Fair Value
Mutual Funds:			
Alps Core Commodity Management Complete Commodities Strategy Fund	Not Rated	N/A	\$ 2,302
Absolute Convertible Arbitrage Fund	Not Rated	N/A	5,105
Goldman Sachs Gqg Partners International Opportunities Fund	Not Rated	N/A	11,782
Invesco Developing Markets Fund Class R6	Not Rated	N/A	5,725
Invesco Discovery Mid Cap Growth	Not Rated	N/A	12,279
Invesco Floating Rate	Not Rated	N/A	3,261
JP Morgan Equity Index Fund Class R6	Not Rated	N/A	31,002
JP Morgan Hedged Equity Fund - R6	Not Rated	N/A	19,646
Lazard International Equity	Not Rated	N/A	9,581
Manning & Napier Rainier International Discovery Series CI Z	Not Rated	N/A	8,122
Mfs Global Real Estate Fund R5	Not Rated	N/A	5,238
Mfs Mid-Cap Value Fund Class R6	Not Rated	N/A	14,281
Mfs Value Fund Class R6	Not Rated	N/A	14,311
Money Market Funds	Not Rated	N/A	11,702
Palmer Square Income Plus Fund	Not Rated	N/A	4,319
T Rowe Price Blue Chip Growth Fund	Not Rated	N/A	22,715
Tributary Income Fund	Not Rated	N/A	44,613
Tributary Short/Intermediate Bond Fund	Not Rated	N/A	54,532
Tributary Small Company Fund	Not Rated	N/A	14,529
Vanguard Equity Income Fund	Not Rated	N/A	14,562
Vanguard Growth Index Fund	Not Rated	N/A	8,648
Vanguard Value Index Fund	Not Rated	N/A	8,499
Total Investments			\$ 326,754

The investments listed above are a scholarship fund to benefit graduates of the School District. The fund is reported as a private-purpose trust fund in these financial statements. The donors have established the investment vehicles to be used with the fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

2. Deposits and Investments, Fair Value Measurement, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Interest Rate Risk: (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

3. Receivables and Payables:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. Inventory:

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost.

Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are values at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the enterprise fund financial statements inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of land and residential homes constructed as part of the educational program and held for sale. Reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

5. Property Taxes:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred inflow of resources — property taxes levied for future period in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

6. Restricted Cash and Investments:

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are as follows:

Amount	Purpose Purpose
\$ 1,413,939	For debt service, by debt covenants (sinking funds required to be in a separate account)
23,973,933	For capital asset construction
\$ 25,387,872	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

7. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Increases Decreases		Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:				- 5/25/2525
Capital assets, not being depreciated /amortized:				
Land	\$ 1,432,632	\$	\$	\$ 1,432,632
Construction in progress	666,257	4,672,408	(566,257)	4,772,408
Total, not being depreciated				
/amortized	2,098,889	4,672,408	(566,257)	6,205,040
Capital assets, being depreciated /amortized:				
Buildings	55,341,500	1,081,359		56,422,859
Improvements other than buildings		65,610		65,610
Machinery and equipment	24,413,215	1,102,412	(588,626)	24,927,001
Intangible lease assets	702,385	1,317,148		2,019,533
Total, being depreciated				
/amortized	80,457,100	3,566,529	(588,626)	83,435,003
Less accumulated depreciation /amortization for:				
Buildings	19,455,846	1,302,500		20,758,346
Improvements other than buildings		3,543		3,543
Machinery and equipment	14,669,634	2,083,627	(545,804)	16,207,457
Intangible lease assets	151,626	85,640		237,266
Total accumulated depreciation				
/amortization	34,277,106	3,475,310	(545,804)	37,206,612
Total capital assets, being	46 470 004	04 240	(42,022)	46 220 204
depreciated/amortized, net	46,179,994	91,219	(42,822)	46,228,391
Total Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48,278,883	\$ 4,763,627	\$ (609,079)	\$ 52,433,431

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,266,791
Support Services	139,012
Co-curricular activities	69,507
	\$ 3,475,310

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

7. Changes in Capital Assets: (Continued)

Construction in Progress at June 30, 2023 is composed of the following:

				E	Expended					Required
		Projec	t		Through					Future
Project Name	Authorization		thorization 06/30/2023			(Committed		Financing	
Senior High School	\$	22,900	,000	\$	3,280,282	2	\$	22,900,000	\$	
Rockport Colony Building	\$	400	,000	\$	200,000)	\$	400,000	\$	
Drainage Project - Phase 1	\$	1,169	,650	\$	443,600)	\$	1,169,650	\$	
NTRC Diesel Lab Addition	\$	9,500	,000	\$	694,192	2	\$	5,000,000	\$	3,805,808
Rad Tech Lab Remodel	\$	409	,652	\$	154,334	4	\$	409,652	\$	
			lance /2022		Increase	S		Decreases	6	Balance 5/30/2023
Business-Type Activities:				_						
Capital assets, being depreciated: Machinery and equipment		\$ 1	,044,109		\$		ç	5	\$	1,044,109
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment			598,476		95,8	381_				694,357
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		\$	445,633	: =	\$ (95,8	381)	<u> </u>	5	\$	349,752

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:
Food service \$ 95,881

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities:

