# MANHATTAN SCHOOL DISTRICT #114 BOARD OF EDUCATION POLICY MANUAL TABLE OF CONTENTS SECTION 4-OPERATIONAL SERVICES

4:10	Fiscal and Business Management
4:15	Identity Protection
4:15-AP1	Administrative Procedure-Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers
4:15-AP2	Administrative Procedure-Treatment of Personally Identifiable Information Under Grant Awards
4:15-E1	Exhibit - Letter to Employees Regarding Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers
4:15-E2	Exhibit - Statement of Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers
4:15-E3	Exhibit- Statement for Employee Manual or District Website Describing the District's Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers
4:20	Fund Balances
4:30	Revenue and Investments
4:40	Incurring Debt
4:40-AP	Administrative Procedure – Preparing and Updating Disclosures
4:45	Insufficient Fund Checks and Debt Recovery
4:45-AP1	Administrative Procedure – Insufficient Fund Checks
4:45-E1	Exhibit – Cover Page Documenting the Process to Seek Offset from the Illinois Office of the Comptroller IOC
4:45-E2	Exhibit – Notice of Claim and Intent to Seek Recovery; Challenge; and Response to Challenge
4:50	Payment Procedures
4:50-E	Exhibit – School District Payment Order
4:55	Use of Credit and Procurement Cards
4:55-AP	Administrative Procedure - Controls for the Use of District Credit and Procurements Cards

4:55-E	Exhibit – Cardholder's Statement Affirming Familiarity with Requirements for Using District Credit and/or Procurement Cards
4:60	Purchase and Contracts
4:60-AP1	Administrative Procedure - Purchases
4:60-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Third Party Non-Instructional Contracts
4:60-AP3	Administrative Procedure – Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees
4:60-AP4	Administrative Procedure – Sexual Misconduct Related Employment History Review (EHR) of Contractor Employees
4:60-AP5	Administrative Procedure – Federal and State Award Procurement Procedures
4:60-AP5,E	Exhibit – Internal Procedures for Procurement Transactions
4:60-E	Exhibit – Notice to Contractors
4:70	Resource Conservation
4:70-AP	Administrative Procedure – Resource Conservation
4:80	Accounting and Audits
4:80-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program
4:80-AP3	Administrative Procedure – Inventory Management for Federal and State Awards
4:90	Student Activity and Fiduciary Funds
4:100	Insurance Management
4:110	Transportation
4:110-AP1	Administrative Procedure – School Bus Post-Accident Checklist
4:110-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Bus Driver Communication Devices; Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Inspection; and Bus Driving Comments
4:110-AP3	Administrative Procedure – School Bus Safety Rules
4:110-E	Exhibit – Emergency Medical Information for Students Having Special Needs or Medical Conditions Who Ride School Buses
4:120	Food Services
4:120-AP	Administrative Procedure – Food Service; Competitive Foods: Exemptions
4:130	Free and Reduced – Price Food Services
4:130-E	Exhibit – Free and Reduced – Price Food Services; Meal Charge Notifications

4:140	Waiver of Student Fees
4:140-AP	Administrative Procedure – Fines, Fees, and Charges-Waiver of Student Fees
4:140-E1	Exhibit – Application for Fee Waiver
4:140-E2	Exhibit – Application for Fee Waiver Based on Federal Free Meals Program
4:140-E3	Exhibit – Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and Response to Appeal
4:140-E4	Exhibit – Resolution to Increase Driver Education Fees
4:150	Facility Management and Building Programs
4:160	Environmental Quality of Building and Grounds
4:160-AP	Administrative Procedure – Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds
4:165	Awareness and Prevention of Child Sexual Abuse and Grooming Behaviors
4:170	Safety
4:170-AP1	Administrative Procedure – Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan
4:170-AP1,E1	Exhibit – Accident or Injury Form
4:170-AP1,E2	Exhibit – Memo to Staff Members Regarding Contacts by Media About a Crisis
4:170-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Routine Communications Concerning Safety and Security
4:170-AP2,E1	Exhibit – Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding Student Safety
4:170-AP4	Administrative Procedure – National Terrorism Advisory System
4:170-AP5	Administrative Procedure – Unsafe School Choice Option
4:170-AP6	Administrative Procedure – Plan for Responding to a Medical Emergency at a Physical Fitness Facility with an AED
4:170-AP6, E1	Exhibit – School Staff AED Nonfiction Letter
4:170-AP6, E2	Exhibit – Nonfiction to Staff and Parents/Guardians of CPR and AED Video
4:170-AP8	Administrative Procedure – Movable Soccer Goal Safety
4:175	Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications

4:175-AP1	Administrative Procedure – Criminal Offender Nonfiction Laws; Screening
4:175-AP1,E1	Exhibit – Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws
4:180	Pandemic Preparedness
4:180-AP1	Administrative Procedure – School Action Steps for Pandemic Influenza or Other Virus/Disease
4:180-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting
4:190	Targeted School Violence Prevention Program
4:190-AP1	Administrative Procedure – Targeted School Violence Prevention Program
4:190-AP2	Administrative Procedure – Threat Assessment Team (TAT)

## **Fiscal and Business Management**

The Superintendent is responsible for the School District's fiscal and business management. This responsibility includes annually preparing and presenting the District's statement of affairs to the School Board and publishing it before December 1 as required by State law.

The Superintendent shall ensure the efficient and cost-effective operation of the District's business management using computers, computer software, data management, communication systems, and electronic networks, including electronic mail, the Internet, and security systems. Each person using the District's electronic network shall complete an *Authorization for Access to the District's Electronic Network*.

## **Budget Planning**

The District's fiscal year is from July 1 until June 30. The Superintendent shall present to the Board, no later than the first regular meeting in August, a tentative budget with appropriate explanation. This budget shall represent the culmination of an ongoing process of planning for the fiscal support needed for the District's educational program. The District's budget shall be entered upon the Ill. State Board of Education's (ISBE) *School District Budget Form*. To the extent possible, the tentative budget shall be balanced as defined by ISBE guidelines. The Superintendent shall complete a tentative deficit reduction plan if one is required by ISBE guidelines.

## **Preliminary Adoption Procedures**

After receiving the Superintendent's proposed budget, the Board sets the date, place, and time for:

- 1. A public hearing on the proposed budget, and
- 2. The proposed budget to be available to the public for inspection.

The Board Secretary shall arrange to publish a notice in a local newspaper stating the date, place, and time of the proposed budget's availability for public inspection and the public hearing. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 30 days before the time of the budget hearing.

At the public hearing, the proposed budget shall be reviewed, including the cash reserve balance of all funds held by the District related to its operational levy and, if applicable, any obligations secured by those funds, and the public shall be invited to comment, question, or advise the Board.

#### **Final Adoption Procedures**

The Board adopts a budget before the end of the first quarter of each fiscal year, September 30, or by such alternative procedure as State law may define. To the extent possible, the budget shall be balanced as defined by ISBE; if not balanced, the Board will adopt a deficit reduction plan to balance the District's budget within three years according to ISBE requirements.

The Board adopts the budget by roll call vote. The budget resolution shall be incorporated into the meeting's official minutes. Board members' names voting *yea* and *nay* shall be recorded in the minutes.

The Superintendent or designee shall perform each of the following:

Post the District's final annual budget, itemized by receipts and expenditures, on the District's Internet website; notify parents/guardians that it is posted and provide the website's address.

File a certified copy of the budget resolution and an estimate of revenues by source anticipated to be received in the following fiscal year, certified by the District's Chief Fiscal Officer, with the County Clerk within 30 days of the budget's adoption.

- 3. Ensure disclosure to the public of the cash reserve balance of all funds held by the district related to its operational levy and, if applicable, any obligations secured by those funds, at the public hearing at which the Board certifies its operational levy.
- 4. Present a written report that includes the annual average expenditures of the District's operational funds for the previous three fiscal years at or before the board meeting at which the Board adopts its levy. In the event the District's combined cash reserve balance of its operational funds is more than 2.5 times the annual average expenditures of those funds for the previous three fiscal years, the Board will adopt and file with ISBE a reserve reduction plan by December 31.

- 5. Make all preparations necessary for the Board to timely file its Certificate of Tax Levy, including preparations to comply with the Truth in Taxation Act; file the Certificate of Tax Levy with the County Clerk on or before the last Tuesday in December. The Certificate lists the amount of property tax money to be provided for the various funds in the budget.
- 6. Submit the annual budget, a deficit reduction plan if one is required by ISBE guidelines, and other financial information to ISBE according to its requirements.

Any amendments to the budget or Certificate of Tax Levy shall be made as provided in the School Code and Truth in Taxation Act.

#### **Budget Amendments**

The Board may amend the budget by the same procedure as provided for in the original adoption.

#### Implementation

The Superintendent or designee shall implement the District's budget and provide the Board with a monthly financial report that includes all deficit fund balances. The amount budgeted as the expenditure in each fund is the maximum amount that may be expended for that category, except when a transfer of funds is authorized by the Board.

The Board shall act on all interfund loans, interfund transfers, transfers within funds, and transfers from the working cash fund or abatements of it, if one exists.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-17, 5/10-22.33, 5/17-1, 5/17-1.2, 5/17-1.3, 5/17-1.10, 5/17-2A, 5/17-3.2,

5/17-11, 5/20-5, 5/20-8, and 5/20-10.

35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq., Truth in Taxation Law.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 100.

CROSS REF.: 4:20 (Fund Balances), 4:40 (Incurring Debt), 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts), 6:235

(Access to Electronic Networks)

ADMIN. PROC.: 6:235-AP1, E1 (Student Authorization for Access to the District's Electronic Networks),

6:235-AP1, E2 (Staff Authorization for Access to the District's Electronic Networks)

ADOPTED: February 8, 2011

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, January 10, 2018, January 11, 2023, December 13, 2023

## **Identity Protection**

The collection, storage, use, and disclosure of social security numbers by the School District shall be consistent with State and federal laws. The goals for managing the District's collection, storage, use, and disclosure of social security numbers are to:

- 1. Limit all activities involving social security numbers to those circumstances that are authorized by State or federal law.
- 2. Protect each social security number collected or maintained by the District from unauthorized disclosure.

The Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that the District complies with the Identity Protection Act, 5 ILCS 179/. Compliance measures shall include each of the following:

All employees having access to social security numbers in the course of performing their duties shall be trained to protect the confidentiality of social security numbers. Training should include instructions on the proper handling of information containing social security numbers from the time of collection through the destruction of the information.

Only employees who are required to use or handle information or documents that contain social security numbers shall have access to such information or documents.

Social security numbers requested from an individual shall be provided in a manner that makes the social security number easily redacted if the record is required to be released as part of a public records request.

When collecting a social security number or upon request by an individual, a statement of the purpose(s) for which the District is collecting and using the social security number shall be provided. The stated reason for collection of the social security number must be relevant to the documented purpose.

All employees must be advised of this policy's existence, and a copy of the policy must be made available to each employee. The policy must also be made available to any member of the public, upon request.

If this policy is amended, employees will be advised of the existence of the amended policy and a copy of the amended policy will be made available to each employee.

No District employee shall collect, store, use, or disclose an individual's social security number unless specifically authorized by the Superintendent. This policy shall not be interpreted as a guarantee of the confidentiality of social security numbers and/or other personal information. The District will use best efforts to comply with this policy, but this policy should not be construed to convey any rights to protection of information not otherwise afforded by law.

## Treatment of Personally Identifiable Information Under Grant Awards

The Superintendent ensures that the District takes reasonable measures to safeguard: (1) protected personally identifiable information, (2) other information that a federal awarding agency, pass-through agency or State awarding agency designates as sensitive, such as personally identifiable information (PII) and (3) information that the District considers to be sensitive consistent with applicable laws regarding

privacy and confidentiality (collectively, *sensitive information*), when administering federal grant awards and State grant awards governed by the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act (30 ILCS 708/).

The Superintendent shall establish procedures for the identification, handling, storage, access, disposal and overall confidentiality of sensitive information. The Superintendent shall ensure that employees and contractors responsible for the administration of a federal or State award for the District receive regular training in the safeguarding of sensitive information. Employees mishandling sensitive information are subject to discipline, up to and including dismissal.

LEGAL REF.: 2 C.F.R. §200.303(e).

5 ILCS 179/, Identity Protection Act. 30 ILCS 708/, Grant Accountability and Transparency Act 50 ILCS 205/3, Local

Records Act.

105 ILCS 10/, Illinois School Student Records Act.

CROSS REF: 2:250 (Access to District Public Records), 5:150 (Personnel Records),

7:340 (Student Records)

ADOPTED: June 12, 2013

AMENDED: June 14, 2017, January 10, 2018, March 13, 2019, January 08, 2020, January 13, 2021

## **Administrative Procedure - Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers**

Much of the District's collection, storage, use, and disclosure of social security numbers apply to employee records only. But limited exceptions may exist where a school district may need to ask students or their parents/guardians to provide social security numbers. When student social security numbers are involved, consult the Board attorney about the intersection of the Identity Protection Act (5 ILCS 179/), the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. §1232g), and the Ill. School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/).

School Student Red	cords Act (105 ILCS 10/).
Actor	Action
Superintendent and business manager, and their designees	Identify the approved purposes for collecting SSNs, including:  1. Employment matters, e.g., income reporting to IRS and the IL Dept. of Revenue, tax withholding, FICA, and Medicare.  2. Verifying enrollment in various benefit programs, e.g., medical benefits, health insurance claims, and veterans' programs.  3. Filing insurance claims.  4. Internal verification or administrative purposes.  5. Other uses authorized and/or required by State law including, without limitation, in the following circumstances (5 ILCS 179/10(c)):  a. Disclosing SSNs to another governmental entity if the disclosure is necessary for the entity to perform its duties and responsibilities;  b. Disclosing SSNs pursuant to a court order, warrant, or subpoena; and c. Collecting or using SSNs to investigate or prevent fraud, to conduct background checks, to collect a debt, or to obtain a credit report from a consumer reporting agency under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. Identify a method for documenting the need and purpose for the SSN before its collection. 5 ILCS 179/10(b)(1).  Inform all employees of the District's efforts to protect the privacy of SSNs. See Exhibit 4:15-E1, Letter to Employees Regarding Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers.  While State law does not specifically require this step, the law contains mandates applicable to all employees that they need to know. Moreover, this letter provides an opportunity to increase awareness of the confidential nature of SSNs.  Maintain a written list of each staff position that allows or requires access to SSNs.  The existence of a written list, even though not required, is important for recordkeeping and accountability purposes.  Require that employees who have access to SSNs in the course of performing their duties be trained to protect the confidentiality of SSNs. 5 ILCS 179/35(a)(2).  Direct that only employees who are required to use or handle information or documents that contain SSNs have access to such information or documents. 5 ILCS 179/35(a)(3).

Actor	Action
	Require that SSNs requested from an individual be provided in a manner that makes the SSN easily redacted if the record is otherwise required to be released as part of a public records request. 5 ILCS 179/35(a)(4).  Require that, when collecting SSNs or upon request, a <i>statement of the purpose(s)</i> for which the District is collecting and using the SSNs be provided. 5 ILCS 179/35(a)(5). See Exhibit 4:15-E2, <i>Statement of Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers</i> .  Require that, when employees who are required to use or handle information or documents that contain SSNs learn of a breach, they:
	Notify District administrators immediately, and
	2. Ensure that notifications to the proper individuals occur.
	Enforce the requirements in Board policy 4:15, <i>Identity Protection</i> , and this procedure.
Records Custodian and Head of Information Technology (IT)	<ol> <li>Develop guidelines for handling social security numbers in electronic systems.</li> <li>These guidelines should address:</li> <li>The display of SSNs on computer terminals, screens, and reports;</li> <li>The security protocol for storing SSNs on a device or system protected by a password or other security system and for accessing SSNs that are included in part of an electronic database;</li> <li>The security protocol for deleting SSNs that are stored inelectronic documents or databases; and</li> <li>Alternate mechanisms for integrating data other than the use of SSNs.</li> </ol>
Staff	Design and execute a training program on protecting the confidentiality of SSNs
Development Head	for employees who have access to SSNs in the course of performing their duties.  The training should include instructions on the proper handling of information that contains SSNs from the time of collection through the destruction of the information. 5 ILCS 179/35(a)(2).
Assistant Superintendents,	Require each staff member whose position allows or requires access to SSNs to attend training on protecting the confidentiality of SSNs.
Directors,	Instruct staff members whose positions allow or require access to SSNs to:
Building Principals, and/or	<ol> <li>Treat SSNs as confidential information.</li> <li>Never publicly post or display SSNs or require any individual to verbally disclose his or her SSN.</li> </ol>
Department Heads	<ol> <li>Dispose of documents containing SSNs in a secure fashion, such as, by shredding paper documents and by deleting electronic documents as instructed by the IT Department.</li> <li>Use SSNs as needed during the execution of their job duties and in accordance with the training and instructions that they received.</li> </ol>
	Instruct staff members whose positions do not require access to SSNs to notify a supervisor and/or the IT Department whenever SSNs are found in a document or other material, whether in paper or electronic form.
Freedom of Information Officer	Redact every SSN before allowing public inspection or copying of records responsive to a FOIA request. 5 ILCS 179/15.
Employees	Do not collect, use, or disclose another individual's SSN unless directed to do so by an administrator.  If the employee is in a position that requires access to SSNs: Treat SSNs as

Actor	Action
	confidential information and follow the instructions learned during training.
	If the employee is not in a position that requires access to SSNs: Notify his or
	her supervisor and/or the IT Department whenever the employee comes across a
	document or other material, whether in paper or electronic form, that contain
	SSNs.

ADOPTED: June 14, 2017

AMENDED: January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021

# **Operations**

## <u>Administrative Procedure – Treatment of Personally Identifiable</u> <u>Information Under Grant Awards</u>

This procedure implements identification, handling, storage, access, disposal, and the overall confidentiality of personally identifiable information under grant awards in the subhead **Treatment of Personally Identifiable Information Under Grant Awards** in Board policy 4:15, *Identity Protection*. Use it when the District is a recipient of a federal grant award or State grant award governed by the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act (GATA) (30 ILCS 708/) and, as a result, must handle personally identifiable information (defined below) in its administration of the award.

#### **Definitions**

Personally identifiable information (PII) means information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, either alone or when combined with other personal or identifying information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual. Some information that is considered to be PII is available in public sources such as telephone books and public Web sites. This type of information is considered to be Public PII and includes, for example, first and last name, address, work telephone number, email address, home telephone number, and general educational credentials. The definition of PII is not anchored to any single category of information or technology. Rather, it requires a case-by-case assessment of the specific risk that an individual can be identified. Non-PII can become PII (or protected personally identifiable information) whenever additional information is made publicly available, in any medium and from any source, that, when combined with other available information, could be used to identify an individual. 2 C.F.R. §200.79.

Protected personally identifiable information (Protected PII) is a subset of PII; it means an individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with any one or more types of information, including, but not limited to, social security number, passport number, credit card numbers, clearances, bank numbers, biometrics, date and place of birth, mother's maiden name, criminal records, medical records, financial records, or educational transcripts. Protected PII does not include personally identifiable information that is required by law to be disclosed. 2 C.F.R. §200.82.

## Safeguarding Requirement

GATA and 2 C.F.R. §200.303(e) require grant recipients to take reasonable measures to safeguard (1) protected personally identifiable information, (2) other information that the awarding or pass-through agency designates as sensitive, such as personally identifiable information, and (3) information that the District considers to be sensitive consistent with applicable laws regarding privacy and confidentiality (collectively referred to in this Procedure as sensitive information).

The Superintendent or designee will ensure that the District:

- 1. Implements reasonable security measures, such as physical and technological safeguards, for the protection of sensitive information that meets or exceeds industry standards designed to protect such information from unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, or disclosure.
- 2. Complies with all applicable laws, such as the Identity Protection Act (5 ILCS 179/) (IPA), Personal Information Protection Act (815 ILCS 530/10) (PIPA) and Student Online Personal Protection Act (105 ILCS 85/27, added by P.A. 101-516, eff. 7-1-21) (SOPPA) in the event of a breach of sensitive information.
- 3. Notifies, if appropriate, members of the school community impacted by a breach when notification is not specifically required by law.

- 4. Educates staff members involved in the administration of grants that in addition to federal regulation 2 C.F.R. §200.303(e) and the terms of a specific award, multiple laws may apply to personally identifiable information, depending upon the type of information/record including: IPA (5 ILCS 179/), PIPA (815 ILCS 530/), Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, (20 U.S.C. 1232g), Ill. School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/), SOPPA (105 ILCS 85/, amended by P.A. 101-516, eff. 7-1-21), Personnel Record Review Act (820 ILCS 40/), and Local Records Act (50 ILCS 205/3).
- 5. 5. Consults with the Board Attorney as needed to ensure compliance.

## Relevant Board Policies and Administrative Procedures for Handling of Sensitive Information

The following Board policies and procedures also address and govern the District's identification, handling, storage, access, disposal, and overall confidentiality of certain types of sensitive information:

- 1. 2:220, School Board Meeting Procedure, and Exhibit, 2:220-E8, School Board Records Maintenance Requirements and FAQs, address storage, access, and destruction of meeting minutes, including closed meeting minutes and verbatim recordings.
- 2. 2:250, Access to District Public Records, addresses providing access to public records in response to Freedom of Information Act requests and the preservation and destruction of public records under the Local Records Act. 2:250-AP2, Protocols for Record Preservation and Development of Retention Schedules, also addresses the preservation and destruction of public records under the Local Records Act.
- 3. 4:15, *Identity Protection*, specifically requires the District to safeguard sensitive information under grant awards.
- 4. 4:80-AP1, *Internal Controls Checklist*, requires the District to protect assets, including technology and electronic systems from loss or misuse.
- 5. 5:120-AP2, *Employee Conduct Standards*, requires all District staff members to respect the confidentiality of student and personal records and other information covered by confidentiality agreements.
- 6. 5:130, *Responsibilities Concerning Internal Information*, requires all District employees to maintain the integrity and security of all internal information and the privacy of confidential records
- 7. 5:150, *Personnel Records*, and 5:150-AP1, *Personnel Records*, address the identification, storage, and access to personnel records.
- 8. 6:235, *Access to Electronic Networks*, requires all users of the District's electronic networks to maintain the confidentiality of student information
- 9. 6:235-AP1, *Acceptable Use of District's Electronic Networks*, requires all users of the District's electronic networks to take steps to safeguard their integrity and security.
- 10. 7:340, *Student Records*, along with 7:340-AP1, *School Student Records*, and 7:340-AP2, *Storage and Destruction of School Student Records*, address the District's legal obligations regarding the identification, confidentiality, safeguarding, access, and disposal of school student records.

## **Disposal of Sensitive Information**

When disposal of sensitive information is authorized by law and/or Board policy, the Superintendent or other administrator overseeing the administration of the grant award will ensure the District follows the disposal standard under the Personal Information Protection Act (815 ILCS 530/40) and renders the information unreadable, unusable, and undecipherable.

#### Training for Employees and Contractors

District employees and contractors responsible for the administration of a federal or State award for the District will receive training on the safeguarding of sensitive information.

The Superintendent or designee will ensure:

- 1. Employees receive training upon their assignment to perform work under the award and then on a bi-annual basis thereafter, until the award is concluded or an employee's involvement in the award is complete, whichever is earlier. The training shall include education on this procedure and the District's policies and procedures listed above that govern the District's handling of sensitive information for various types of information/records.
- 2. Documentation of employee training on the handing of personally identifiable information is maintained, including the dates(s) of the training and attendance/completion of the training.
- 3. District contractors performing work under the grant award regularly receive training from the District or other comparable training on the management of sensitive information.

#### Resources

Ill. State Board of Education –

Checklist for Protection of Personally Identifiable Information, available at <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/Audit-and-Monitoring-Review-Requirements-and-Tools.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/Audit-and-Monitoring-Review-Requirements-and-Tools.aspx</a>.

U.S. Dept. of Education –

Privacy Technical Assistance Center's Protecting Student Privacy Service, at www.studentprivacy.ed.gov.

Ill. Attorney General –

 $\underline{www.illinois attorney general.gov/consumers/hotline.html\#db}_{report.}$ 

ADOPTED: January 08, 2020

AMENDED: January 13, 2021

# Exhibit - Letter to Employees Regarding Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers

On District Letterhead
Date

Re: Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers (SSNs)

The Illinois Identity Protection Act, 5 ILCS 179/, contains requirements applicable to school districts and their employees. This letter's purpose is to help you understand the protections and requirements of this law.

In implementing this law and the Board's policy, I am seeking to:

- 1. Increase the awareness of the confidential nature of the SSN and the risk of identity theft related to unauthorized disclosure;
- 2. Have every employee understand that he or she is prohibited from collecting, displaying, or using another individual's SSN unless authorized by a member of the District administrative staff: and
- 3. Ensure the use of consistent protocol regarding SSNs throughout the District.

I have copied below sections of the Identity Protection Act that must be followed by every school employee. I have also attached the School Board's policy 4:15, *Identity Protection*. Please carefully read these documents. You will be contacted if you are scheduled to receive training on the protocol for collecting, using, maintaining, and disclosing SSNs.

An employee who has substantially breached the confidentiality of social security numbers may be subject to disciplinary action or sanctions up to and including dismissal, in accordance with District policy and procedures.

Sincerely,

Superintendent

\*

# Attachment #1: Relevant Sections from the Identity Protection Act, 5 ILCS 179/Section 10. Prohibited Activities.

- (a) Beginning July 1, 2010, no person or State or local government agency may do any of the following:
  - (1) Publicly post or publicly display in any manner an individual's social security number.
  - (2) Print an individual's social security number on any card required for the individual to access products or services provided by the person or entity.
  - (3) Require an individual to transmit his or her social security number over the Internet, unless the connection is secure or the social security number is encrypted.
  - (4) Print an individual's social security number on any materials that are mailed to the individual, through the U.S. Postal Service, any private mail service, electronic mail, or any similar method of delivery, unless State or federal law requires the social security number to be on the document to be mailed. Notwithstanding any provision in this Section to the contrary, social security numbers may be included in applications and forms sent by mail, including, but not limited to, any material mailed in connection with the administration of the Unemployment Insurance Act,

any material mailed in connection with any tax administered by the Department of Revenue, and documents sent as part of an application or enrollment process or to establish, amend, or terminate an account, contract, or policy or to confirm the accuracy of the social security number. A social security number that may permissibly be mailed under this Section may not be printed, in whole or in part, on a postcard or other mailer that does not require an envelope or be visible on an envelope without the envelope having been opened.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, beginning July 1, 2010, no person or State or local government agency may do any of the following:
  - (1) Collect, use, or disclose a social security number from an individual, unless (i) required to do so under State or federal law, rules, or regulations, or the collection, use, or disclosure of the social security number is otherwise necessary for the performance of that agency's duties and responsibilities; (ii) the need and purpose for the social security number is documented before collection of the social security number; and (iii) the social security number collected is relevant to the documented need and purpose.
  - (2) Require an individual to use his or her social security number to access an Internet website.
  - (3) Use the social security number for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was collected.
- (c) The prohibitions in subsection (b) do not apply in the following circumstances:
  - (1) The disclosure of social security numbers to agents, employees, contractors, or subcontractors of a governmental entity or disclosure by a governmental entity to another governmental entity or its agents, employees, contractors, or subcontractors if disclosure is necessary in order for the entity to perform its duties and responsibilities; and, if disclosing to a contractor or subcontractor, prior to such disclosure, the governmental entity must first receive from the contractor or subcontractor a copy of the contractor's or subcontractor's policy that sets forth how the requirements imposed under this Act on a governmental entity to protect an individual's social security number will be achieved.
  - (2) The disclosure of social security numbers pursuant to a court order, warrant, or subpoena.
  - (3) The collection, use, or disclosure of social security numbers in order to ensure the safety of: State and local government employees; persons committed to correctional facilities, local jails, and other law-enforcement facilities or retention centers; wards of the State; and all persons working in or visiting a State or local government agency facility.
  - (4) The collection, use, or disclosure of social security numbers for internal verification or administrative purposes.
  - (5) The disclosure of social security numbers by a State agency to any entity for the collection of delinquent child support or of any State debt or to a governmental agency to assist with an investigation or the prevention of fraud.

ADOPTED: July 14, 2021

### **Exhibit - Statement of Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers**

This Statement of Purpose is being given to you because you have been asked by the School District to provide your social security number (SSN) or because you requested a copy of this Statement.

You are being asked for your SSN for one or more of the following reasons:

Employment matters, e.g., income reporting to IRS and the IL Department of Revenue, tax withholding, FICA, or Medicare.

Verifying enrollment in various benefit programs, e.g., medical benefits, health insurance claims, or veterans' programs.

Filing insurance claims.

Internal verification or administrative purposes. Other:

In addition, State law authorizes and/or requires the District to use or disclose your SSN in specified circumstances including, without limitation, in the following circumstances:

- 1. Disclosing SSNs to another governmental entity if the disclosure is necessary for the entity to perform its duties and responsibilities;
- 2. Disclosing SSNs pursuant to a court order, warrant, or subpoena; and
- 3. Collecting or using SSNs to investigate or prevent fraud, to conduct background checks, to collect a debt, or to obtain a credit report from a consumer reporting agency under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act.

If you have questions or concerns, please contact [insert contact information].

ADOPTED: July 14, 2021

# Exhibit - Statement for Employee Manual or District Website Describing the District's Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers

The School District treats social security numbers (SSNs) confidentially. It uses SSNs for one or more of the following reasons:

- 1. Employment matters, e.g., income reporting to IRS and the IL Department of Revenue, tax withholding, FICA, or Medicare.
- 2. Verifying enrollment in various benefit programs, e.g., medical benefits, health insurance claims, or veterans' programs.
- 3. Filing insurance claims.
- 4. Internal verification or administrative purposes.

In addition, State law authorizes and/or requires the District to use or disclose SSNs in specified circumstances including, without limitation, in the following circumstances:

- 1. Disclosing SSNs to another governmental entity if the disclosure is necessary for the entity to perform its duties and responsibilities;
- 2. Disclosing SSNs pursuant to a court order, warrant, or subpoena; and
- 3. Collecting or using SSNs to investigate or prevent fraud, to conduct background checks, to collect a debt, or to obtain a credit report from a consumer reporting agency under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act. If you have questions or concerns, please contact [insert contact information].

ADOPTED: July 14, 2021

## **Fund Balances**

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain fund balances adequate to ensure the District's ability to maintain levels of service and pay its obligations in a prompt manner in spite of unforeseen events or unexpected expenses. The Superintendent or designee shall inform the Board whenever it should discuss drawing upon its reserves or borrowing money.

The School District seeks to maintain a year-end fund balance to revenue ratio of no less than 15-20 percent, as calculated under the Ill. State Board of Education's *School District Financial Profile*.

CROSS REF.: 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management), 4:80 (Accounting and Audits)

ADOPTED: September 9, 2008

REVIED: December 12, 2018

AMENDED: October 9, 2019

#### **Revenue and Investments**

#### Revenue

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for making all claims for property tax revenue, State Aid, special State funds for specific programs, federal funds, and categorical grants.

#### Investments

The Superintendent shall either appoint a Chief Investment Officer or serve as one. The Chief Investment Officer shall invest money that is not required for current operations, in accordance with this policy and State law.

The Chief Investment Officer and Superintendent shall use the standard of prudence when making investment decisions. They shall use the judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, that persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the safety of their capital as well as its probable income.

## **Investment Objectives**

The objectives for the School District's investment activities are:

- 1. Safety of Principal Every investment is made with safety as the primary and over-riding concern. Each investment transaction shall ensure that capital loss, whether from credit or market risk, is avoided.
- 2. Liquidity The investment portfolio shall provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they become due. In this regard, the maturity and marketability of investments shall be considered.
- 3. Rate of Return The highest return on investments is sought, consistent with the preservation of principal and prudent investment principles.
- 4. Diversification The investment portfolio is diversified as to materials and investments, as appropriate to the nature, purpose, and amount of the funds.

#### **Authorized Investments**

The Chief Investment Officer may invest District funds in one or more of the following:

Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities now or hereafter issued, that are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America as to principal and interest. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of the United States of America, its agencies, and its instrumentalities.

The term "agencies of the United States of America" includes: (a) the federal land banks, federal intermediate credit banks, banks for cooperative, federal farm credit banks, or any other entity authorized to issue debt obligations under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 and Acts amendatory thereto, (b) the federal home loan banks and the federal home loan mortgage corporation, and (c) any other agency created by Act of Congress.

Interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or interest-bearing time deposits or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act. Short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if: (a) such obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and that mature not later than 270 days from the date of purchase, (b) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations, and (c) no more than one-third of the District's funds may be invested in short-term obligations of corporations under this paragraph. Obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if: (a) such obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and which mature more than 270 days but less than three years from the date of purchase, (b) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations, and (c) no more than one-third of the District's funds may be invested in obligations of corporations under this paragraph. Money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of any such money market mutual fund is limited to obligations described in paragraph (1) or (2) and to agreements to repurchase such obligations.

Interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, school district, the State of Illinois, any other state, or any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or any other state, whether the interest earned is taxable or tax-exempt under federal law. The bonds shall be (a) registered in the name of the municipality, county, or other governmental unit, or held under a custodial agreement at a bank, and (b) rated at the time of purchase within the four highest general classifications established by a rating service of nationally recognized expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions.

Short term discount obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association or in shares or other forms of securities legally issuable by savings banks or savings and loan associations incorporated under the laws of this State or any other state or under the laws of the United States. Investments may be made only in those savings banks or savings and loan associations, the shares, or investment certificates that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Any such securities may be purchased at the offering or market price thereof at the time of such purchase. All such securities so purchased shall mature or be redeemable on a date or dates prior to the time when, in the judgment of the Chief Investment Officer, the public funds so invested will be required for expenditure by the District or its governing authority.

Dividend-bearing share accounts, share certificate accounts, or class of share accounts of a credit union chartered under the laws of this State or the laws of the United States; provided, however, the principle office of any such credit union must be located within the State of Illinois. Investments may be made only in those credit unions the accounts of which are insured by applicable law.

A Public Treasurers' Investment Pool created under Section 17 of the State Treasurer Act. The District may also invest any public funds in a fund managed, operated, and administered by a bank, subsidiary of a bank, or subsidiary of a bank holding company or use the services of such an entity to hold and invest or advise regarding the investment of any public funds.

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus.

Repurchase agreements of government securities having the meaning set out in the Government Securities Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended or succeeded, subject to the provisions of said Act and the regulations issued there under. The government securities, unless registered or inscribed in the name of the District, shall be purchased through banks or trust companies authorized to do business in the State of Illinois. Except for repurchase agreements of government securities that are subject to the Government Securities Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended or succeeded, the District may not purchase or invest in instruments that constitute repurchase agreements, and no financial institution may enter into such an agreement with or on behalf of the District unless the instrument and the transaction meet all of the following requirements:

The securities, unless registered or inscribed in the name of the District, are purchased through banks or trust companies authorized to do business in the State of Illinois.

The Chief Investment Officer, after ascertaining which firm will give the most favorable rate of interest, directs the custodial bank to "purchase" specified securities from a designated institution. The "custodial bank" is the bank or trust company, or agency of government, that acts for the District in connection with repurchase agreements involving the investment of funds by the District. The State Treasurer may act as custodial bank for public agencies executing repurchase agreements.

A custodial bank must be a member bank of the Federal Reserve System or maintain accounts with member banks. All transfers of book-entry securities must be accomplished on a Reserve Bank's computer records through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System. These securities must be credited to the District on the records of the custodial bank and the transaction must be confirmed in writing to the District by the custodial bank.

Trading partners shall be limited to banks or trust companies authorized to do business in the State of Illinois or to registered primary reporting dealers.

The security interest must be perfected.

The District enters into a written master repurchase agreement that outlines the basic responsibilities and liabilities of both buyer and seller.

Agreements shall be for periods of 330 days or less.

The Chief Investment Officer informs the custodial bank in writing of the maturity details of the repurchase agreement.

The custodial bank must take delivery of and maintain the securities in its custody for the account of the District and confirm the transaction in writing to the District. The custodial undertaking shall provide that the custodian takes possession of the securities exclusively for the District; that the securities are free of any claims against the trading partner; and that any claims by the custodian are subordinate to the District's claims to rights to those securities.

