

Non-Instructional/Business  
Operations**SUBJECT: ACCOUNTING OF FUNDS AND INDEPENDENT/EXTERNAL AUDITS**

Accounting and reporting procedures will be developed to facilitate analysis and evaluation of the District's financial status and fixed assets. The District will use the Uniform System of Accounts for School Districts. Books and records of the District will be maintained in accordance with statutory requirements. Provision will be made for the adequate storage, security, and disposition of all financial and inventory records.

As required by law, the school district shall obtain an annual audit of its records by an independent certified public accountant or an independent public accountant. The report of such annual audit shall be presented to the Board of Education by such accountant.

The district shall, within 90 days of the receipt of such report or letter, prepare a corrective action plan in response to any findings contained in the annual external audit report or management letter, or any final audit report issued by the state comptroller. This corrective action plan shall be presented to the Board for review. To the extent practicable, implementation of such corrective action plan shall begin no later than the end of the next fiscal year.

The district shall use a competitive request for proposals (RFP) process when contracting for such annual audit. In addition, pursuant to law, no audit engagement shall be for a term longer than five consecutive years; provided, however, that the district, in its discretion, may permit an independent certified public accountant or an independent public accountant engaged under an existing contract for such services to submit a proposal in response to an RFP or to be awarded a contract to provide such services under a RFP process.

**Online Banking**

The Board has entered into a written agreement with designated banks and trust companies for online banking and electronic or wire transfers, which includes the implementation of a security procedure for all transactions. Online transactions must be authorized by the District's Business Official. The District Treasurer, with a separate established user name and password, will have the authority to process online banking transactions. The Business Office Clerk or Deputy Treasurer, with a separate established user name and password, will be responsible for online banking transactions in the event the District Treasurer is not available, or as a job responsibility delegated to him or her by the District Treasurer. A monthly report of all online banking activity will be reviewed by staff independent of the online banking process and reconciled with the bank statement. Online banking will only take place on secure District computers located inside the Treasurer's or Business Office.

**Electronic Transactions and Wire Transfers**

Procedures will be implemented specifying who is authorized to initiate, approve, transmit, record, review, and reconcile electronic transactions. At least two individuals will be involved in

each transaction. Authorization and transmitting functions will be segregated and, whenever possible, the recording function will be delegated to a third individual.

The District will enter into written wire transfer security agreements for District bank accounts which will include established procedures for authenticating wire transfer orders. All wire transfers must be authorized by the District Treasurer or his or her designee. Dual approval controls will be established for non-routine wire transfer orders. The Internal Auditor will periodically confirm that wire transfers have appropriate signatures, verification and authorization of proper personnel.

Ref:

Education Law § 2116-a

General Municipal Law Article 2 § 5, 5-a, 5-b, 99-b

N.Y. UCC § 4-A-201

Education Law §2116-a(3)

**Adoption Date:** January 10, 2022

## EXTERNAL AUDIT GUIDANCE FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS

The Five Point Plan for increasing school district financial oversight and accountability includes a provision to enhance the effectiveness of external audits by:

- Requiring CPAs to present audit results directly to school boards.
- Require a formal school district response to the management letter and a corrective action plan for any reportable conditions.
- Provide guidance on internal controls and audit testing, including specific types of testing and suggested level of detail.

The following list provides some specific examples of the audit guidance that will be helpful to school districts in working with their CPAs in order to enhance the effectiveness of the audit process and help assure school district officials that their annual independent audit is providing effective accountability. The list may be helpful to school board members and district officials as they participate in the annual financial audit process.

### ► Prudent use of taxpayer dollars

**Goods and services are procured in a manner so as to assure the prudent and economical use of public moneys in the best interest of the taxpayers.**

- A comprehensive test of cash disbursements that includes sample testing of procurement for compliance with laws, rules, regulations and policies/procedures for competitive purchasing, bidding or use of state or county contracts. Controls designed to prevent purchasing from businesses owned or controlled by officers, employees or other related parties should also be reviewed and tested. Tests of transactions are expected to include verification that goods or services were properly authorized, received by the district, charged to the proper appropriation accounts and audited prior to payment. This testing should include review of requisitions, purchase orders, receiving slips, vouchers, invoices, cancelled checks, and postings to the accounting records.
- A review of the district's policies and procedures for procuring goods and services that are not subject to competitive bidding requirements, including sample testing of cash disbursements to ensure the district complied with its procurement policies and acquired goods and services of maximum quality at the lowest possible cost under the circumstances. This test will also help assure the district's procedures guard against favoritism, fraud and corruption.
- Expense reimbursements or other payments to board members, administrators and other district personnel should be tested to verify compliance with board policies, reasonableness, appropriateness of payment, and documentation of expenses.

## Sample Exhibit 6660-E

- Expenditures for meals and refreshments at meetings, cell phones and purchases with credit cards should be reviewed for reasonableness.
- A comprehensive test of payroll disbursements that includes verification of the existence of the employee, authorization, time worked, accuracy of rates, overtime payments and distributions to appropriate expenditure categories by tracing from time records through the payroll records to the cancelled check. Testing of accounting records should also be performed such as payroll summaries and payments of taxes and other withholdings.

### ► Sound internal control structure

**A sound internal control structure is in place and internal controls are appropriately designed and operating effectively.**

- A sufficient understanding of the school district's system of internal controls including the district's control environment, control activities, system for risk assessment, information and communication, and monitoring. This audit procedure should also include a documented understanding of controls over the school district's computer systems that are significant to audit objectives.
- Testing of controls deemed significant to the audit's objectives. For example: observing district personnel actually performing the control procedures in the regular course of operations; examining documents and looking for evidence of approvals, sign-offs, etc.; and replicating a control procedure to test whether it was applied correctly.
- Analytical procedures should be performed to identify unusual trends, activities or transactions. Revenue and expenditure trends should be reviewed over a number of years, and significant budget variances investigated. Control and detail records for budget, revenue, payroll, procurement, capital project and capital asset activities should be scanned for questionable trends or entries, and unusual items investigated.
- A sample of budget amendments should be checked to verify they were completed before appropriations were over-expended to verify budget control over district expenditures.
- Documentation of how the evaluation of the district's control structure and the results of the analytical reviews will affect the audit approach for testing of controls and tests of transactions. This documentation should include the auditor's consideration of the risk of fraud, illegal acts, abuse, or violations of contract/grant provisions, and the impact these risks will have on audit testing.

### ► Assets are safeguarded

**School district assets are safeguarded against loss, waste and abuse.**

- Verification that a current asset inventory system is in place.
- Physical inspection of assets and personal property items, especially those items most susceptible to theft and abuse (e.g. computers, televisions, video equipment).
- Verification of adequacy of insurance coverage for assets and for employees with authorized access to those assets.