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	\$ 847,500	\$	\$ (81,500)	\$ 766,000	\$ 81,500
Capital Outlay Certificates	39,715,000		(1,340,000)	38,375,000	1,970,000
	40,562,500	-	(1,421,500)	39,141,000	2,051,500
Early Retirement Payable -					
Governmental Funds	210,036	208,356	(71,005)	347,387	167,271
Accrued Compensated Absences -					
Governmental Funds	614,036	279,337	(245,614)	647,759	259,104
Direct Borrowing Note	588,645		(294,322)	294,323	294,323
Leases	590,299	1,317,148	(347,037)	1,560,410	362,811
Pledges Payable - MTC Foundation -					
Governmental Funds	200,000		(200,000)		
Notes Payable -					
Governmental Funds	450,000		(60,000)	390,000	60,000
Unamortized Premiums	2,339,762		(133,963)	2,205,799	133,963
Unamortized Discounts	(216,139)		11,632	(204,507)	(11,632)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45,339,139	\$ 1,804,841	\$ (2,761,809)	\$ 44,382,171	\$ 3,317,340

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund and Post-High Fund. Early retirement benefits for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the Post-High Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2023, are comprised of the following:

Capital Outlay Certificates

	Terms	
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Certificates — Secured by pledge of capital outlay tax levy	Fixed interest rates ranging from 1.4%-3.0% that vary depending on the term of maturity; due in semi-annual installments of February 1 and August 1, beginning fiscal year 2020. Final payment due August 1, 2029. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 2,885,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Capital Outlay Certificates (QSCB), Series 2010 – Secured by pledge of capital outlay tax levy	1.95%; due in semi-annual installments on June 16 and December 16. Final payment due December 16, 2024. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 285,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Limited Tax General Obligation Taxable Certificates, Series 2010A Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds - Direct Pay— Secured by pledge of capital outlay tax levy	5.50%; Certificate matures and final principal payment due December 1, 2029. Payable from Series 2010 Certificate Redemption Fund. Semi-annual deposits of \$45,395 are required to be made to the fund on June 1 and December 1, with final deposit to be made on December 1, 2029.	\$ 1,725,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2021 (Refund Series 2015 Capital Outlay Certificates) – Secured by pledge of capital outlay tax levy	2%; due in semi-annual installments on August 1 and February 1. Final payment due August 1, 2035. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 9,715,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates – Secured by pledge of capital outlay tax levy	Fixed interest rates ranging from 2.0%-3.0% that vary depending on the term of maturity; due in semi-annual installments on February 1 and August 1, beginning fiscal year 2019. Final payment due August 1, 2030. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 865,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Limited Tax General Obligation Taxable Certificates, Series 2022 Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds - Secured by pledge of capital outlay	2.75%; due in semi-annual installments on August 1 and February 1. Final payment due August 1, 2041. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	
tax levy		\$ 22,900,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2023, are comprised of the following: (Continued)

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

	Terms	
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Series 2011	5.45%; due in annual installments of \$60,000. Interest due semi annually. Final payment due March 1, 2026. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 180,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Series 2012	4.25%; bond matures and final principal payment due December 31, 2031. Annual deposits of \$25,000. Final deposit due December 15, 2031. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 500,000
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Series 2015	0%; due in annual installments of \$21,500. Final payment due December 10, 2026. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 86,000
Notes Payable:		
	Terms	
MTC Rural Electric Economic Development, Inc Unsecured	0.00%; due in annual installments of \$30,000 (principal only, no interest) on April 25. Final payment due April 25, 2029.	\$ 180,000
MTC Central Electric Cooperative, Inc. Rural Electric Economic Development - Unsecured	0.00%; due in annual installments of \$30,000 (principal only, no interest) on June 15. Final payment due June 15, 2024. Loan may be extended upon mutual consent of the lender and borrower for up to three (3) consecutive two-year terms for a total term of ten years	
	through June 15, 2030.	\$ 210,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2023, are comprised of the following: (Continued)

Direct Borrowing Notes and Leases:

	Terms	
Mitchell School District No. 17-2	0.00%; due in annual installments in October. Final	
Direct Borrowing Note with Hewlett	payment due October 2023. Payable from Capital	
Packard Financial Services Company	Outlay Fund.	\$ 294,323
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Lease with Xerox Financial Services	0.00%; due in 60 monthly installments of \$1,548. Final payment due 2027. Payable from Capital Outlay Fund.	
LLC		\$ 57,283
Mitchell School District No. 17-2 Lease with Dakota Wesleyan University for LB Williams	Imputed rate of 2.75%; Due in 20 annual installments of \$29,736 increasing by 2.5% every year starting in 2018. Final payment due 2028. Payable from Capital Outlay	
Elementary School	Fund.	\$ 494,941
Mitchell School District No. 17-2	Imputed rate of 0.89%; Due in 2026 increasing by 3%	
Lease with Foreman Bus Company	per year. Payable from General Fund.	\$ 1,008,186

Other Long-Term Liabilities:

Compensated Absences — Payable from the fund to which payroll expenditures are charged	\$ 647,759
Early Retirement Benefits – Payable from the Pension Fund and the Post-High Fund	\$ 347,387