The obligations purchased by the District may only be sold or presented for redemption or payment by the fiscal agent bank or trust company holding the obligations upon the written instruction of the Chief Investment Officer

The custodial bank shall be liable to the District for any monetary loss suffered by the District due to the failure of the custodial bank to take and maintain possession of such securities.

Any investment as authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act, and Acts amendatory thereto. Paragraph 13 supersedes paragraphs 1-12 and controls in the event of conflict.

Except as provided herein, investments may be made only in banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, or credit unions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other approved share insurer.

The Chief Investment Officer and Superintendent shall regularly consider material, relevant, and decision-useful sustainability factors in evaluating investment decisions, within the bounds of financial and fiduciary prudence. Such factors include, but are not limited to: (1) corporate governance and leadership factors, (2) environmental factors, (3) social capital factors, (4) human capital factors, and (5) business model and innovation factors, as provided under the Ill. Sustainable Investing Act, 30 ILCS 238/.

## Selection of Depositories, Investment Managers, Dealers, and Brokers

The Chief Investment Officer shall establish a list of authorized depositories, investment managers, dealers and brokers based upon the creditworthiness, reputation, minimum capital requirements, qualifications under State law, as well as a long history of dealing with public fund entities. The Board will review and approve the list at least annually.

In order to be an authorized depository, each institution must submit copies of the last two sworn statements of resources and liabilities or reports of examination that the institution is required to furnish to the appropriate State or federal agency. Each institution designated as a depository shall, while acting as such depository, furnish the District with a copy of all statements of resources and liabilities or all reports of examination that it is required to furnish to the appropriate State or federal agency.

The above eligibility requirements of a bank to receive or hold public deposits do not apply to investments in an interest-bearing savings account, interest-bearing certificate of deposit, or interest-bearing time deposit if: (1) the District initiates the investment at or through a bank located in Illinois, and (2) the invested public funds are at all times fully insured by an agency or instrumentality of the federal government.

The District may consider a financial institution's record and current level of financial commitment to its local community when deciding whether to deposit funds in that financial institution. The District may consider factors including:

For financial institutions subject to the federal Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, the current and historical ratings that the financial institution has received, to the extent that those ratings are publicly available, under the federal Community Reinvestment Act of 1977;

Any changes in ownership, management, policies, or practices of the financial institution that may affect the level of the financial institution's commitment to its community;

The financial impact that the withdrawal or denial of District deposits might have on the financial institution; The financial impact to the District as a result of withdrawing public funds or refusing to deposit additional public funds in the financial institution; and

Any additional burden on the District's resources that might result from ceasing to maintain deposits of public funds at the financial institution under consideration.

#### Collateral Requirements

All amounts deposited or invested with financial institutions in excess of any insurance limit shall be collateralized in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235/. The Superintendent or designee shall keep the Board informed of collateral agreements.

## Safekeeping and Custody Arrangements

The preferred method for safekeeping is to have securities registered in the District's name and held by a third-party custodian. Safekeeping practices should qualify for the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements, Category I, the highest recognized safekeeping procedures.

## **Controls and Report**

The Chief Investment Officer shall establish a system of internal controls and written operational procedures to prevent losses arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or imprudent employee action.

The Chief Investment Officer shall provide a quarterly investment report to the Board. The report will: (1) assess whether the investment portfolio is meeting the District's investment objectives, (2) identify each security by class or type, book value, income earned, and market value, (3) identify those institutions providing investment services to the District, and (4) include any other relevant information. The investment portfolio's performance shall be measured by appropriate and creditable industry standards for the investment type.

The Board will determine, after receiving the Superintendent's recommendation, which fund is in most need of interest income and the Superintendent shall execute a transfer. This provision does not apply when the use of interest earned on a particular fund is restricted.

## Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

The Board and District officials will avoid any investment transaction or practice that in appearance or fact might impair public confidence. Board members are bound by the Board policy 2:100, *Board Member Conflict of Interest*. No District employee having influence on the District's investment decisions shall:

Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any investments in which the District is authorized to invest, Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in the sellers, sponsors, or managers of those investments, or Receive, in any manner, compensation of any kind from any investments in that the agency is authorized to invest.

LEGAL REF.: 30 ILCS 235/, Public Funds Investment Act.

30 ILCS 238/, Ill. Sustainable Investing Act. 105 ILCS 5/8-7, 5/10-22.44, 5/17-1, and 5/17-11.

CROSS REF.: 2:100 (Board Member Conflict of Interest), 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management),

4:80 (Accounting and Audits)

ADOPTED: April 13, 2010

AMENDED: January 08, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 13, 2023

## **Incurring Debt**

The Superintendent shall provide early notice to the School Board of the District's need to borrow money. The Superintendent or designee shall prepare all documents and notices necessary for the Board, at its discretion, to: (1) issue State Aid Anticipation Certificates, tax anticipation warrants, working cash fund bonds, bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness, or (2) establish a line of credit with a bank or other financial institution. The Superintendent shall notify the State Board of Education before the District issues any form of long-term or short-term debt that will result in outstanding debt that exceeds 75% of the debt limit specified in State law.

## **Bond Issue Obligations**

In connection with the Board's issuance of bonds, the Superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring the District's compliance with federal securities laws, including the anti-fraud provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and, if applicable, the continuing disclosure obligations under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Additionally, in connection with the Board's issuance of bonds, the interest on which is excludable from *gross income* for federal income tax purposes, or which enable the District or bond holder to receive other federal tax benefits, the Board authorizes the Superintendent to establish written procedures for post-issuance compliance monitoring for such bonds to protect their tax-exempt (or tax-advantaged) status.

The Board may contract with outside professionals, such as bond counsel and/or a qualified financial consulting firm, to assist it in meeting the requirements of this subsection.

LEGAL REF.: Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. §77a et seq.

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. §78a et seq.

17 C.F.R. §240.15c2-12.

Bond Authorization Act, 30 ILCS 305/2. Bond Issue Notification Act, 30 ILCS 352/. Local Government Debt Reform Act, 30 ILCS 350/.

Tax Anticipation Note Act, 50 ILCS 420/.

105 ILCS 5/17-16, 5/17-17, 5/18-18, and 5/19-1 et seq.

CROSS REF.: 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:40-AP (Preparing and Updating Disclosures)

ADOPTED: December 8, 2009

AMENDED: January 08, 2020, January 13, 2021

## Administrative Procedure - Preparing and Updating Disclosures

This sample administrative procedure has been adapted and printed with the express permission of Chapman and Cutler LLP. Chapman and Cutler LLP is pleased to provide this sample procedure as an example of factors issuers should consider under current law in preparing policies and procedures for post-issuance compliance with federal securities laws and regulations. It is intended to provide general guidance with the understanding that the provision of the sample procedure does not constitute the rendering of legal advice by Chapman and Cutler LLP or the establishment of an attorney-client relationship with any user of the sample procedure. Reference to this sample procedure should not be considered a substitute for consultation with your legal advisors. Readers should understand that the application of relevant statutory and regulatory provisions can vary based on specific facts and that changes in law or facts may impact the applicability of the sample procedure. Chapman and Cutler LLP assumes no obligation to update the sample procedure to reflect changes in law or practice.

Pursuant to the District's responsibilities under the securities laws, including its continuing disclosure undertakings (*Undertakings*) under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Securities and Exchange Commission's statements in enforcement actions, it is necessary and in the District's best interest that the District comply in all material respects with federal securities laws regarding its (i) preliminary and final official statements or offering circulars and any supplements or amendments thereto (collectively, the *Official Statements*), disseminated by the District in connection with any bonds, notes, certificates or other obligations, (ii) Financial Information or Annual Financial Information, as required by and defined in the Undertakings (the *Annual Financial Information*) to be filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's (*MSRB*) Electronic Municipal Market Access (*EMMA*) system, and (iii) notices of Material Events or Reportable Events, each as defined in the Undertakings, and any other required or voluntary disclosures to EMMA (each, an *EMMA Notice*). These procedures are designed to enable the District to create accurate disclosures with respect to its (i) Official Statements, (ii) Annual Financial Information, and (iii) EMMA Notices, which are collectively referred to herein as *Disclosures*. In response to these interests, the District hereby adopts the following procedures:

- A. *Disclosure Officer*. Consistent with Board Policy 4:40, *Incurring Debt*, the Superintendent (*Disclosure Officer*) is hereby designated as the officer responsible for the procedures related to Disclosures as hereinafter set forth (collectively, *Disclosure Procedures*).
- B. *Disclosure Procedures: Official Statements*. Whenever an Official Statement will be disseminated in connection with the issuance of obligations by the District, the Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the Official Statement pursuant to the following procedures:
  - 1. The District shall select (a) the working group for the transaction, which group may include outside professionals such as disclosure counsel, a municipal advisor, and an underwriter (the *Working Group*), and (b) the member of the Working Group responsible for preparing the first draft of the Official Statement.
  - 2. The Disclosure Officer shall review and make comments on the first draft of the Official Statement. Such review shall be done to determine that the Official Statement does not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made in the Official Statement not misleading. Particular attention shall be paid to the accuracy of all descriptions, significant information, and financial data regarding the District. Examples include confirming that information relating to the District, including but not limited to demographic changes, the addition or loss of major employers, the addition or loss of major taxpayers or any other material information within the knowledge of the Disclosure Officer, is included and properly

- disclosed. The Disclosure Officer shall also be responsible for ensuring that the financial data presented with regard to the District is accurate and corresponds with the financial information in the District's possession, including but not limited to information regarding bonded indebtedness, notes, certificates, outstanding leases, tax rates or any other financial information of the District presented in the Official Statement.
- 3. After completion of the review set forth in 2, above, the Disclosure Officer shall (a) discuss the first draft of the Official Statement with the members of the Working Group and such staff and officials of the District as the Disclosure Officer deems necessary and appropriate, and (b) provide comments, as appropriate, to the members of the Working Group. The Disclosure Officer shall also consider comments from members of the Working Group and whether any additional changes to the Official Statement are necessary or desirable to make the document compliant with the requirements set forth in 2, above.
- 4. The Disclosure Officer shall continue to review subsequent drafts of the Official Statement in the manner set forth in 2 and 3, above.
- 5. If, in the Disclosure Officer's reasonable judgment, the Official Statement does not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made in the Official Statement not misleading, the Official Statement may, in the reasonable discretion of the Disclosure Officer, be released for dissemination to the public; *provided, however*, that the use of the Official Statement must be ratified, approved, and authorized by the Board.
- C. *Disclosure Procedures*: *Annual Financial Information*. The Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the Annual Financial Information pursuant to these procedures:
  - 1. By December 20th of each year (the same being at least 30 days prior to the last date on which the Annual Financial Information is required to be disseminated pursuant to the related Undertaking) the Disclosure Officer shall begin to prepare (or hire an agent to prepare) the Annual Financial Information. The Disclosure Officer shall also review the audited or unaudited financial statements, as applicable, to be filed as part of the Annual Financial Information (*Financial Statements*). In addition to the required updating of the Annual Financial Information, the Disclosure Officer should consider whether additional information needs to be added to the Annual Financial Information to make the Annual Financial Information, including the Financial Statements, taken as a whole, correct and complete in all material respects. For example, if disclosure of events that occurred subsequent to the date of the Financial Statements would be necessary to clarify, enhance or correct information presented in the Financial Statements, in order to make the Annual Financial Information, taken as a whole, correct and complete in all material respects, disclosure of such subsequent events should be made.
  - 2. If, in the Disclosure Officer's reasonable judgment, the Annual Financial Information, including the Financial Statements, is correct and complete in all material respects, the Disclosure Officer shall file the Annual Financial Information with EMMA (or confirm that such filing is completed by any agent hired by the District for such purpose) within the timeframe allowed for such filing.
- D. Disclosure Procedures: Reportable Events. The Disclosure Officer will prepare (or hire an agent to prepare) Reportable Event Disclosure and file the same with EMMA (or confirm that such filing is completed by an agent hired by the District for such purpose) in a timely manner (not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the Reportable Event). Incurrence of a Financial Obligation, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material, is a Reportable Event. Upon the incurrence of any Financial Obligation, as such term is defined in the Undertaking, the Disclosure Officer shall review such Financial Obligation and assess whether such Financial Obligation is material. If, in connection with such Financial Obligation, the District has agreed to any covenant, event of default, remedy, priority right or other similar term which affects security holders, the Disclosure Officer shall further review such term and assess whether the same is material. The Disclosure Officer

shall prepare a summary of such review. If, in the Disclosure Officer's reasonable judgment, following consultation with financial or legal professionals as necessary, such Financial Obligation and/or term of such Financial Obligation is deemed material, the Disclosure Officer shall file a summary of such Financial Obligation (or the entire financing document, provided that confidential or sensitive information may be redacted to the extent such redaction does not prevent all material terms from being disclosed) with EMMA not in excess of ten business days after the incurrence of such Financial Obligation. (This paragraph (d) shall only apply if the District has entered into an Undertaking on or after February 27, 2019.)

- E. *Disclosure Procedures*: *EMMA Notices*. Whenever the District determines to file an EMMA Notice, or whenever the District decides to make a voluntary filing to EMMA, the Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the EMMA Notice pursuant to these procedures:
  - 1. The Disclosure Officer shall prepare (or hire an agent to prepare) the EMMA Notice. The EMMA Notice shall be prepared in the form required by the MSRB.
  - 2. In the case of a disclosure required by an Undertaking, the Disclosure Officer shall determine whether any changes to the EMMA Notice are necessary to make the document compliant with the Undertaking.
  - 3. If, in the Disclosure Officer's reasonable judgment, the EMMA Notice is correct and complete and, in the case of a disclosure required by an Undertaking, complies with the Undertaking, the Disclosure Officer shall file the EMMA Notice with EMMA (or confirm that such filing is completed by any agent hired by the District for such purpose) within the timeframe allowed for such filing.
- F. Additional Responsibilities of the Disclosure Officer. The Disclosure Officer, in addition to the specific responsibilities outlined above, shall have general oversight of the entire disclosure process, which shall include:
  - 1. Maintaining appropriate records of compliance with these Disclosure Procedures (including proofs of EMMA filings) and decisions made with respect to issues that have been raised;
  - 2. Evaluating the effectiveness of the procedures contained in these Disclosure Procedures; and
  - 3. Informing the Board when substantive revisions or modifications are made to these Disclosure Procedures.

#### G. General Principles.

- 1. All participants in the disclosure process should be encouraged to raise potential disclosure items at all times in the process.
- 2. The process of revising and updating the Disclosures should not be viewed as a mechanical insertion of current numbers. While it is not anticipated that there will be major changes in the form and content of the Disclosures at the time of each update, the Disclosure Officer should consider whether such changes are necessary or desirable to make sure the Disclosure does not make any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary or desirable, in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading at the time of each update.
- 3. Whenever the District releases information, whether in written or spoken form, that may reasonably be expected to reach investors, it is said to be "speaking to the market." When speaking to the market, District officials must be sure that the released information does not make any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary or desirable, in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading.
- 4. While care should be taken not to shortcut or eliminate any steps outlined in these Disclosure Procedures on an ad hoc basis, the review and maintenance of the Disclosures is a fluid process and recommendations for improvement of these Disclosure Procedures should be solicited and regularly considered.

5. The Disclosure Officer is authorized to request and pay for attendance at relevant conferences or presentations or annual training sessions conducted by outside counsel, consultants or experts in order to ensure a sufficient level of knowledge for the effective administration of these Disclosure Procedures.

LEGAL REF.: 15 U.S.C. §77a et seq., Securities Act of 1933.

15 U.S.C. §78a et seq., Securities Exchange Act of 1934

17 C.F.R. §240.15c2-12.

ADOPTED: January 08, 2020

AMENDED: January 13, 2021, July 14, 2021

#### **Insufficient Fund Checks and Debt Recovery**

#### **Insufficient Funds Checks**

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for collecting up to the maximum fee authorized by State law for returned checks written to the District which are not honored upon presentation to the respective bank or other depository institution for any reason. The Superintendent or a designee is authorized to contact the Board's attorney whenever necessary to collect the returned check amount, fee, collection costs and expenses, and interest.

#### Delinquent Debt Recovery

The Superintendent is authorized to seek collection of delinquent debt owed the District to the fullest extent of the law.

A Local Debt Recovery Program may be available through the Illinois Office of the Comptroller (IOC) in the future. To participate in it, an intergovernmental agreement (IGA) between the District and the IOC must be in existence. The IGA establishes the terms under which the District may refer a delinquent debt to the IOC for an offset (deduction). The IOC may execute, an offset in the amount of the delinquent debt owed to the District, from a future payment that the State makes to an individual or entity responsible for paying the delinquent debt.

The Superintendent or designee shall execute the requirements of the IGA. While executing the requirements of the IGA, the Superintendent or designee is responsible, without limitation, for each of the following:

- 1. Providing a District-wide, uniform, method of notice and due process to the individual or entity against whom a claim for delinquent debt payment (claim) is made. Written notice and an opportunity to be heard must be given to the individual or entity responsible for paying a delinquent debt before the claim is certified to the IOC for offset. The notice must state the claim's amount, the reason for the amount due, the claim's date or time period, and a description of the process to challenge the claim. If reimbursable meals or snacks provided under the Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act are the basis of the District's delinquent debt claim of no less than \$500, the notice must be sent to a student's parent(s)/guardian(s) only after: (a) the student owes the District more than five meals and/or snacks; (b) the Superintendent or designee made: (i) repeated contacts to collect the amounts owed, and (ii) reasonable efforts to collect the amount due for at least one year; and (c) the District requested the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) to apply for meal benefits pursuant to policy 4:130, *Free and Reduced-Price Food Services*, and they either: (i) did not qualify, or (ii) refused to apply.
- 2. An individual or entity challenging a claim shall be provided an informal proceeding to refute the claim's existence, amount, or current collectability; the decision following this proceeding shall be reviewable.

If a waiver of students fees is requested as a challenge to paying the claim, and the waiver of the students fees is denied, an appeal of the denial of a fee waiver request shall be handled according to 4:140, *Waiver of Student Fees*. If no waiver of student fees is requested, reviews regarding payment of the claim shall be handled according to this policy before certification to the IOC for offset.

- a. If application for meal benefits pursuant to policy 4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services, is requested as a challenge to paying the claim, and the request is denied, and appeal of the denial of the request shall be handled according to 4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services. If no request for meal benefits is received, review of the claim's payment shall be handled according to this policy before certification to the IOC for offset.
- 3. Certifying to the IOC that the debt is past due and legally enforceable, and notifying the IOC of any change in the status of an offset claim for delinquent debt.
- 4. Responding to requests for information from the IOC to facilitate the prompt resolution of any administrative review requests received by the IOC.

LEGAL REF.: 15 ILCS 405/10.05 and 10.05d.

105 ILCS 123/, Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights

Act. 810 ILCS 5/3-806.

ADOPTED: January 9, 2013

AMENDED: January 14, 2015, July 8, 2015, March 13, 2019

## **Administrative Procedure - Insufficient Fund Checks**

The following will occur whenever any individual writes a check to the District that is not honored upon presentation to the respective bank or other depository institution for any reason:

- 1. The Superintendent or designee will contact the individual by telephone as soon as the check is returned to the District. The individual will be asked to pay the returned check and the \$25.00 returned check fee. **Note:** Some banks have increased return check fees to \$27-35, but 810 ILCS 5/3-806 continues to state \$25. Consult with the Board Attorney about increasing the returned check fee amount.
- 2. If the amount due is not paid after initial contact, the Superintendent or designee will send a letter by certified mail, return receipt requested, demanding payment within 30 days of mailing the letter, and shall include notice of liability for the costs and expenses. A written demand is necessary to become eligible for any costs and expenses in excess of the amount of the \$25.00 collection fee. 810 ILCS 5/3-806.
- 3. If the amount due is not paid within 30 days of mailing the demand letter, the Superintendent or designee will contact the Board Attorney to discuss further collection action.

ADOPTED: October 9, 2019

# Exhibit - Cover Page Documenting the Process to Seek Offset from the Illinois Office of the Comptroller (IOC)

This cover page documents the steps the District must take before recovering a delinquent debt through an offset (deduction) of a future payment the State makes to an individual responsible for the delinquent debt. An Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) between the IOC and the District must be in place before the District may seek an offset to satisfy a delinquent debt. Consult the Board Attorney for assistance in implementing a District-wide delinquent debt recovery program that will satisfy the requirements necessary to enter into an IGA with the IOC, e.g., the Superintendent should ensure that the District uses a uniform process to seek offset from the IOC. After completing a step, the responsible staff person must record the date, initial the step, and put all material into the claim folder.

#### **Confidential Inter-Office Information**

#### **Definitions**

Business Office means the District department that provides the District's fiscal and business management.

Change in status means, without limitation, payments received other than through a successful offset, the filing of a bankruptcy petition, the death of the debtor, or the expiration of the ability for the debt to remain subject to an offset, as provided for in the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA).

Claim means the demand for payment of a delinquent debt.

Claim folder means the folder containing material for an individual claim; it includes this cover page, the documentation of the Building Principal or designee's notifications of debt and request(s) for payment, the Notice of Claim, relevant supporting information, and any material or explanation received from the Debtor.

Debtor means the person or entity responsible for satisfying a delinquent debt.

*IOC* means Illinois Office of the Comptroller.

Notice of Claim means Exhibit 4:45-E2, Notice of Claim and Intent to Seek Debt Recovery; Challenge; and Response to Challenge.

Offset means a deduction of the amount of a debt owed to the District from a future payment that the State makes to an individual or entity that is responsible to satisfy the debt.

Debtor	Contact information

When the District enters the IOC Program through an IGA, and the District decides a Claim will be referred to the IOC, the following steps will be documented:

Step	Date	Initials
Building Principal sent written documentation referring a claim for further		
recovery proceedings. This documentation is placed in the claim folder.		
Superintendent or designee has inspected the Building Principal's written		

Step	Date	Initials
documentation above (including 105 ILCS 123/, added by P.A. 100-1092,		
requirements if the debt involves school lunch accounts) and agrees that the		
claim should be referred for recovery through the IOC. <b>Note</b> : Consult the Board		
Attorney. Treating claims differently, i.e., referring some and not others, may		
trigger the Constitution's Equal Protection Clause.		
Step	Date	Initials
District sent the Notice of Claim; certified mail, return receipt requested. For		
unpaid meal charges, District staff have followed procedures to prevent meal		
charges from accumulating and made reasonable efforts to collect all funds due		
to the District on a regular basis before the end of the school year (105 ILCS		
123/, added by P.A. 100-1092). Note: While certified mail is not required, it is a		
best practice to send regular and certified, first-class mail.		
Receipt showing certified delivery of the Notice of Claim on .		
recomptished wing obtained denivery of the record of claim on		
Receipt of the Debtor's challenge to the claim. If no challenge is received by the		
deadline in the Notice of Claim, send the claim folder to the Superintendent's		
office for review and continued processing.		
Receipt of Debtor's written explanation and/or any documentation.		
Arrangements made for informal proceeding with Debtor; scheduled for		
. Telephone or In-person		
Information to the Identity Debter. Telephone on I Income		
Informal proceeding held with Debtor.   Telephone or In-person Attendees:		
Attendees.		
Decision of the Business Office		
During of Conference of Confer		
Business office [name] , found that the claim should be		
considered: Satisfied or Enforceable for the following reason(s) (check		
boxes below that apply):		
Debtor asserted waiver of student fees as a challenge to paying the		
claim.		
4:140-E1, Application for Fee Waiver was provided to Debtor and documented in the claim folder.		
4:140-E2, Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and		
Response to Appeal is placed in folder.		
Debtor asserted application for meal benefits as a challenge to paying		
the claim.		
4:130-E, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services; Meal Charge		
Notifications was provided to Debtor and is documented and placed in the claim		
folder.		
Documentation of the student's eligibility for free and reduced-price		
food services is documented and placed in the claim folder.		
Debtor fee waiver request or application for meal benefits request was:		
Granted or Denied.		
Statica of Defice.		
If denied, did Debtor appeal the denial? Yes or No. Note: Fee waivers		
and/or eligibility for free and reduced-price food services satisfy a claim.		

Business office [name]	_, forwarded the claim folder to the			
Superintendent's office.				
If the Business office found that the claim is sati	sfied, the Superintendent or designee notified the			
	Debtor that the claim is considered satisfied. He or she closed this claim folder and checked the			
"claim is satisfied" box above.				
Review by Superintendent or designee				
If the Business office found the debt to be enforced independently reviewed the claim and made the				
Satisfied. Debtor sent a notification on	<u> </u>			
Enforceable. Debtor notified on	that the claim must be paid by			
to void further collection effort	s.			
Certification of Past Due Debt to the IOC				
The Superintendent or designee certifies the deb District and the IOC.	t as required in the terms of the IGA between			
Offset Processing with the IOC				
The Superintendent or designee updates a Debto	or's records as required by the terms of the IGA			
between the District and the IOC and/or 105 ILC	CS 123/, added by P.A. 100-1092.			

ADOPTED: October 9, 2019

Contact Number

# **Operational Services**

# Exhibit - Notice of Claim and Intent to Seek Debt Recovery; Challenge; and Response to Challenge

Print on district letterhead or on form with district name and address.

The information in this Notice of Claim is confidential; disclosure is limited to staff members who have a business need to be informed.

Section 1 - Notice of Claim and Intent to Seek Payment of a Delinquent Debt. The District completes this section and sends the entire Notice of Claim to the person or entity that is the subject of the claim.

Name	Address
Our records show that you owe the School District \$	for: [Describe the reason for the debt
and date(s) incurred]	
After attempts at the school-building level to notify you reasonable efforts to notify you of your unpaid school District's Business Office. This debt is past due and lebefore, the District will seek collection you may see a decrease in a future payment(s) that the Strowe the District, plus a recovery fee until your debt is pair You may challenge this claim any time before returning this Notice of Claim to the Superintendent's office an informal proceeding in which the District Business Of why you believe the claim is invalid and/or the amount is be automatically reviewed by me or my designee (who is enforceability finding).	lunch fees, your debt has been referred to the egally enforceable. Unless this debt is paid on or on to the fullest extent of the law. That means that attemakes to you by the amount of the debt that you id. by completing Section 2 below and fice. If you challenge the debt, you will be invited to ffice will describe the claim and you can explain s wrong. A decision finding the debt enforceable will
Superintendent	Date
ection 2 - Challenge. The individual or entity who want	
turn the entire Notice of Claim to the Superintendent's off	
I am challenging the claim. Please check all that apply.	
	explanation of why I believe the claim is invalid or the ralid or the amount is wrong during an informal
<ul> <li>I am challenging the claim. Please check all that apply.</li> <li>I am submitting with this Notice of Claim a written e amount is wrong.</li> <li>I would like to explain why I believe the claim is involved.</li> </ul>	explanation of why I believe the claim is invalid or the ralid or the amount is wrong during an informal ct office.

Superintendent's office along with relevant supporting information and any material or explanation received from the individual or entity challenging the claim. The Business Office finds that this debt should be considered: Satisfied. Enforceable. **Business Office** Date Section 4 - Review of Findings and Response to Challenge. The Superintendent or designee who reviewed the findings completes this section and sends a copy of the Notice of Claim to the person or entity who challenged the claim. This debt is satisfied. Superintendent Date Section 5 - Certification of Past Due Debt to the Ill. Office of the Comptroller (IOC). The Superintendent or designee who reviewed the findings completes the process of certifying to the IOC Local Debt Recovery Program that the District has provided the Debtor with the due process necessary to begin the IOC Offset process pursuant to an existing Intergovernmental Agreement with the IOC and/or the requirements of 105 ILCS 123/, added by P.A. 100-1092.

ADOPTED:

October 9, 2019

Section 3 - Findings. The Business Office completes this section and forwards the entire Notice of Claim to the

#### **Payment Procedures**

The Treasurer shall prepare a list of all due and payable bills, indicating vendor name and amount, and shall present it to the School Board in advance of the Board's first regular monthly meeting or, if necessary, a special meeting. These bills are reviewed by the School Board, after which they may be approved for payment by Board order. Approval of all bills shall be given by a roll call vote and the votes shall be recorded in the minutes. The Treasurer shall pay the bills after receiving a Board order or pertinent portions of the Board minutes, even if the minutes are unapproved, provided the order or minutes are signed by the Board President and Secretary, or a majority of the Board.

The Treasurer is authorized without further Board approval, to pay Social Security taxes, wages, pension contributions, utility bills, and other recurring bills. These disbursements shall be included in the listing of bills presented to the Board.

The Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to establish revolving funds and a petty cash fund system for school cafeterias, lunchrooms, athletics, or similar purposes may be used, provided such funds are maintained in accordance with Board policy 4:80, *Accounting and Audits*, and remain in the custody of an employee who is properly bonded according to State law.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/8-16, 5/10-7, and 5/10-20.19.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §100.70.

CROSS REF.: 4:55 (Use of Credit and Procurement Cards), 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts),

4:80 (Accounting and Audits)

ADOPTED: November 9, 2010

AMENDED: October 14, 2015

<u>Exhibit - School District Payment Order</u>

This statutory order authorizes the Treasurer to pay a School Board-approved bill or obligation before the meeting minutes are officially approved. Several items may be attached to this form.

Order Date:				
The Treasurer,		, of		_School District
in	County, shall pay to the order of	of		
	the sum of \$	, for		
By order of the_			School Board.	
Board President			Date	
Secretary			Date	

AMENDED: January 9, 2019

#### **Use of Credit and Procurement Cards**

The Superintendent and employees designated by the Superintendent are authorized to use District credit and procurement cards to simplify the acquisition, receipt, and payment of purchases and travel expenses incurred on the District's behalf. Credit and procurement cards shall only be used for those expenses that are for the District's benefit and serve a valid and proper public purpose; they shall not be used for personal purchases. Cardholders are responsible for exercising due care and judgment and for acting in the District's best interests.

The Superintendent or designee shall manage the use of District credit and procurement cards by employees. It is the Board's responsibility, through the audit and approval process, to determine whether District credit and procurement card use by the Superintendent is appropriate.

In addition to the other limitations contained in this and other Board policies, District credit and procurement cards are governed by the following restrictions:

- 1. Credit and/or procurement cards may only be used to pay certain job-related expenses or to make purchases on behalf of the Board or District or any student activity fund, or for purposes that would otherwise be addressed through a conventional revolving fund.
- 2. The Superintendent or designee shall instruct the issuing bank to block the cards' use at unapproved merchants.
- 3. Each cardholder, other than the Superintendent, may charge no more than \$500 in a single purchase and no more than \$1,000 within a given month without prior authorization from the Superintendent.
- 4. The Superintendent or designee must approve the use of a District credit or procurement card whenever such use is by telephone, fax, and the Internet. Permission shall be withheld when the use violates any Board policy, is from a vendor whose reputation has not been verified, or would be more expensive than if another available payment method were used.
- 5. The consequences for unauthorized purchases include, but are not limited to, reimbursing the District for the purchase amount, loss of cardholding privileges, and, if made by an employee, discipline up to and including discharge.
- 6. All cardholders must sign a statement affirming that they are familiar with this policy.
- 7. The Superintendent shall implement a process whereby all purchases using a District credit or procurement card are reviewed and approved by someone other than the cardholder or someone under the cardholder's supervision.
- 8. Cardholders must submit the original, itemized receipt to document all purchases.
- 9. No individual may use a District credit or procurement card to make purchases in a manner contrary to State law, including, but not limited to, the bidding and other purchasing requirements in 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21, or any Board policy.
- 10. The Superintendent or designee shall account for any financial or material reward or rebate offered by the company or institution issuing the District credit or procurement card and shall ensure that it is used for the District's benefit.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §100.70(d).

CROSS REF.: 4:50 (Payment Procedures), 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts), 4:80 (Accounting

and Audits), 4:90 (Activity Funds), 5:60 (Expenses)

ADOPTED: May 5, 2009

AMENDED: January 11, 2017

#### Administrative Procedure - Controls for the Use of District Credit and Procurement Cards

This procedure implements, and is subject to, Board policy 4:55, *Use of Credit and Procurement Cards*. The business office shall oversee the following controls:

#### Issue District credit and/or procurement cards to only authorized individuals.

- 1. Require prior authorization before issuing a card to any individual. Review and ensure compliance with policy 2:125, *Board Member Compensation; Expenses*, before issuing Board members a card.
- 2. Have cardholders sign 4:55-E, Cardholder's Statement Affirming Familiarity with Requirements for Using District Credit and/or Procurement Cards.
- 3. Instruct cardholders:
  - a. In the proper use of cards, and;
  - b. How to document purchases, including the need to: (a) present an itemized receipt in addition to a credit or procurement card receipt for each item, (b) indicate the date, purpose, and nature of the charge on the receipt, and (c) identify the names of individuals for whom expenditures were incurred on the receipt.

#### Monitor that credit and/or procurement cards are being used for appropriate purchases.

- 1. Prohibit the use of District credit or procurement cards for personal expenses. Two problems prevent personal use pending later reimbursement there is no guarantee of reimbursement and the practice is a *de facto* loan available only to certain employees.
- 2. Do not use cards that allow cash advances or cash back from purchases.
- 3. Establish reasonable credit limits for each purchase, transaction, and/or the balance total on each card. Reduce the limits on existing cards if necessary. Require prior authorization for purchases above these limits.
- 4. When a card is used for *emergency purposes*, require that the user clearly document the emergency situation that justified the need.
- 5. Block certain types of vendors or purchases using Merchant Category Codes these categorize businesses by the products or services they provide. Request that the card issuer prohibit charges from dry cleaners, health or beauty spas, liquor stores, race tracks, casinos, churches, physicians, and other merchant categories the District will never use.
- 6. Perform scheduled and random analyses of individual cardholders. This includes examining the continued need for the card and the nature of purchases being made.
- 7. Perform scheduled and random analyses to determine whether Board policy is being followed.

#### Safeguard District credit and procurement cards.

- 1. Keep all cards in a secure location.
- 2. Issue cards only for the time period that they are needed.

- 3. Issue cards in the names of specific individuals or departments, e.g., athletics, transportation, high school, elementary conferences and/or training, etc., to help maintain accountability.
- 4. Prohibit a card's use by anyone other than the individual to whom a card is issued.
- 5. Develop and follow procedures to cancel cards when lost or stolen and when individuals leave employment.
- 6. Cancel existing cards that are not needed or accounted for.
- 7. Review and update master credit card lists annually.

#### Monitor credit and/or procurement card statements.

- 1. Review statements and watch for suspicious activity, such as, unusual destinations or items, purchases from a vendor whose reputation has not been verified, or purchases that would have been less expensive if another available payment method had been used.
- 2. Have billing statements broken down by individual user.
- 3. Have a reconciliation process and timetable. This includes:
  - a. Reconciling credit card statements to itemized receipts and invoices;
  - b. Examining the documentation supporting purchases to ensure charges are authorized and reasonable:
  - c. Delegating approval, verification, and payment of bills to different individuals; and
  - d. Requiring someone other than the cardholder or an individual supervised by the cardholder to review and approve transactions.
- 4. In exceptional circumstances when the Superintendent approved a charge that would otherwise be disallowed, maintain a record documenting the Superintendent's approval as well as all other pertinent information about the charge.
- 5. Review all uses of a card via telephone, fax, and the Internet to be sure they were approved by the Superintendent or designee.
- 6. Establish a way of recouping inappropriate charges.
- 7. Do not use automatic payment deductions to pay credit or procurement card bills.
- 8. Pay bills on time to avoid paying fees and late charges.
- 9. Appropriately follow up on any discrepancies.
- 10. Verify that the items purchased were actually received.
- 11. Account for any financial or material reward or rebate offered by the company or institution issuing the District credit or procurement card and verify that it was used for the District's benefit.

The following District employees will be issued District credit and/or procurement cards. Other District employees may use a District credit and/or procurement card after receiving specific authorization from the Superintendent.

<b>Employment Position</b>	Authorized Use and Other Limitations
Superintendent	Actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the
	Superintendent's duties.
	Expenses related to professional development.
Transportation, Maintenance,	Expenses for maintaining and fueling District vehicles.
and/or Building and Grounds	
Directors	
Assistant Superintendents	Actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the
	job duties.
	Expenses related to professional development.
Building Principals	Purchases of materials and supplies for his or her building that
	must be made quickly and/or are too small to process through the
	regular procedure.
	Expenses from student activity funds for educational,
	recreational, or cultural purposes.
	Expenses related to professional development.
Athletic Directors	Actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the
	job duties.