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all debt outstanding except for compensated absences and note payable as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending	Qualified Zo	Notes				
June 30,	Во	nds	Capital Outla	Capital Outlay Certificates		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2024	\$ 81,500	\$ 9,810	\$ 1,970,000	\$ 1,179,895	\$ 60,000	
2025	81,500	6,540	2,185,000	1,121,926	60,000	
2026	81,500	3,270	2,150,000	1,058,653	60,000	
2027	21,500		2,215,000	1,001,630	60,000	
2028			2,280,000	921,580	60,000	
2029-2033	500,000		12,215,000	3,202,250	90,000	
2034-2038			9,120,000	1,630,900		
2039-2043			6,240,000	352,670		
Totals	\$ 766,000	\$ 19,620	\$ 38,375,000	\$ 10,469,504	\$ 390,000	

Re	Early etirement	В	Direct orrowing Notes	Le	ases			To	tals	
F	Principal	F	Principal	Principal		Interest	Pri	ncipal		Interest
\$	167,271	\$	294,323	\$ 362,811	\$	21,548	\$ 2,9	935,905	\$	1,211,253
	63,329			376,912		18,053	2,	766,741		1,146,519
	39,790			392,737		14,404	2,	724,027		1,076,327
	28,108			25,367		11,769	2,3	349,975		1,013,399
	25,512			26,994		11,071	2,3	392,506		932,651
	23,377			161,823		43,259	12,9	990,200		3,245,509
				213,766		18,265	9,3	333,766		1,649,165
				 			6,2	240,000		352,670
\$	347,387	\$	294,323	\$ 1,560,410	\$	138,369	\$ 41,	733,120	\$	10,627,493

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

9. Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Transfers from:	Tran	sfers to:	Purpose:
	Deb	ot Service	
		Funds	
Capital Outlay Fund	\$	25,000	Deposits for debt retirement
Post-High Fund	\$	94,875	Deposits for debt retirement

10. Restricted Net Position:

Restricted net position restricted for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Purpose	Restricted By	 Amount
Special Education	Law	\$ 1,584,610
Capital Outlay	Law	8,012,079
Agriculture Program	Donor	190,000
Mitchell Technical College	Donor	5,000,000
Post-Secondary Education	Law	5,372,571
Student Financial Aid	Law	82,022
Debt Service	Bond Agreement	1,413,939
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	3,670,827
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 25,326,048

11. Pension Plan:

a. Plan Information:

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer hybrid defined-benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering, and amending plan provisions is found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at https://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098, or by calling 605-773-3731..

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to longterm inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$1,451,677, \$1,360,838, and \$1,339,614, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

d. <u>Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions</u>:

At June 30, 2022, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 134	1,141,904
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension		
benefits	134	1,231,708
Proportionate share of net pension (asset)	\$	(89,804)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported an asset of \$89,804 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .95024100 %, which is a decrease of -.0455284% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized reduction of pension expense of \$566,639. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,709,482	\$ 5,830
Changes in assumption		5,707,651	5,001,992
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			215,212
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		65,638	130,391
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,451,677	
	\$	8,934,448	\$ 5,353,425

\$1,451,677 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:		
2024	\$	522,412
2025		1,229,120
2026		(1,407,262)
2027		1,785,076
Total	 \$	2,129,346

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases Graded by years of services, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25

years of service.

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an

average inflation rate of 2.5% and real returns of 4%.

Future COLAs 2.10%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year

until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Alloction	Rate of Return
Global equity	58.0%	3.7%
Fixed income	30.0%	1.1%
Real estate	10.0%	2.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.4%
	100.0%	

f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

g. Sensitivity of Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension asset using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability (asset)	\$ 18,646,920	\$	(89,804)	\$ (15,402,657)

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

11. Pension Plan: (Continued)

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

12. Early Retirement Plan:

The Department has an agreement which provides for an early retirement cash benefit in an amount not to exceed the retiree's highest salary while employed by the Department to certificated teachers and administrative personnel hired before September 1, 2001, who retire after having met certain age and length-of-service requirements. To collect these benefits, notification must be given no later than March 15 of the year in which such retirement will occur. Currently, 15 retirees are receiving benefits under this provision. The benefit is paid in monthly installments. The early retirement benefits are funded from the applicable fund on a pay-as-you-go basis and are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements at the time an employee elect's early retirement. Benefits paid for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$77,899.

13. Joint Venture:

The School District participates in the joint venture known as James Valley Education Cooperative; a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member School Districts. The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Sanborn Central School District	5.3%
Parkston School District	14.6%
Mitchell School District	73.2%
Woonsocket School District	6.9%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member School District, who are a school board member and the superintendent. Each school is entitled to one vote. The school board member is the voting member for each School District. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the James Valley Education Cooperative.

At June 30, 2023, this joint venture had total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$187,233; total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$119,555; and net position of \$67,678.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

14. Risk Management:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2023, the School District.

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District joined the South Dakota School District Health Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The coverage also includes a \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

The School District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft, or damage to property, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provided workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of workers' compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any workers' compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to an additional \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2023

14. Risk Management: (Continued)

Unemployment Benefits:

The school has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2023, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

15. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

16. Violations of Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions:

The School District is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the fund level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

General Fund: \$1,027,590

The addition of the bus contract caused this excess spending, and is offset by the general long-term debt issued for the bus contract in the general fund.

Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Rudgetee	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	<u> </u>		7 mounts	(itegative)
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,152,246	\$ 6,499,761	\$ 6,944,481	\$ 444,720
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	45,000	45,000	27,987	(17,013)
Utility taxes	450,000	450,000	353,675	(96,325)
Penalties and interest on taxes	17,500	17,500	12,468	(5,032)
Tuition and Fees:				
Regular day school tuition	80,000	80,000	146,409	66,409
Earnings on investments and deposits	7,500	7,500	164,396	156,896
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	80,000	80,000	90,320	10,320
Other student activity income	17,500	17,500	20,379	2,879
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Rentals	15,000	15,000	18,351	3,351
Refund of prior years' expenditures			34,849	34,849
Charges for services	40,000	40,000	44,528	4,528
Other	55,000	55,000	612,052	557,052
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County apportionment	235,000	235,000	217,506	(17,494)
Lease of county-owned land	11,000	11,000		(11,000)
Revenue from State Sources:				, , ,
Grants-in-aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	12,197,706	12,197,706	11,294,020	(903,686)
Restricted grants-in-aid	34,300	41,300	51,415	10,115
Tuition:				
Regular	475,000	475,000	375,885	(99,115)
Other State Revenue		232,000	241,408	9,408
Revenue from Federal Sources:		,	,	,
Grants-in-aid:				
Restricted grants-in-aid received				
from federal government through state	1,579,266	1,626,266	1,449,822	(176,444)
Johnson O'Malley Funds	37,790	37,790	25,878	(11,912)
Total Revenues	\$ 21,529,808	\$ 22,163,323	\$ 22,125,829	\$ (37,494)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Page					Variance with Final Budget	
Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary				Actual		
Regular Programs:	Expenditures	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
Regular Programs:						
Fementary						
Middle/junior high	_	\$ 5,662,034	\$ 5.712.781	\$ 5.631.192	\$ 81.589	
Special Programs: Special Programs: Special Programs: Sifted and talented 11,611 11,611 7,241 4,370 Culturally different 26,974 26,974 15,466 11,508 Educationally deprived 684,787 684,787 653,908 30,879 Other Special Programs 1,083,156 1,083,156 995,807 87,349 Support Services: Support Services:	•					
Special Programs: 3 4 Gifted and talented 11,611 11,611 7,241 4,30 Culturally different 26,974 26,974 15,466 11,508 Educationally deprived 684,787 684,787 653,908 30,879 Other's Special Programs 1,083,156 195,807 30,879 Support Services: 3 495,837 493,735 2,102 Health 84,225 84,225 23,917 60,308 Instructional Staff: 1 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: 153,250 155,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration 18,8904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 18,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other princine principal 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072<					•	
Giffed and talented 11,611 11,611 7,241 4,370 Culturally different 26,974 26,974 15,466 11,508 Educationally deprived 684,787 683,008 30,879 Other Special Programs 1,083,156 1,083,156 995,807 87,349 Support Services: Students: Students: Students: Students: 495,837 495,837 493,735 2,102 Health 84,225 84,225 23,917 60,308 180,315 6,238 Instructional Staff: Improvement of instruction 154,553 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: 183,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 Executive administration 1323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Office of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,025 10,002 161 <td></td> <td>-,,</td> <td>5,1 1,515</td> <td>.,,. ==</td> <td>(0=0)= 10)</td>		-,,	5,1 1,515	.,,. ==	(0=0)= 10)	
Culturally different 26,974 26,974 15,466 11,508 Educationally deprived 684,787 684,787 683,308 30,879 Other Special Programs 1,083,156 995,807 87,349 Support Services: Structure Structure 82,837 495,837 493,735 2,102 Health 84,225 84,225 23,917 60,308 Instructional Staff: Instructional Education 154,553 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: 188,940 196,404 194,404 11,350 Sexecutive administration 18,894 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Office of the principal 1,323,929 1,324,857 10,902 161 Other 5,500 3,017 2,483 180,188 194 196,404 194,894 1,510 19,0072 161 <t< td=""><td></td><td>11.611</td><td>11.611</td><td>7.241</td><td>4.370</td></t<>		11.611	11.611	7.241	4.370	
Common		·	•	· ·	•	
Support Services	•	•		•		
Supervices: Students: Student: Stude	• •		•			
Students: Students 495,837 493,837 493,735 2,102 Health 84,225 84,225 23,917 60,308 Instructional Staff: Improvement of instruction 154,553 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: Board of education 153,250 165,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration: 188,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: Fiscal services 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 38,000 8,7925 75 <td><u> </u></td> <td>2,000,200</td> <td>1,000,100</td> <td>333,007</td> <td>07,013</td>	<u> </u>	2,000,200	1,000,100	333,007	07,013	
Guidance Health 495,837 495,837 493,735 2,102 Health 84,225 84,225 23,917 60,308 Instructional Staff: Improvement of instruction 154,553 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: Board of education 153,250 165,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration: Office of the principal 1,323,929 1,223,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: Fiscal services 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 382,000 13,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	• •					
Health		495.837	495.837	493.735	2.102	
Instructional Staff:		·	-	•	•	
Improvement of instruction 154,553 186,553 180,315 6,238 Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: Warriage of the december of the principal of the prin		0.,223	3 1,223	20,51,	00,000	
Educational media 573,935 573,935 543,003 30,932 General Administration: 80ard of education 153,250 165,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration: 188,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,058,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 13,49,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 1 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000		154.553	186.553	180.315	6.238	
Board of education 153,250 165,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration 188,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration:	•		•	•	•	
Board of education 153,250 165,750 154,400 11,350 Executive administration 188,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 13,492,48 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 20000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,189 Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 35,391 46,399		373,333	373,333	3 13,003	30,332	
Executive administration 188,904 196,404 194,894 1,510 School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 20,000 20,000 8,866 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonprogrammed Charges: 20,000 3,500 - 3,500 Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 - 3,500		153.250	165.750	154,400	11.350	
School Administration: Office of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 109,072 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,18) Nonprogrammed Charges: 2 2 2 2 2 2 1,317,148 1,318,00 1 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>·</td><td>-</td><td>· ·</td><td></td></t<>		·	-	· ·		
Office of the principal 1,323,929 1,323,929 1,214,857 10,902 161 Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: Fiscal services 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 0 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonprogrammed Charges: 2 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 3,500 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments of State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 -		100,501	150,101	13 1,03 1	1,310	
Title I program administration 10,253 10,253 10,092 161 Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Business: 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,483 Fiscal services 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonprogrammed Charges: 29,961 3,590 - 3,500 Pension payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments		1.323.929	1.323.929	1.214.857	109.072	
Other 5,500 5,500 3,017 2,48a Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 0 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services - - 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female	• • •				•	
Business: 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: 205,632 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services - - - 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportatio						
Fiscal services 268,456 271,456 271,144 312 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 0,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: 28,966 7,9673 7,899 1,774 Pension payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 - 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services - - 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761		3,300	3,300	3,017	2,103	
Operation and maintenance of plant 2,944,415 3,044,415 3,068,470 (24,055) Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: User Community Services: Direction 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services - - - 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation <td></td> <td>268.456</td> <td>271.456</td> <td>271.144</td> <td>312</td>		268.456	271.456	271.144	312	
Student transportation 285,000 352,000 1,349,248 (997,248) Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 9,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: 80,000 3,500 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures (92,963) (92,963)		•		· ·		
Food Services 80,000 88,000 87,925 75 Internal services 77,989 77,989 68,639 9,350 Community Services: 30,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: 80,000 3,500 - 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services - - 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•					
Internal services	·					
Community Services: Join Community Services: Join Community Services: Join Community Services: Join Services		·		· ·		
Direction 20,000 20,000 8,986 11,014 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,96		77,505	77,505	00,033	3,330	
Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 151,118 (1,118) Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: Wale activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148		20.000	20.000	8.986	11.014	
Nonpublic school 35,391 35,391 46,399 (11,008) Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 <		•	•			
Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 19,701						
Payments to State - Unemployment 3,500 3,500 3,500 Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 319,704 (319,704) Male activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236	•	33,331	33,331	10,333	(11,000)	
Pension payments 79,673 79,673 77,899 1,774 Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 8 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Male activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Female activities 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236		3.500	3.500		3,500	
Debt Services 319,704 (319,704) Cocurricular Activities: 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Male activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Female activities 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 6eneral long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236		•	•	77.899		
Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 6eneral long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236						
Male activities 205,632 205,632 194,871 10,761 Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236				013,70	(013), 0.1	
Female activities 219,061 219,061 178,625 40,436 Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236		205.632	205.632	194.871	10.761	
Transportation 158,000 158,000 152,677 5,323 Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236						
Combined activities 417,980 417,980 433,150 (15,170) Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236						
Total Expenditures 21,622,771 22,256,286 23,283,876 (1,027,590) Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236	•		-			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (92,963) (92,963) (1,158,047) (1,065,084) Other Financing Sources General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236						
Other Financing Sources 1,317,148 1,317,148 Seneral long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236	·					
General long-term debt issued 1,317,148 1,317,148 Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236		(92,963)	(92,963)	(1,158,047)	(1,065,084)	
Net Change in Fund Balance (92,963) (92,963) 159,101 252,064 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236 7,833,236	=					
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,833,236 7,833,236	General long-term debt issued			1,317,148	1,317,148	
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(92,963)	(92,963)	159,101	252,064	
		7,833,236	7,833,236	7,833,236		
	Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 7,992,337	\$ 252,064	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – Capital Outlay For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Dudanta		A - 41	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				(regame)
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 4,650,000	\$ 4,766,000	\$ 4,756,906	\$ (9,094)
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	21,000	21,000	25,432	4,432
Penalties and interest on taxes	8,000	8,000	8,953	953
Earnings on investments and deposits	2,000	2,000	132,702	130,702
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Other	50,000	59,724	92,126	32,402
Other State Revenue	111,467	111,467	111,084	(383)
Other Federal Revenue	7,000	7,000	6,167	(833)
Total Revenues	4,849,467	4,975,191	5,133,370	158,179
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	326,300	326,300	296,306	29,994
Middle/junior high	157,848	157,848	140,007	17,841
High school	452,277	568,277	500,862	67,415
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of instruction	271,923	271,923		271,923
Educational media	80,667	85,291	31,131	54,160
General Administration:				,,
Office of the Principal			777	(777)
Business:	44.604	46 704	22.450	(6.267)
Fiscal services	11,691	16,791	23,158	(6,367)
Facilities acquisition and construction	548,500	548,500	416,384	132,116
Operation and maintenance of plant	57,000	57,000	17,918	39,082
Student transportation	48,000	48,000		48,000
Internal services	78,644	78,644	69,395	9,249
Debt Services Cocurricular Activities:	2,734,617	2,734,617	2,709,615	25,002
Male activities	12,000	12,000	1 526	10 474
Combined activities	12,000 70,000	12,000 70,000	1,526	10,474
Total Expenditures	4,849,467	4,975,191	4,217,526	59,553 757,665
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures			915,844	915,844
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers (out)			(25,000)	(25,000)
Sale of surplus property			100	100
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(24,900)	(24,900)
Net Change in Fund Balance			890,944	890,944
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,121,135	7,121,135	7,121,135	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,121,135	\$ 7,121,135	\$ 8,012,079	\$ 890,944