ADOPTED: October 9, 2019

# Exhibit - Cardholder's Statement Affirming Familiarity with Requirements for Using District Credit and/or Procurement Cards

Cardholder's name	
Cardholder's address	
Position	
Name of individual who authorized issuance	of card.
	icy on using credit and procurement cards, that I f such cards, and that I agree to adhere to all requirements
Cardholder's signature	Date
I provided a copy of this Statement along with a Procurement Cards, to the cardholder who sign	a copy of the Board policy 4:55, <i>Use of Credit and</i> ned this statement.
Office personnel	Date

AMENDED: January 2019

#### **Purchases and Contracts**

The Superintendent shall manage the District's purchases and contracts in accordance with State law, the standards set forth in this policy, and other applicable School Board policies.

#### Standards for Purchasing and Contracting

All purchases and contracts shall be entered into in accordance with applicable federal and State law. The Board Attorney shall be consulted as needed regarding the legal requirements for purchases or contracts. All contracts shall be approved or authorized by the Board.

All purchases and contracts should support a recognized District function or purpose as well as provide for good quality products and services at the lowest cost, with consideration for service, reliability, and delivery promptness, and in compliance with State law. No purchase or contract shall be made or entered into as a result of favoritism, extravagance, fraud, or corruption.

Adoption of the annual budget authorizes the Superintendent or designee to purchase budgeted supplies, equipment, and services, provided that State law is followed. Purchases of items outside budget parameters require prior Board approval, except in an emergency.

When presenting a contract or purchase for Board approval, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that it complies with applicable federal and State law, including but not limited to, those specified below:

- 1. Supplies, materials, or work involving an expenditure in excess of \$35,000 must comply with the State law bidding procedure, 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21, unless specifically exempted.
- 2. Construction, lease, or purchase of school buildings must comply with State law and Board policy 4:150, *Facility Management and Building Programs*.
- 3. Guaranteed energy savings must comply with 105 ILCS 5/19b-1 et seq.
- 4. Third party non-instructional services must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34c.
- 5. Goods and services that are intended to generate revenue and other remunerations for the District in excess of \$1,000, including without limitation vending machine contracts, sports and other attire, class rings, and photographic services, must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(b-5). The Superintendent or designee shall keep a record of: (1) each vendor, product, or service provided, (2) the actual net revenue and non-monetary remuneration from each contract or agreement, and (3) how the revenue was used and to whom the non-monetary remuneration was distributed. The Superintendent or designee shall report this information to the Board by completing the necessary forms that must be attached to the District's annual budget.
- 6. Any contract to purchase food with a bidder or offeror must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(b-10).
- 7. The purchase of paper and paper products must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19c and Board policy 4:70, *Resource Conservation*.
- 8. Each contractor with the District is bound by each of the following:
- a. In accordance with 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f): (1) prohibit any of its employees who is or was found guilty of a criminal offense listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(c) and 5/21B-80(c) to have direct, daily contact at a District school or school-related activity with one or more student(s); (2) prohibit any of the contractor's employees from having direct, daily contact with one or more students if the employee was found guilty of any offense in 5/21B-80(b) (certain drug offenses) until seven years following the end of the employee's sentence for the criminal offense; and (3) require each of its employees who will have direct, daily contact with student(s) to cooperate during the District's fingerprint-based criminal history records check on him or her.
- b. In accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-94: (1) prohibit any of its employees from having *direct contact* with children or students if the contractor has not performed a sexual misconduct related employment history review (EHR) of the employee or if the District objects to the employee's assignment based on the employee's involvement in an instance of sexual misconduct as provided in 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3), which the contractor is required to disclose; (2) discipline, up to and including termination or denial of employment, any employee who provides false information or willfully fails to disclose information required by the EHR; (3) maintain all records of EHRs and provide the District access to such records upon request; and (4) refrain from entering into any agreements prohibited by 105 ILCS 5/22-94(g).
- c. In accordance with 105 ILCS 5/24-5: (1) concerning each new employee of a contractor that provides services to students or in schools, provide the District with evidence of physical fitness to perform the duties

assigned and freedom from communicable disease; and (2) require any new or existing employee who provides services to students or in schools to complete additional health examinations as required by the District and be subject to additional health examinations, including tuberculosis screening, as required by the Ill. Dept. of Public Health rules or order of a local health official.

- 9. Any pavement engineering project using a coal tar-based sealant product or high polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon sealant product for pavement engineering-related use must comply with the Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act.
- 10. Design-build contracts must comply with 105 ILCS 5/15A-1 et seq.
- 11. Any new contract for a district-administered assessment must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-20.85.
- 12. Purchases made with federal or State awards must comply with 2 C.F.R. Part 200 and 30 ILCS 708/, as applicable, and any terms of the award.

The Superintendent or designee shall: (1) execute the reporting and website posting mandates in State law concerning District contracts, and (2) monitor the discharge of contracts, contractors' performances, and the quality and value of services or products being provided.

LEGAL REF.: 2 C.F.R. Part 200.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.19c, 5/10-20.21, 5/10-20.85, 5/10-21.9, 5/10-22.34c, 5/15A-1 et seq., 5/19b-1 et seq., 5/22-94, and 5/24-5.

30 ILCS 708/, Grant Accountability and Transparency Act.

410 ILCS 170/, Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act.

820 ILCS 130/, Prevailing Wage Act.

CROSS REF.: 2:100 (Board Member Conflict of Interest), 4:70 (Resource Conservation), 4:150 (Facility Management and Building Programs), 4:175 (Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting)

ADOPTED: August 2, 2012

AMENDED: October 8, 2014, January 11, 2017, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021,

February 9, 2022, December 13, 2023

#### **Administrative Procedure - Purchases**

The Board Attorney should be consulted, as needed, regarding the legal requirements presented by this administrative procedure as well as before a contract is presented to the Board.

#### Requirements for Purchases and Contracts

- A. Each of the following requirements describes the type of purchase and/or contract to which it applies; requirements in Sections B and C may also apply to a specific purchase or contract.
- 13. All purchases of goods or services must be made through the use of contracts or purchase orders, except for those purchases made from petty cash funds or the Imprest Fund, or as otherwise specifically authorized by the Superintendent.
- 14. Ill. Use Tax Act compliance (105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(b) and 35 ILCS 105/):
- a. Persons bidding for and awarded a contract, and all affiliates of the person, must collect and remit Ill. Use Tax on all sales of tangible personal property into the State of Illinois in accordance with the provision of the Ill. Use Tax Act.
- b. All bids and contracts must include: (1) a certification that the bidder or contractor is not barred from bidding for or entering into a contract, and (2) an acknowledgment that the Board may declare the contract void if the certification is false.
- 15. All entities seeking to enter into a contract with the District must provide written certification to the District that it will provide a drug free workplace by complying with the Ill. Drug Free Workplace Act, 30 ILCS 580/. All contractors must comply with the notification mandates and other requirements in the Ill. Drug Free Workplace Act. "Contractor" is defined in the Ill. Drug Free Workplace Act as "a corporation, partnership, or other entity with 25 or more employees at the time of letting the contract, or a department, division, or unit thereof, directly responsible for the specific performance under a contract of \$5,000 or more."
- 16. Before soliciting bids or awarding a contract for supplies, materials, equipment, or services, a certified education purchasing contract that is already available through a State education purchasing entity (as defined in the Education Purchasing Program, 105 ILCS 5/28A), may be considered as a bid. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(d).
- 17. All contracts must include provisions required by State or federal law, as applicable. Topics commonly requiring a provision include equal opportunity employment, prevailing wage, minimum wage, and performance bond.
- 18. The procurement of architectural, engineering, and land surveying services is governed by the Local Government Professional Services Selection Act, 50 ILCS 510/, implemented by 2:170-AP, *Qualification Based Selection*.
- 19. A list must be posted on the District's website, if any, of all contracts in excess of \$25,000 and any contract with an exclusive bargaining representative. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.44(b).
- 20. Each contractor with the District must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f) and: (a) not allow any of its employees to have direct, daily contact with one or more students if the employee was found guilty of any offense listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(c) or 5/21B-80(c); (b) prohibit any of its employees from having direct, daily contact with one or more students if the employee was found guilty of any offense in 5/21B-80(b) (certain drug offenses) until seven years following the end of the employee's sentence for the criminal offense; (c) require each of its employees who will have direct, daily contact with one or more student(s) to cooperate during the District's fingerprint-based criminal history records check on him or her; and (d) reimburse the District for the cost of the fingerprint-based criminal history records check that the District obtains on each employee of a contractor who will have direct, daily contact with a student(s). See 4:60-AP3, *Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees*.
- 21. For each position involving *direct contact with children or students*, each contractor must perform sexual misconduct related employment history reviews (EHRs) of its employees as required by 105 ILCS 5/22-94, added by P.A. 102-702, and: (a) prohibit any of its employees from having *direct contact with children or students* if the contractor has not performed an EHR; (b) discipline, up to and including termination or denial of employment, any employee who provides false information or willfully fails to disclose information required by an EHR, and prohibit any such employee from having direct contact with children or students; (c) immediately inform the District of any instances of sexual misconduct involving an employee as provided in 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3); (d) prohibit any of its employees from having *direct*

contact with children or students if the District objects to the employee's assignment after being informed of an instance of sexual misconduct; (e) maintain all records of EHRs and provide copies of such records upon the District's request; and (f) not enter into any agreements prohibited by 105 ILCS 5/22-94(g). See 4:60-AP4, Sexual Misconduct Related Employment History Review (EHR) of Contractor Employees.

- 22. Each contractor with the District must comply with 105 ILCS 5/24-5 and: (a) concerning each new employee who will provide services to students or in schools, provide the District with evidence of physical fitness to perform the duties assigned and freedom from communicable disease; and (b) require any new or existing employee who provides services to students or in schools to complete additional health examinations as required by the District and be subject to additional health examinations, including tuberculosis screening, as required by the Ill. Dept. of Public Health rules or order of a local health official.
- 23. Any contract to purchase food with a bidder or offeror must comply with 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(b-10) (food donations).
- 24. Any pavement engineering project using a coal tar-based sealant product or high polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon sealant product for pavement engineering-related use must comply with the Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act by (a) requesting a bid with an alternative for asphalt-based or latex-based sealant product, and (b) considering whether an asphalt-based or latex-based sealant product should be used for the project based upon costs and life cycle costs that regard preserving pavements, product warranties, and the benefits to public health and safety.
- 25. Guaranteed energy savings contracts must comply with 105 ILCS 5/19b-1 et seq.
- 26. Design-build contracts must comply with 105 ILCS 5/15A-1 et seq.
- 27. Before the Board approves a new contract for a district-administered assessment: (a) the Superintendent or designee must substantially present the terms of the proposal at a regular board meeting, (b) the public must be afforded the opportunity to comment on the proposal at the meeting, and (c) the Board must hold a public vote on the contract at the meeting. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure the assessment is presented in a manner such that the assessment tool and any other intellectual property of the publisher is not able to be widely disseminated to the public.
- B. To the extent feasible, the following govern all purchases and/or the award of contracts for supplies, materials, or work, and/or contracts with private carriers for transporting students, involving: (a) an expenditure of \$35,000 or less, or (b) in an emergency, an expenditure in excess of \$35,000, provided such expenditure is approved by three-quarters of the Board. See 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a)(xiv) (3/4s of the members of the Board must approve an emergency expenditure in excess of \$35,000 when the bidding process is not used) and 5/29-6.1, amended by P.A. 103-460 (time limitations for transportation contracts).
- 1. Telephone quotations, verbal quotations, or catalog prices are used to purchase materials that are needed urgently, or small quantity orders.
- 2. Written quotations are used to purchase materials or services when time requirements allow. Whenever possible, quotations should be received from at least two competitors. The Superintendent or designee may negotiate with vendors at any time, including after receiving quotations.
- C. The following govern all purchases and/or the award of contracts involving an expenditure in excess of \$35,000 for supplies and materials or work. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a).
- 3. Contracts are awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, considering conformity with specifications, terms of delivery, quality and serviceability, except contracts or purchases for:
- a. Services of individuals possessing a high degree of professional skill where the ability or fitness of the individual plays an important part;
- b. Printing of finance committee reports and departmental reports;
- c. Printing or engraving of bonds, tax warrants, and other evidences of indebtedness;
- d. Perishable foods and perishable beverages;
- e. Materials and work that have been awarded to the lowest responsible bidder after due advertisement, but due to unforeseen revisions, not the fault of the contractor for materials and work, must be revised causing expenditures not in excess of 10% of the contract price;
- f. Maintenance or servicing of, or provision of repair parts for, equipment which are made with the manufacturer or authorized service agent of that equipment where the provision of parts, maintenance, or servicing can best be performed by the manufacturer or authorized service agent;
- g. Use, purchase, delivery, movement, or installation of data processing equipment, software, or services and telecommunications and interconnect equipment, software, and services;
- h. Duplicating machines and supplies;
- i. Fuel, including diesel, gasoline, oil, aviation, natural gas, or propane, lubricants, or other petroleum products;

- j. Equipment previously owned by some entity other than the District itself;
- k. Repair, maintenance, remodeling, renovation, or construction, or a single project involving an expenditure not to exceed \$50,000 and not involving a change or increase in the size, type, or extent of an existing facility;
- 1. Goods or services procured from another governmental agency;
- m. Goods or services that are economically procurable from only one source, such as for the purchase of magazines, books, periodicals, pamphlets and reports, and for utility services such as water, light, heat, telephone, or telegraph;
- n. Emergency expenditures when such an emergency expenditure is approved by three-quarters of the members of the Board;
- o. Goods procured through an education master contract, as defined in the Education Purchasing Program, 105 ILCS 5/28A; and
- p. Providing for the transportation of students, which contracts must be advertised in the same manner as competitive bids and awarded by first considering the bidder(s) most able to provide safety and comfort for the students, stability of service, and any other factors set forth in the request for proposal regarding quality of service, and then price.
- q. Goods, services, or management in the operation of a school's food service, including a school that participates in any of the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture's (USDA) child nutrition programs if a good faith effort is made on behalf of the District to give preference to contracts that: (a) procure food that promotes the health and well-being of students, in compliance with USDA nutrition standards for school meals, and contracts should also promote the production of scratch-made, minimally processed foods; (b) give a preference to State or regional suppliers that source local food products; (c) utilize producers that adopt hormone and pest management practices recommended by the USDA; (d) give a preference to food suppliers that value animal welfare; and (e) increase opportunities for businesses owned and operated by minorities, women, or persons with disabilities.

When this exemption applies, the bidder shall submit to the District at the time of the bid, to the best of the bidder's ability, and annually thereafter during the term of the contract, the food supplier data required in this Section q. The food supplier data shall also include the name and address of each supplier, distributor, processor, and producer involved in the provision of the products that the bidder is to supply.

- 4. Competitive bidding process:
- a. An invitation for bids is advertised, where possible, by public notice at least 10 days before the bid date in a newspaper published in the District, or if no newspaper is published in the District, in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the District. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a).
- b. The following information should be included in the advertisement for bids:
- i.A description of the materials, supplies, or work involved;
- ii. Completion or delivery date requirements;
- iii.Requirements for bids, bonds, and/or deposits;
- iv.Requirements for performance, labor, and material payment bonds;
- v.Date, time, and place of the bid opening;
- vi. The approximate time period between the opening of bids and the award of the contract; and
- vii. Any other useful information.
  - c. If specifications are available, the advertisement for bids describes where they may be obtained and/or inspected.
  - d. All bids must be sealed by the bidder. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a).
  - e. A Board member or District employee opens the bids at a public bid opening at which time the contents are announced. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a). Bids may be communicated, accepted, and opened electronically. The following safeguards apply to an electronic bid opening (105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a)):
  - i.On the date and time of a bid opening, the primary person conducting the electronic bid process shall log onto a specified database using a unique username and password previously assigned to the bidder to allow access to the bidder's specific bid project number.
- ii. The specified electronic database must be on a network that: (i) is in a secure environment behind a firewall; (ii) has specific encryption tools; (iii) maintains specific intrusion detection systems; (iv) has redundant systems architecture with data storage back-up, whether by compact disc or tape; and (v) maintains a disaster recovery plan.
  - f. Each bidder is given at least three days' notice of the time and place of the bid opening. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21(a).
  - g. Conduct that promotes deception and collusion during the bidding process is prohibited and may violate the Ill. Criminal Code, 720 ILCS 5/33E-1 et seq. Examples include interference with public contracting, bid-rigging, and acquisition or disclosure of bidding information by a public official.

- 5. Following the opening of bids, the Superintendent (and Board Attorney, if needed) determines the lowest responsible bidder and verifies the bidders' qualifications. Contracts are awarded at a properly called open meeting of the Board. If the Superintendent recommends a bidder other than the lowest bidder, the Superintendent must provide the Board with the factual basis for the recommendation in writing. The Board, if it accepts a bid from a bidder other than the lowest, records the factual basis for its decision in its minutes. A contract arises only when the Board votes to accept a bid, although written notice of the award will later be given to the successful bidder.
- 6. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the District is relieved from bidding when making joint purchases with other public entities in compliance with the Governmental Joint Purchasing Act. 30 ILCS 525/.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21, 5/10-20.44, 5/10-20.85, 5/10-21.9, 5/19A-1 et seq., 5/21B-80, 5/22-

94, and 5/24-5.

30 ILCS 580/, Ill. Drug Free Workplace Act.

35 ILCS 105/, Ill. Use Tax Act.

50 ILCS 510/, Local Government Professional Services Selection Act.

410 ILCS 170/10, Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act.

ADOPTED: January 2013

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, February 9, 2022, January 11, 2023, May 10, 2023,

December 13, 2023

#### **Administrative Procedure - Third Party Non-Instructional Contracts**

When completed, this procedure documents that the requirements in 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34c have been fulfilled, thereby allowing the School Board to approve a contract for third party non-instructional services currently performed by any employee or bargaining unit member (such as, but not limited to, custodial services, student transportation, and school meal services). However, these conditions are not mandatory for the Board to enter into a contract, of no longer than three months in duration, with a third party for non-instructional services currently performed by an employee or bargaining unit member for the purpose of augmenting the current workforce in an emergency situation that threatens the safety or health of the District's students or staff, provided that the Board meets all of its obligations under the Ill. Educational Labor Relations Act.

Na	me of proposed contractor:	
Na	me and description of proposed contract for third party non-instructional services:	
Eff	fective date of proposed contract:	
Eac	ch of the following conditions must be checked to document that it was present or fulfilled:	
	Any lay-off resulting from entering into the contract for third party non-instructional services we comply with the applicable collective bargaining agreement and/or Board policy 5:29 <i>Employment Terminations and Suspensions</i> .	
	The proposed contract will not be entered into or become effective during the term of an applical collective bargaining agreement covering any employees who perform the non-instruction services.	
	The proposed contract will take effect upon or after the expiration of an existing collect bargaining agreement.	ive
	The proposed contractor has submitted a bid that includes the following:	
A.	Evidence of liability insurance in scope and amount equivalent to the liability insurance provided by the Board pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-22.3;	y
В.	A benefits package for the third party's employees who will perform the non-instructional services comparable to the benefits package provided to District employees who perform those services;	

- C. A list of the number of employees who will provide the non-instructional services, the job
- classifications of those employees, and the wages the proposed contractor will pay those employees;

  D. A minimum three-year cost projection, using generally accepted accounting principles, and which the
- D. A minimum three-year cost projection, using generally accepted accounting principles, and which the proposed contractor is prohibited from increasing if the bid is accepted by the Board, for each and every expenditure category and account for performing the non-instructional services;
- E. Composite information about the criminal and disciplinary records, including alcohol or other substance abuse, Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services complaints and investigations, traffic violations, and license revocations or any other licensure problems, of any employees who may perform the non-instructional services, provided that the individual names and other identifying information of employees need not be provided with the submission of the bid, but must be made available upon request of the Board; and
- F. An affidavit, notarized by the president or chief executive officer of the proposed contractor, that each of its employees has completed a criminal background check as required by 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9 within three months prior to submission of the bid, provided that the results of such background

	checks need not be provided with the submission of the bid, but must be made available upon request of the Board.
	The following is attached or otherwise available: a cost comparison, using generally accepted accounting principles, of each and every expenditure category and account that the District projects it would incur over the term of the contract if it continued to perform the non-instructional services using its own employees with each and every expenditure category and account that is projected the proposed contractor would incur if it performed the non-instructional services.
	The Board reviewed and considered all bids by third parties to perform the non-instructional services in open session of a regularly scheduled Board meeting, unless the exclusive bargaining representative of the employees who perform the non-instructional services, if any such exclusive bargaining representative exists, agreed in writing that such review and consideration could take place in open session at a specially scheduled Board meeting.
	Date of Board meeting:
	Each of the following occurred:
1.	A minimum of one public hearing, conducted by the Board prior to a regularly scheduled Board meeting, to discuss the proposed contract was held before the Board entered such contract.
	Date of hearing:
2.	The Board provided notice to the public of the date, time, and location of the first public hearing on or before the initial date that bids to provide the non-instructional services are solicited or a minimum of 30 days prior to entering into such a contract, whichever provides a greater period of notice.
	Date and manner of notice:
	The proposed contract contains provisions requiring the proposed contractor to offer available employee positions pursuant to the contract to qualified School District employees whose employment is terminated because of the contract.
	The proposed contract contains provisions requiring the proposed contractor to comply with a policy of nondiscrimination and equal employment opportunity for all persons and to take affirmative steps to provide equal opportunity for all persons.

AMENDED: January 9, 2019, May 10, 2023

#### Administrative Procedure - Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees

Use this procedure to implement the *complete criminal history records check* referenced in 5:30-AP2, *Investigations*, that is required when an employee of a contractor will have direct, daily contact with one or more students.

Actor	Action
Firm contracting with the District, referred to herein as "contractor"	Prohibits any of the contractor's employees from having direct, daily contact with one or more students if the employee was found guilty of any offense in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(c) or 5/21B-80(c), amended by P.A. 102-552.
	Prohibits any of the contractor's employees from having direct, daily contact with one or more students if the employee was found guilty of any offense in 5/21B-80(b) (certain drug offenses) until seven years following the end of the employee's sentence for the criminal offense.
	Requires each employee who will have direct, daily contact with student(s) to cooperate during the District's fingerprint-based criminal history records check on him or her. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f).
	Reimburses the District for the cost of the fingerprint-based criminal history records check that the District obtains on each employee of a contractor who will have direct, daily contact with student(s).
	Follows 4:60-AP4, Sexual Misconduct Related Employment History Review (EHR) of Contractor Employees, if the contractor's employees will have direct contact with children or students, as defined by 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
Superintendent, Business Manager, or designee	To ensure that a contractor complies with the fingerprint-based criminal history records check under 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9, may require that the following sample language or similar language be included in each contract with any firm whenever any employee of the firm will have direct, daily contact with one or more students.
	The contractor shall not send to any school building or school property any employee or agent who has been convicted of a crime listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(c) and/or 5/21B-80(c), as amended from time to time, or who is listed in the III. Sex Offender Registry or the III. Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry. The contractor shall not send to any school building or school property any employee or agent who has been convicted of a crime listed in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80(b) (certain drug offenses) until seven years following the end of the
	employee's sentence for the criminal offense. The contractor shall make every employee who will have direct, daily contact with one

Actor	Action
	or more students available to the District for the purpose of submitting to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check. The check shall occur before any employee or agent is sent to any school building or school property. The contractor will reimburse the District for the cost of each check. The District must also provide a copy of the report to the individual employee of the contractor, but is not authorized to release it to the contractor. Additionally, at least quarterly, the contractor shall check if any of its employees or agents having direct, daily contact with one or more students is listed on the Ill. Sex Offender Registry or the Ill. Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry.
Superintendent, Business Manager, or designee, cont'd	Completes the required forms to request a fingerprint-based criminal history record check on each contractor's employee who will have direct, daily contact with one or more students. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f). See 5:30-AP2, <i>Investigations</i> . Screens the individual's name and address against the: (1) Ill. Sex Offender Registry, <a href="www.isp.illinois.gov/Sor/Disclaimer">www.isp.illinois.gov/Sor/Disclaimer</a> , and (2) the Violent Offender Against Youth Registry maintained by the Ill. State Police (ISP), <a href="www.isp.illinois.gov/MVOAY/Disclaimer">www.isp.illinois.gov/MVOAY/Disclaimer</a> . The fingerprint-based criminal history record check and two registry screens constitute the complete criminal history background check that must be conducted under 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f), as described in 5:30-AP2, <i>Investigations</i> .
	Whenever a contractor sends an employee who will have direct, daily contact with a student(s) to the District for the first time, <b>ASKS</b> the contractor:
	<ol> <li>Will this employee be assigned to more than one school district? IF YES, may request the applicable Regional Superintendent to be responsible for obtaining a fingerprint-based criminal history records check and checking the Statewide Sex Offender Database for each such employee. The Regional Superintendent is required to promptly report to the District any information concerning the employee's record of conviction and identification as a sex offender. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f).</li> <li>Has another Illinois school district already conducted a fingerprint-based criminal history records check on the employee within the last year? IF YES, may request a copy of it for that contractor's employee from the school district where the contractor's employee worked or works. The District may rely on a check done by another district within the last year. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f-5).</li> </ol>
	Note: State law does not define "within the last year."
	Upon a request from any school, school district, community college district, or private school for a copy of a fingerprint-based criminal history records check for an employee of a contractor, <b>FIRST</b> determines if the District conducted the check within the last year. <b>IF YES</b> , provides a copy of it to the requesting entity. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f-5).
	<b>Note</b> : An immunity provision, contained in 20 ILCS 2635/7(A)(3), makes the District not liable to an individual for its reasonable actions taken in reliance on the individual's Criminal

Actor	Action
	History Records Information (CHRI) report. The District will lose the immunity if it was notified by the individual or by the ISP that the CHRI report is inaccurate or incomplete.
	Follows 4:60-AP4, Sexual Misconduct Related Employment History Review (EHR) of Contractor Employees, if the contractor's employees will have direct contact with children or students, as defined by 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.

#### Cross Reference and Resource

- 1. ISBE's non-regulatory guidance document, Criminal History Records Information (CHRI) Checks for Certified and Non-certified School Personnel, at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/guidance-chr.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/guidance-chr.pdf</a>.
- 2. **Fingerprint-based Criminal History Records Information Check** subhead in 5:30-AP2, *Investigations*.

ADOPTED: January 11, 2017

AMENDED: January 08, 2020, January 13, 2021, July 14, 2021, May 10, 2023

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Sexual Misconduct Related Employment History Review (EHR) of Contractor Employees</u>

Use this procedure to implement the sexual misconduct related employment history review (EHR) required by 105 ILCS 5/22-94 when an employee of a contractor will have direct contact with children or students. A copy of this procedure may be provided to a contractor to inform or remind the contractor of its legal obligations.

#### Glossary of Terms

**Contractor** - A firm holding a contract with any school including, but not limited to, food service workers, school bus drivers, and other transportation employees who have direct contact with children or students. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.

**Direct contact with children or students** - The possibility of care, supervision, guidance, or control of children or students or routine interaction with children or students. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.

**School** - A public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.

**Sexual misconduct** - Any act, including but not limited to, any verbal, nonverbal, written, or electronic communication or physical activity, by an employee with direct contact with a student, that is directed toward or with a student to establish a romantic or sexual relationship with the student. Examples include but are not limited to: 1) a sexual or romantic invitation, 2) dating or soliciting a date, 3) engaging in sexualized or romantic dialog, 4) making sexually suggestive comments that are directed toward or with a student, 5) self-disclosure or physical exposure of a sexual, romantic, or erotic nature, 6) a sexual, indecent, romantic, or erotic contact with the student. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(b), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23; 105 ILCS 5/22-85.5(c), added by P.A. 102-676.

#### **EHR of Contractor Employees**

At the time of initial hiring of an employee or prior to the assignment of an employee to perform work involving direct contact with children or students, conducts an EHR of the employee, in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-94, added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23, specifically:	
h: (a) a Sexual Misconduct Disclosure oard of Education's (ISBE) Sexual  Template for Applicant at Temp1-ISBE-Sexual-Misconduct- t.pdf and (b) copies of the use of Sexual Misconduct-Related former Employer Response form, using Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related former Employer Response Template at Temp2-Auth-Release-Sexual- odf for the applicant to complete for for each former employer where the contact with children or students. The	
on Resorred Tod for	

Actor	Action
	contact with children or students who does not provide the information required by the forms (105 ILCS 5/22-94(f), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23).
	Reviews the applicant's completed Sexual Misconduct Disclosure form and Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response form(s).
	Provides to all employers identified by the applicant in Section 3 of the <i>Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response</i> form a copy of the <i>Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response</i> form (105 ILCS 5/22-94(c)(4), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23). The employer(s) must return the completed form(s) to the Contractor within 20 calendar days (105 ILCS 5/22-94(e), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23) after receipt.
	Informs the District of any instance known to the Contractor in which the employee: (a) has been the subject of a sexual misconduct allegation unless a subsequent investigation resulted in a finding that the allegation was false, unfounded, or unsubstantiated; (b) has ever been discharged, been asked to resign from, resigned from, or otherwise been separated from any employment, been removed from a substitute list, been disciplined by an employer, or had an employment contract not renewed due to an adjudication or finding of sexual misconduct or while an allegation of sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation, unless the investigation was false, unfounded, or unsubstantiated; or (c) has ever had a license or certificate suspended, surrendered, or revoked due to an adjudication or finding of sexual misconduct or while an allegation of sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation, unless the investigation resulted in a finding that the allegation was false, unfounded, or unsubstantiated. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3)(A-C), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
Superintendent, Business Manager, or designee	Confirms that the Contractor has performed or will perform an EHR for each of its employees who will perform work involving direct contact with children or students. The EHR remains valid as long as the employee remains employed by Contractor, even if the employee is assigned to perform work for another school. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(1), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
	To ensure the EHR is performed, may require the following sample language or similar language be included in each contract with the Contractor:
	Either at the time of initial hiring or prior to assigning any employee to perform work in the District involving direct contact with children or students, the Contractor will perform an Employment History Review (EHR) for the employee, in accordance with the requirements of 105 ILCS 5/22-94, as it may be amended from time to time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Contractor is furnishing substitute staffing services, Contractor shall perform the EHR upon initial hiring of the substitute employee.

Actor	Action
Actor	In performing the EHR, the Contractor agrees it will provide the employee with: (1) a Sexual Misconduct Disclosure form, using the Ill. State Board of Education's (ISBE) Sexual Misconduct Disclosure Template for Applicant at www.isbe.net/Documents/Templ-ISBE-Sexual-Misconduct-Disclosure-Form-Applicant.pdf and (2) copies of the Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response form, using ISBE's Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response Template at www.isbe.net/Documents/Temp2-Auth-Release-Sexual-Misconduct-Related-Info.pdf for the employee to complete for each current employer and for each former employer where the employee worked in direct contact with children or students. The Contractor shall provide to all employers identified by the employee in Section 3 of the Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response form a copy of the Authorization for Release of Sexual Misconduct-Related Information and Current/Former Employer Response form (105 ILCS 5/22-94(c)(4), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23). The Contractor will instruct the identified employer(s) to return the completed form(s) to the Contractor within 20 calendar days after receipt. The Contractor shall immediately inform the District of any instances of sexual misconduct involving the employee as set forth in 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3). The Contractor shall maintain all records of EHRs and upon the District's request shall provide the District with access to and copies of records pertaining to the EHRs of Contractor employees. The Contractor shall not send to any school building or other District property: (1) any employee for whom an EHR has not been performed, (2) any employee who provides false information or willingly fails to disclose information required by the EHR, or (3) any employee as set forth in 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3). 105 ILCS 5/22-94(e) provides that a "contractor who prov
	For the duration of this Agreement, and in accordance with 105 ILCS 5/22-94(g), the Contractor agrees it will not enter into any collective bargaining agreement, employment contract, agreement for resignation or termination, severance agreement, or any other contract or agreement that: (1) has the effect of suppressing information concerning a pending investigation or a completed investigation in which an allegation was substantiated related to a report of suspected sexual misconduct by a current or former employee, (2) affects the ability of the Contractor to report suspected sexual

Actor	Action	
	misconduct to the appropriate authorities, or (3) requires the Contractor to expunge information about allegations or findings of suspected sexual misconduct from any documents maintained by the Contractor, unless, after an investigation, an allegation is found to be false, unfounded, or unsubstantiated.	
	Whenever a Contractor sends an employee who will have direct contact with children or students to the District for the first time, requests that the Contractor provide the District with copies of the records pertaining to the EHR of any employee involved in an instance of sexual misconduct as set forth in 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(3).	

# Following the EHR of Contractor Employees

Actor	Action
Contractor	Maintains records documenting EHRs as required by law and upon the District's request, provides the District access to records pertaining to the employment history reviews of employees. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(j)(2), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
	Prohibits the assignment of an employee to a position at the District involving direct contact with children or students if: (1) the employee does not provide the information required by 105 ILCS 5/22-94(c) or provides false information or willfully fails to disclose information required by the EHR (2) the Contractor determines the employee is unfit for the position, or (3) the District objects to the assignment after the Contractor informs in of an instance of sexual misconduct as listed in the section above 105 ILCS 5/22-94(f) and j(4), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
	Disciplines, up to and including termination or denial or employment, any employee who provides false information or willfully fails to disclose information required by the EHR. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(d), added by P.A. 102-702, eff. 7-1-23.
	As appropriate, reports responses received from an applicant's employer(s) to ISBE, a state licensing agency, a law enforcement agency, a child protective services agency, another school of contractor, or a prospective employer. <b>Note:</b> A contractor of district that reports information or records about a current of former employee or applicant under 105 ILCS 5/22-94 is immune from criminal and civil liability for the disclosure of the information or records unless the information or records provided were knowingly false. 105 ILCS 5/22-94(e), added by P.A. 102 702, eff. 7-1-23.
Superintendent, Business Manager, or designee	Reviews all EHR records provided by the Contractor to evaluate the employee's fitness to be assigned to work in the District.
	As appropriate, reports responses received from an applicant's employers to ISBE, a state licensing agency, a law enforcemen agency, a child protective services agency, another school o contractor, or a prospective employer.
	If a Contractor employee is alleged to have engaged in sexual misconduct with an enrolled student, ensures notice to the student

Actor	Action
	and parent(s)/guardian(s) of the student is provided and the allegations are investigated in accordance with administrative procedure 5:90-AP2, <i>Parent/Guardian Notification of Sexual Misconduct</i> , see the <b>Notification of Alleged Sexual Misconduct</b> subhead.
	If any of the Contractor's employees will have direct, daily contact with one or more students, conducts a <i>complete criminal history records check</i> of the Contractor employees under 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f) by following 4:60-AP3, <i>Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees</i> .

ADOPTED: June 14, 2017

AMENDED: July 12, 2017, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021, February 9, 2022, May 10, 2023

### **Administrative Procedure - Federal and State Award Procurement Procedures**

In addition to the State legal requirements for purchases and contracts set forth in Board policy 4:60, *Purchases and Contracts*, and 4:60-AP1, *Purchases*, the following procedures apply to District procurement under federal awards and State awards governed by the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act (GATA). The District maintains oversight to ensure that contractors perform in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders.

Consult the Board Attorney regarding the legal requirements presented by this administrative procedure as well as before a contract is presented to the Board.

#### Code of Conduct

Board policies 2:100, *Board Member Conflict of Interest*, and 5:120, *Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; and Conflict of Interest*, contain standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of board members and employees engaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts.

#### General Procurement Standards

- A. The District shall avoid acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items. Consideration will be given to consolidating or breaking out procurements to obtain a more economical purchase. Where appropriate, an analysis will be made of lease versus purchase alternatives, and any other appropriate analysis to determine the most economical approach. **Note:** A conflict between this regulation's requirements and the Ill. Criminal Code of 2012 may exist. See 720 ILCS 5/33E-2(i-5) and 5/33E-18 (defines and prohibits bid stringing, a Class 4 felony) and 720 ILCS 5/33E-3 (prohibits bid rigging, a Class 3 felony).
- B. To foster greater economy and efficiency, the District may enter into State and local intergovernmental agreements or inter-entity agreements where appropriate for procurement or use of common or shared goods and services.
- C. The District may use federal excess and surplus property in lieu of purchasing new equipment and property whenever such use is feasible and reduces project costs.
- D. The District may use value engineering clauses in contracts for construction projects of sufficient size to offer reasonable opportunities for cost reductions. Value engineering is a systematic and creative analysis of each contract item or task to ensure that its essential function is provided at the overall lower cost. **Note:** A conflict between this regulation's requirements and the Ill. Criminal Code of 2012 may exist. See 720 ILCS 5/33E-2(i-5) and 5/33E-18 (defines and prohibits bid stringing, a Class 4 felony).
- E. The District shall only award contracts to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration will be given to such matters as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources. **Note:** State law requires award to the "lowest responsible bidder."
- F. The District shall maintain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price.
- G. The District may use a time and materials type contract only after a determination that no other contract is suitable and if the contract includes a ceiling price that the contractor exceeds at its own risk. Note: The III. Criminal Code of 2012 (720 ILCS 5/33E-9) requires approval of the Board or designee when a contract cost increases or decreases by \$25,000, a/k/a *change orders*. If a change order will exceed the original contract price by 10%, it must be rebid.
- H. The District shall be responsible, in accordance with good administrative practice and sound business judgment, for the settlement of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of procurements.

#### Competition

- A. All procurement transactions for the acquisition of property or services required under an award shall be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with the standards of State law (105 ILCS 5/10-20.21), policy 4:60, *Purchases and Contracts*, and this section. To ensure objective contractor performance and eliminate unfair competitive advantage, contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or invitations for bids or requests for proposals must be excluded from competing for such procurements. Situations considered to be restrictive of competition include, but are not limited to:
- 7. Placing unreasonable requirements on firms in order for them to qualify to do business;
- 8. Requiring unnecessary experience and excessive bonding;
- 9. Noncompetitive pricing practices between firms or between affiliated companies;
- 10. Noncompetitive contracts to consultants that are on retainer contracts;
- 11. Organizational conflicts of interest;
- 12. Specifying only a "brand name" product instead of allowing "an equal" product to be offered and describing the performance or other relevant requirements of the procurement; and
- 13. Any arbitrary action in the procurement process.
- B. The District shall conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits the use of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local, or tribal geographic preferences in the evaluation of bids or proposals, except in those cases where applicable federal statutes expressly mandate or encourage geographic preference. **Note:** State law may also encourage or discourage these preferences. Discuss these with the Board Attorney. See also <u>Doyle Plumbing & Heating Co. v. Bd. of Educ., Quincy Pub. Sch. Dist. No. 172, 291 Ill.App.3d 221 (4th Dist. 1997); Cardinal Glass Co. v. Bd. of Educ. of Mendota Comm. Consol. Sch. Dist. 289, 113 Ill.App.3d 442 (3rd Dist. 1983). Nothing in this section preempts State licensing laws. When contracting for architectural and engineering (A/E) services, geographic location may be a selection criterion provided its application leaves an appropriate number of qualified firms, given the nature and size of the project, to compete for the contract. **Note:** The Board must also follow the Local Government Professional Services Selection Act. 50 ILCS 510/.</u>
- C. Procurement Transactions. All solicitations will:
- 14. Incorporate a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements for the material, product, or service to be procured.
- a. Such description must not, in competitive procurements, contain features which unduly restrict competition.
- b. The description may include a statement of the qualitative nature of the material, product or service to be procured and, when necessary, must set forth those minimum essential characteristics and standards to which it must conform if it is to satisfy its intended use.
- c. Detailed product specifications should be avoided if at all possible.
- d. When it is impractical or uneconomical to make a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements, a "brand name or equivalent" description may be used as a means to define the performance or other salient requirements of procurement. The specific features of the named brand which must be met by offers must be clearly stated.
- 15. Identify all requirements which offerors must fulfill and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids and proposals.
- D. The District shall ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in acquiring goods and services are current and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum open and free competition. **Note:** State laws may conflict with this provision. See 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21 and 50 ILCS 510/.
- E. The District shall not preclude potential bidders from qualifying during the solicitation period.
- F. Noncompetitive procurements can only be awarded in accordance with the requirements detailed in paragraph E of the **Methods of Procurement** subhead below.

#### Methods of Procurement

The District shall use one of the following methods of procurement:

- A. Micro-purchases. Procurement by micro-purchase is the acquisition of supplies or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold of \$10,000, as may be amended from time to time. To the extent practicable, the District shall distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers. Micro-purchases may be awarded without soliciting competitive quotations if the Board considers the price to be reasonable based on research, experience, purchase history, or other information and documents it maintains. **Note:** See 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21 and policy 4:60, *Purchases and Contracts*.
- B. Small purchase procedures. Small purchase procedures may be used for the acquisition of property or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which is higher than the micro-purchase threshold but does not exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold of \$250,000, as may be amended from time to time. If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources, as determined appropriate by the District.
- C. Sealed bids. Bids are publicly solicited and a firm fixed price contract (lump sum or unit price) is awarded to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material terms and conditions of the invitation for bids, is the lowest in price. **Note:** 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21 requires "lowest responsible bidder." The sealed bid method is the preferred method for procuring construction, if the conditions in 2 C.F.R. §200.320(b)(1)(i) apply. If sealed bids are used, the requirements in 2 C.F.R. §200.320(b)(1)(ii) apply. **Note:** 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21 requires sealed bids.
- D. Proposals. The use of proposals is a procurement method in which either a fixed price or cost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally used when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids. Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified offerors. If this method is used, the requirements in 2 C.F.R. §200.320(b)(2) apply. **Note:** 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21 requires sealed bids.
- E. Noncompetitive procurement. Noncompetitive procurement may be used only when one or more of the circumstances in §200.320(c) apply: (1) the cost does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold; (2) the item is available only from a single source; (3) public exigency or emergency will not permit a delay resulting from publicizing a competitive solicitation; (4) the awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes a noncompetitive procurement in response to a written request from the District; or (5) after solicitation of a number of sources, the District determines competition is inadequate. **Note:** 50 ILCS 510/ may conflict with this regulation.

#### Procurement of Recovered Materials

When the District procures items designated by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as capable of being produced with recovered materials, and the purchase of the items exceeds \$10,000 or the quantity of the items (or functionally equivalent items) purchased in the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$10,000, the District shall:

- A. Ensure the items contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition. The decision not to procure such items must be based on a determination that the items: (1) are not reasonably available within a reasonable period of time, (2) fail to meet the performance standards in the applicable specifications, or (3) are only available at an unreasonable price.
- B. Procure solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery.
- C. Establish an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in EPA guidelines. The program must contain the following elements:
- 1. Preference program for purchasing the designated items;
- 2. Promotion program;
- 3. Procedures for obtaining estimates and certifications of recovered materials content and for verifying the estimates and certifications; and
- 4. Annual review and monitoring of the effectiveness of the program.

# <u>Contracting with Small and Minority Businesses, Women's Business Enterprises, and Labor Surplus Area</u> Firms

The District shall take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps shall include:

- A. Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists:
- B. Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
- C. Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
- D. Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
- E. Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Dept. of Commerce; and
- F. Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in paragraphs (A) through (E) of this section.

#### Contract Cost and Price

- A. The District shall perform a cost or price analysis in connection with every procurement action in excess of the Simplified Acquisition Threshold including contract modifications. The method and degree of analysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular procurement situation, but as a starting point, the non–federal entity must make independent estimates before receiving bids or proposals.
- B. The District shall negotiate profit as a separate element of the price for each contract in which there is no price competition and in all cases where cost analysis is performed. To establish a fair and reasonable profit, consideration must be given to the complexity of the work to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contractor's investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its record of past performance, and industry profit rates in the surrounding geographic area for similar work.
- C. Costs or prices based on estimated costs for contracts under the federal award are allowable only to the extent that costs incurred or cost estimates included in negotiated prices would be allowable for the District under Subpart E, Cost Principles, of 2 C.F.R. Part 200.
- D. The cost plus a percentage of cost and percentage of construction cost methods of contracting shall not be used.

#### Federal Awarding Agency or Pass-Through Entity Review

The District shall make available, upon request of the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity (Ill. State Board of Education):

- A. Technical specifications on proposed procurements where the federal awarding agency or passthrough entity believes such review is needed to ensure that the item or service specified is the one being proposed for acquisition; and
- B. Procurement documents (such as requests for proposals or invitations for bids, or independent cost estimates) for pre-procurement review when one or more of the circumstances in §200.325(b) apply.

#### **Bonding Requirements**

- A. For construction or facility improvement contracts or subcontracts exceeding the Simplified Acquisition Threshold, the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may accept the bonding policy and requirements of the District provided that the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity has made a determination that the federal interest is adequately protected.
- B. If such a determination has not been made, the minimum requirements shall be as follows:
- 1. A bid guarantee from each bidder equivalent to five percent of the bid price. The *bid guarantee* must consist of a firm commitment such as a bid bond, certified check, or other negotiable.
- 2. instrument accompanying a bid as assurance that the bidder will, upon acceptance of the bid, execute such contractual documents as may be required within the time specified.

- 3. A performance bond on the part of the contractor for 100 percent of the contract price. A *performance bond* is one executed in connection with a contract to secure fulfillment of all the contractor's requirements under such contract.
- 4. A payment bond on the part of the contractor for 100 percent of the contract price. A *payment bond* is one executed in connection with a contract to assure payment as required by law of all persons supplying labor and material in the execution of the work provided for in the contract.

#### **Contract Provisions**

The District's contracts shall contain the applicable provisions described in Appendix II to 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Contract Provisions for non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards.

ADOPTED: May 10, 2023

**Exhibit - Internal Procedures for Procurement Transactions** 

Actor	Action
Staff Member	Identifies a procurement need and makes a written request to the appropriate department head and/or Building Principal.
Building Principal, appropriate department head or designee	Evaluates the staff member's request by conducting a needs analysis, determining a funding source, and determining if the request should be sent to the Business Manager and/or designee for further analysis. <b>Note:</b> The Principal's procurement role likely varies based upon each district and type of expense.
Business Manager and/or designee	Upon request of the Building Principal, conducts further analysis of the staff member's request in order to verify information and determine if funds are available. Provides the Building Principal with results of further analysis.
Building Principal, appropriate department head or designee	Provides the Superintendent and/or designee with the staff member's written procurement request, his/her analysis of the staff member's request, and, if applicable, any further analysis conducted by the Business Manager and/or designee.
Superintendent and/or designee	Reviews the staff member's request and analyses of same; evaluates the educational value of procurement requested. The Superintendent and/or designee may then:
	<ul> <li>Approve the procurement request if it is below the amount set by the School Board and/or State law (105 ILCS 5/10-20.21);</li> <li>Deny the</li> </ul>
	procurement request; or  • If the procurement request amount exceeds the Superintendent's authority, seek Board permission for procurement. See policy 4:60, <i>Purchases and Contracts</i> , for the amount designated by the Board.
	When presenting a contract or purchase for Board approval, the Superintendent and/or designee shall ensure it complies with applicable State and federal law, consulting with the Board Attorney as needed. See policies 4:60, <i>Purchases and Contracts</i> and 7:345, <i>Use of</i>

Actor	Action
	Educational Technologies; Student Data Privacy and Security.
School Board	Considers any procurement requests submitted by the Superintendent and/or designee.  Considers any contract requests submitted by the Superintendent and/or designee.
Superintendent and/or designee	Identifies appropriate method of procurement and ensures appropriate method is followed.

AMENDED: June 14, 2017, July 12, 0217, May 10, 2023

#### **Exhibit - Notice to Contractors**

On District letterhead.

Date

Notice to contractor:

You are receiving this notice because you may or will be performing *public works* for the School District as that term is defined in the Illinois Prevailing Wage Act (IPWA). 820 ILCS 130/2.

This notice applies to the public works described as:

The IPWA requires contractors and subcontractors to pay laborers, workers, and mechanics performing services on public works projects no less than the *prevailing rate of wages* (hourly cash wages plus fringe benefits) in the county where the work is performed. Any prevailing rate of wages as they are revised by the Ill. Dept. of Labor (IDOL) shall apply to this contract. You are notified that any rate changes to the prevailing wage rate are available on IDOL's official website. For information regarding current prevailing wage rates, please see the IDOL's website at: <a href="https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/prevailing-wage-rates.aspx">https://www2.illinois.gov/idol/Laws-Rules/CONMED/Pages/prevailing-wage-rates.aspx</a>.

All contractors and subcontractors rendering services for the public works must comply with all requirements of the IPWA, including but not limited to, all wage, notice, and recordkeeping duties. The above paragraph was or will be included in the project specifications and the contract. 820 ILCS 130/4(e). If the work is awarded without a public bid, contract, or project specification, the notice was or will be included in the purchase order related to the work or in a separate document, such as this notification. 820 ILCS 130/4(f).

ADOPTED: January 2013

AMENDED: October 11, 2017

#### **Resource Conservation**

The Superintendent or designee shall manage a program of energy and resource conservation for the District that includes:

- 1. Periodic review of procurement procedures and specifications to ensure that purchased products and supplies are reusable, durable, or made from recycled materials, if economically and practically feasible.
- 2. Purchasing recycled paper and paper products in amounts that will, at a minimum, meet the specifications in the School Code, if economically and practically feasible.
- 3. Periodic review of procedures on the reduction of solid waste generated by academic, administrative, and other institutional functions. These procedures shall: (a) require recycling the District's waste stream, including landscape waste, computer paper, and white office paper, if economically and practically feasible; (b) include investigation of the feasibility of potential markets for other recyclable materials that are present in the District's waste stream; and (c) be designed to achieve, before July 1, 2020, at least a 50% reduction in the amount of solid waste that is generated by the District.
- 4. Adherence to energy conservation measures.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19c.

CROSS REF.: 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts), 4:150 (Facility Management and

**Building Programs**)

ADOPTED: January 13, 2009

AMENDED: October 11, 2017

#### **Administrative Procedure - Resource Conservation**

**Definitions** 

*De-inked stock* - Paper that has been processed to remove inks, clays, coatings, binders, and other contaminants.

High grade printing and writing papers - Includes offset-printing paper, duplicator paper, writing paper (stationery), tablet paper, office paper, note pads, xerographic paper, envelopes, form bond including computer paper and carbonless forms, book papers, bond papers, ledger paper, book stock, and cotton fiber papers.

Paper and paper products - High-grade printing and writing papers, tissue products, newsprint, unbleached packaging, and recycled paperboard.

*Postconsumer material* - Only those products generated by a business or consumer, that have served their intended end uses, and that have been separated or diverted from solid waste; wastes generated during the production of an end product are excluded. Postconsumer material includes:

- Paper, paperboard, and fibrous waste from retail stores, office buildings, homes and so forth, after
  the waste has passed through its end usage as a consumer item, including used corrugated boxes,
  old newspapers, mixed-waste paper, tabulating cards, and used cordage; and
- All paper, paperboard, and fibrous wastes that are diverted or separated from the municipal waste stream.

Recovered paper material - Paper waste generated after the completion of the papermaking process, such as postconsumer material, envelope cuttings, bindery trimmings, printing waste, cutting and other converting waste, butt rolls, and mill wrappers, obsolete inventories, and rejected unused stock. "Recovered paper material," however, does not include fibrous waste generated during the manufacturing process such as fibers recovered from waste water or trimmings of paper machine rolls (mill broke), or fibrous by-products of harvesting, extraction or woodcutting processes, or forest residues such as bark. Recovered paper material includes:

- Postconsumer material;
- Dry paper and paperboard waste generated after completion of the papermaking process (that is, those manufacturing operations up to and including the cutting and trimming of the paper machine reel into smaller rolls or rough sheets), including envelope cuttings, bindery trimmings, and other paper and paperboard waste resulting from printing, cutting, forming and other converting operations, or from bag, box, and carton manufacturing, and butt rolls, mill wrappers, and rejected unused stock; and
- Finished paper and paperboard from obsolete inventories of paper and paperboard manufacturers, merchants, wholesalers, dealers, printers, converters or others.

Recycled paperboard - Includes paperboard products, folding cartons and pad backings. Tissue products -Includes toilet tissue, paper towels, paper napkins, facial tissue, paper doilies, industrial wipers, paper bags, and brown papers. These products shall also be unscented and shall not be colored. Unbleached packaging - Includes corrugated and fiber storage boxes.

Г

#### Procurement Procedures and Specifications for Products and Supplies

Procurement procedures and specifications for products and supplies shall be periodically reviewed to ensure that the District is: (a) purchasing products and supplies that are reusable, durable, or made from or contain recycled materials, if economically and practically feasible, and (b) giving preference to products and supplies containing the highest amount of recycled material and that are consistent with the effective use of the product or supply, if economically and practically feasible.

### Recycled Paper and Paper Products Purchases

I. Whenever economically and practically feasible, recycled paper and paper products shall be purchased according to the following minimum percentages of the District's total dollar value of paper and paper products:

```
Beginning July 1, 2014 50%
Beginning July 1, 2020 75%
```

All paper purchased for publishing student newspapers must be recycled newsprint. Paper and paper products purchased from private sector vendors pursuant to printing contracts are exempted from this requirement.

- II. Wherever economically and practically feasible, recycled paper and paper products shall contain postconsumer or recovered paper materials as follows:
  - Recycled high grade printing and writing paper shall contain at least 50% recovered paper material and shall consist of at least 50% de-inked stock or postconsumer material.
  - Recycled tissue products shall contain at least 45% postconsumer material.
  - Recycled newsprint shall contain at least 80% postconsumer material.
  - Recycled unbleached packaging shall contain at least 55% postconsumer material.
  - Recycled paperboard shall contain at least 95% postconsumer material.

These regulations do not apply to art materials, nor to any newspapers, magazines, textbooks, library books or other copyrighted publications that are purchased or used by the District or any school or attendance center within the District, or that are sold in any school supply store operated by or within any such school or attendance center.

#### Solid Waste Reduction

The Superintendent will appoint a team of interested individuals representing various District departments to direct the District's efforts to achieve, before July 1, 2020, at least a 50% reduction in the amount of solid waste that the District generates. The team shall:

Periodically review methods and procedures to reduce solid waste generated by academic, administrative, and other institutional functions. These procedures must be designed to, when economically and practically feasible, recycle the District's waste stream, including without limitation landscape waste, computer paper, and white office paper.

- 1. Identify indicators to monitor the District's progress toward achieving the solid waste reduction goal. As necessary, the procedures and methods shall be adjusted and refined.
- 2. Make periodic progress reports to the Superintendent or designee.

The team shall devise and oversee methods for making the following activities part of the District culture:

- 1. Staff members actively pursue waste reduction and prevention activities. Examples include:
  - a. Printing and copying individual documents on both sides of the page.
  - b. Setting computer software for default two-sided printing including word processing, spreadsheets, electronic mail, and others.

- c. Printing or copying only the pages needed.
- d. Routing memos and newsletters.
- e. Providing trays to collect and reuse one-sided paper.
- f. Reducing unwanted mail and eliminate excess mailings.
- 2. Staff members and students seek to reuse or recycle materials to divert them from the waste stream whenever possible.
- 3. A training plan instructs staff members and students in waste reduction and recycling practices.
- 4. The District's solid waste reduction program is publicized and its benefits are emphasized, including cost savings by lowering supply acquisition and disposal costs.
- 5. An incentive program to reduce solid waste exists, e.g., through school recognition programs.
- 6. Staff and students are encouraged to be innovative and suggest improvements to procedures and practices.

LEGAL REF: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19c

ADOPTED: October 9, 2019

#### **Accounting and Audits**

The School District's accounting and audit services shall comply with the *Requirements for Accounting, Budgeting, Financial Reporting, and Auditing,* as adopted by the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE), State and federal laws and regulations, and generally accepted accounting principles. Determination of liabilities and assets, prioritization of expenditures of governmental funds, and provisions for accounting disclosures shall be made in accordance with government accounting standards as directed by the auditor designated by the Board. The Superintendent, in addition to other assigned financial responsibilities, shall report monthly on the District's financial performance, both income and expense, in relation to the financial plan represented in the budget.

#### **Annual Audit**

At the close of each fiscal year, the Superintendent shall arrange an audit of the District funds, accounts, statements, and other financial matters. The audit shall be performed by an independent certified public accountant designated by the Board and be conducted in conformance with prescribed standards and legal requirements. A complete and detailed written audit report shall be provided to each Board member and to the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall annually, on or before October 15, submit an original and one copy of the audit to the Regional Superintendent of Schools.

#### **Annual Financial Report**

The Superintendent or designee shall annually prepare and submit the Annual Financial Report on a timely basis using the form adopted by the ISBE. The Superintendent shall review and discuss the Annual Financial Report with the Board before it is submitted.

#### **Inventories**

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for establishing and maintaining accurate inventory records. The inventory record of supplies and equipment shall include a description of each item, quantity, location, purchase date, and cost or estimated replacement cost, unless the supplies and equipment are acquired by the District pursuant to a federal or State grant award, in which case the inventory record shall also include the information required by 2 C.F.R. §200.313, if applicable. The Superintendent shall establish procedures for the management of property acquired by the District under grant awards that comply with federal and State law.

#### **Capitalization Threshold**

To be considered a capital asset for financial reporting purposes, a capital item must be at or above a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and have an estimated useful life greater than one year.

#### **Disposition of District Property**

The Superintendent or designee shall notify the Board, as necessary, of the following so that the Board may consider its disposition: (1) District personal property (property other than buildings and land) that is no longer needed for school purposes, and (2) school site, building, or other real estate that is unnecessary, unsuitable, or inconvenient. Notwithstanding the above, the Superintendent or designee may unilaterally dispose of personal property of a diminutive value. The Superintendent shall establish procedures for the disposition of property acquired by the District under grant awards that comply with federal and State law.

## **Taxable Fringe Benefits**

The Superintendent or designee shall: (1) require that all use of District property or equipment by employees is for the District's convenience and best interests unless it is a Board-approved fringe benefit, and (2) ensure compliance with the Internal Revenue Service regulations regarding when to report an employee's personal use of District property or equipment as taxable compensation.

# **Controls for Revolving Funds and Petty Cash**

Revolving funds and the petty cash system are established in Board policy 4:50, *Payment Procedures*. The Superintendent shall: (1) designate a custodian for each revolving fund and petty cash fund, (2) obtain a bond for each fund custodian, and (3) maintain the funds in compliance with this policy, State law, and ISBE rules. A check for the petty cash fund may be drawn payable to the designated petty cash custodian. Bank accounts for revolving funds are limited to a maximum balance of \$500.00. All expenditures from these bank accounts must be directly related to the purpose for which the account was established and supported with documentation, including signed invoices or receipts. All deposits into these bank accounts must be accompanied with a clear description of their intended purpose. The Superintendent or designee shall include checks written to reimburse revolving funds on the Board's monthly listing of bills indicating the recipient and including an explanation.

# **Control Requirements for Checks**

The Board must approve all bank accounts opened or established in the District's or a District school's name or with the District's Federal Employer Identification Number. All checks issued by the School District must be signed by either the Treasurer or Board President, except that checks from accounts containing student activity funds or fiduciary funds and checks from revolving accounts may be signed by their respective account custodians.

# **Internal Controls**

The Superintendent is primarily responsible for establishing and implementing a system of internal controls for safeguarding the District's financial condition; the Board, however, will oversee these safeguards. The control objectives are to ensure efficient business and financial practices, reliable financial reporting, and compliance with State law and Board policies, and to prevent losses from fraud, waste, and abuse, as well as employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or other imprudent employee action.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually audit the District's financial and business operations for compliance with established internal controls and provide the results to the Board. The Board may from time-to-time engage a third party to audit internal controls in addition to the annual audit.

LEGAL REF.: 2 C.F.R. §200 et seq.

30 ILCS 708/, Grant Accountability and Transparency Act, implemented by 44

Ill.Adm.Code 7000 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.27, 5/2-3.28, 5/3-7, 5/3-15.1, 5/5-22, 5/10-21.4, 5/10-20.19, 5/10-22.8,

and 5/17-1 et seq. 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 100.

CROSS REF.: 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management), 4:50 (Payment Procedures), 4:55 (Use of

Credit and Procurement Cards), 4:90 (Student Activity and Fiduciary Funds)

ADOPTED: February 8, 2011

AMENDED: December 14,2016, January 10, 2018, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021,

February 9,2022

# Administrative Procedure - Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program

The Grant Accountability and Transparency Act (GATA) (30 ILCS 708/) and federal regulations (2 C.F.R. §200.113) require grant fund recipients to timely disclose, in writing, all violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity, e.g., Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE).

In alignment with best practices contained in ISBE's *Fiscal Procedures Handbook*, the District has a Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program, which includes employee reporting procedures for suspected fraud, waste, or abuse. The District will take all appropriate measures to deter fraud, waste, and abuse.

#### Reporting

The District encourages all District employees to be vigilant and report suspicions of fraud, waste, or abuse. Employees who make good faith reports of suspected violations of law, public corruption or wrongdoing are protected from retaliation by the provisions of the Ill. Whistleblower Act (740 ILCS 174/). See the chart below for details on how to make a report.

### Enforcement

Staff members found to have engaged in fraud, waste, or abuse will be disciplined, up to and including discharge. The District will also seek to recover any wrongfully obtained assets from the employee.

# **Definitions**

*Fraud* is defined as: (1) fraudulent financial reporting, (2) misappropriation of assets, and/or (3) corruption (bribery and other illegal acts). Examples of *fraud* include:

- Embezzlement, e.g., theft of cash, use of entity credit card or accounts payable systems to purchase personal items
- Collusion with others to circumvent internal controls
- Forgery or alteration of documents, e.g., checks, time cards, receipts, contracts, purchase orders, expense reimbursement paperwork, student bills, electronic files, bids, or other financial documents
- Fraudulent reporting of expenditures or other District financial information
- Misappropriation or misuse of resources, e.g., cash, securities, inventory, facilities, equipment, services, supplies, or other assets
- Impropriety in the handling or reporting of cash or financial transactions
- Unless properly authorized, accepting or seeking anything of material value from contractors, vendors, or persons providing services or materials
- Authorization or receipt of payment for goods not received or services not performed, e.g., payments to fictitious employees or vendors
- Submitting multiple vouchers for the same expense reimbursement
- Using the District's tax exempt status for purchase of personal items
- Authorization or receipt of unearned wages or benefits
- Personal use of District property in commercial business activities
- Identity theft
- Conflict of interest or other ethics violations
- Destruction, removal, or inappropriate use of records, buildings, furniture, fixtures, or equipment
- Any similar or related irregularity to those listed

Waste is the act of using or expending resources carelessly, extravagantly, or to no purpose.

Abuse is behavior that is deficient or improper compared to the behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances.

The terms *fraud*, *waste*, and *abuse* are not mutually exclusive; certain conduct may constitute fraud, waste, and/or abuse.

Roles, Responsibilities, and Reporting Procedures

Actor	Action	
Any Staff Member	Staff members who suspect fraud, waste, and/or abuse should do the following:	
	1. Make an oral or written report to the Superintendent that describes the factual basis of the suspicion, including any employees involved, a description of the alleged misconduct, and any supporting evidence. Oral reports shall be followed up in writing by the staff member or Superintendent.  2. If the staff member does not feel comfortable identifying himself/herself in making a report, the employee may deliver the report anonymously to the attention of the Superintendent or make an anonymous call to the Superintendent.  3. If the report concerns alleged misconduct by the Superintendent, the report may be either be made to a Complaint Manager identified in Board Policy 2:260, <i>Uniform Grievance Procedure</i> , who will notify the Board President of the report, or directly to the Board President.  4. If the reporting staff member has evidence of fraud, waste, and/or abuse, he/she must preserve the evidence and provide it to the Superintendent or designee (or designated Complaint Manager or Board President, if the report concerns the Superintendent) charged with investigating the suspected fraud, waste, or abuse	
Superintendent and/or Designee (or Complaint Manager/Board President, for cases concerning the Superintendent)	Manages actual or suspected fraud, waste, or abuse in the District. With respect to any investigation, the Superintendent and/or designee (or Complaint Manager/Board President, for cases concerning the Superintendent) shall:  Ensure all reported instances of fraud, waste, or abuse are investigated by the District, and, if appropriate, reported to the proper authorities for further investigation and potential prosecution.  Consult with the board attorney as needed regarding any investigation.  Keep the Board informed of any ongoing investigations.  Ensure the District cooperates with law enforcement in any criminal fraud investigations.  Make all reasonable efforts to ensure the preservation of evidence relevant to an investigation.  Effectuate (or recommend to the Board) discipline of employees who engage in fraud, waste, or abuse in accordance with Board policies and any applicable collective bargaining agreement(s).  Manage communications with the media regarding investigations, as needed.  Manage District efforts to seek recovery of wrongfully obtained assets, as appropriate.	

Actor	Action
Superintendent and/or Designee	Manage annual communication of the District's Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program to staff and grant sub-recipients/subcontractors, including how employees should report suspected fraud, waste, or abuse.  Manage ethics and standards of conduct training for all District employees. Periodically review the District's Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program and related reporting procedures.

ADOPTED: December 13, 2023

## Administrative Procedure - Inventory Management for Federal and State Awards

This procedure applies to property acquired by the District under federal grant awards or State grant awards governed by the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act (GATA) (30 ILCS 708/).

# **Definitions**

Property - real or personal property. 2 C.F.R. §200.81.

Equipment - Tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and per-unit acquisition cost that equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the District for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000. 2 C.F.R. §200.33

Supplies - All tangible personal property other than equipment. 2 C.F.R. §200.94 Acquisition Cost - The cost of the asset including the cost to ready the asset for its intended use. Acquisition cost for equipment, for example, means the net invoice price of the equipment, including the cost of any modifications, attachments, accessories, or auxiliary apparatus necessary to make it usable for the purpose for which it is acquired. Acquisition costs for software includes those development costs capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Ancillary charges, such as taxes, duty, protective in transit insurance, freight, and installation may be included in or excluded from the acquisition cost in accordance with the District's regular accounting practices. 2 C.F.R. §200.2

#### Roles and Responsibilities

Actor	Responsibility		
Business Manager	Recordkeeping – 2 C.F.R. §200.313(d)(1) and (2)		
and/or Designee	1. Ensures all equipment purchased with grant funds is identified and marked as such.		
	2. Maintains an inventory list that includes the following:		
	<ul> <li>a. a description of the property</li> <li>b. a serial number or other identification number</li> <li>c. the source of funding for the property (including the Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN), if applicable)</li> <li>d. who holds title</li> <li>e. the acquisition date</li> <li>f. cost of the property</li> <li>g. percentage of federal or State participation in the cost of the property</li> <li>h. the location, use and condition of the property</li> <li>i. any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property.</li> <li>3. Takes a physical inventory of the property and reconciles the results with the records at least once every two years.</li> </ul>		

Actor	Responsibility	
	Maintenance and Safeguarding – 2 C.F.R. §200.313(d)(4)	
	Budgets for and schedules regular maintenance of the equipment when it is recommended by the manufacturer and arranges for repair of equipment when economically feasible.	
	Oversees implementation of the internal controls for the safeguarding of equipment and supplies required by 4:80-AP1, <i>Internal Control Checklist</i> .	
	Reports (or receives reports, if so designated) any fraud, waste, or abuse of property in accordance with 4:80-AP2, <i>Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program.</i>	
	Investigates reports of property loss, damage, or theft. If appropriate, and in consultation with the Superintendent, makes a report to law enforcement for further investigation.	
	Title and Use – 2 C.F.R. §200.313(a) and (c)	
	1. Ensures the equipment is used for the authorized purposes of the grant during the period of the grant, or until the property is no longer needed for the purposes of the project.	
	2. During the time that equipment is used on the project or program for which it was acquired, designates equipment available for use on other projects or programs currently or previously supported by the federal or State government, provided such use will not interfere with the work for which it was originally acquired, in the following order of priority:	
	<ul> <li>a. First preference is given to other programs or projects supported by the awarding agency that financed the equipment.</li> </ul>	
	b. Second preference is given to programs or projects under awards from other awarding agencies (in the case of federal awards, to activities under federal awards from other federal awarding agencies; this includes consolidated equipment for information technology systems).	
	3. If the equipment is to be used for non-federally or non-State-funded programs or projects, considers charging user fees. Any fees charged for equipment services acquired under an award must be equal to or greater than what private companies charge for equivalent services, unless specifically authorized by statute, for as long as the government retains an interest in the equipment.	
	4. Ensures that title to the property is not encumbered without the approval of the awarding agency.	
	Disposition – 2 C.F.R. §200.313(e)	
	1. Unless the awarding agency requires an equipment transfer, when equipment acquired under an award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for any other activities supported by a federal or State awarding agency, requests disposition	

Actor	Responsibility		
	instructions from the awarding agency, if required by the terms		
	and conditions of the award.		
	2. If an item of equipment has a current per unit fair market value of \$5,000 or less, arranges for the retention, sale, or disposal of the equipment with no further obligation to the awarding agency. Notes the disposition of such items in the District's property records.		
	3. Except for awards exempted under 2 C.F.R. §200.312(b), or if the awarding agency fails to provide requested disposition instructions within 120 days, arranges for the retention or sale of items of equipment with a current per-unit fair- market value in excess of \$5,000.		
	The <u>awarding agency</u> is entitled to an amount calculated by multiplying the current market value or proceeds from sale by the <u>awarding agency</u> 's percentage of participation in the cost of the original purchase. If the <u>equipment</u> is sold, the <u>awarding agency</u> may permit the <u>District</u> to deduct and retain from the <u>agency share</u> \$500 or ten percent of the proceeds, whichever is less, for its selling and handling expenses.		
	4. If applicable, arranges for the transfer of title to the <u>property</u> to the federal or State government or to an eligible third party, provided that in such cases, the <u>District</u> is entitled to compensation for its attributable percentage of the current fair market value of the <u>property</u> .		
	5. If the District is authorized or required to sell the property, ensures compliance with Board policy 4:80, <i>Accounting and Audits</i> , regarding the disposition of property, and follows proper sales procedures to ensure the highest possible return.		
	6. For items of equipment with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more:		
	<ul> <li>a. Obtains two signed bids from potential purchasers or two appraisals from authorized appraisers to determine the per unit current fair market value.</li> </ul>		
	b. If the per unit current fair market value is \$5,000 or more, follows the procedures outlined in the III. State Board of Education's <i>State and Federal Grant Administration Policy, Fiscal Requirements, and Procedures</i> to obtain ISBE's approval, available at:  www.isbe.net/Documents/fiscal_procedure_handbk.pdf.		
	7. When appropriate, arranges for the trade-in of equipment to be replaced or sale of the property when acquiring replacement equipment. Proceeds from the trade-in or sale may be used to		
	offset the cost of the replacement equipment.		
	<b>Note:</b> If the District fails to take appropriate disposition actions, the <u>awarding agency</u> may direct the District to take disposition actions.		
Staff Members Who	Use the equipment/supplies for the purposes authorized by the grant		
Receive	during the grant period, or until the property is no longer needed for the		

Actor	Responsibility	
Equipment/Supplies as	purposes of the project.	
Part of Their Job Duties	Properly use the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.	
	Produce the equipment/supplies when requested by the Business	
	Manager or designee, whether for inventory, scheduled maintenance,	
	repair, or other purposes.	
	Take reasonable steps to prevent damage to equipment and supplies in	
	accordance with 4:80-AP1, Internal Control Checklist.	
	Report any fraud, waste, or abuse of property in accordance with 4:80-	
	AP2, Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Awareness Program.	
	Immediately report lost or stolen equipment/supplies to the Business	
	Manager or designee.	
	Return the equipment/supplies when requested by the Business Manager	
	or designee or if it is no longer needed.	

ADOPTED: January 8, 2020

AMENDED: January 13, 2021

#### **Student Activity and Fiduciary Funds**

The School Board, upon the Superintendent or designee's recommendation, establishes student activity funds to be managed by student organizations under the guidance and direction of a staff member for educational, recreational, or cultural purposes. The Board, upon the Superintendent or designee's recommendation, also establishes fiduciary funds to be supervised by the Superintendent or designee. The District has custodial responsibilities for fiduciary funds but no direct involvement in the management of such funds.