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – Special Education For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget	
		d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,218,884	\$ 2,373,884	\$ 2,759,325	\$ 385,441	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	10,000	10,000	14,445	4,445	
Penalties and interest on taxes	4,000	4,000	5,031	1,031	
Tuition and Fees:	.,	,,,,,	-,	_,	
Regular day school tuition			4,000	4,000	
Earnings on investments and deposits	100	100	20,914	20,814	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:			-,-	-,-	
Refund of prior years' expenditures			15	15	
Charges for services	70,000	70,000	97,969	27,969	
Other		·	776	776	
Revenue from State Sources:					
Grants-in-aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid	2,136,618	2,136,618	1,886,750	(249,868)	
Revenue from Federal Sources:					
Grants-in-aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid received					
from federal government through state	840,260	840,260	809,319	(30,941)	
Total Revenues	5,279,862	5,434,862	5,598,544	163,682	
Expenditures					
Instruction:					
Special Programs:					
Programs for special education	3,726,738	3,841,738	3,552,155	289,583	
Support Services:					
Students:					
Guidance	24,753	24,753	24,726	27	
Health	20,073	20,073	18,770	1,303	
Psychological	140,511	140,511	138,088	2,423	
Speech pathology	785,539	785,539	774,647	10,892	
Student therapy services	204,000	224,000	219,873	4,127	
Business:					
Student transportation	44,750	44,750		44,750	
Special Education:		4=0.000		(=00)	
Administrative costs	150,000	150,000	150,792	(792)	
Transportation costs		93,000	131,222	(38,222)	
Other special education costs	186,000	113,000	120,216	(7,216)	
Total Expenditures	5,282,364	5,437,364	5,130,489	306,875	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,502)	(2,502)	468,055	470,557	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,116,555	1,116,555	1,116,555		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,114,053	\$ 1,114,053	\$ 1,584,610	\$ 470,557	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – Post-High Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