#### Student Activity Funds

The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for supervising student activity funds in accordance with Board policy, 4:80, *Accounting and Audits*; State law; and the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) rules for student activity funds. The Board will appoint a treasurer for each fund to serve as the fund's sole custodian and be bonded in accordance with the School Code. The treasurer shall have all of the responsibilities specific to the treasurer listed in ISBE rules for school activity funds, including the authority to make loans between activity funds.

Unless otherwise instructed by the Board, a student activity fund's balance will carry over to the next fiscal year. An account containing student activity funds that is inactive for 12 consecutive months shall be closed and its funds transferred to another student activity fund or authorized fund with a similar purpose.

### Fiduciary Funds

The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for supervising fiduciary funds in accordance with Board policy 4:80, *Accounting and Audits*; State law; and ISBE rules for fiduciary funds. The Board will appoint a treasurer for each fund to serve as the fund's sole custodian and be bonded in accordance with the School Code. The treasurer shall have all of the responsibilities specific to the treasurer listed in the ISBE rules for fiduciary funds.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/8-2 and 5/10-20.19.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§100.20, 100.80, and 100.85.

CROSS REF.: 4:80 (Accounting and Audits), 7:325 (Student Fundraising Activities)

ADOPTED: April 13, 2010

AMENDED: October 9, 2019, December 13, 2023

# **Insurance Management**

The Superintendent shall recommend and maintain all insurance programs that provide the broadest and most complete coverage available at the most economical cost, consistent with sound insurance principles.

The insurance program shall include each of the following:

- 1. Liability coverage to insure against any loss or liability of the School District, and the listed individuals against civil rights damage claims and suits, constitutional rights damage claims and suits, and death and bodily injury and property damage claims and suits, including defense costs, when damages are sought for negligent or wrongful acts allegedly committed in the scope of employment or under the Board's direction or related to any mentoring services provided to the District's certified staff members; School Board members; employees; volunteer personnel authorized by Board of Education members, employees, volunteer personnel authorized by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34a, and 5/10-22.34b; mentors of certified staff members authorized in 105 ILCS 5/21A-5 et seq. (new teacher), 105 ILCS 5/2-3.53a (new principal), and 2-3.53b (new superintendents); and student teachers.
- 2. Comprehensive property insurance covering a broad range of causes of loss involving building and personal property. The coverage amount shall normally be for the replacement cost or the insurable value.
- 3. Workers' Compensation to protect the individual employees against financial loss in case of a work-related injury, certain types of disease, or death incurred in an employee-related situation.

Student Insurance

The Board shall annually designate a company to offer student accident insurance coverage. The Board does not endorse the plan nor recommend that parents/guardians secure the coverage, and any contract is between the parents/guardians and the company.

LEGAL REF.: Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, P. L. 99-272, ¶ 1001, 100 Stat.

222, 4980B(f) of the I.R.S. Code, 42 U.S.C. § 300bb-1 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.20, 5/10-22.3, 5/10-22.3a, 5/10-22.3b, 5/10-22.3f, 5/10-22.34,5/10-22.34a, 5/10-22.34b, and 5/22-15.215 ILCS 5/.750 ILCS 75/.820

ILCS 305/.

ADOPTED: January 8, 2014

AMENDED: October 8,2014

## **Transportation**

The District shall provide free transportation for any student in the District who resides: (1) at a distance of one and one-half miles or more from his or her assigned school, unless the School Board has certified to the Illinois State Board of Education that adequate public transportation is available, or (2) if adequate public transportation is not available, within one and one-half miles from his or her assigned school where walking to or from school or to or from a pick-up point or bus stop would constitute a *serious safety hazard* due to either (a) vehicular traffic or rail crossing or (b) *a course or pattern of criminal activity*, as defined in the Ill. Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act, 740 ILCS 147/. A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may file a petition with the Board requesting transportation due to the existence of a serious safety hazard. Free transportation service and vehicle adaptation is provided for a special education student if included in the student's individualized educational program. Non-public school students shall be transported in accordance with State law. Homeless students shall be transported in accordance with Section 45/1-15 of the Education for Homeless Children Act. Foster care students shall be transported in accordance with Section 6312(c)(5)(B) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

If a student is at a location within the District, other than his or her residence, for child care purposes at the time for transportation to and/or from school, that location may be considered for purposes of determining the one and one-half miles from the school attended. Unless the Superintendent or designee establishes new routes, pick-up and drop-off locations for students in day care must be along the District's regular routes. The District will not discriminate among types of locations where day care is provided, which may include the premises of licensed providers, relatives' homes, or neighbors' homes.

Bus schedules and routes shall be determined by the Superintendent or designee and shall be altered only with the Superintendent or designee's approval and direction. In setting the routes, the pick-up and discharge points should be as safe for students as possible.

No school employee may transport students in school or private vehicles unless authorized by the administration.

Every vehicle regularly used for the transportation of students must pass safety inspections in accordance with State law and Illinois Department of Transportation regulations. The strobe light on a school bus may be illuminated only when the bus is actually being used as a school bus and (1) is stopping or stopped for loading or discharging students on a highway outside an urban area, or (2) is bearing one or more students. The Superintendent shall implement procedures in accordance with State law for accepting comment calls about school bus driving.

All contracts for charter bus services must contain the clause prescribed by State law regarding criminal background checks for bus drivers.

Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Vehicle Inspection

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a pre-trip and post-trip inspection procedure to ensure that the school bus driver: (1) tests the two-way radio or cellular radio telecommunication device and ensures that it is functioning properly before the bus is operated, and (2) walks to the rear of the bus before leaving the bus at the end of each route, work shift, or work day, to check the bus for children or other passengers in the bus.

LEGAL REF.: 20 U.S.C. §6312(c)(5)(B), Elementary and Secondary Education Act.

42 U.S.C. §11431 et seg., McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-22.22 and 5/29-1 et seq.

105 ILCS 45/1-15 and /1-17.

625 ILCS 5/1-148.3a-5, 5/1-182, 5/11-1414.1, 5/12-813.1, 5/12-815, 5/12-816,

5/12-821, and 5/13-109.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.510 and 226.750; Part 120.

92 Ill.Admin.Code Part 440.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:120 (Employee Ethics;

Conduct; and Conflict of Interest), 5:280 (Educational Support Personnel - Duties and Qualifications), 6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 6:170 (Title I

Programs), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:110-AP2 (Bus Driver Communication Devices; Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Inspection;

Bus Driving Comments), 4:110-AP3 (School Bus Safety Rules), 4:110-E

(Emergency Medical Information for Students Having Special Needs or Medical Conditions Who Ride School Buses), 6:140-AP (Education of Homeless Children)

ADOPTED: January 8, 2014

AMENDED: January 14, 2015, January 11, 2017, January 10, 2018, January 8, 2020, January 13,

2021, February 9, 2022

# Administrative Procedure-School Bus Post-Accident Checklist

#### **Driver Post-Accident Procedures**

- 1. The first consideration is whether it is safer to evacuate the students or to have them remain on the bus. 23 111. Admin. Code §1.510(1)(1).
- 2. Immediately notify the pre-designated emergency and police services, and administer first aid. As soon as possible, notify the District or transportation office.
- 3. When notifying the District or transportation office, give the following information:

Seriousness of the accident

Location and time of incident

Bus number and route number

School

Number of students on board

Extent of any injuries

Weather/road conditions

Any other pertinent information

- 4. Never leave your vehicle, either to check traffic or set out reflectors, when children are on board. Stay with the children until help arrives. Do not release any student, even to parents, unless instructed to do so by the District or transportation office.
- 5. Set out reflectors, flares, flags, etc. only when the safety of all children is secure.
- 6. Stay vigilant for the continued safety of everyone at the scene and:

**Never** attempt to direct traffic.

**Never** move the vehicle before the police arrive, unless absolutely necessary to avoid a traffic hazard.

**Never** discuss liability or fault, or sign anything until someone from the District or transportation office arrives.

**Never** move an injured person unless the person's life is in jeopardy.

- 7. If your vehicle strikes an animal (pet), continue until it is safe to stop, keeping in mind that the sight of an injured pet could upset the children on the bus. Park the vehicle and radio or cal] the District or transportation office with the information. The office will notify the proper authorities.
- 8. The District or transportation office, when notifying the school, may suggest that personnel follow-up with students to minimize trauma or emotional after-effects.

### Information Gathering

While at the accident scene the driver and/or transportation supervisor shall:

- 1. Obtain the name and age of every passenger on the bus.
- 2. Obtain the name and address of all witnesses.
- 3. Regarding other vehicles involved in the accident, obtain the:

Other drivers' names

Other drivers' license numbers

Other drivers' addresses and phone numbers

Make, model, year, and license plate numbers of other involved vehicles

Other drivers' insurance carrier information

#### District or Transportation Office Responsibilities

- 1. Confrrm that police and emergency services as appropriate were notified. An ambulance need not be called to the accident scene unless there are obvious injuries or complaints.
- 2. Send a transportation supervisor to the accident scene to assist the bus driver.
- 3. Arrange for the parents of children on the bus to be contacted.
- 4. Arrange alternate transportation for the children.
- 5. Contact the District's insurance carrier as soon as possible and follow its instructions.
- 6. Help the bus driver complete accident report forms, including insurance forms. Complete ISBE's *School Bus Accident Report*, <a href="www.isbe.net/funding/pdf/50-26">www.isbe.net/funding/pdf/50-26</a> school bus accident.pelf, and forward to the Regional Superintendent immediately after any accident.
- 7. Obtain any accident reports completed by third parties, including police reports.

#### Post-Accident Alcohol and Drug Testing

- I. This section's provisions are required by 49 C.F.R. §382.303. For drug and alcohol testing requirements, see policy 5:285, *Drug and Alcohol Testing for School Bus and Commercial Vehicle Drivers;* and administrative procedure 5:285-AP, *Drug and Alcohol Testing for School Bus and Commercial Vehicle Drivers.*
- 2. School bus drivers shall be provided the necessary post-accident alcohol and drug testing information, procedures, and instructions before operating a bus.
- 3. As soon as practicable after an accident involving a school bus, the driver shall be tested for alcohol and controlled substances if:
  - a. The accident involved the loss of human life;
  - b. The driver receives a citation for a moving traffic violation arising from the accident; or
  - c. A law enforcement officer directs that such a test be given. 625 ILCS 5/6-516.
- 4. If a required alcohol test is **not** administered:
  - a. Within 2 hours, the District must prepare and maintain a file or record stating why the test was not properly administered.
  - b. Within 8 hours, the District shall cease attempts to administer an alcohol test and shall prepare the same record.
- 5. If a required controlled substance test is **not** administered within 32 hours, the District shall cease attempts to administer the test, and shall prepare and maintain a file or record stating why the test was not properly administered.
- 6. No driver required to take a post-accident alcohol test shall use alcohol for 8 hours following the accident, or until undergoing a post-accident alcohol test.

# Vehicle Inspection

Following an accident, each damaged bus component must be inspected before the bus is returned to service. 625 ILCS 5/13-109.

Amended: January 2017

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Bus Driver Communication Devices; Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Inspection; and Bus Driving Comments</u>

## **Bus Driver Communication Devices**

State law prohibits a school bus driver from operating a school bus while using a cellular radio telecommunication device. It requires each school bus to contain either an operating cellular radio telecommunication device or two-way radio while the school bus driver is in possession of the school bus. The cellular radio telecommunication device or two-way radio must be turned on and adjusted in a manner that would alert the driver of an incoming communication request. 625 ILCS 5/12-813.1.

Bus drivers may still have cell phones although they are prohibited from using cell phones for anything, including personal use, while operating a bus except: (1) in an emergency situation to communicate with an emergency response operator; a hospital; a physician's office or health clinic; an ambulance service; a fire department, fire district, or fire company; or a police department; (2) in the event of a "mechanical breakdown or other mechanical problem;" (3) to communicate with school authorities or their designees about bus operation or the welfare and safety of any passengers on the bus; or (4) when the bus is parked. 625 ILCS 5/12-813.1(c).

# Bus/Vehicle Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Inspection

All school bus drivers, whether employed by the School District or private sector school bus company, shall perform each of the following:

1. Comply with the applicable pre-trip inspection of the mechanical and safety equipment on the school bus listed on the *School Bus Driver Pre-Trip Inspection Form* (92 Ill.Admin.Code §§458.1030 and 458.Illustration A, *School Bus Driver's Pre-Trip Inspection Form*). **Note**: 92 Ill. Admin. Code §458.1030(u) requires any variations from the form to be approved by the Dept. of Transportation by calling 217/785-3031 or writing to:

Vehicle-Inspection Unit Manager Ill. Dept. of Transportation, Div. of Traffic Safety 1340 North 9th St. P.O. Box 19212 Springfield, IL 62794-9212

- 2. Test the cellular radio communication device or two-way radio and ensure that it is functioning properly before the bus is operated. 625 ILCS 5/12-816.
- 3. Perform a visual sweep for children or other passengers at the end of a route, work shift or workday by:
  - a. Activating interior lights of the school bus to assist the driver in searching in and under each seat (625 ILCS 5/12-816(c)), and
  - b. Walking to the rear of the school bus/vehicle checking in and under each seat (625 ILCS 5/12-816(b)).

If a mechanical post-trip inspection reminder system is installed, the driver shall comply with the requirements of that system. 625 ILCS 5/12-816(d).

# **Bus Driving Comments**

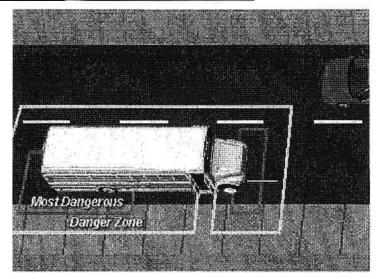
Each school bus and multifunction school activity bus shall display a sign at the rear, with letters and numerals readily visible and readable, in the following form:

TO COMMENT ON MY DRIVING, CALL [insert District area code and telephone number] Driving comments shall be accepted in the following manner:

- 1. Calls to comment on school bus driving shall be directed to the Superintendent or designee.
- 2. The Superintendent or designee shall conduct an internal investigation of the events that led to each complaint. Required for districts that own school buses by 625 ILCS 5/12-821(c)(1).
- 3. The Superintendent or designee shall inform the commenting party of the results of any investigation and the action, if any, taken to remedy the situation. Required for districts that own school buses by 625 ILCS 5/12-821(c)(2).

AMENDED: January 2017, January 10, 2018

# Administrative Procedure - School Bus Safety Rules



The Building Principal shall distribute the following rules to all students. Those students not qualifying for school bus transportation to and from school should receive a copy because they may from time-to-time be transported to school activities by school bus.

- 1. Dress properly for the weather. Make sure all drawstrings, ties, straps, etc. on all clothing, backpacks and other items, are shortened or removed to lessen the likelihood of them getting caught in bus doors, railings or aisles.
- 2. Arrive on time at the bus stop, and stay away from the street while waiting for the bus.
- 3. Stay away from the bus until it stops completely and the driver signals you to board. Enter in single file without pushing. Always use the handrail.
- 4. Take a seat right away and remain seated facing forward. Keep your hands, arms, and head inside the bus.
- 5. Talk quietly on the bus. No shouting or creating loud noises that may distract the driver. Tablets, iPods®, iPads®, smart phones, and other electronic devices must be silenced on the bus unless a student uses headphones.
- 6. Help keep the bus neat and clean. Keep belongings out of the aisle and away from emergency exits. Eating and drinking are not allowed on the bus.
- 7. Always listen to the driver's instructions. Be courteous to the driver and other students. Sit with your hands to yourself and avoid making noises that would distract the driver or bother other passengers. Remain seated, keeping your hands, arms, and head inside the bus at all times.
- 8. Wait until the bus pulls to a complete stop before standing up. Use the handrail when exiting the bus.
- 9. Stay out of the danger zone next to the bus where the driver may have difficulty seeing you. Take five giant steps away from the bus and out of the danger zone, until you can see the driver and the driver sees you. Never crawl under a bus.
- 10. If you must cross the street after you get off the bus, wait for the driver's signal and then cross in front of the bus. Cross the street only after checking both ways for traffic.

11. Never run back to the bus, even if you dropped or forgot something. Additional resources follow:

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration - **Traffic Safety Toolkit** www.nh tsa.g ov/parents/parent s-bus.html

### National Safety Council - School Bus Safety Rules

www.nsc.org/news resources/Resources/Documents/School Bus Safety Rules. pdf

# Illinois State Police - School Bus Safety

www.isp.state.il.us/docs/5-542.pclf

# ISBE - School Bus Safety What Parents Should Know

www.isbe.aet/funding/pdf/bus safety parents.pdf

#### ISBE Instructions To School Bus Riders (pg. 102)

www.isbe.net/funding/pdf/bus safety teach guide.pdf

# ILSOS - Parent information flyer, games etc.

www.cvberdriveillinois.com/departments/drivers/traffic safety/school bus safetv/home.lt ml

AMENDED: January 2017

# <u>Exhibit - Emergency Medical Information for Students Having Special Needs or Medical Conditions Who Ride School Buses</u>

The purpose of this form is to give school bus drivers and/or emergency medical technicians information about children who have special needs or medical conditions. One copy of this form is kept in the nurse's office, and another copy is kept on the student's school bus in a secure location for bus drivers and emergency medical technicians. If the emergency care of the student requires medication, the parent/guardian must file a *School Medical Authorization Form* with the school nurse.

*To be completed by the student's parent/guardian:* 

Student's Name (Please print)			Birth Date		
Parent/Guardian's Name	Home Pho	one	Cell Phone		
School	Grade		Teacher		
Physician's Name	Physician'	's Phone	School Nurse's Phone		
My child's special needs are: (	list behavioral or	communication	challenges	and required responses,	
			,		
My child requires medication	for: (describe cor	nditions and circ	umstances)		
Medication and Whe	re Kept	Dosage	:	Directions	
Parent/Guardian Signature			Date		

# **Food Services**

Good nutrition shall be promoted in the District's meal programs and in other food and beverages that are sold to students during the school day. The Superintendent shall manage a food service program that complies with this policy and is in alignment with School Board policy 6:50, *School Wellness*.

Food or beverage items sold to students as part of a reimbursable meal under federal law must follow the nutrition standards specified in the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture rules that implement the National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Acts. Schools being reimbursed for meals under these laws are *participating schools*.

The food service program in participating schools shall comply with the nutrition standards specified in the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture's *Smart Snacks rules* when it offers competitive foods to students on the school campus during the school day. *Competitive foods* are all food and beverages that are offered by any person, organization or entity for sale to students on the school campus during the school day that are not reimbursed under programs authorized by federal law. The food service programs in participating schools shall also comply with any applicable mandates in the Illinois State Board of Education's School Food Service rules implementing these federal laws and the Ill. School Breakfast and Lunch Program Act.

All revenue from the sale of any food or beverages sold in competition with the School Breakfast Program or National School Lunch Program to students in food service areas during the meal period shall accrue to the nonprofit school lunch program account.

LEGAL REF.: 42 U.S.C. §1751 et seq., Russell B. National School Lunch Act.

42 U.S.C. §1771 et seq., Child Nutrition Act of 1966.

7 C.F.R. Parts 210 (National School Lunch Program) and 220 (School Breakfast

Program).

105 ILCS 125/, School Breakfast and Lunch Program Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305, School Food Service.

CROSS REF.: 4:130 (Free and Reduced-Price Food Services), 6:50 (School Wellness)

ADOPTED: August 2, 2012

AMENDED: January 14, 2015, February 9, 2022, January 11, 2023

# Administrative Procedure - Food Services; Competitive Foods; Exemptions

This procedure applies only to schools that participate in federal meal reimbursement programs. 7 C.F.R. Part 210; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305. They are *participating schools*.

All food and beverages sold to students on the school campuses of participating schools during the school day must comply with the "general nutrition standards for competitive foods" specified in 7 C.F.R. §210.11, unless they are exempted by 23 Ill. Admin.Code §305.15(a).

### **Definitions**

Competitive foods are all food and beverages that are offered by any person, organization or entity for sale to students on the school campus during the school day that are not reimbursed under programs authorized by federal law. 7 C.F.R. §210.11(a)(2); 23 Ill. Admin.Code §305.5. Competitive foods do not include foods offered during after-school athletics or extracurricular events, or weekend events. School campus means all areas of the property under the jurisdiction of the participating school that are accessible to students during the school day. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.5. School day means the period of time from midnight before the start of the official school day until 30 minutes after the end of the official school day. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.5.

Exempted fundraising day (EFD) means a school day on which foods and/or beverage items not meeting the "general nutrition standards for competitive foods" may be sold to students on the school campus. 7 C.F.R. §210.11 (b)(4); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.5.

# **Competitive Foods**

Competitive foods and beverage items sold during the school day must meet the requirements listed at 7 C.F.R. §210.11 (c)-(m).

All revenue from the sale of competitive foods sold to students in the food service areas during meal periods shall accrue to the nonprofit school lunch program account. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.15(d).

#### **Exempted Fundraising Days**

EFD foods and/or beverages may not be sold in competition with school meals in the food service area during meal periods. 7 C.F.R. §210.11 (b)(4). In schools with grades 9-12, only 9 or fewer EFDs are allowed. In schools with grades 8 and below, EFDs are prohibited. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.15(b)(1)-(3).

To request an EFD, the Superintendent or designee for the participating school must be contacted. He or she will (1) explain the District's process and criteria for reviewing and approving or denying an EFD request, and (2) provide any written documents to assist with the EFD request. The Superintendent or designee must maintain a list of all EFDs held and retain them for at least three years. 7 C.F.R. §210.9(b)(17) and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §305.15(c)(3).

LEGAL REF.: 42 U.S.C. §1779, 7 C.F.R. §210.11.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305, School Food Service.

AMENDED: January 13, 2016, November 2020

# Free and Reduced-Price Food Services

# **Notice**

The Superintendent shall be responsible for implementing the District's free and reduced-price food services policy and all applicable programs.

ADOPTED: May 5, 2009

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, March 13, 2019, December 13, 2023

## **Exhibit - Free and Reduced-Price Food Services; Meal Charge Notifications**

On District letterhead, website, in student handbook, newsletters, bulletins, and/or calendars

Date:

To: Parents/Guardians, Students, and StaffRe: Eligibility and Meal Charge Notifications

The following notification is provided to all households of students at the beginning of each school year as federally required notification regarding eligibility requirements and the application process for the free and reduced-price food services that are listed in Board policy 4:130, *Free and Reduced-Price Food Services*, and 4:140, *Waiver of Student Fees*. This notification is also provided to households of students transferring to the District during the school year. For more information, see <a href="www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/unpaid-meal-charges">www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/unpaid-meal-charges</a>, and/or contact the Building Principal or designee.

# Free and Reduced-Price Food Services Eligibility

When the parents/guardians of students are unable to pay for their child(ren)'s meal services, meal charges will apply per a student's eligibility category and will be processed by the District accordingly.

A student's eligibility for free and reduced-price food services shall be determined by the income eligibility guidelines, family-size income standards, set annually by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, and distributed by the Ill. State Board of Education.

## Meal Charges for Meals Provided by the District

The Building Principal and District staff will work jointly to prevent meal charges from accumulating. Every effort to collect all funds due to the District will be made on a regular basis and before the end of the school year. Contact your Building Principal or designee about whether your child(ren)'s charges may be carried over at the end of the school year, i.e., beyond June 30th.

Unpaid meal charges are considered delinquent debt when payment is overdue as defined by Board policy 4:45, Insufficient Fund Checks and Debt Recovery and the Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act (105 ILCS 123/). The District will make reasonable efforts to collect charges classified as delinquent debt, including repeated contacts to collect the amounts and, when necessary, requesting that the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) apply for meal benefits to determine if the student qualifies for such benefits under Board policy 4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services. The District will provide a federally reimbursable meal or snack to a student who requests one, regardless of the student's ability to pay or negative account balance.

When a student's funds are low and when there is a negative balance, reminders will be provided to the staff, students, and their parent(s)/guardian(s) at regular intervals during the school year. State law allows the Building Principal to contact parents(s)/guardian(s) to attempt collection of the owed money when the amount owed is more than the amount of five lunches [or insert lower amount]. If a parent/guardian regularly fails to provide meal money for the child(ren) that he/she is responsible for in the District and does not qualify for free meal benefits or refuses to apply for such benefits, the Building Principal or designee will direct the next course of action. Continual failure to provide meal money may require the District to notify the Ill. Dept. of Children and Family Services (DCFS) and/or take legal steps to recover the unpaid meal charges, up to and including seeking an offset under the State Comptroller Act, if applicable.

LEGAL REF.: Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-296).7 C.F.R. §245.5.

105 ILCS 123/, Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305, School Food Service.

AMENDED: June 14, 2017, July 12, 2017, March 13, 2019, December 13, 2023

### **Waiver of Student Fees**

The Superintendent will recommend to the School Board a schedule of fees, if any, to be charged students for the use of textbooks, consumable materials, extracurricular activities, and other school student fees. Students must also pay fines for the loss of or damage to school books or other school-owned materials.

Fees for textbooks, other instructional materials, and driver education, as well as fines for the loss or damage of school property are waived for students who meet the eligibility criteria for a waiver as described in this policy. In order that no student is denied educational services or academic credit due to the inability of parents/guardians to pay student fees and fines, the Superintendent will recommend to the Board which additional fees and fines, if any, the District will waive for students who meet the eligibility criteria for a waiver.

#### Notification

The Superintendent shall ensure that a notice of waiver applicability is provided to parents/guardians with every bill for fees and/or fines, and that applications for waivers are widely available and distributed according to State law and Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) rule and that provisions for assisting parents/guardians in completing the application are available.

#### Eligibility Criteria

A student shall be eligible for a fee and fine waiver when:

- 1. The student currently lives in a household that meets the same income guidelines, with the same limits based on household size, that are used for the federal free meals program;
- 2. The student's parents/guardians are veterans or active-duty military personnel with income at or below 200% of the federal poverty line; or
- 3. The student is homeless, as defined in the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. §11434a).

The Superintendent or designee will give additional consideration when one or more of the following factors are present:

- Illness in the family;
- Unusual expenses such as fire, flood, storm damage, etc.;
- Unemployment;
- Emergency situations;
- When one or more of the parents/guardians are involved in a work stoppage.

#### Verification

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process for determining a student's eligibility for a waiver of fees and fines in accordance with State law requirements.

If a student receiving a waiver is found to be no longer eligible during the school year, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian and charge the student a prorated amount based upon the number of school days remaining in the school year.

# **Determination and Appeal**

Within 30 calendar days after the receipt of a waiver request, the Superintendent or designee shall mail a notice to the parent/guardian whenever a waiver request is denied. The denial notice shall include: (1) the reason for the denial, (2) the process and timelines for making an appeal, and (3) a statement that the parent/guardian may reapply for a waiver any time during the school year if circumstances change. If the denial is appealed, the District shall follow the procedures for the resolution of appeals as provided in the ISBE rule on waiver of fees.

LEGAL REF.: 42 U.S.C. §11434a, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.13, 5/10-22.25, 5/27-24.2, and 5/28-19.2.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245 [may contain unenforceable provisions].

CROSS REF.: 4:130 (Free and Reduced-Price Food Services), 6:140 (Education of Homeless

Children), 6:220 (Bring Your Own Technology (BYOT) Program; Responsible Use

and Conduct)

AMENDED: January 9, 2019, January 8, 220, January 13, 2021, January 11, 2023

# <u>Administrative Procedure - Fines, Fees, and Charges - Waiver of Student Fees</u>

Actor	Action	
Superintendent or designee	Prepares and recommends to the School Board a list of school fees and fines to be charged to students for the use, damage, or loss of textbooks, consumable materials, field trips, extracurricular activities, graduation fees, and similar items. See 105 ILCS 5/1-3, amended by P.A. 102-805, eff. 1-1-23, and 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(a) for a definition of <i>school fees</i> .	
	<b>Initial notice:</b> For all students enrolling in the District for the first time, notifies their parents/guardians that the District will waive school fees and fines for persons unable to afford them in accordance with policy 4:140, <i>Waiver of Student Fees</i> .	
	The initial notice must at least describe: (1) the Board's policy, including the criteria and other circumstances under which the District will waive school fees; (2) the school fees subject to a waiver; (3) the procedure to apply for a fee waiver, including the availability of a fee waiver request form and the documents required by the District in verifying income; and (4) the dispute resolution procedure. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(2)(A).	
	<b>Notice with every bill:</b> Includes a notice with every bill for fees and/or fines sent to parents/guardians that the District will waive school fees and fines for persons unable to afford them in accordance with policy 4:140, <i>Waiver of Student Fees</i> .	
	This notice must include a description of the waiver application process or the name, address, and telephone number of the person to contact for information concerning a waiver. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(2)(B).	
	Determines whether the required inclusions in these notices will be satisfied by providing parents/guardians with a written copy of Board policy 4:140, <i>Waiver of Student Fees</i> , and 4:140-E1, <i>Application for Fee Waiver</i> .	
Parents/Guardians seeking a school fee and fine waiver	For waiver sought based on income guidelines for the federal free meals program or because parents/guardians are veterans or active-duty military personnel with income at or below 200% of the federal poverty line:	
	Complete 4:140-E1, <i>Application for Fee Waiver</i> , and return it to the Building Principal along with documents that will verify the family's income, such as, payroll stubs, tax returns, or evidence of receipt of food stamps or Temporary Assistance for Needy Families. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(d).	

	May apply for a waiver of school fees and fines by completing 4:140-E1, <i>Application for Fee Waiver</i> , at any time.	
	For waiver sought based on homeless status:	
D 11: D: 1	Contact the District Liaison for Homeless Children, [insert name], at [insert contact information].	
Building Principal or designee	Determines the student's eligibility for fee waiver in accordance with policy 4:140, <i>Waiver of Student Fees</i> .	
	Notifies parents/guardians within 30 calendar days if their <i>Application for Fee Waiver</i> is denied. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3).	
	A rejection notice must include: (1) the reason for the denial; (2) a notification of their right to appeal as well as the appeal process and timelines (4:140-E3, <i>Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and Response to Appeal</i> ); and (3) a statement that they may reapply at any time if circumstances change. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3)(A).	
	Ensures that any completed 4:140-E1, <i>Application for Fee Waiver</i> , and 4:140-E3, <i>Response to Application for Fee Waiver</i> , <i>Appeal</i> , and <i>Response to Appeal</i> , are confidentially treated and maintained. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(f).	
Parents/Guardians seeking	May appeal the denial of a waiver request.	
a school fee and fine waiver	If requested, meets with the person who will decide the appeal in order to explain why the waiver should be granted. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3)(B).	
Superintendent or designee	If the parents/guardians request to meet with the person who will decide the appeal to explain why the waiver should be granted, contacts the parents/guardians and schedules the meeting. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3)(B).	
	Ensures that the person who decides the appeal is not the person who initially denied the waiver or a subordinate of this person. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3)(B).	
	Responds in writing to parents/guardians' appeal within 30 calendar days of receipt of the appeal. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(c)(3)(B).	
	Ensures that no discrimination or punishment of any kind, including the lowering of grades, exclusion from classes, or withholding of student records, transcripts, or diplomas, is exercised against a student whose parents/guardians are unable to purchase required textbooks or instructional materials or to pay required fees and fines. 105 ILCS 5/28-19.2(a), amended by P.A. 102-805, eff. 1-1-23; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245(g).	
ADODTED: July 14, 202		

ADOPTED: July 14, 2021

AMENDED: January 11, 2023

### **Exhibit - Application for Fee Waiver**

This application for a school fee and fine waiver is completely independent from the District process for determining eligibility for free meals. The information must be provided for your application to be considered. Submit completed application and income verification documents to the Building Principal. No fee or fine may be collected from a parent/guardian requesting a waiver until the District has acted on the initial request or appeal and the parent/guardian has been notified of its decision.

	Student's Name (please print)	School
-	Parent/Guardian Name (please print)	
-	Address (please print)	·
1.	The student named above lives in my household?	☐Yes ☐No
2.	Total number of people living in my home	
	Number of adults:	<del></del>
	Number of minors:	
3.	Total gross annual household income (before ded \$	uctions) from all people living in my home
	The above number must include all:	
	Compensation for services, wages, salary, con Net income from self-employment; Social Security;	mmissions, or fees;
	Dividends or interest on savings or bonds or it	income from estates or trusts:
	Net rental income;	,
	Public assistance or welfare payments;	
	Unemployment compensation;	
	Government civilian employee or military ret	firement, or pensions or veterans payments;
	Private pensions or annuities;	
	Alimony or child support payments;	
	Regular contributions from persons not living	g in the household;
	Net royalties; and Other cash income (including cash amounts r	eceived or withdrawn from any source including

savings, investments, trust accounts and other resources).

•	<ol> <li>My household meets the federal income guidelines for free meals (attached)?</li> <li>1.</li></ol>					
	<ol> <li>My child's parents/guardians are veterans or active-duty military personnel with income at or below 200% of the federal poverty line, and proof of veteran/active-duty military status is enclosed.</li> <li>YesNo</li> </ol>					
	If you answered "No" to all of the previous questions, please indicate the reason(s) you are applying for a waiver of school fees and fines.					
Income	Verification for Fee and Fine Waiver					
You mu	ust present documents to verify income. Such docum	ents may include, but are not limited to:				
Une Me Dir	o pay stubs for each working member of household employment statement showing benefits dicaid Card showing case number eect Certification letter from the State of Illinois mporary Food assistance for needy families	Disability benefit statement Current tax returns Foster placement papers Food Stamp Evidence				
	You may be requested to provide updated income verification at any time, but no more often than once per academic year.  Supplying false information to obtain a fee and fine waiver is a Class 4 felony, except when more than \$300 is obtained, in which case State benefits fraud is a Class 3 felony (720 ILCS 5/17-6).					
I attest	that the statements made herein are true and correct.					
Parent	t/Guardian (signature)	Date				
ADOPT	ΓΕD: July 14, 2021					
AMEN	DED: January 11, 2023					

AMENDED:

January 11, 2023

# **Operational Services**

# **Exhibit - Application for Fee Waiver Based on Federal Free Meals Program**

This application for a school fee and fine waiver is tied to a student's application for, eligibility for, or participation in the federal free meals program. Submit a completed application to the Building Principal. No fee or fine may be collected from a parent/guardian requesting a waiver until the District has acted on the initial request or appeal and the parent/guardian has been notified of its decision.

Stu	dent's Name (please print)	School	
Par	ent/Guardian Name (please print)		
Ado	dress (please print)		
I am r	equesting a waiver of school fees and	fines because the above-named student:	
		nat meets the free lunch or breakfast income guidelines ent pursuant to the National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C6a (105 ILCS 5/10-20.3).	
	Has parents/guardians who are veterans or active-duty military personnel with income at o below 200% of the federal poverty line, and proof of income and veteran/active-duty military status is enclosed.		
If no b	pox was checked, please indicate the r	reason(s) you are applying for a waiver of school fees and	
		_	
\$300 i		and fine waiver is a Class 4 felony, except when more than its fraud is a Class 3 felony (720 ILCS 5/17-6). true and correct.	
Par	ent/Guardian (signature)	Date	
ADOP	TED: July 14, 2021		

# Exhibit - Response to Application for Fee Waiver, Appeal, and Response to Appeal

Student's Name (please print)	School
	nied for the following reason(s):
Request granted Request def	med for the following reason(s):
form and submitting it to the Superinter	appeal in writing by completing the following portion of this adent. If you appeal this decision, you have the right to meet plain why the fee waiver should be granted. You may reapply
Building Principal or Office Staff Memb	per Date
I am exercising my right to appeal th	Duilding Dringingly denial of my request to waive the
school student fee described above.  I would like to explain why the fee wor an in-person meeting with the person meeting with	waiver should be granted during a phone/video conference rson who will decide my appeal. (If you check this box, office will contact you to make arrangements.)
school student fee described above.  I would like to explain why the fee wor an in-person meeting with the person meeting with	vaiver should be granted during a phone/video conference rson who will decide my appeal. (If you check this box,
school student fee described above.  I would like to explain why the fee wor an in-person meeting with the personneone from the Superintendent's	waiver should be granted during a phone/video conference rson who will decide my appeal. (If you check this box, office will contact you to make arrangements.)
school student fee described above.  I would like to explain why the fee wor an in-person meeting with the person meeting with	waiver should be granted during a phone/video conference rson who will decide my appeal. (If you check this box, office will contact you to make arrangements.)  Telephone Number
school student fee described above.  I would like to explain why the fee wor an in-person meeting with the personne from the Superintendent's  Parent/Guardian (please print)  Signature The Superintendent's office will notify calendar days of receipt of your appeal.  Response to Appeal of the Denial of a Hamaday Appeal received on: (insert of I have reviewed your appeal.	waiver should be granted during a phone/video conference rson who will decide my appeal. (If you check this box, office will contact you to make arrangements.)  Telephone Number  Date you in writing of the results of your appeal within 30  Fee Waiver (To parent(s)/guardian(s))

January 11, 2023

AMENDED:

# **Exhibit - Resolution to Increase Driver Education Fees**

WHEREAS, Section 27-24.2 of the School Code provides that the School District may charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$50, to students who participate in a driver education course;

WHEREAS, the Illinois General Assembly amended that same section of the School Code in P.A. 97-145 to allow a school board to increase the fee to an amount not to exceed \$250 by school board resolution

following a public hearing on the increase, provided that the fee is waived for students who are unable to pay for the course;
WHEREAS, the School Board held a public hearing to increase the driver education course fee to an amount to exceed \$250 on <a href="mailto:lightchar.">[date]</a> ;
WHEREAS, the Board already waives the driver education course fees for students who are unable to page (Board policy 4:140, <i>Waiver of Student Fees</i> );
WHEREAS, the Administration provided evidence at the hearing that a fee of \$250 for each student taking the driver education course when added to the reimbursement from the State for driver education will not exceed the total cost of the driver education program in any year;
THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the School Board hereby increases the driver education fee to a amount not to exceed \$250, effective on [date], and waives this fee for any student who is unable to pay for the course according to the provisions in Board policy 4:140, Waiver of Student Fees.
Attested by:Board President
Attested by:Board Secretary

ADOPTED: January 11, 2023

# **Facility Management and Building Programs**

The Superintendent shall manage the District's facilities and grounds as well as facility construction and building programs in accordance with the law, the standards set forth in this policy, and other applicable School Board policies. The Superintendent or designee shall facilitate: (1) inspections of schools by the Regional Superintendent and State Fire Marshal or designee, (2) review of plans and specifications for future construction or alterations of a school if requested by the relevant municipality, county (if applicable), or fire protection district, and (3) compliance with the 10-year safety survey process required by the School Code.

# Standards for Managing Buildings and Grounds

All District buildings and grounds shall be adequately maintained in order to provide an appropriate, safe, and energy efficient physical environment for learning and teaching. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board with periodic reports on maintenance data and projected maintenance needs that include cost analysis. Prior Board approval is needed for all renovations or permanent alterations to buildings or grounds when the total cost will exceed \$12,500, including the cost equivalent of staff time. This policy is not intended to discourage efforts to improve the appearance of buildings or grounds that are consistent with the designated use of those buildings and grounds.

# Standards for Green Cleaning

For each District school with 50 or more students, the Superintendent or designee shall establish and supervise a green cleaning program that complies with the guidelines established by the Illinois Green Government Coordinating Council.

### Standards for Facility Construction and Building Programs

As appropriate, the Board will authorize a comprehensive study to determine the need for facility construction and expansion. On an annual basis, the Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board with projected facility needs, enrollment trends, and other data impacting facility use. Board approval is needed for all new facility construction and expansion.

When making decisions pertaining to design and construction of school facilities, the Board will confer with members of the staff and community, the Ill. State Board of Education, and educational and architectural consultants, as it deems appropriate. The Board's facility goals are to:

- 1. Integrate facilities planning with other aspects of planning and goal-setting.
- 2. Base educational specifications for school buildings on identifiable student needs.
- 3. Design buildings for sufficient flexibility to permit new or modified programs.
- 4. Design buildings for maximum potential for community use.
- 5. Meet or exceed all safety requirements.
- 6. Meet requirements on the accessibility of school facilities to disabled persons as specified in State and federal law.
- 7. Provide for low maintenance costs, energy efficiency, and minimal environmental impact.

# Naming Buildings and Facilities

Recognizing that the name for a school building, facility, or ground or field reflects on its public image, the Board's primary consideration will be to select a name that enhances the credibility and stature of the school or facility. Any request to name or rename an existing facility should be submitted to the Board. When a facility is to be named or renamed, the Board President will appoint a special committee to consider nominations and make a recommendation, along with supporting rationale, to the Board. The Board will make the final selection. The Superintendent or designee may name a room or designate some area on a school's property in honor of an individual or group that has performed outstanding service to the school without using the process in this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq., Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, implemented by 28 C.F.R. Parts 35 and 36.

20 ILCS 3130/, Green Buildings Act.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.12, 5/10-20.49, 5/10-22.36, 5/10-20.63, and 5/17-2.11.

105 ILCS 140/, Green Cleaning Schools Act. 105 ILCS 230/, School Construction Law. 410 ILCS 25/, Environmental Barriers Act. 410 ILCS 35/25, Equitable Restrooms Act.

820 ILCS 130/, Prevailing Wage Act.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 151, School Construction Program; Part 180, Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools; and Part 2800, Green Cleaning for Elementary and Secondary Schools.

71 Ill.Admin.Code Part 400, Ill. Accessibility Code.

CROSS REF.: 2:150 (Committees), 2:170 (Procurement of Architectural, Engineering, and Land

Surveying Services), 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts), 8:70 (Accommodating

Individuals with Disabilities)

ADOPTED: January 8, 2014

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, January 10, 2018, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021, February 9, 2022

#### **Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds**

The Superintendent shall take all reasonable measures to protect: (1) the safety of District personnel, students, and visitors on District premises from risks associated with hazardous materials, and (2) the environmental quality of the District's buildings and grounds.

# **Pesticides**

Pesticides will not be applied on the paved surfaces, playgrounds, or playing fields of any school serving grades K-8 during a school day or partial school day when students are in attendance for instructional purposes. Additionally, the application of any restricted use pesticides is prohibited on or within 500 feet of school property during normal school hours. Before pesticides are used on District premises, the Superintendent or designee shall notify employees and parents/guardians of students as required by the Structural Pest Control Act, 225 ILCS 235/, and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act, 415 ILCS 65/.

# Coal Tar Sealant

Before coal tar-based sealant products or high polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon sealant products are used on District premises, the Superintendent or designee shall notify employees and parents/guardians of students in writing or by telephone as required by the Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a; 5/10-20.48.

29 C.F.R. §1910.1030, Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, as adopted by the Illinois Department of Labor, 56 Ill.Admin.Code §350.700(b).

29 C.F.R. §1910.1200, Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standards, as adopted by 820 ILCS 255/1.5, Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act.

20 ILCS 3130/, Green Buildings Act.

105 ILCS 135/, Toxic Art Supplies in Schools Act.

105 ILCS 140/, Green Cleaning School Act.

105 ILCS 160/, Pesticide Application at Schools Act.

225 ILCS 235/, Structural Pest Control Act.

415 ILCS 60/14, Illinois Pesticide Act.

415 ILCS 65/, Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act.

410 ILCS 170/, Coal Tar Sealant Disclosure Act.

820 ILCS 255/, Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act. (inoperative)

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.330.

CROSS REF.: 4:150 (Facility Management and Building Programs), 4:170 (Safety)

ADOPTED: November 9, 2010

AMENDED: October 8, 2014, February 9, 2022, December 13, 2023

### Administrative Procedure - Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds

#### Hazardous and/or Infectious Materials

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor is responsible for the District's compliance with State and federal law concerning toxic, hazardous, and/or infectious materials. This includes requirements in the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standards (29 C.F.R. §1910.1200), adopted by the State Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act (820 ILCS 255/, otherwise inoperative). See information on OSHA's website at www.osha.gov/hazcom.

# Pesticide Application on School Grounds

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor is responsible for compliance with the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act (415 ILCS 65/3) and the Pesticide Application at Schools Act (105 ILCS 160/) and shall:

- 5. Provide an annual schedule of pesticide application to the supervisor of each District building, ensuring that the applications take place outside of normal school hours (Monday through Friday, before 7 a.m. or after 4 p.m. or on days when students are not in attendance).
- 6. In coordination with the supervisor of each District building (including each Building Principal), notify employees and students and their parents/guardians in each building. The notification must:
- a. Be provided at least four business days before a pesticide application on school grounds.
- b. Be written or by telephone. If written, the notice may be included in newsletters, calendars, or other correspondence currently being published.
- c. Identify the intended date of the application.
- d. Provide the name and telephone contact number for the Buildings and Grounds Supervisor or other school personnel responsible for the pesticide program.

Prior notice is not required if an imminent threat to health or property exists. If such a situation arises, the Buildings and Grounds Supervisor must sign a statement describing the circumstances that gave rise to the health threat and ensure that written or telephonic notice is provided as soon as practicable.

#### Pesticide Application in School Buildings and Structures

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor is responsible for compliance with the requirements in the Structural Pest Control Act (225 ILCS 235/) and shall:

- 7. Provide an annual schedule of pesticide application to the supervisor of each District building, ensuring that the applications take place outside of normal school hours (Monday through Friday, before 7 a.m. or after 4 p.m. or on days when students are not in attendance).
- 8. In coordination with the supervisor of each District building (including each Building Principal):
- a. Maintain a registry of all employees and parents/guardians of students.
- b. Notify those employees and parents/guardians of students before pesticides are applied in or on each building. The notification must:
- i.Be provided at least two business days before a pesticide application in or on school buildings.
- ii.Be written. The notice may be included in newsletters, bulletins, calendars, or other correspondence currently being published.
- iii. Identify the intended date of the application.
- iv. Provide the name and telephone contact number for the Buildings and Grounds Supervisor or other school personnel responsible for the pesticide program.

Prior notice is not required if an imminent threat to health or property exists. If such a situation arises, the Buildings and Grounds Supervisor must sign a statement describing the circumstances that gave rise to the health threat and ensure that written notice is provided as soon as practicable.

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor is responsible for the District's integrated pest management program and the District's compliance with the Structural Pest Control Act. 225 ILCS 235/.

	Applicable if the Superintendent determines that an integrated pest management program	is economically
fea	sible:	

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor or designee shall: (1) develop and implement a program incorporating the Department of Public Health guidelines; (2) notify the Department, on forms provided by the Department,

that a program is being implemented; (3) repeat the notification every five years after the initial notification; and (4) keep copies of all notifications and all written integrated pest management program plans.

☐ Applicable if the Superintendent determines that adopting an integrated pest management program is not economically feasible because such adoption would result in an increase in pest control costs:

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor or designee shall: (1) notify the Department, on forms provided by the Department, that the development and implementation of an integrated pest management program is not economically feasible; (2) include in the notification the projected pest control costs for the term of the pest control program and projected costs for implementing a program for that same time period; (3) repeat this notification every five years after the initial notification until a program is developed and implemented; and (4) attend a training course, approved by the Department, on integrated pest management and repeat attendance every five years thereafter until a program is developed and implemented in the District's schools.

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor or designee shall maintain copies of all notifications that are required by the Structural Pest Control Act and provide the Building Principal(s) or designee(s) sufficient information to allow him/her/them to inform all parents/guardians and school employees at least once each school year that the District has met its notification requirements.

### Training and Necessary Equipment

Each Building Principal and noncertificated staff supervisor shall ensure that all staff members under his or her supervision receive training on the safe handling and use of hazardous materials as required by 105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a. Emergency response and evacuation plans must be a part of the training.

Before an employee is given an assignment where contact with blood or bodily fluids or other hazardous material is likely, the employee must be provided the necessary training, including training in the universal precautions and other infection control measures to prevent the transmission of communicable diseases and/or to reduce potential health hazards as required by 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.330. The appropriate supervisor shall maintain an attendance record of an employee's participation in the training.

### Substitute Non-Hazardous Materials

District staff shall comply with State law governing toxic art supplies in schools. 105 ILCS 135/. This includes substituting non-hazardous material for hazardous substances whenever possible and minimizing the quantity of hazardous substances stored in school facilities. No art or craft material containing a toxic substance shall be ordered or purchased for use through grade 6; material containing toxic substances may be used in grades 7 through 12 only if properly labeled according to State law.

### Infectious Materials

The Buildings and Grounds Supervisor shall prepare and distribute to all employees an Occupational Exposure Control Plan to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure to potentially infectious materials. The Plan shall comply with the Bloodborne Pathogens Standards adopted by State and federal regulatory agencies and an updated copy given to the Superintendent annually. The Plan shall address the following issues:

- 9. Exposure determination. Positions that do not subject the employee to occupational exposure are generally exempt from the Plan and the Standards.
- 10. Implementation schedule specifying how and when risks are to be reduced. The Standards are very specific on risks reduction, e.g., Universal Precautions must be followed; engineering and work practice controls are specified (hand washing, restricted food areas); personal protection equipment must be provided; housekeeping requirements are specified (regulated waste disposal and laundry); vaccination requirements (all employees who have occupational exposure must be offered, at employer expense, the hepatitis B vaccine and vaccination series); communication of hazards to employees through labeling and training; and recordkeeping.
- 11. Process for ensuring that all medical evaluations and procedures, including the hepatitis B vaccine and vaccination series and post-exposure evaluation and follow-up, are available as required by law.
- 12. Procedures for evaluating an exposure incident.

### Emergency Response Plan

The Building Principal shall ensure that proper procedures for the cleanup of potentially hazardous material spills are followed including the following:

- 13. A building custodian is responsible for the actual cleanup,
- 14. Personal protective equipment, chemical neutralization kits, and absorbent material are available in each building at all times, and

15. Spill residue is placed in containers designated for such purpose and disposed of in compliance with local, State, and federal law.

### Evacuation

The Building Principal shall ensure compliance with the School Safety Drill Act. 105 ILCS 128/. This includes, among other things, ensuring that evacuation rules are posted in each room and discussed with each class using the room during the first days of the school year. The evacuation rules indicate the primary and alternate exits and the evacuation area to which students should proceed upon leaving the building.

The Building Principal shall conduct evacuation drills according to School Board policy 4:170, *Safety*, and administrative procedure 4:170-AP1, *Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan*.

LEGAL REF: 29 C.F.R. §1910.1030, Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, adopted by the Ill. Department of Labor at 56 Ill.Admin.Code §350.300.

29 C.F.R. §1910.1200, Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standards, adopted by 820 ILCS 255/1.5, Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a and 5/10-20.49.

105 ILCS 135/, Toxic Art Supplies in School Act.

105 ILCS 140/, Green Cleaning School Act.

105 ILCS 160/, Pesticide Application at Schools Act.

225 ILCS 235/, Structural Pest Control Act.

415 ILCS 65/, Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act.23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.330.

ADOPTED: November 9, 2010

AMENDED: October 8, 2014, February 9, 2022, September 13, 2023, December 13, 2023

### **Awareness and Prevention of Child Sexual Abuse and Grooming Behaviors**

Child sexual abuse and grooming behaviors harm students, their parents/guardians, the District's environment, its school communities, and the community at large, while diminishing a student's ability to learn. The Board has a responsibility and obligation to increase awareness and knowledge of: (1) issues regarding child sexual abuse, (2) likely warning signs that a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, (3) grooming behaviors related to child sexual abuse and grooming, (4) how to report child sexual abuse, (5) appropriate relationships between District employees and students based upon State law, and (6) how to prevent child sexual abuse.

To address the Board's obligation to increase awareness and knowledge of these issues, prevent sexual abuse of children, and define prohibited grooming behaviors, the Superintendent or designee shall implement an Awareness and Prevention of Sexual Abuse and Grooming Behaviors Program. The Program will:

- 1. Educate students with:
  - a. An age-appropriate and evidence-informed health and safety education curriculum that includes methods for how to report child sexual abuse and grooming behaviors to authorities, through policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*;
  - b. Information in policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*, about: (i) District counseling options, assistance, and intervention for students who are victims of or affected by sexual abuse, and (ii) community-based Children's Advocacy Centers and sexual assault crisis centers and how to access those serving the District.
- 2. Train District employees about child sexual abuse and grooming behaviors by January 31 of each school year with materials that include:
  - a. A definition of prohibited grooming behaviors and employee-student boundary violations pursuant to policy 5:120, *Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; and Conflict of Interest*;
  - b. Evidence-informed content on preventing, recognizing, reporting, and responding to child sexual abuse, grooming behaviors, and employee-student boundary violations pursuant to policies 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*; 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*; 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*; 5:100, *Staff Development Program*; and 5:120, *Employee Ethics*; *Code of Professional Conduct*; and *Conflict of Interest*; and
  - c. How to report child sexual abuse, grooming behaviors, and/or employee-student boundary violations pursuant to policies 2:260, *Uniform Grievance Procedure*; 2:265, *Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance Procedure*; and 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*.

- 3. Provide information to parents/guardians in student handbooks about the warning signs of child sexual abuse, grooming behaviors, and employee-student boundary violations with evidence-informed educational information that also includes:
  - a. Assistance, referral, or resource information, including how to recognize grooming behaviors, appropriate relationships between District employees and students based upon policy 5:120, *Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; and Conflict of Interest*, and how to prevent child sexual abuse from happening;
  - b. Methods for how to report child sexual abuse, grooming behaviors, and/or employee-student boundary violations to authorities; and
  - c. Available counseling and resources for children who are affected by sexual abuse, including both emotional and educational support for students affected by sexual abuse, so that the student can continue to succeed in school pursuant to policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*.
- 4. Provide parents/guardians of students in any of grades K through 8 with not less than five days' written notice before commencing any class or course providing instruction in recognizing and avoiding sexual abuse, as well as the opportunity to object in writing.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-23.13, 5/22-85.5, 5/27-9.1a, and 5/27-13.2.

105 ILCS 110/3, Critical Health Problems and Comprehensive Health Education Act.

325 ILCS 5/, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

720 ILCS 5/11-25, Criminal Code of 2012.

CROSS REF.: 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), 2:265 (Title IX Sexual Harassment Grievance

Procedure), 4:175 (Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:120 (Employee Ethics; Code of Professional Conduct; and Conflict of Interest), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:250 (Student

Support Services)

AMENDED: February 9,2022, January 11, 2023

### **Safety**

### Safety and Security

All District operations, including the education program, shall be conducted in a manner that will promote the safety and security of everyone on District property or at a District event. The Superintendent or designee shall develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive safety and security plan that includes, without limitation:

- 1. An emergency operations and crisis response plan(s) addressing prevention, preparation, response, and recovery for each school;
- 2. Provisions for a coordinated effort with local law enforcement and fire officials, emergency medical services personnel, and the Board Attorney;
- 3. A school safety drill plan;
- 4. Instruction in safe bus riding practices; and
- 5. A clear, rapid, factual, and coordinated system of internal and external communication.

In the event of an emergency that threatens the safety of any person or property, students and staff are encouraged to follow the best practices discussed for their building regarding the use of any available cellular telephones.

### School Safety Drill Plan

During every academic year, each school building that houses school children shall conduct, at a minimum, each of the following in accordance with the School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/):

Three school evacuation drills to address and prepare students and school personnel for fire incidents. One of these three drills shall require the participation of the local fire department or district.

One bus evacuation drill.

One severe weather and shelter-in-place drill to address and prepare students and school personnel for possible tornado incidents.

One law enforcement lockdown drill to address a school shooting incident and to evaluate the preparedness of school personnel and students. This drill shall occur no later than 90 days after the first day of school of each year, and shall require the participation of all school personnel and students present at school at the time of the drill, except for those exempted by administrators, school support personnel, or a parent/guardian.

### **Annual Review**

The Board or its designee will annually review each school building's emergency operations and crisis response plan(s), protocols, and procedures, as well as each building's compliance with the school safety drill plan. This annual review shall be in accordance with the School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/) and the Joint Rules of the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE). 29 Ill.Admin.Code Part 1500.

### Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

The Superintendent or designee shall implement a written plan for responding to medical emergencies at the District's physical fitness facilities in accordance with the Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Preparedness Act and shall file a copy of the plan with the Ill. Dept. of Public Health (IDPH). The plan shall provide for at least one automated external defibrillator (AED) to be available at every physical fitness facility on the premises according to State law requirements.

The District shall have an AED on site as well as a trained AED user: (1) on staff during staffed business hours; and (2) available during activities or events sponsored and conducted or supervised by the District. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that every AED on the District's premises is properly tested and maintained in accordance with rules developed by the IDPH. This policy does not create an obligation to use an AED.

### Carbon Monoxide Alarms

The Superintendent or designee shall implement a plan with the District's local fire officials to:

Determine which school buildings to equip with approved carbon monoxide alarms or carbon monoxide detectors,

Locate the required carbon monoxide alarms or carbon monoxide detectors within 20 feet of a carbon monoxide emitting device, and

Incorporate carbon monoxide alarm or detector activation procedures into each school building that requires a carbon monoxide alarm or detector. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure each school building annually reviews these procedures.

### Soccer Goal Safety

The Superintendent or designee shall implement the Movable Soccer Goal Safety Act in accordance with the guidance published by the IDPH. Implementation of the Act shall be directed toward improving the safety of movable soccer goals by requiring that they be properly anchored.

### **Unsafe School Choice Option**

The unsafe school choice option allows students to transfer to another District school or to a public charter school within the District. The unsafe school choice option is available to:

All students attending a persistently dangerous school, as defined by State law and identified by the ISBE.

Any student who is a victim of a violent criminal offense, as defined by 725 ILCS 120/3, that occurred on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement the unsafe school choice option.

### <u>Lead Testing in Water</u>

The Superintendent or designee shall implement testing for lead in each source of drinking water in school buildings in accordance with the Ill. Plumbing License Law and guidance published by the IDPH. The Superintendent or designee shall notify parent(s)/guardian(s) about the sampling results from their children's respective school buildings.

### **Emergency Closing**

The Superintendent is authorized to close school(s) in the event of hazardous weather or other emergency that threatens the safety of students, staff members, or school property.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.2, 5/10-20.57, 5/18-12, and 5/18-12.5. 105 ILCS 128/, School Safety Drill Act; 29 Ill.Admin.Code Part 1500. 210 ILCS 74/, Physical Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Preparedness Act. 225 ILCS 320/35.5, Ill. Plumbing License Law.

CROSS REF.: 4:110 (Transportation), 4:175 (Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening;

Notifications), 4:180 (Pandemic Preparedness; Management; and Recovery), 4:190 (Targeted School Violence Prevention Program), 5:30 (Hiring Process and Criteria), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property), 8:100 (Relations with Other

Organizations and Agencies)

ADOPTED: June 12, 2013

AMENDED: October 8, 2014, January 13, 2016, January 11, 2017, January 10, 2018, March 13,

2019, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021, February 9, 2022, December 13, 2023

### **Administrative Procedure - Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan**

### **Contents:**

- A. Safety- and Security-Related Administrative Procedures and Forms
- **B.** Definitions
- C. District Safety Coordinator and Safety Team; Responsibilities
- D. Safety Team Meetings
- E. Annual Safety Review
- F. School Safety Drill Plan
- G. School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP)
- H. Material to be Included in Each SEOCRP
- I. Managing Communications During and About an Emergency or Crisis
- J. Required Notices
- K. Resources

4:190-AP1, E1

Attachment A – School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan Format Attachment B – Alignment of Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan with Targeted School Violence Prevention Program

### A. Safety and Security Related Administrative Procedures and Forms

Administrative material on school safety and security may be implemented under this plan, including, without limitation, any in the following list.

ut limitation, any in the fo	llowing list.
4:60-AP3	Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees
4:110-AP1	School Bus Post-Accident Checklist
4:110-AP3	School Bus Safety Rules
4:110-E	Emergency Medical Information for Students Having Special Needs
or Medical Conditions W	
4:160-AP	Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds
4:170-AP1, E1	Accident or Injury Form
4:170-AP1, E2	Memo to Staff Members Regarding Contacts by Media About a Crisis
4:170-AP2	Routine Communications Concerning Safety and Security
4:170-AP2, E1	Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding Student Safety
4:170-AP2, E2	Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Dangers of Underage
Drinking	
4:170-AP2, E3	Letter to Parents/Guardians About Disruptive Social Media Apps;
Dangers	
4:170-AP2, E4	Letter to Parents/Guardians About Preventing and Reducing
Incidences of Sexting	
4:170-AP2, E5	Notice to Parents/Guardians of Lockdown Drill; Opt-out
4:170-AP4	National Terrorism Advisory System
4:170-AP5	Unsafe School Choice Option
4:170-AP6	Plan for Responding to a Medical Emergency at a Physical Fitness
Facility with an AED	
4:170-AP6, E1	School Staff AED Notification Letter
4:170-AP6, E2	Notification to Staff and Parents/Guardians of CPR and AED Video
4:170-AP8	Movable Soccer Goal Safety
4:175-AP1	Criminal Offender Notification Laws; Screening
4:175-AP1, E1	Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community
Notification Laws	
4:180-AP1	School Action Steps for Pandemic Influenza or Other Virus/Disease
4:180-AP2	Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting
4:190	Targeted School Violence Prevention Program
4:190-AP1	Targeted School Violence Prevention Program

Targeted School Violence Prevention Program Resources

4:190-AP2	Threat Assessment Team (TAT)
4:190-AP2, E1	Principles of Threat Assessment
4:190-AP2, E2	Threat Assessment Documentation
4:190-AP2, E3	Threat Assessment Key Areas and Questions; Examples
4:190-AP2, E4	Responding to Types of Threats
4:190-AP2, E5	Threat Assessment Case Management Strategies
4:190-AP2, E6	Targeted School Violence Prevention and Threat Assessment
Education	
6:235-E4	Keeping Yourself and Your Kids Safe On Social Networks
6:235-E5	Children's Online Privacy Protection Act
7:140-AP	Use of Metal Detectors and Searches for Student Safety
7:140-E	Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding the Right to Privacy in the
School Setting Act	
7:150-AP	Agency and Police Interviews
7:280-AP	Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Diseases
7:290-AP	Resource Guide for Implementation of Suicide and Depression
Annaman and and Duananti	Duaguan

Awareness and Prevention Program

### **B.** Definitions

SEOCRP is a School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (formerly Emergency Operations Plan). Each school or facility has an SEOCRP.

*First responders* are local law enforcement, fire department officials, emergency medical services personnel, and any other entity in the community that provides emergency assistance.

*Incident* means any event or occurrence that threatens the safety and security of individuals on school property or at school events.

District Safety Coordinator is the individual who manages the District's safety and security efforts.

*Safety Team* is the Superintendent's administrative committee that is responsible for its respective SEOCRP. Each school or facility has a Safety Team.

SRO means school resource officer, defined as a law enforcement officer who has been primarily assigned to a school or school district under an agreement with a local law enforcement agency.

### C. District Safety Coordinator and Safety Team; Responsibilities

The Superintendent appoints an administrator to be the **District Safety Coordinator** to manage the District's safety and security efforts and serve as the District's spokesperson during a crisis or emergency.

The Superintendent appoints members of a **Safety Team** for each school or facility, with input from the District Safety Coordinator and each school's Building Principal. The Building Principal and SRO, if any, shall be members of the Safety Team.

The District Safety Coordinator and each school's Safety Team are responsible for developing, implementing, and maintaining a **SEOCRP** with the following objectives as explained in FEMA's *Guide for Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans (2013)*, at <a href="www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS\_K-12-Guide-508.pdf">www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS\_K-12-Guide-508.pdf</a>:

- **Prevention**, meaning the capabilities needed to avoid, deter, or stop an incident. Prevention requires the use of: (a) research-based principles of safety and security, (b) an ongoing analysis of data (e.g., incident and inspection reports, complaints, suggestions), and (c) an ongoing program for identifying and evaluating unreasonable risks.
- **Protection,** meaning the capabilities needed to secure schools against violence and manmade or natural disasters. Protection focuses on ongoing actions that protect students, teachers, staff, visitors, networks, and property from a threat or hazard.
- **Mitigation,** meaning the capabilities needed to reduce the likelihood or impact of an incident or emergency. Mitigation requires, among other things, high-quality training, and instruction programs to execute and improve the SEOCRP.
- **Response**, meaning the capabilities needed to stabilize an incident, save lives, establish a safe and secure environment, and facilitate the transition to recovery. Effective response requires, among other things, a clear, rapid, factual, and coordinated system of internal and external communication.
  - **Recovery,** meaning the capabilities needed to restore the learning environment.

### D. Safety Team Meetings

The District Safety Coordinator chairs the Safety Team meetings. The meetings are held as determined by the District Safety Coordinator. At least once annually, the Safety Team shall request the participation of first responders and the Board Attorney in a meeting to review and provide input. The following matters are suggested agenda items:

- Review the agenda and determine who will take meeting notes.
- Review the notes from the previous meeting.
- Discuss the status of previously submitted recommendations.
- Receive, review, and discuss individual and Safety Team committee reports and recommendations concerning one or more items below.
  - 6. Safety and security data from incidents, investigations, audits, etc.
  - 7. Recommendations received from stakeholders and first responders
  - 8. Emerging issues
  - 9. Status of the SEOCRP
  - 10. Status of the safety and security communication system
  - 11. Status of training programs
- 12. Status of programs to build awareness of, and support for, the SEOCRP (contests, posters, drives, etc.)
  - Clarify information and recommendations for a report to the Superintendent.
  - Confirm the Safety Team meeting schedule and review upcoming meeting dates.

### E. Annual Safety Review

The District Safety Coordinator facilitates the annual safety review meeting conducted by the School Board or its designee, as required by 105 ILCS 128/25, amended by P.A. 102-395, and 128/30. During the annual safety review, the law requires the School Board or its designee to "review each school building's emergency and crisis response plans, protocols, and procedures, including procedures regarding the District's threat assessment team, the efficacy and effects of law enforcement drills, and each building's compliance with the school safety drill programs." If the school board uses a designee, it should preferably be someone other than the District Safety Coordinator to assure an unbiased audit. The District Safety Coordinator assists the Board or its designee to comply with annual review requirements, including without limitation, the completion of a report certifying that the review took place. See the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) website for an annual review checklist and report at: <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Emergency-and-Crisis-Response-Plan-Guide.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Emergency-and-Crisis-Response-Plan-Guide.aspx</a>. The Open Meetings Act (OMA) allows the Board to enter closed session to discuss security procedures, school building safety and security, and the use of personnel and equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees, students, staff, the public, or public property. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(8). Consult the Board Attorney for assistance with this OMA exception.

### F. School Safety Drill Plan

The School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/, amended by P.A.s 102-395, 102-791, 103-104, eff. 1-1-24, and 103-197, eff. 1-1-24) and any implementing State administrative rules shall supersede this procedure in the event of a conflict.

The Building Principal shall keep the Superintendent or designee informed of when drills are scheduled and/or accomplished. ISBE's fillable *School Drill Documentation* form for documenting the completion of minimum drill requirements may be used (see <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Documents/91-02\_school\_drill\_documentation.pdf">www.isbe.net/Documents/91-02\_school\_drill\_documentation.pdf</a>).

Each academic year, each school building that houses students must conduct a minimum of:

Three school evacuation drills. These drills prepare students and personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of a school building are safer than inside a school building. Evacuation may be necessary depending on the circumstances. They may include a fire, suspicious item or person, or incident involving a hazardous material, including but not limited to a chemical, incendiary, explosive, and bomb threat.

One of the three school evacuation drills requires the participation of the appropriate local fire department, unless waived as provided below. A date is selected according to the following timeline:

- No later than **September 1** of each year, the local fire department or fire district must contact the Building Principal in order to make arrangements.
- No later than **September 14** of each year, the Building Principal or designee and the local fire department or fire district may agree to waive the provisions concerning participation by the local fire department in a school evacuation drill.

- No later than **September 15** of each year, each Building Principal or designee must contact the responding local fire official and propose to the local fire official four dates within the month of October, during at least two different weeks of October, on which to hold the drill. The fire official may choose any of the four available dates, and if he or she does so, the drill occurs on that date.
- Alternatively, the Building Principal or designee and the local fire official may, by mutual agreement, set any other date for the drill, including a date outside of the month of October.
- If the fire official does not select one of the four offered dates in October or set another date by mutual agreement, the school does not need to include the local fire service in one of its mandatory school evacuation drills.

After a drill in which the local fire service participated, the Building Principal should request certification from the local fire service that the school evacuation drill was conducted. Additional school evacuation drills for fire incidents may involve the participation of the appropriate local fire department. In addition, schools may conduct additional school evacuation drills to account for other evacuation incidents, including without limitation, suspicious items or bomb threats.

13. **One school bus evacuation drill.** This drill prepares students and school personnel for situations that occur when conditions outside of the bus are safer than inside the bus. Evacuation may be necessary, depending on the circumstances, in the event of a fire, suspicious items, and incidents involving hazardous materials. Schools may conduct additional bus evacuation drills.

In addition, instruction on safe bus riding practices should be provided for all students. See 4:110-AP3, *School Bus Safety Rules*.

- 14. **One severe weather and shelter-in-place drill.** This drill prepares students for situations involving severe weather emergencies or the release of external gas or chemicals. Severe weather and shelter-in-place drills must address and prepare students and school personnel for possible tornado incidents. Other drills shall be based on the needs and environment of particular communities, including severe weather (such as tornadoes, wind shears, lightning, and earthquakes), incidents involving hazardous materials, and incidents involving weapons of mass destruction.
- 15. One law enforcement lockdown drill. This drill addresses a school shooting incident and evaluates the preparedness of school personnel and students for situations calling for the involvement of law enforcement when there is an active threat or an active shooter within a school building. A law enforcement lockdown drill must occur no later than 90 days after the first day of each school year. This drill must be conducted: (a) according to the District's emergency operations and crisis response plan(s), (b) on days and times when students are normally present in the school building, and (c) with the participation of all school personnel and students present at school at the time of the drill, except for those exempted at the discretion of administrators or school support personnel. The appropriate local law enforcement agency must observe administration of the drill.

Schools must notify parents/guardians in advance of any lockdown drill that involves student participation, and must allow parents/guardians to exempt their child from participating for any reason. The District may, at its discretion, exempt a student from participating in a lockdown drill. 105 ILCS 128/20(c)(4), added by P.A. 102-395. When deciding whether to exempt a student, the District must include the student's individualized education program team or 504 plan team, if any, in the decision. 105 ILCS 128/20(c)(4), amended by P.A. 103-197, eff. 1-1-24. For students who do not participate in the lockdown drill, districts must provide alternative safety education and instruction related to an active threat or active shooter event. For students who do participate in the lockdown drill, districts must allow them to ask questions related to it. See 4:170-AP2, E5, *Notice to Parent/Guardian of Lockdown Drill; Opt-out.* In addition, a law enforcement lockdown drill must meet each of the following criteria:

- During each calendar year, the appropriate local law enforcement agency contacts the Building Principal to request participation in the law enforcement lockdown drill. The Building Principal and the local law enforcement agency shall set, by mutual agreement, a date for the drill.
- The lockdown drill involves the onsite participation of the local law enforcement agency, provided that an agreeable date can be reached between the Building Principal and the local law enforcement agency. If the parties cannot reach an agreeable date, the school shall hold the drill without participation from the local law enforcement agency.
- After a drill in which local law enforcement participated, the Building Principal should request a certification from local law enforcement that the law enforcement lockdown drill was conducted. The local law enforcement agency shall also notify the school of any deficiencies noted during the drill.
- The lockdown drill cannot include any simulations that mimic an actual school shooting incident or active shooter event. Law enforcement may only run an active shooter simulation, including simulated gun fire drills, on school days when students are not present.

- All lockdown drills must be announced in advance to all school personnel and students prior to the commencement of the drill.
- Lockdown drill content must be age and developmentally appropriate, and must include traumainformed approaches to address the concerns and well-being of school personnel.
- Lockdown drills must include and involve school personnel, including school-based mental health professionals.

The District Safety Coordinator, in cooperation with the Building Principal, shall encourage local law enforcement agencies to establish a school walk-through program. This program encourages local law enforcement officials to walk through school properties during their patrols with the goal of increasing security (school districts are encouraged, but not mandated, to do this by House Resolution 153 (98<sup>th</sup> General Assembly, 2013).

## G. School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP)

Each Safety Team shall develop, implement, and maintain a SEOCRP using the process below, as explained in FEMA's *Guide for Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans (2013)*, at: www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS K-12 Guide 508.pdf:

Develop a schedule and invite the participation of first responders.

Identify threats and hazards, assess risks, and prioritize threats and hazards.