								riance with	
	Budgeted .			ounts		Acutal		nal Buget Positive	
	Original			Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues									
Revenue from Local Sources:									
Post Secondary Program Tuition and Fees:									
Post secondary program tuition	\$	3,609,640	\$	3,654,640	\$	3,569,480	\$	(85,160)	
Post secondary student fees		120,900		120,900		653,015		532,115	
Earnings on investments and deposits		2,500		63,500		70,305		6,805	
Post Secondary:									
Resales/services - occupational programs		690,000		690,000		771,031		81,031	
State fees		193,800		193,800		191,857		(1,943)	
Corporate education fees		125,000	125,000		107,927			(17,073)	
Local fees		2,505,680		2,522,680		2,560,932		38,252	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:									
Rentals		92,640		92,640		91,640		(1,000)	
Contributions and donations						178,710		178,710	
Refund of prior years' expenditures				29,250		31,462		2,212	
Judgements				27,600		29,695		2,095	
Other		471,000	492,640		349,714			(142,926)	
Revenue from State Sources:									
Grants-in-aid:									
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		4,687,627		4,753,627		4,753,921		294	
Other State Revenue		7,001,114		3,147,673		3,588,262		440,589	
Revenue from Federal Sources:									
Grants-in-aid:									
Restricted grants-in-aid received									
from federal government through state		415,616		447,524		271,066		(176,458)	
Other Federal Revenue		5,082,000		782,000		77,950		(704,050)	
Total Revenues	\$	24,997,517	\$	17,143,474	\$	17,296,967	\$	153,493	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – Post-High Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Page		Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Post Secondary Occupational Programs \$7,904,745 \$7,793,758 \$7,366,275 \$427,483 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Post Secondary Occupational Programs \$ 7,904,745 \$ 7,793,758 \$ 7,366,275 \$ 427,483 Support Services: Students: Support Services: Support Services: Support Services: Support Services: Support Services: Support Services: 46,708 46,708 46,708 46,708 46,708 General Administration: Support Services: 2,900 2,907 (907) 607 Executive administration 2,000 2,907 46,741 (2,347) School Administration: School Administration: 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Obter School	Expenditures						
Support Services: Students: Substitution of Secretary of Secretar	Instruction:						
Students: Cuidance 2,301,278 2,858,502 2,811,794 46,708 General Administration: Board of education 2,000 2,000 2,907 (907) Executive administration: 44,094 44,094 46,441 (2,347) School Administration: 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 508,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875	Post Secondary Occupational Programs	\$ 7,904,745	\$ 7,793,758	\$ 7,366,275	\$ 427,483		
Guidance 2,301,278 2,858,502 2,811,794 46,708 General Administration: 2,000 2,000 2,907 (907) Executive administration 44,094 44,094 46,441 (2,347) School Administration: 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 506,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 58,600 <td< td=""><td>Support Services:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Support Services:						
General Administration: 2,000 2,000 2,907 (907) Executive administration 44,094 44,094 46,441 (2,347) School Administration: Vocational school - director's office 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning — — 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Courricular Activities:	Students:						
Board of education 2,000 2,000 2,907 (907) Executive administration 44,094 44,094 46,441 (2,347) School Administration: Vocational school - director's office 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services: 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricul	Guidance	2,301,278	2,858,502	2,811,794	46,708		
Executive administration 44,094 44,094 46,441 (2,347) School Administration: Vocational school - director's office 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Courricular Activities: Combined activities 86,000 <td< td=""><td>General Administration:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	General Administration:						
School Administration: Vocational school - director's office 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: 19nning - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 3,950,530 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530	Board of education	2,000	2,000	2,907	(907)		
Vocational school - director's office 296,876 296,876 244,750 52,126 Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: "Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: "Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: "Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 3,950,530 <	Executive administration	44,094	44,094	46,441	(2,347)		
Financial aids administration 273,783 251,327 243,006 8,321 Other 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154	School Administration:						
Other Business: 370,998 500,998 373,606 127,392 Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning - - - 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Combined activities 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530	Vocational school - director's office	296,876	296,876	244,750	52,126		
Business: Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Combined activities 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Transfers (out) (90,789) <	Financial aids administration	273,783	251,327	243,006	8,321		
Fiscal services 538,622 538,622 467,230 71,392 Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning	Other	370,998	500,998	373,606	127,392		
Facilities acquisition and construction 5,361,043 702,819 1,175,151 (472,332) Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning <td< td=""><td>Business:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Business:						
Operation and maintenance of plant 2,421,834 2,424,234 2,311,074 113,160 Central: Planning	Fiscal services	538,622	538,622	467,230	71,392		
Central: 638 (638) Planning 566,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: Combined activities Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685<	Facilities acquisition and construction	5,361,043	702,819	1,175,151	(472,332)		
Planning 638 (638) Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944	Operation and maintenance of plant	2,421,834	2,424,234	2,311,074	113,160		
Data processing 560,839 596,839 636,228 (39,389) Resale Services: Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572 -	Central:						
Resale Services: 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Planning			638	(638)		
Post secondary resales/service 730,000 730,000 818,317 (88,317) Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572 -	Data processing	560,839	596,839	636,228	(39,389)		
Debt Services 154,875 154,875 350,789 (195,914) Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Resale Services:						
Cocurricular Activities: 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) V (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Post secondary resales/service	730,000	730,000	818,317	(88,317)		
Combined activities 86,000 86,000 62,077 23,923 Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Debt Services	154,875	154,875	350,789	(195,914)		
Total Expenditures 21,046,987 16,980,944 16,910,283 70,661 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Uses Transfers (out) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Cocurricular Activities:						
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,950,530 162,530 386,684 224,154 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Combined activities	86,000	86,000	62,077	23,923		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Total Expenditures	21,046,987	16,980,944	16,910,283	70,661		
Transfers (out) (90,789) (90,789) (94,875) (4,086) General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,950,530	162,530	386,684	224,154		
General long-term debt issued 300,000 Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of surplus property 15,000 103,000 103,876 876 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Transfers (out)	(90,789)	(90,789)	(94,875)	(4,086)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 224,211 12,211 9,001 (3,210) Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	General long-term debt issued	300,000					
Net Change in Fund Balance 4,174,741 174,741 395,685 220,944 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Sale of surplus property	15,000	103,000	103,876	876		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 5,468,572 5,468,572 5,468,572	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	224,211	12,211	9,001	(3,210)		
	Net Change in Fund Balance	4,174,741	174,741	395,685	220,944		
	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,468,572	5,468,572	5,468,572			
					\$ 220,944		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the schedules:

- a) Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b) The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- c) The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- d) Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e) Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- f) After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in item h.
- g) A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5% of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- h) If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- i) Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- j) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.

2. US GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances; however, in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures. Also, under the budgetary basis of accounting deposits to debt service funds to accumulate resources for the retirement of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are recorded as debt service expenditures. The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP report these transactions as operating transfers.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of School District Pension Contributions
South Dakota Retirement System

Measurement Date	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sha	District's coportionate are of the Net asson Liability (Asset)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
6/30/2023	0.95%	\$	(89,804)	\$ 22,680,549	-0.40%	100.10%
6/30/2022	0.98%	\$	(7,538,023)	\$ 22,326,893	-33.76%	105.52%
6/30/2021	0.99%	\$	(43,246)	\$ 21,846,416	-0.20%	100.04%
6/30/2020	0.79%	\$	(83,432)	\$ 16,730,679	-0.50%	100.09%
6/30/2019	0.82%	\$	(19,035)	\$ 16,959,575	-0.11%	100.02%
6/30/2018	0.83%	\$	(75,759)	\$ 16,943,038	-0.45%	100.10%
6/30/2017	0.82%	\$	2,758,402	\$ 15,518,631	17.77%	96.89%
6/30/2016	0.81%	\$	(3,448,841)	\$ 14,831,383	-23.25%	104.10%
6/30/2015	0.81%	\$	(5,851,816)	\$ 14,174,483	-41.28%	107.30%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30 of the previous fiscal year. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