Determine goals and objectives.

Develop, review, evaluate, and maintain the SEOCRP.

Share the SEOCRP with stakeholders and train them. This includes, without limitation, having the SEOCRP accessible in a digital format.

Each SEOCRP shall include a plan for local law enforcement to rapidly enter a school building in an emergency. 105 ILCS 128/50 (final citation pending), added by P.A. 103-194, eff. 1-1-24.

Each SEOCRP shall be in the format suggested by and explained in FEMA's *Guide for Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans (2013)*, at <a href="https://www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS\_K-12\_Guide\_508.pdf">www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS\_K-12\_Guide\_508.pdf</a>. See also *The Role of Districts in Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans: A Companion to the School Guide (2019)*, at: <a href="https://rems.ed.gov/docs/District-Guide-508C.pdf">https://rems.ed.gov/docs/District-Guide-508C.pdf</a>; and the **Attachment** to this procedure.

### H. Material to be Included in Each SEOCRP

Each school Safety Team annually gathers and/or renews the following material for inclusion in the SEOCRP:

District-level Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan. See Board policy 4:190, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*, and 4:190-AP1, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*.

- 16. Building-level Threat Assessment Team procedures. See 4:190-AP2, *Threat Assessment Team (TAT)*.
- 17. Building evacuation protocol. The Building Principal or designee shall: (a) keep a comprehensive evacuation map describing main and alternate routes in the main office, (b) post signs containing main and alternate evacuation routes for each occupied area in a conspicuous place, preferably near the exit, (c) prepare evacuation plans for outdoor areas (playgrounds and stadiums), and (d) keep all staff informed of the evacuation plans.
- 18. Documents concerning safety drills. The Building Principal shall schedule, execute, and document safety drills as per the School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/, amended by P.A.s 102-395, 102-791, 103-104, eff. 1-1-24, and 103-197, eff. 1-1-24) and this procedure.
- 19. Maps and layouts, including: (a) campus map, (b) building floor plan, (c) location of first aid kits, AEDs, fire extinguishers, and any trauma kits (105 ILCS 5/10-20.85, added by P.A. 103-128), and (d) map or plan describing the areas to be used in the event of an emergency or crisis for triage, emergency helicopter landing, media center, non-victim students, and parents/guardians. The Safety Team or Principal shall annually give a copy of these to first responders.
  - 20. A protocol to secure a list of people present in the building at any time.
  - 21. Tornado response plan, including a map showing tornado wall locations (105 ILCS 128/25).
- 22. Carbon monoxide alarm or detector activation plans, protocols, and procedures (105 ILCS 5/10-20.57 and 430 ILCS 135/).
  - 23. The safety equipment's maintenance schedule and the person(s) responsible.

- 24. An emergency early dismissal protocol.
- 25. A plan for inviting warnings or tips, e.g., a hotline or website for individuals to make anonymous tips.
  - 26. A protocol for student supervision in the event of an emergency or crisis.
  - 27. A safety patrol plan (105 ILCS 5/10-22.28).
  - 28. Bicycle use rules.
  - 29. Roadway and parking rules.
- 30. Procedures on student and staff illness and injuries at school and school events (23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530(c)).
- 31. A plan for giving students instructions on safe school bus riding practices, including the operation and use of emergency doors and windows (as a means of escape), seat belts, and fire extinguisher (105 ILCS 128/20(b)). The District's parent-teacher advisory committee, in cooperation with school bus personnel, establishes and maintains bus safety rules (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14). See 4:110-AP3, *School Bus Safety Rules*.
  - 32. Safety and security related administrative material. See section A, above.
- 33. The location of any door security locking means and the use of the locking and unlocking means from within and outside the room(s) (105 ILCS 5/10-20.72, renumbered by P.A. 102-558).
  - 34. Other documents identified by the Safety Team.

# I. Managing Communications During and About an Emergency or Crisis

The District Safety Coordinator, with assistance from the Safety Team, is responsible for compiling information and preparing communications concerning an emergency or crisis. The District Safety Coordinator serves as the spokesperson during a crisis or emergency. All District communications should come from this source to ensure accuracy, creditability, and compliance with laws granting confidentiality to student records.

The spokesperson shall follow best practices for spokespersons during an emergency or crisis and receive training on public relations. The Board Attorney serves as a resource to the spokesperson. The objective is:

- To provide the maximum amount of verified information to staff members, students' family members, and the media as quickly as possible,
- While simultaneously respecting student privacy and complying with laws granting confidentiality to student records (Ill. School Student Records Act, 105 ILCS 10/; Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g). See 7:340-AP1, *School Student Records*.

All staff members are requested to refrain from spreading information about an emergency or crisis unless the information is from the District Safety Coordinator. All inquiries should be directed to the spokesperson.

Everyone in the school community can positively affect an emergency or crisis situation by:

Avoiding speculation as to the cause.

Avoiding allocation of blame.

Helping school and law enforcement officials gather the facts.

Sticking to the facts during discussions.

Deferring all media requests to the spokesperson.

Comforting and supporting each other.

### J. Required Notices

A school staff member shall immediately notify the Building Principal when he or she:

Observes any person in possession of a firearm on or around school grounds; however, such action may be delayed if immediate notice would endanger students under his or her supervision. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A(a).

Observes or has reason to suspect that any person on school grounds is or was involved in a drug-related incident. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1B.

Observes a battery committed against any staff member or is subject to a battery. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7, amended by P.A. 102-894.

Upon receiving a report of No. 1, above, the Building Principal or designee shall immediately notify local law enforcement. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A(b), 5/10-27.1B, and 5/10-21.7. In addition, upon receiving a report on any of the above Nos. 1-3, the Building Principal or designee must notify the Superintendent or designee and any involved student's parent/guardian. See the **Required Notices** subhead of policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*, and 3:60-E, *Event Reporting and Notice Requirements for Building Principals Concerning School Safety and Security*.

Upon receiving a report of any of the above Nos. 1-3, the Superintendent or designee shall immediately notify local law enforcement. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A(c), amended by P.A. 103-34, 5/10-27.1B(b), and 5/10-21.7. The Superintendent or designee will also report incidents involving battery against staff members to ISBE through its web-based School Incident Reporting System (SIRS) as they occur during the year and no later than August 1 for the preceding school year. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7, amended by P.A. 102-894. SIRS is available at <a href="https://www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Incident-Reporting-System.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Incident-Reporting-System.aspx</a> or by going to ISBE's home page and accessing the District's Web Application Security (IWAS) account. Reporting on SIRS does not satisfy the requirement to report incidents to local law enforcement authorities.

### K. Resources

Guide for Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans: At a Glance www.rems.ed.gov/K12GuideForDevelHQSchool.aspx

Guide for Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans <a href="https://www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS">www.rems.ed.gov/docs/REMS</a> K-12 Guide 508.pdf

The Role of Districts in Developing High-Quality School Emergency Operations Plans: A Companion to the School Guide <a href="https://rems.ed.gov/docs/District">https://rems.ed.gov/docs/District</a> Guide <a href="https://rems.ed.gov/docs/District">508C.pdf</a>

Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools (REMS) Technical Assistance (TA) Center Tool Box www.rems.ed.gov/toolbox.aspx

ALICE (Alert, Lockdown, Inform, Counter, Evacuate) Training Institute <a href="www.alicetraining.com">www.alicetraining.com</a>
ISBE/OSFM All Hazard Preparedness Guide for Illinois Schools <a href="www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Emergency-and-Crisis-Response-Plan-Guide.aspx">www.isbe.net/Pages/School-Emergency-and-Crisis-Response-Plan-Guide.aspx</a>

Illinois Emergency Management Agency (IEMA) <u>www2.illinois.gov/ready/Pages/default.aspx</u> Schools/Campus – Resources, including School Safety Information Sharing

https://ready.illinois.gov/plan/schools.html

Safe2Help Illinois, designed to offer students a safe, confidential way in which to share information that might help prevent suicides, bullying, school violence, or other threats to school safety, www.safe2helpil.com/

Illinois Terrorism Task Force (ITTF) https://ready.illinois.gov/hazards/terrorism.html

National Association of School Psychologists (NASP) - Recommendations for Comprehensive School Safety and Crisis Policies <a href="www.nasponline.org/resources-and-publications/resources-and-podcasts/school-safety-and-crisis">www.nasponline.org/resources-and-publications/resources-and-podcasts/school-safety-and-crisis</a>

U.S. Secret Service (USSS) National Threat Assessment Center (NTAC) www.secretservice.gov/protection/ntac

Improving School Safety Through Bystander Reporting: A Toolkit for Strengthening K-12 Reporting Programs, developed by the USSS NTAC and the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) <a href="https://www.secretservice.gov/sites/default/files/reports/2023-05/cisa-usss-k-12-bystander-reporting-toolkit-508\_final\_0.pdf">www.secretservice.gov/sites/default/files/reports/2023-05/cisa-usss-k-12-bystander-reporting-toolkit-508\_final\_0.pdf</a>

Bomb Threat Response Planning Tool, developed by the U.S. Dept. of Justice's Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and the U.S. Dept. of Education's Office of Safe and Drug Free Schools <a href="https://www.ojp.gov/ncjrs/virtual-library/abstracts/bomb-threat-response-interactive-planning-tool-schools-cd-rom">www.ojp.gov/ncjrs/virtual-library/abstracts/bomb-threat-response-interactive-planning-tool-schools-cd-rom</a>

School Crisis Guide - Help and Healing in a Time of Crisis, published by NEA Health Information Network <a href="https://www.nea.org/resource-library/neas-school-crisis-guide">www.nea.org/resource-library/neas-school-crisis-guide</a>

### Attachment A

## **School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan Format**

Basic Plan			
1.	Introductory Material	3.	Concept of Operations
1.1	Promulgation Document and Signatures	4.	Organization and Assignment of Responsibilities
1.2	Approval and Implementation	5.	Direction, Control, and Coordination
1.3	Record of Changes	6.	Information Collection, Analysis, and Dissemination
1.4	Record of Distribution	7.	Training and Exercises
1.5	Table of Contents	8.	Administration, Finance, and Logistics
2.	Purpose, Scope, Situation Overview, and Assumptions	9.	Plan Development and Maintenance
2.1	Purpose	10.	Authorities and References
2.2	Scope		
2.3	Situation Overview		
2.4	Planning Assumptions		

## **Functional Annexes**

**Note:** This is not a complete list, but it is recommended that all SEOCRPs include at least the following functional annexes:

1.	Communications	6.	Reunification
2.	Evacuation	7.	Continuity of Operations (COOP)
3.	Shelter-in-Place	8.	Security
4.	Lockdown	9.	Recovery
5.	Accounting for All	10.	Health and Medical
<ul><li>4.</li><li>5.</li></ul>			ř

# Threat- or Hazard-Specific Annexes

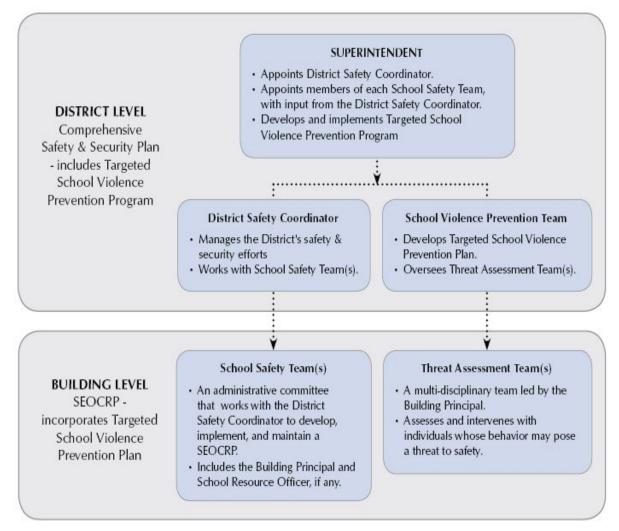
Note: This is not a complete list. Each school's annexes will vary based on its hazard analysis.

1.	Hurricane or Severe	5.	Mass Casualty
Storm			Incident
2.	Earthquake	6.	Active Shooter
3.	Tornado	7.	Pandemic or Disease
			Outbreak

4. Hazardous Materials Incident

Attachment B

# Alignment of Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan with Targeted School Violence Prevention Program



ADOPTED: January 12, 2016

AMENDED: March 12, 2019, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021, February 9, 2022, January 11, 2023,

December 13, 2023

Exhibit - Accident or Injury Form			
The supervisory staff member mu	st complete this form for si	ubmission to the Superint	endent whenever anyperson,
student, or adult, is injured on Di	strict property or at a Dist	rict-sponsored event.	
Name of injured person			
Age	☐ Male ☐ Female	Telephone	
Address			
Class, activity, or event			
Accident location			
Accident locationAccident date	Time	of accident	
How did the accident occur? (Des	cribe sequence of events)		
Emergency contact notified?	Yes No If no, explain	in why:	
70 11 1 0 11			
If yes, provide the following:		B. 1. 1. 1.	
Contact name		Relationship	
Time and method of contact		By whom	
Witnesses Information		. 11	T 1 1
Name		Address	Telephone
First aid administered?  Yes	<del></del>		
If yes, describe first aid administe	red and by whom:		<u> </u>
Supervisor (please print)		<del></del>	
I (Firm Firm)			
Ciamatama		— Doto	
Signature		Date	

AMENDED: July 2017, October 11, 2017

### Exhibit - Memo to Staff Members Regarding Contacts by Media About a Crisis

If the media attempts to contact you about a death or other crisis, please follow these guidelines:

- 1. It is perfectly correct to tell a reporter that you would rather not comment on the incident especially if it has been an emotional strain. Rather than shouting "No comment" (which makes it sound like you are trying to hide something), say something like, "this incident has affected the school community greatly, and I would prefer to not comment on it." One should then refer the reporter to the Safety Program Coordinator, person designated for the District's public relations, or other designated spokesperson.
- 2. According to School Board policy and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the only information about a student that the school is allowed to release is a verification of his or her attendance at the school. If the parents give permission, certain *directory* information (address, participation in sports or activities, awards received, etc.) may also be released. In the event of parental approval, that information will be given to the media by the Superintendent or the designated spokesperson.
- 3. Comments such as the following should be avoided: "He/She was a B student," "He/She was having trouble in class, and I had referred her to the social worker last week," and "He/She was constantly in trouble for dealing drugs and smoking on school grounds." Best practices are to avoid such specific comments about individual students. If a reporter persists with these questions, say something like, "Board policy prohibits me from specifically commenting on any student. Furthermore, I do not wish to infringe upon the family's right to privacy."
- 4. Do not feel compelled to correct a reporter if a reporter tells you incorrect information. For example, to try and obtain more information, a reporter might say, "I was informed the student was failing... ... "Refer the reporter to the Safety Program Coordinator person designated for the District's public relations, or the designated spokesperson.
- 5. For persistent reporters, it may be helpful to acknowledge that you understand that he or she has a job to do, but you have a job to do as well and you do not have authority to comment.
- 7. You may also address actions the school is taking to deal with the crisis. For example, "Although this is a terrible situation, we are fortunate to have a crisis plan to counsel students and faculty who are understandably upset."
- 8. Do not agree to set up interviews with students. All requests for interviews should be directed to the Safety Program Coordinator, person designated for the District's public relations, or the designated spokesperson.
- 9. Do not speculate or comment on the cause of death or other crisis, especially in an apparent suicide or murder. Tell reporters that information on the death should be obtained from the police department.
- 10. Remember, you do not have to answer any questions at all and may choose to simply refer all reporters to the Safety Program Coordinator, person designated for the District's public relations, or the designated spokesperson.

AMENDED: July 2017, October 11, 2017

### Administrative Procedure - Routine Communications Concerning Safety and Security

This procedure's purpose is to identify and organize the District's routine communications to stakeholders regarding safety and security. These routine communications are an integral part of the District's coordinated communication system. Communications to stakeholders that do not concern safety or security are organized with their respective topics.

Form, Memo, or Letter	Explanation
4:15-E1 - Letter to Employees Regarding Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers 4:15-E2 - Statement of Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers 4:15-E3 - Statement for Employee Manual or District Website Describing the District's Purpose for Collecting Social Security Numbers	Board policy makes the Superintendent responsible for ensuring that the District complies with the Identity Protection Act, 5 ILCS 179/. The letter informs staff members about their obligation to protect the privacy of social security numbers. 4:15-E2 and 4:15-E3 fulfill the requirement in the Identity and Protection Act to provide a statement of the purposes for which the District is collecting and using social security numbers.
4:110-E - Emergency Medical Information for Students Having Special Needs or Medical Conditions Who Ride School Buses	The parent/guardian of a student with special needs or medical conditions completes this form to provide information to bus drivers and emergency medical technicians. One copy is kept at the school and another copy on the student's school bus in a secure location. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.35 encourages, but does not require, this communication.
4:170-AP1, E1 - Accident or Injury Form	This form documents an accident or injury. It provides useful information for examining and evaluating risks. Many insurance companies require completion of their own forms.
4:170-AP1, E2 - Memo to Staff Members Regarding Contacts by Media About a Crisis	This memo is intended to encourage staff members to refer questions from the media to the District spokesperson to avoid disseminating incomplete or inaccurate information, or unintentionally violating student privacy rights.
4:170-AP2, E1 - Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding Student Safety	This letter is intended to gain the support and cooperation of parents/guardians concerning the District's safety and security plan. It should align with 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan.
4:170-AP2, E2 - Letter to Parents/ Guardians Regarding the Dangers of Underage Drinking	This letter informs parents/guardians about: (1) the dangers of underage drinking, (2) the prohibition on serving alcohol to minors, and (3) the punishment for violating these laws. House Resolution 98-162 encourages, but does not require, this communication.

Form, Memo, or Letter	Explanation
4:170-AP2, E3- <i>Letter to</i>	This letter informs parents/guardians about social media
Parents/Guardians About Disruptive	apps that can be harmful and disruptive. It describes
Social Media Apps; Dangers	hyperlocal social media apps, e.g., YikYak, that use GPS
	on cell phones to target groups in specific areas and
	temporary social media apps that offer a false sense of
	anonymity or a false belief that content disappears after a
	certain set time limit, e.g., ask.fm and Snapchat.
4:170-AP2, E4 - <i>Letter to</i>	Informing parents/guardians about sexting may help gain
Parents/Guardians About Preventing	their support and cooperation to end sexting and its
and Reducing Incidences of Sexting	resulting disruption to the educational environment.
4:170-AP2, E5 – <i>Notice to</i>	This notification informs parents/guardians in advance of
Parents/Guardians of Lockdown	any law enforcement lockdown drill addressing a school
Drill; Opt-out	shooting incident that involves student participation, as required by 105 ILCS 128/20(c).
4:170-AP6, E1 - School Staff AED	This letter informs staff members of AED locations and
Notification Letter	instructions for responding to medical emergencies, as required by 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.800(b).
4:170-AP6, E2 - Notification to Staff	This notification informs parents/guardians and staff of
and Parents/Guardians of CPR and	the training video on hands-only cardiopulmonary
AED Video	resuscitation and automated external defibrillators
	available on the Ill. High School Association (IHSA)
	website. Required by 105 ILCS 25/1.10.
4:175-AP1, E1 - <i>Informing</i>	This notification informs parents/guardians that
Parents/Guardians About Offender	information about sex offenders and violent offenders
Community Notification Laws	against youth is available on the Ill. State Police's website.
	It is provided during school registration or parent-teacher
( 225 A D1 A	conferences, as required by 730 ILCS 152/.
6:235-AP1 - Acceptable Use of the District's Electronic Networks	Internet safety is promoted by wide distribution of the
6:235-AP1, E1 - Student	District's rules and guidelines.
Authorization for Access to the	
District's Electronic Networks	
6:235-AP1, E2 - Staff Authorization	
for Access to the District's Electronic	
Networks	
6:235-E3 - Online Privacy Statement	
6:235-E4 - Keeping Yourself and	Many parents/guardians are unaware that the Children's
Your Kids Safe on Social Networks	Online Privacy Protection Act gives them control over the
,	types of information that websites can collect from their
	children. This document's purpose is to provide
	information to parents/guardians about this Act.
6:250-E - Resource Person and	Board policy makes the Superintendent responsible for
Volunteer Information Form and	establishing procedures for securing and screening
Waiver of Liability	resource persons and volunteers. This form is completed
	by an individual who wants to be a resource person and/or
7 100 API E2 P # #	volunteer in a school.
7:180-AP1, E2 - Be a Hero by	The District's anti-bullying program seeks to stop bullying
Reporting Bullying	and school violence. This exhibit's purpose is to
	encourage reporting by both witnesses and victims.

Form, Memo, or Letter	Explanation
7:180-AP1, E3 - Memo to Staff Regarding Bullying	The District's anti-bullying program seeks to stop bullying and school violence. This exhibit informs staff members about the District's anti-bullying program and its expectations of staff members.
7:180-AP1, E4 - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Bullying	The District's anti-bullying program seeks to stop bullying and school violence. This exhibit informs parents/guardians of the District's anti-bullying program and encourages them to help the District identify students who are being bullied.
7:180-AP1, E5 - Report Form for Bullying	The District's anti-bullying program seeks to stop bullying and school violence. This form is completed by the bullying target, witness, or other person and submitted to the Building Principal's office. Its purpose is to expedite bullying reports.
7:185-E - Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Teen Dating Violence	This memo informs students and their parents/guardians about the Board's policy prohibiting teen dating violence. Required by 105 ILCS 110/3.10(b)(5).
7:270-E1 - School Medication Authorization Form	This form offers a systematic process for parents/guardians to provide notice and instructions to the school nurse or other staff member regarding medications, asthma inhalers, and/or epinephrine injectors.
7:270-E2 - School Medication Authorization Form - Medical Cannabis	This form offers a systematic process for parents/guardians to provide notice and instructions to the school nurse or other staff member regarding student's use of medical cannabis.
7:280-E3 - Preventing Staphylococcal Infections for Schools	This exhibit contains information for students and their parents/guardians and staff members concerning preventing staphylococcal infections in schools.
7:300-E1 - Agreement to Participate	This exhibit documents that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian were informed about the risks inherent in sports and received IHSA's: (1) information about performance enhancing substances testing program, and (2) Concussion Information Sheet. It also asks the parent/guardian for emergency contacts.
7:300-E2 - Certificate of Physical Fitness for Participation in Athletics	This certificate provides documentation that the parent/guardian believes that his or her student athlete is in good health and capable of participating in the sport or activity. The parent/guardian also provides a short medical history and current medications for the student athlete.
7:300-E3 - Authorization for Medical Treatment	Parents/guardians sign this form to authorize medical treatment of their child who is a student athlete.
8:30-E1 - Letter to Parent Regarding Visits to School by Child Sex Offenders	This exhibit informs parents/guardians that State law restricts when a child sex offender may be on school property. It provides instructions to any parent/guardian who is a child sex offender.
8:30-E2 - Child Sex Offender's Request for Permission to Visit School Property	A child sex offender uses this exhibit to request permission to visit school property. He or she must provide the reason(s) for seeking permission to visit school property.

ADOPTED: June 2013

AMENDED: March 13, 2019

### **Exhibit - Letter to Parents/Guardians Regarding Student Safety**

On District letterhead

Date

Re: Student Safety

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s):

Student safety is our District's top priority. Our District has developed a *Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan*. In addition to physical safety, the District is concerned with students' emotional well-being and will help students cope with an emergency or disaster and its aftermath. The following outlines our emergency and disaster response plans.

School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP)

The District has plans for all four phases of emergency and disaster management:

- 1. Prevention the capabilities needed to avoid, deter, or stop an incident.
- 2. Preparation the capabilities needed to: (a) protect students, teachers, staff, visitors, networks, and property against threats or hazards, and (b) mitigate the likelihood of an incident or to reduce the impact of one.
- 3. Response the capabilities needed to stabilize an incident, save lives, establish a safe and secure environment, and facilitate the transition to recovery.
- 4. Recovery the capabilities needed to restore the learning environment.

These phases are covered in each SEOCRP. In addition, the District has a District Safety Coordinator and each school has a Safety Team. State law requires the District to annually review its plans.

### Communications to Stakeholders

The District will share emergency information via its website, information hotline, the media, and/or telephone contact.

### **Emergency Responses**

Emergency responses will depend on the circumstances and may include lockdown or evacuation. During a lockdown, no one may enter or leave the building until it is safe to do so. For evacuation purposes, each school has at least one off-campus site where students and staff assemble to be accounted for and temporarily housed.

In the unlikely event an emergency response is needed	at your child's school, staff members will be busy
supervising students. We will attempt to provide inform	mation through the District's information hotline,
, and/or website	
If students are evacuated, students at	School will go to
	You may pick up your child at this location
after notifying the school official in charge. Additional	l instructions will be given in the event of an
evacuation, including alternative methods to return you	ur child home.
Cooperation and Assistance Request	
During any emergency or potential disaster and for the	e safety of all students and staff, please follow the
instructions of the District Safety Coordinator as well	as the Building Principal. These instructions will be
widely disseminated.	
Defamatory or disruptive behavior will only lessen our	r response effectiveness.
If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the meantime, thank you for your cooperation and support	
Website Address:	
Information Hotline Number:	
Sincerely,	
Superintendent	

AMENDED: February/March 2019

### Administrative Procedure - National Terrorism Advisory System

The National Terrorism Advisory System (NTAS) is designed to convey timely information to the American public about terrorist threats. NTAS issues two types of advisories: *Bulletins* and *Alerts*, which are described below:

**Bulletins** - Communicate developments or trends about terrorism threats without necessarily indicating a specific threat. This means a Bulletin provides broad terrorism threat information that allows recipients to quickly take protective measures.

**Alerts** - Are only issued when specific, credible information about a terrorist threat is available. An Alert may include information pertaining to the threat's nature, the geographic region, mode of transportation, or critical infrastructure potentially affected by the threat, as well as steps that individuals and communities can take to protect themselves and help prevent, mitigate, or respond to the threat. Alerts carry an expiration date and will be automatically canceled on that date. Updates to an Alert, as well the cancelation of an Alert, will be distributed in the same way as the original Alert. Alerts will state whether a threat is *elevated* or *imminent* as follows:

A threat is *elevated* if there is no specific information about the timing or location. A threat is *imminent* if the threat is believed to be impending or occurring very soon.

NTAS advisories are issued by the U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security at: www.dhs.gov/alerts.

### District Response Measures

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for tracking Bulletins and Alerts and disseminating those that merit administrative review.

After receiving an NTAS advisory, each the Superintendent, Building Principal or other appropriate administrator (*administrator*) will review it and determine what response measures, if any, should be taken. To determine the appropriate response, the administrator should assess the threat to the District activities for which he or she is responsible and consider reviewing the threat with other administrators and/or public safety officials. A range of potential response measures are listed below in the column entitled **Potential Response Measures in Addition to Any Suggested by the NTAS Advisory**.

The Superintendent and Building Principal(s) should strongly consider closing school(s) and canceling activities whenever there is an *imminent* threat to the District or one of its buildings.

Response Category	Potential Response Measures in Addition to Any Suggested by the NTAS Advisory
Emergency Planning and Preparedness	Update the school emergency operations plan, specifically the emergency and disaster response procedures.
	Address critical emergency needs under the direction of public safety officials.
	Coordinate emergency plans with county, State, and federal agencies.
	Inventory emergency supplies and equipment.
	Maintain current emergency communication lists for employees and students.

Response Category	Potential Response Measures in Addition to Any Suggested by the NTAS Advisory
	Test alternative communication capabilities.
	Designate an alternative communications center located off school property.
	Review parent/guardian notification procedures.
	Review procedures to reunite students with their parents/guardians should schools close mid-day.
Communication/Activities with Employees	Instruct employees to report suspicious activities or persons to the administrative office.
	Conduct emergency and disaster response training for all employees.
	Disseminate emergency communications methods and resources, e.g., where to get information, to employees.
	Review school emergency operations plans with all employees.
	Update employee emergency contact numbers.
Communication/Activities with Students	Instruct students to report suspicious activities or persons to any employee.
	Conduct school safety drills with students.
Classes and School Activities	Close school(s) early.
	Cancel classes.
	Cancel outside activities and field trips.
	Cancel all activities.
	Cancel regular and/or extracurricular bus service.
Building and Grounds Security	Reassess facility security measures, e.g., lock exterior doors.
	Increase building security throughout the school system.
	Implement visitor control procedures.
	Limit visitor access to school.
	Prohibit visitor access to school.
	Prohibit parking near buildings.
	Request police department to increase patrols around school.
	Take additional precautions during events and activities, e.g., hiring additional security staff, restricting public access, or canceling the event/activity.
	In case of a building lockdown, ensure each school building has a reasonable supply of food, drinking water, medical supplies, back-up communication equipment, generator, batteries, etc.
Parent/Guardian Communication	Disseminate emergency communications methods and resources, e.g., where to get information, to parents/guardians and the community.
	Update student emergency contact numbers.

Response Category	Potential Response Measures in Addition to Any Suggested by the NTAS Advisory
	Test parent/guardian notification procedures.
	Increase communication with parents/guardians and community via website and email distribution.
	Inform parents/guardians of procedures to reunite students with parents/guardians should schools close mid-day.

### Resources

Access NTAS Bulletins or Alerts at: <a href="www.dhs.gov/alerts">www.dhs.gov/alerts</a>
Sign up to receive NTAS Bulletins and Alerts via email at:

public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USDHS/subscriber/new?topic id=USDHS 164

To add NTAS Bulletins and Alerts to a website see:

www.dhs.gov/files/programs/ntas-developer-resources.shtm

For further information on NTAS see:

www.dhs.gov/files/programs/ntas.shtm

www.dhs.gov/files/publications/ntas-questions-answers.shtm

For a sample NTAS Bulletin see:

www.dhs.gov/sites/default/files/publications/15 1214 ntas sample bulletin.pdf

For a sample NTAS Alert see:

www.dhs.gov/sites/default/files/publications/15 1214 ntas sample elevated alert.pdf

ADOPTED: April 2012

AMENDED: July 2017, October 11, 2017

### **Administrative Procedure - Unsafe School Choice Option**

Illinois public school districts must comply with the following two statutes: (1) 105 ILCS 5/2-3.134 requires ISBE to maintain data and annually publish a list of persistently dangerous schools, and (2) 105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a, amended by P.A. 100-1046, requires each school board to adopt a policy governing the transfer of students within the district from a persistently dangerous school to another public school in the district. Board policy 4:170, *Safety*, fulfills this requirement with its section on **Unsafe School Choice Option**.

This procedure implements the policy. It incorporates guidance issued by the U.S. Dept. of Education (DOE), *Unsafe School Choice Option, Non-Regulatory Guidance* (February 2004), available under the Policy Guidance section at <a href="www2.ed.gov/programs/dvpgovgrants/legislation.html">www2.ed.gov/programs/dvpgovgrants/legislation.html</a>, when No Child Left Behind (NCLB) was in effect. NCLB was repealed. The law that took its place is called the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), which amended ESEA on December 10, 2015. ESEA, as amended by ESSA, still requires states to implement an unsafe school choice option; however, the DOE has not updated its guidance to be consistent with this new law. This procedure incorporates DOE guidance to the extent that it is consistent with the new law. ESSA implementation guidance is expected as states implement the law.

### Unsafe School Choice Option for Students in Persistently Dangerous Schools

Actor	Action
ISBE	1. Identifies each Illinois school that is a <i>persistently dangerous school</i> as defined in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a(b) (attached).
	As of May 2014, ISBE has not identified a persistently dangerous school.
Building Principal or designee	Within 10 calendar days of identification, or longer time if necessary, notifies by U.S. mail, the parents/guardians of students attending a <i>persistently dangerous school</i> , of that school's status as <i>persistently dangerous</i> .
Superintendent	Keeps the Board informed as appropriate. Determines which, if any, schools will receive students assigned to a persistently dangerous school. The recipient school may be a public charter school.  If a recipient school is not available in the District, the Superintendent will explore other appropriate options, e.g., intergovernmental agreements with another district to accept transfer students.  The needs and preferences of affected students and parents/guardians will be considered.

Actor	Action
	Develops and implements a corrective action plan.
Building Principal or designee	<ul> <li>Within 20 calendar days of identification, or longer time if necessary, informs parents/guardians of the following:</li> <li>The status of the corrective action plan; and</li> <li>The identities of any available school or public charter school into which students may transfer.</li> </ul>
Parents/guardians	As soon as possible after being informed of the unsafe school choice option, confers with the Building Principal concerning whether to exercise the transfer option.
Building Principal or designee	Executes any requested transfers as soon as possible. Transfers will be in effect at least while the original school is identified as <i>persistently dangerous</i> . When determining the transfer length, the Principal considers the student's educational needs as well as other factors affecting the student's ability to succeed if returned to the transferring school.
Superintendent or designee	Upon corrective action plan's completion, requests that ISBE remove the school from the list of <i>persistently dangerous schools</i> .

<u>Unsafe School Choice Option for Any Student Who Is a Victim of a Violent Criminal Offense Occurring on School Grounds During Regular School Hours or During a School-Sponsored Event</u>

Actor	Action
Building Principal or designee	Notifies the Superintendent that a student was a victim of a violent crime, as defined by 725 ILCS 120/3 (attached), occurring on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event.
Superintendent	As soon as possible, determines which, if any, schools are available recipients for a student who was a victim of a violent crime while in school or on school grounds.  The recipient school may be a public charter school.  If a recipient school is not available in the District, the Superintendent
	will explore other appropriate options, e.g., an agreement with a neighboring district to accept the student.
	The needs and preferences of the affected student and his or her
	parents/guardians shall be considered.  Keeps the Board informed as appropriate.
Building Principal or designee	As soon as possible, notifies the student's parents/guardians that the student may transfer to another school, provided another school is available.
Parents/guardians	As soon as possible after being informed of the unsafe school choice option, confers with the Building Principal concerning whether to exercise the transfer option.
Building Principal or designee	Executes any requested transfer as soon as possible. When determining the transfer length, considers the student's educational needs as well as other factors affecting the student's ability to succeed if returned to the transferring school.

\*

### **Definitions for "Persistently Dangerous School"**

105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a, amended by P.A. 100-1046 (current as of June 2021)

§10-21.3a(b). In order to be considered a persistently dangerous school, the school must meet all of the following criteria for 2 consecutive years:

- 1. Have greater than 3% of the students enrolled in the school expelled for violence-related conduct.
- 2. Have one or more students expelled for bringing a firearm to school as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921.
- 3. Have at least 3% of students enrolled in the school exercise the individual option to transfer schools pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. [105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a(c), see the second section of this procedure]

### **Definitions for "Crime Victim" and "Violent Crime"**

725 ILCS 120/3, amended by P.A. 100-961 (current as of June 2021)

- § 3. The terms used in this Act shall have the following meanings:
- (a) "Crime victim" or "victim" means (1) any natural person determined by the prosecutor or the court to have suffered direct physical or psychological harm as a result of a violent crime perpetrated or attempted against that person or direct physical or psychological harm as a result of (i) a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local ordinance or (ii) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (2) in the case of a crime victim who is under 18 years of age or an adult victim who is incompetent or incapacitated, both parents, legal guardians, foster parents, or a single adult representative; (3) in the case of an adult deceased victim, 2 representatives who may be the spouse, parent, child or sibling of the victim, or the representative of the victim's estate; and (4) an immediate family member of a victim under clause (1) of this paragraph (a) chosen by the victim. In no event shall the defendant or any person who aided and abetted in the commission of the crime be considered a victim, a crime victim, or a representative of the victim.
- (c) "Violent Crime" means: (1) any felony in which force or threat of force was used against the victim; (2) any offense involving sexual exploitation, sexual conduct, or sexual penetration; (3) a violation of Section 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-23, or 11-23.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (4) domestic battery or stalking; (5) violation of an order of protection,

a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order; (6) any misdemeanor which results in death or great bodily harm to the victim; (7) any violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, if the violation resulted in personal injury or death. "Violent crime" includes any action committed by a juvenile that would be a violent crime if committed by an adult. For the purposes of this paragraph, "personal injury" shall include any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office or medical facility. A Type A injury shall include severely bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured party to be carried from the scene.