				tributions in ation to the					
	Co	ntractually	Co	ontractually	Cont	ribution		District's	Contributions as
Fiscal Year		Required		Required	Deficiency Covered		Covered	a Percentage of	
Ending	Co	ontribution	Co	ontribution	(E)	kcess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2023	\$	1,451,677	\$	1,451,677	\$		\$	24,207,570	6.00%
6/30/2022	\$	1,360,838	\$	1,360,838	\$		\$	22,680,549	6.00%
6/30/2021	\$	1,339,614	\$	1,339,614	\$		\$	22,326,893	6.00%
6/30/2020	\$	1,310,788	\$	1,310,788	\$		\$	21,846,416	6.00%
6/30/2019	\$	1,003,842	\$	1,003,842	\$		\$	16,730,679	6.00%
6/30/2018	\$	1,017,578	\$	1,017,578	\$		\$	16,959,575	6.00%
6/30/2017	\$	1,016,582	\$	1,016,582	\$		\$	16,943,038	6.00%
6/30/2016	\$	931,118	\$	931,118	\$		\$	15,518,631	6.00%
6/30/2015	\$	889,883	\$	889,883	\$		\$	14,831,383	6.00%

^{*}Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions
South Dakota Retirement System

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation reflects numerous changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of an experience analysis completed since the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

As a result of an experience analysis covering the period from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2021, and presented to the SDRS Board of Trustees in April and June 2022, significant changes to the actuarial assumptions were recommended by the SDRS Senior Actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees first effective for this June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation.

The changes to economic assumptions included increasing the price inflation to 2.50% and increasing the wage inflation to 3.15%. The current assumed investment return assumption of 6.50% was retained, lowering the assumed real investment return to 4.00%. The baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% was also retained. Salary increase assumptions were modified to reflect the increase in assumed wage inflation and recent experience. The assumed interest on accumulated contributions was decreased to 2.25%

The demographic assumptions were also reviewed and revised. The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables using separate tables for teachers, general, and public safety retirees, with assumptions for retirees adjusted based on credible experience. The mortality assumption for active and terminated vested members was changed to the unadjusted amount-weighted Pub-2010 tables, again by member classification and the assumption for beneficiaries was changed to the amount-weighted Pub-2010 general contingent survivor table. Adjustments based on experience were also made to the assumptions regarding retirement, termination, disability, age of spouses for married Foundation members, percentage of terminated vested members electing a refund, and benefit commencement age for terminated vested Public Safety members with 15 or more years of service.

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions
South Dakota Retirement System (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was greater than 100% and the full 0% to 3.5% COLA range was payable. For the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. The July 2023 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 2.10%. For this June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 2.10%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation and any recommended 7 changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

Actuarial method changes with minor impact were implemented for this valuation after recommendation by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting as part of their reviews of prior valuations. As a result, liabilities and normal costs for refund benefits and the Generational Variable Retirement Account are now calculated using the entry age normal cost method with normal costs based on the expected value of these accounts rather than the actual balance.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):				
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$ 125,098	
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program (Note 4)	10.553		207,750	
National School Lunch Program (Note 4)	10.555		595,898	
Performance Based Assitance (Note 4)	10.555		22,565	
Supply Chain Assistance (Note 4)	10.555		51,686	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		139,307	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.582		84,146	1,226,450
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,226,450
U.S. General Services Administration:				
Pass through the S.D. Federal Property Agency:				
Donation of Federal Surplus Property (Note 6)	39.003			1,831
U.S. Department of Education:				
Direct Federal Funding:				
Student Financial Assistance Programs Cluster:				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program				
(FSEOG)	84.007		82,708	
Direct Loan Program (DLP) (Note 5)	84.268		3,163,361	
Federal Work Study (FWS)	84.033		30,373	
Federal Pell Grant Program (PELL)	84.063		1,651,658	
Total Student Financial Assistance Programs Cluster				4,928,100
Indian Education - Grants to Local Local Educational Agencies	84.060			25,878
Education Stabilization Fund: Direct Award:				
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - Institutional Portion Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:	84.425F		47,215	
Governor's Emergency Education Relief	84.425C		3,005	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	84.425D		1,900,619	
Relief	84.425U		1,550,411	
Total Education Stabilization Fund				3,501,250
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (LEAs)	84.010			722,864
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048			255,647
Homeless	84.196			2,123
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287			148,604
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365			15,466
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367			177,109
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424			83,149
Special Education Cluster:				,
Special Education Grants to States	84.027		758,991	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173		13,818	
Total Special Education Cluster				772,809
Total U.S. Department of Education				10,632,999
Grand Total				\$ 11,861,280
Grand Total				7 11,001,200

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023 (Continued)

1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Mitchell School District No. 17-2 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Mitchell School District No. 17-2, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Mitchell School District No. 17-2.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate:

Mitchell School District does not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Federal Reimbursements:

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

5. Federal Loan Guarantee Program:

Loans guaranteed under federal guarantee loan programs and issued to parents of eligible students or eligible students attending this vocational technical school had the following values:

Direct Student Loans \$ 1,153,847
Unsubsidized Direct Student Loans \$ 1,821,956
PLUS Program Loans \$ 187,558

A private nonprofit corporation acts as the guarantee agency in the State of South Dakota.

6. Federal Surplus Property:

The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the school.