ADOPTED: December 14, 2016

AMENDED: July 14, 2021

# Administrative Procedure - Plan for Responding to a Medical Emergency at a Physical Fitness Facility with an AED

The following operations implement School Board policy 4:170, *Safety*, requiring a plan for responding to medical emergencies at a physical fitness facility. These operations shall be completed consistent with the Physical Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Procedures Act, 210 ILCS 74, and the Illinois Department of Public Health Rules, Part 527, "Physical Fitness Medical Emergency Preparedness Code." Any definitions of terms found in this Act and IDPH implementing Rules are used as the definitions of those terms in this Procedure.

Actor	Action	
Superintendent or designee	Appoints a staff member to coordinate the operations in this Procedure who will be known as the "Plan Coordinator."  Plan Coordinator:  Ron Pacheco Principal  Name Position	
	Files this plan with the Dept. of Public Health, Division of EMS & Highway Safety, 500 E. Monroe - 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Springfield, IL 62701. 77 Ill.Admin.Code \$527.400(a). Files an updated plan with the IDPH after a change in the facility that affects the ability to comply with a medical emergency, such as the facility was closed for more than 45 days. Ill.Admin.Code \$527.400(c).	
	Dates plan submitted:  June II 2010	
	Decides, with input from the Plan Coordinator, the schedule for purchasing and maintenance of AED's: 210 ILCS 74/50.  Indoor Facility - Every district must have all applicable facilities equipped with and AED.  Outdoor Facility - A district with 4 or fewer physical fitness facilities must have at least twice such facilities iJ.1 compliance; its third facility by July 1, 2011; and its fourth facility by _July 1, 2012. A district with more than 4 physical fitness facilities must have 50% of those facilities. in compliance; 75% by July 1; 2011; and 100% by July 1, 2012. If the AED becomes inoperable, the district must replace or repair it within 30 days 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.600.  Designates each Building Principal as the individual who must be notified in the event of a medical emergency. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.400 (a).	

	Building	Office Contact
	Anna McDonald School	Ryan McWilliams
	Manhattan Jr. <b>H</b> i <b>gh</b>	<u>::e</u> o:laOn"P,a""'ch e:c,,c""'0
	Wilson Creek School	<u>Barlr."b.'H=@en=</u> <u>-</u>
	Follows the requirements of 77 Ill.Adr	min.Code §525.500 upon receiving a
	completed report that an AED was us	ed (4:170-AP6, E2, <i>Automatic</i>
	External Defibrillator Incident Report	<del>}</del>
Plan Coordinator	Responsibilities Concerning Emerge	ency Responders
	•	all staff members who, through their
		te emergency responders for specific
	facilities. If possible, train all emerger	
	Building	Emergency Response Providers
	Amia McDonald School	Maria Rayson
	Manhattan Junior High	Kristine Ramirez
	Wilson Creek School	Cathy Zielezinski
	Responsibilities Concerning AED U	
·	•	of trained AED users and anticipated
	** *	acility equipped with an AED. Each
		st one trained AED user on staff during
	T	5, amended by P.A. 96-748) and talce
	`	aticipated rescuers or users are trained
	pursuant to 410 ILCS 4/15 and 77 Ill.	
	1 -	al, identifies trained AED :users and
		members and anticipated rescuers or
	1,1.Sers become trained.	memoers and anticipated rescuers of
	Building	Trained AED Users
	Anna McDonald School	Principals. Teachers/Sponsors
	Manhattm1 Junior High	Coaches.Nurses
	Wilson Creek Scho gl	Coaches.ivurses
	Responsibilities Concerning AED R	agistration
	•	cy medical services systems. 77
	Ill.Admin.Code §527. 500	cy medical services systems. //
	· —	an and an analysis and an
	Notifies an agent of the local emerger	· ·
	÷	ation, and type of the AED 410 ILCS
	4/20(b); 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.500.	
	±	ation requested by the local emergency
	=	so they can complete the Data Collection
	-	se of the AED (71 III.Admin.Code §
	515.350). 77 Ill.Admin.Code § 525.50	
	_	cion of AED and Other First Aid
	Equipment	
	<b>Indoor Facility</b> - decides, with inp	
	designee, where to_place the AED	and other first aid equipment so that
į		

their location will be conspicuous, easily accessible, and convenient; the AED must be mobile and. accessible at all times. 77 Ill.Admin.Code \$527.600.

**Outdoor Facility** - Ensures: that the AED is placed within 300 feet of the outdoor facility n an open building with Illlimpeded access that has marked directions to the location of the AED at its entrance. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.600(c).

Facility First Aid & AED Location

Anna McDonald SchoolGym HallwayManhattan Jr. HighGym HallwayWilson Creek SchoolGym Hallway

Keeps **a** copy of the AED's manual with the AED. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.700(b).

### Responsibilities Concerning Notification · and Posting

Along with the Building Principal, notifies all staff members of the location of any AEDs as well as the instructions for responding to medical emergencies. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.SOO(b).

### **Responsibilities Concerning Training**

Coordinates, with input from the Building Principal, the training of: (1) all staff members who regularly supervise students in physical fitness facilities in the use *of* CPR and, if appropriate, AEDs·, and (2) any non-employee coaches, instructors or other similarly situated antid pated rescuers or users. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.800 and 210 I'.LCS 74/15(b-5) and (b-10).

# Responsibilities Concerning Instruction for Responding to Medical Emergencies

Along with the Building Principal, notifies all facility staff of the location of any AEDs and the *Step-by-Step Emergency Response -Plan* described below. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.SOO(b).

Coordinates, along with the Building Principal, the posting of the *Step-by-Step Emergency Response Plan* described below. 77 Ill.Ad.min.Code \$527.8O0(b).

### Responsibilities Concerning Maintenance arid Testing of AEDs

Ensures that:, all AEDs are maintained and tested according to manufacturer' guidelines. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.700(a).

Keeps a copy of the maintenance and testing manual at the facility and keeps a copy of the manual with each AED.77111. Admin. Code §527.700(b).

### **Building Principal**

In a conspicuous place in the physical fitness facility; posts: (1) the list of all staff members who are emergency responders, and (2) the *Step-by-Step Emergency Response' Plan* described below. 77 Ill.Ad.min.Code §527.400(a).

Posts a notice at the facility's main entrance stating that an'AED is located OI]. the premises.

Receives notice in the event of a medical emergency. 77 Ill.Admin.Code

	<u>8527.400{a)</u> .
School Nurses	Along with the Plan Coordinator, help staff members understand the instructions for responding to medical emergencies.  These instructions must provide that the AED is to be operated only by trained AED users, unless the circumstances do not allow time to be spent waiting for a trained AED user to arrive. 77 Ill.Admin.Code  §527.800(c).
Trained AED Users and/or Other Emergency Responders	According to their training, use appropriate emergency responses upon the occurrence of any sudden, serious, and unexpected siclmess or injury that would lead a reasonable person, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, to believe that the sick or injured person required urge;nt or unscheduled medical care. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.400(a).  According to ili;eir training, use the AED to help restore a normal heart rhythm when a person's heart is not beating properly. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.400(a).  Calls 9-1-1 for medical emergencies and whenever an AED is used. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.400(b).  Informs the Building Principal whenever the AED or other emergency response is used. 77 Ill.Admin.Code §527.400(b).  Whenever an AED is used, cooperates and provides any information requested by the local emergency communications or vehicle dispatch; so they can complete a Data Collections and Submission report about the use of the AED (77 ID.Ad.min.Code § 515.350). 77111.Admin.Code § 525.500.
All Facility Staff Members an:d Users	<ol> <li>Follow the Step-by-Step Emergency Response Plan described below:         <ol> <li>Immediately notify the building's emergency responder(s) whose contact information is posted in the facility. Under life and death circumstances call 9-1-1 without delay.</li> <li>Bring the first aid equipment and AED the emergency see tie. The AED should be operated only by trained AED users for the intended purpose of the AED, m:less the circumstances do not allow for time for a tramed AED user to arrive.</li> <li>Immediately inform the Building Principal or designee of the emergency.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The emergency responder will take charge of the emergency. This person will ap,ply first aid, CPR, and/or the AED, as appropriate.</li> <li>If necessary, the emergency responder instructs someone to call 9-1-1, providing the location in the building and which entrance to use. This person is ould make sure someone is sent to open the door for panunedics and guide their to the scene.</li> <li>When paramedics arrive and assume care of the victim, the emergency responder or oth r staff person in otifies the victimIs parent/guard.fan or relative.</li> <li>If AED was used, the person using it cooperates and provides any</li> </ol>

information requested by the local emergency communications or
vehicle dispatch, so they can complete the Date Collection and
Submission report - about the use of the AED. If appropriate, a
supervising staff member completes an accident report.
8. If an adult refuses treatment, the emergency responder documents the.
refusal and, if possible, asks the adult to sign a statement stating that he
or she refused treatment.

4:170-AP6 April 2012

Exhibit - School Staff AED Notification Letter
On District letterhead
Date:
To: Staff members
Re: Notification to ,School Staff of the Physical Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Response Instruction and AED Availability
We would like to notify you about Oltr plan for responding to medical emergencies that might occur in our physical fitness facilities; The plan includes access to an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) in the following locations in these facilities:
Facility Location
Wilson Creek Elementary Anna McDonald Elementary  Manhattan Jr. High
The AEDs are strategically placed and readily accessible to predetermined AED users to maximize rapid use. The AED is available during school hours and after school during any activity or program

The following information is posted with each AED:

- 1. Instructions to immediately call 9-1-1 and instructions for emergency care.
- 2. Instructions for using an AED.

Please contact me if you would like information on becoming a trained AED user. If you anticipate that your duties make you more likely to use an AED, you should become trained and certified. It is important to note that the Physical Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Preparedness Act and the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act protect staff members from liability. We appreciate your support.

Sincerely,

### Superintendent

Step-by-Step Emergency Response Plan (bottom of page 4 of 4:170-AP6, Plan for Attachments: Responding to a Medical Emergency at a Physical Fitness Facility with an AED)

#### Exhibit - Notification to Staff and Parents/Guardians of CPR and AED Video

On District letterhead, website, in student handbook, newsletters, bulletins, and/or calendars

Date:

To: Parents/Guardians and Staff

Re: CPR and AED Video

State law requires the Illinois High School Association to post a hands-only cardiopulmonary resuscitation and automated external defibrillators training video on its website. The law also requires the District to notify staff members and parents/guardians about the video. You are encouraged to view the video, which will take less than 15 minutes of your time, at:

www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/CPRTraining.aspx.

## Administrative Procedure - Movable Soccer Goal Safety

Actor	Action	
Superintendent	Requires all Building Principals to:	
	Identify any movable soccer goal that the District owns or controls and is on school grounds; and	
	2. Ensure that supervisors comply with the Movable Soccer Goal Safety Act a/k/a <i>Zach's Law</i> . 430 ILCS 145/.	
Building Principal	Reviews the Ill. Dept. of Public Health's assistance materials found at www.idph.state.il.us/soccer_goal_safety/index.htm.	
	Identifies any movable soccer goals on school grounds, or that the school owns or controls.  Implements the Movable Soccer Goal Safety Act (430 ILCS 145/) by, among other things, instructing staff members to properly secure or	
	anchor a movable soccer goal when installing, setting up, maintaining, or moving one.	

#### Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications

#### Persons Prohibited on School Property without Prior Permission

State law prohibits a child sex offender from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present, unless the offender meets either of the following two exceptions:

- 1. The offender is a parent/guardian of a student attending the school and has notified the Building Principal of his or her presence at the school for the purpose of: (i) attending a conference with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion; or
- 2. The offender received permission to be present from the School Board, Superintendent, or Superintendent's designee. If permission is granted, the Superintendent or Board President shall provide the details of the offender's upcoming visit to the Building Principal.

In all cases, the Superintendent or designee shall supervise a child sex offender whenever the offender is in a child's vicinity. If a student is a sex offender, the Superintendent or designee shall develop guidelines for managing his or her presence in school.

#### Screening

The Superintendent or designee shall perform fingerprint-based criminal history records information checks and/or screenings required by State law or Board policy for employees; student teachers; students doing field or clinical experience other than student teaching; contractors' employees who have direct, daily contact with one or more children; and resource persons and volunteers. He or she shall take appropriate action based on the result of any criminal background check and/or screen.

#### Notification to Parents/Guardians

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for the distribution and use of information from law enforcement officials under the Sex Offender Community Notification Law and the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Community Notification Law. The Superintendent or designee shall serve as the District contact person for purposes of these laws. The Superintendent and Building Principal shall manage a process for schools to notify the parents/guardians during school registration that information about sex offenders is available to the public as provided in the Sex Offender Community Notification Law. This notification must occur during school registration and at other times as the Superintendent or Building Principal determines advisable.

LEGAL REF.: 20 ILCS 2635/, Uniform Conviction Information Act.

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3.

730 ILCS 152/, Sex Offender Community Notification Law.

730 ILCS 154/75-105, Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Community

Notification Law.

CROSS REF.: 5:30 (Hiring Process and Criteria), 5:260 (Student Teachers), 6:250 (Community

Resource Persons and Volunteers), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School

Property), 8:100 (Relations with Other Organizations and Agencies)

ADOPTED: October 8, 2014

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021

### Administrative Procedure - Criminal Offender Notification Laws; Screening

Laws Protecting Students on School Grounds

The following list describes laws protecting students on school grounds from individuals convicted of serious crimes:

- 1. A child sex offender is prohibited from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present unless specifically permitted by statute. 720 ILCS 5/11-9.3. See School Board policies 4:175, Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications; 8:30, Visitors to and Conduct on School Property; and administrative procedure 8:30-AP, Definition of Child Sex Offender.
- 2. Law enforcement must notify schools of offenders who reside or are employed in the county. See: (a) Sex Offender Community Notification Law, 730 ILCS 152/, and (b) Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Community Notification Law, 730 ILCS 154/75-154/105. These laws are hereafter referred to as "offender notification laws." See also policy 4:175, Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications.
  - The School Code (105 ILCS 5/10-21.9, 5/21B-5 and 5/21B-80) lists criminal offenses that disqualify an individual from District employment if the individual was convicted. 105 ILCS 5/20-21.9 requires any person hired by the District to submit to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check through (a) the Ill. Dept. of State Police (ISP) for an individual's *Criminal History Records Information* (CHRI), and (b) the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) national crime information databases. The law also requires a school district to initially check two publicly-available Illinois offender databases for each applicant being considered for hire and, if hired, repeatedly at least once every five years that an individual remains employed by the District, which are (a) the Statewide Sex Offender Registry, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/sor/">www.isp.state.il.us/sor/</a>, and (b) the Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/">www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/</a>. Obtaining the results of the fingerprint-based criminal history records check and review of the database registries is a *complete criminal history records check* as required by the School Code. See policy 5:30, <a href="https://hiring.process.nd.criteria">Hiring Process and Criteria</a>; administrative procedure 5:30-AP2, <a href="https://hirostopathysical.criminal.phistory.procedure-5:30-AP2">hiring Process and Criteria</a>; administrative procedure 5:30-AP2, <a href="https://hirostopathysical.criminal.phistory
- 3. **Note**: A District may also check the National Sex Offender Public Website, <a href="www.nsopw.gov/">www.nsopw.gov/</a>; however, the same information will likely appear in the information furnished by the FBI.
- 4. The provisions in the School Code described above also apply to employees of persons or firms holding contracts with a school district who have direct, daily contact with students. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(f). See administrative procedures 4:60-AP3, *Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees*; 5:30-AP2, *Investigations*.
- 5. Being charged with attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, soliciting, or committing any offense listed in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80(b-5) results in the automatic suspension or revocation of the individual's license until the individual's criminal charges are adjudicated through a court of competent jurisdiction. If the individual is acquitted, his or her license or application shall be immediately reinstated.
- 6. Conviction of an offense listed in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80(c) results in the automatic suspension or revocation of the individual's license. Conviction of an offense listed in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80(b),

- depending upon whether the individual's sentence has been satisfactorily completed and seven years have passed since that date, may result in automatic suspension or revocation of the individual's license.
- 7. The offender notification laws require law enforcement to ascertain whether a juvenile sex offender or violent offender against youth is enrolled in a school and, if so, to provide a copy of the registration form to the Building Principal and any guidance counselor designated by him or her. This registration form must be kept separately from any and all school records maintained on behalf of the juvenile sex offender. See Board policy 4:175, Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications.

### Receipt of Information from Law Enforcement

Offender Notification Laws: The Superintendent or designee shall notify the local law enforcement official or county sheriff that he or she is the District's official contact person for purposes of the offender notification laws. The Superintendent and/or Building Principal may at any time request information from law enforcement officials regarding sex offenders or violent offenders against youth.

The Superintendent will provide Building Principals and other supervisors with a copy of all lists received from law enforcement officials containing the names and addresses of sex offenders and violent offenders against youth.

The Building Principal or designee shall provide the lists to staff members in his or her building on a need-to-know basis, but in any event:

- A teacher will be told if one of his or her students, or a student's parent/guardian, is on a list.
- The school counselor, nurse, social worker, or other school service personnel will be told if a student or the parent/guardian of a student for whom he or she provides services is on a list.

No person receiving a list shall provide it to any other person, except as provided in these procedures, State law, or as authorized by the Superintendent. Requests for information should be referred to the local law enforcement officials or State Police.

**Juvenile Delinquency Adjudication Notifications**: The Superintendent or designee shall contact the Juvenile Division of the County State's Attorney Office(s) having jurisdiction over the District's school(s) to discuss how the State's Attorney shall inform the Superintendent or designee of any students adjudicated as delinquent minors for offenses that would be felonies and/or certain weapons offenses under the Criminal Code of 2012. 705 ILCS 405/5-901(8). The Superintendent and/or designee(s) shall ensure the dissemination of such information is limited to the Building Principal and any guidance counselor designated by the Building Principal. Id.

### Informing Staff Members and Parents/Guardians About the Law

Building Principals or their designees shall inform parents/guardians about the availability of information concerning sex offenders during school registration and, if feasible, during parent-teacher conferences. Information should be distributed about the Statewide Sex Offender Registry, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/sor/">www.isp.state.il.us/sor/</a>, and the Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/">www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/</a>. Information may also be included in the Student Handbook. See the Sex Offender Community Notification Law, 730 ILCS 152/, and exhibit 4:175-AP1, E1, <a href="Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws">Information Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws</a>.

Requests for additional information shall be referred to local law enforcement officials.

Screening Individuals Who Are Likely to Have Contact with Students at School or School Events

The law is silent with regard to *screening* volunteers and individuals in the proximity of a school. *Screening* is not the same as the School Code's requirement to perform a *fingerprint-based criminal history records check* through (a) the ISP for an individual's *Criminal History Records Information* (CHRI), and (b) the FBI's national crime information databases. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9. Screening involves checking an individual's name and address against the: (1) Ill. Sex Offender Registry,

www.isp.state.il.us/sor/, and (2) the Violent Offender Against Youth Registry maintained by the State Police, www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(a-5), (a-6).

There are five categories listed below of individuals with the potential to have contact with students at school or at school events.

- 1. For employees and student teachers, the Superintendent or Building Principal(s) perform the following tasks:
  - a. Complete the required forms to request the *fingerprint-based criminal history records check*; see 5:30-AP2, *Investigations*. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(a).
  - b. *Screen* the individual's name and address against the: (1) Ill. Sex Offender Registry, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/sor/">www.isp.state.il.us/sor/</a>, and (2) the Violent Offender Against Youth Registry maintained by the State Police, <a href="www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/">www.isp.state.il.us/cmvo/</a>. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9(a-5), (a-6). This screening must be done for applicants being considered for hire and, if hired, repeatedly at least once every five years that an individual remains employed by the District.
  - c. Review the lists of sex offenders and violent offenders against youth as the lists are received from law enforcement. If a match is found, the Superintendent immediately contacts the local police officials to confirm or disprove the match. The Superintendent immediately notifies the Board if a match is confirmed. The Board President will contact the Board Attorney and the Board will take the appropriate action to comply with State law that may include terminating the individual's employment.
  - d. May request the individual to authorize a clearance of his or her name through the Ill. Dept. Of Children and Family Services (DCFS) CANTS system. This check documents that the person does not have an indicated report or record on DCFS' registry of child abuse and/or neglect. 325 ILCS 5/11.1(a)(11) and (c). Clearances must be requested using the DCFS form at <a href="https://www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=48125">www.dhs.state.il.us/page.aspx?item=48125</a>.
    - If an indicated report by DCFS or by a child welfare agency of another jurisdiction is found, the Board must consider the individual's status as a condition of employment. Contact the Board Attorney for guidance.
  - e. Notify the State Superintendent of Education in writing within 10 business days when a fingerprint-based criminal history records check returns a *pending* criminal charge against a license holder for an offense set forth in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80.
  - f. Notify the State Superintendent of Education in writing within 15 business days when a fingerprint-based criminal history records check returns a *conviction* of a crime set forth in 105 ILCS 5/21B-80 or when publicly-available Illinois offender databases checks find a registration.
- 2. For students doing field or clinical experience other than student teaching, the Superintendent or Building Principal(s):
  - a. May require the same fingerprint-based criminal history records check required of student teachers. The cost of this check will be reimbursed by the student seeking the experience.
  - b. Performs the responsibilities listed in 1. b. & c., above.
- 3. For volunteers, see 6:250-AP, *Securing and Screening Resource Persons and Volunteers*. The Superintendent or Building Principal(s):
  - a. May require the same fingerprint-based criminal history records check required of student teachers.
  - b. Performs the responsibilities listed in 1. b. & c., above.

- 4. For contractors' employees, see 4:60-AP3, Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees; 5:30-AP2, Investigations.
- 5. For individuals in the proximity of a school or bus stop, the Building Principal(s) review(s) the lists of sex offenders and violent offenders against youth as they are received from law enforcement. The Building Principal or designee shall: (a) notify staff members according to the section of this procedure on **Receipt of the Information from Law Enforcement**, and (b) attempt to alter school bus stops and the route students travel to and from school in order to avoid contact with an individual on such a list.
- 6. CROSS REF.: 4:175 (Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications), 5:30 (Hiring Process and Criteria), 6:250 (Community Resource Persons and Volunteers), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property)
- ADMIN. PROC.: 4:60-AP3 (Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees), 4:175-AP1, E1 (Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws), 5:30-AP2 (Investigations), 6:250-AP (Securing and Screening Resource Persons and Volunteers), 6:250-E (Resource Person and Volunteer Information Form and Waiver of Liability), 8:30-AP (Definition of Child Sex Offender), 8:30-E1 (Letter to Parent Regarding Visits to School by Child Sex Offenders), 8:30-E2 (Child Sex Offender's Request for Permission to Visit School Property)

CROSS REF.: 4:175 (Convicted Child Sex Offender; Screening; Notifications), 5:30 (Hiring Process and Criteria), 6:250 (Community Resource Persons and Volunteers), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:60-AP3 (Criminal History Records Check of Contractor Employees), 4:175-AP1, E1 (Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws), 5:30-AP2 (Investigations), 6:250-AP (Securing and Screening Resource Persons and Volunteers), 6:250-E (Resource Person and Volunteer Information Form and Waiver of Liability), 8:30-AP (Definition of Child Sex Offender), 8:30-E1 (Letter to Parent Regarding Visits to School by Child Sex Offenders), 8:30-E2 (Child Sex Offender's Request for Permission to Visit School Property)

ADOPTED: July 8, 2015

AMENDED: January 11, 2017, January 8, 2020, January 13, 2021, February 9, 2022

### Exhibit - Informing Parents/Guardians About Offender Community Notification Laws

On District letterhead, website, and/or in student handbook

Date:

To: Parent(s)/Guardian(s)

Re: Offender Community Notification Laws

State law requires schools to notify parents/guardians during school registration or parent-teacher conferences that information about sex offenders and violent offenders against youth is available to the public on the Ill. Dept. of State Police (ISP) website. The ISP website contains the following:

Illinois Sex Offender Registry, www. isp.state. i1.us/sor/

Illinois Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry, <a href="www.is-p.state.il.us/cmvo/">www.is-p.state.il.us/cmvo/</a>

Frequently Asked Questions Concerning Sex Offenders, www.isp.state.il.us/sor/fag.cfm

AMENDED: February/March 2019

#### **Pandemic Preparedness**

The School Board recognizes that the District will play an essential role along with the local health department and emergency management agencies in protecting the public's health and safety if an influenza pandemic occurs. A pandemic influenza is a worldwide outbreak of a virus for which there is little or no natural immunity and no vaccine; it spreads quickly to people who have not been previously exposed to the new virus.

To prepare the School District community for a pandemic, the Superintendent or designee shall: (1) learn and understand the rolls that the federal, State, and local government would play in an epidemic; (2) form a pandemic planning team consisting of appropriate District personnel and community members to identify priorities and oversee the development and implementation of a comprehensive pandemic influenza school action plan: and (3) build awareness of the final plan among staff, students, and community.

### **Emergency School Closing**

In the case of a pandemic, any decision for an emergency school closing will be made by the Superintendent in consultation with and, if necessary, at the direction of the District's local health department, emergency management agencies, and Regional Office of Education.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-16.7 and 5/10-20.5

Ill. Dept. of Public Health Act (Part 1), 20 ILCS 2305/2(b). Ill. Emergency Management Agency Act, 20 ILCS 3305. Ill. Educational Labor Relations Act, 115

ILCS 5/.

CROSS REF.: 1:20 (District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements), 2:20

(Powers and Duties of the School Board; Indemnification), 4:170 (Safety), 7:90 (Release During School Hours), 8:100 (Relations with Other Organizations and

Agencies)

ADOPTED: February 8, 2011

AMENDED: June 14, 2017

#### Administrative Procedure - School Action Steps for Pandemic Influenza or Other Virus/Disease

Building a strong relationship with the local health department and emergency medical agencies is critical for developing a meaningful school action plan to address pandemic influenza (flu) or other virus/disease. The key planning activities in this checklist should build upon the School District's existing contingency plans.

The following is a list of important step-by-step actions school officials should take before a pandemic flu or other virus/disease outbreak. This list needs to be repeated when an outbreak has several cycles or waves.

Prior to Outbreak/Preparedness and Planning Phase

Actor	Action	
Superintendent or	Identify Pandemic Planning Team to operate as a Superintendent	
designee	Committee that includes one or two School Board members,	
	administrators, and staff members.	
Superintendent and	Identify, modify, and monitor relevant policies that a pandemic may	
School Board	possibly affect, including but not limited to:	
	1:20, District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative	
	Agreements	
	2:20, Powers and Duties of the School Board; Indemnification	
	2:70, Vacancies on the School Board - Filling Vacancies	
	2:200, Types of School Board Meetings	
	2:220, School Board Meeting Procedure	
	3:70, Succession of Authority	
	4:130, Free and Reduced-Price Food Services	
	4:180, Pandemic Preparedness; Management; and Recovery	
	5:35, Compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act	
	5:40, Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease	
	5:180, Temporary Illness or Incapacity	
	5:185, Family and Medical Leave	
	5:200, Terms and Conditions of Employment and Dismissal	
	5:270, Employment At-will, Compensation, and Assignment	
	5:300, Schedules and Employment Year	
	5:330, Sick Days, Vacation, Holidays and Leaves	
	6:20, School Year Calendar and Day	
	6:60, Curriculum Content	
	6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities	
	6:150, Home and Hospital Instruction	
	7:70, Attendance and Truancy	
	7:280, Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease	
	8:100, Relations with Other Organizations and Agencies	
Superintendent or	Begin review and use of the following publications:	
designee and Pandemic		
Planning Team	School District (K-12) Pandemic Influenza Planning Checklist at:	

Actor	Action
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic flu/school guide/sppg checklist.pdf.
	For COVID-19:
	Interim Guidance for Administrators of US K-12 Schools and
	Child Care Programs at:
	www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-
	childcare/guidance-for-schools.html.
	Pandemic COVID-19 Checklist: K-12 School Administrators at:
	www.dph.illinois.gov/sites/default/files/COVID-
	19%20Schools%20Checklist%20030420.pdf.
	IDPH's How should schools prepare for, and respond to, COVID-19? School Decision Tree at:
	www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-
	childcare/guidance-for-schools.html#schools-prepare.
	Review and ensure a succession of authority plan exists in case Board
	members, administrators, and/or others are unable to fulfill duties during
	the pandemic. Succession plans for Board members unable to fulfill
	duties during the pandemic may create a vacancy on the Board. Discuss
	the issues of succession plans for elected officials with the Board
	Attorney. See Board policies 2:70, Vacancies on the School Board - Filling
	Vacancies, and 3:70, Succession of Authority.
	Work with local health and emergency preparedness officials. They may
	want to use the schools to disseminate information to families about a
	crisis.
	Train employees about FLSA, overtime, and recordkeeping requirements necessary to work during a pandemic while the District is closed.
	Open communications with employee unions regarding "wages, hours
	and terms and conditions of employment" during a pandemic.
	Address policies for employee absenteeism, identifying critical job
	functions, plans for alternate coverage, and return-to-work policies as
	well as disease symptom recognition.
	Ensure resources for nurses and staff to receive training and personal
	protective equipment to identify flu or other pandemic disease symptoms.
	For flu reporting, see 4:180-AP2, Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and
	Reporting. Remember that a person who is infected does not show
	symptoms right away, but children becoming ill may show different
	behavior than usual, such as eating less or being irritable. Knowing the
	differences between seasonal and pandemic flu is also critical to
	pandemic preparedness. A fact sheet is available at:
	www.cdc.gov/flu/pandemic-resources/basics/about.htmlhttp://http://.
	Train staff to protect themselves from occupational exposure to flu or
	other disease through workplace social distancing based upon the
	Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA), Guidance on
	Preparing Workplaces for an Influenza Pandemic, which may be
	found at: www.osha.gov/Publications/influenza_pandemic.html.
	Ensure that <b>Standard Surveillance</b> disease recognition procedures are in
	place and implemented. See 4:180-AP2, Pandemic Influenza
	Surveillance and Reporting.
	For flu, encourage the use of simple non-medical ways to reduce the

Actor	Action
	spread of flu by cough and sneeze etiquette and cleansing of hands and
	work areas. For COVID-19, see the Interim Guidance for
	Administrators of US K-12 Schools and Child Care Programs, When
	there is no community transmission (preparedness phase) section at:
	www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-
	childcare/guidance-for-schools.html#schools-prepare.
	Decide to what extent the District will encourage or require students and
	staff to stay home when they are mildly ill. Some parents/guardians may
	need to be more cautious in keeping their students out of school.
	Identify students who have a greater risk of infection and are most
	vulnerable to serious illness. Review their health needs and encourage
	those families to talk with their health care providers.
	Assess nutritional assistance needs for students who receive free and
	reduced-price food programs. For more information about providing
	continuity of meal distribution for students eligible for reimbursable
	meals, see Q & A #5 at: www.isbe.net/Documents/usda_qa072309.pdf
	and ISBE's nutrition page specific to managing COVID-19 issues at:
	www.isbe.net/nutrition.
	Through consultation with the Regional Office of Education or
	Intermediate Service Center and local authorities, develop strategies for
	remote learning through collaborative agreements (television or other
	local cable stations, teleconferencing, electronic instructional resources,
	etc.). 105 ILCS 5/10-30, added by P.A. 101-643 and see 6:20-AP,
	Remote and/or Blended Remote Learning Day Plan(s).
	Educate staff, students, and parents/guardians about the differences
	between the various types of flu, other viruses, and/or other diseases, best
	hygienic practices to prevent them, and what could occur in a pandemic.
	See Sample Parent Letter #1, Preparation and Planning at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_ltr_preparation.pdf.
	Also see, <b>Preparing for the Flu</b> at:
	www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/schools/toolkit/pdf/schoolflutoolkit.pdf and
	www.dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-
	conditions/influenza#publications-publications-influenza.
	Review Sections IV and V of School Guidance During an Influenza
	Pandemic at: www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/schoolguide.htm.

## Outbreak of Flu or Other Virus/Disease

Actor	Action
Superintendent or	Depending upon the type of virus/disease:
designee	For COVID-19, review the <i>Interim Guidance for Administrators of US K-</i>
	12 Schools and Child Care Programs at:
	www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-
	childcare/guidance-for-schools.html.
	For flu, consider issuing Sample Parent Letter # 2, First Bird Case at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_ltr_bird.pdf.
	Begin <b>Heightened Surveillance</b> responses. See 4:180-AP2,
	Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting.
	Issue Sample Parent/Guardian Letter #3, Illinois/Regional
	Cases, informing parents/guardians that some students are sick
	but schools remain open, include tip sheets and information

	11
	resource list. A sample is at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic flu/school guide/sppg il cases.p
	df.
Pandemic Planning	When a confirmed case has entered a school, regardless of community
Team	transmission, work with local health department regarding a press release
	announcing that schools will remain open, if applicable, and advising
	parents/guardians of their need to prepare.
	A sample, titled <b>Schools Open</b> , is at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic flu/school guide/sppg media open.pdf.
	<b>Note:</b> If this sample is used for COVID-19, amend it with those specifics.
Building Principal	Post flu or other virus/disease prevention signs on campuses. See Section
	V of School Guidance During an Influenza Pandemic at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/schoolguide.htm.
	For COVID-19, see <b>Promoting Behaviors that Reduce Spread</b> subhead
	in the CDC's Considerations for Schools at:
	www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/schools-
	childcare/schools.html, including a handwashing etiquette example at:
	www.cdc.gov/handwashing/when-how-handwashing.html.

## Expansion of the Outbreak

Actor	Action
Local Health	Issue epidemic statement to general public.
Department	
Superintendent or	For flu, begin <b>Intensive Surveillance</b> responses. See 4:180-AP2,
designee	Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting.

## Continued Expansion of the Outbreak

Actor	Action
Local Health	Evaluate the need for school closure with local school officials.
Department	
Superintendent or	In consultation with local health department, emergency management
designee	agencies, and Regional Office of Education, close school(s).
	Issue press release. A sample, titled <b>Schools Closed</b> , is at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_media_closed.pdf.
	<b>Note:</b> If this sample is used for COVID-19, amend it with those specifics.
	Issue Sample Parent Letter #4, School Closure. A sample is at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_closures.pdf.
	<b>Note:</b> If this sample is used for COVID-19, amend it with those specifics.
School Board and/or	Cancel any non-academic events.
Superintendent	

## Following the Outbreak

Actor	Action
Local Health	Evaluate the advisability of opening school(s) with school officials.
Department	
Superintendent or	Issue press release that schools are open.
designee	Issue Sample Parent Letter #5, Schools Reopen. A sample is at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_reopening.pdf.
	<b>Note:</b> If this sample is used for COVID-19, amend it with those specifics.
Pandemic Planning	Continue communicating with local health department.
Team	

Superintendent or	For flu, return to <b>Heightened Surveillance</b> response. See 4:180-AP2,
designee	Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting.
	Begin checklist again if an outbreak recurs.

Local Health Department:	Regional Office of Education:
Name	Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
<b>Emergency Management Agencies:</b>	
Name	Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone

### **Important Resources**

The ISBE and IDPH released a publication titled **School Guidance During an Influenza Pandemic**, December 2006 at:

www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic\_flu/schoolguide.htm.

The resource is meant to guide and supplement, not replace school districts' existing plans. Further information on pandemic flu can be found by calling 1-800-CDC-INFO or at the following websites:

www.pandemicflu.gov

www.cdc.gov/flu

www.redcross.org

www.cchealth.org

Further information on COVID-19 is subject to continual change. Follow the Dep. of Health and Human Services/CDC and IDPH websites or call 1-800-CDC-INFO.

AMENDED: June14, 2017

### Administrative Procedure - Pandemic Influenza Surveillance and Reporting

During all levels of a pandemic flu outbreak, monitoring and documenting the number of students and faculty who are absent and report having influenza is critical. Keeping track of these numbers helps health officials determine whether: (1) the outbreak is increasing in scope, (2) to declare an epidemic and (3) to close school buildings and facilities. Consult the local public health department for an illness' *expected range*.

The following information assists officials with monitoring illness rates and the potential for an epidemic:

- Basic surveillance level definitions and response actions with instructions as outlined below.
- Website links to reporting form(s) to submit to the local public health department.
- Sample attendance log to document flu-related absences.

Surveillance Levels	Response Actions
Standard Surveillance -	Monitor attendance for increased reports of absence due to flu-
Reported illnesses are within	like illness.
expected range.	Do not report absences to the local health department.
Heightened Surveillance -	Monitor weekly attendance for flu-like illness/absences on
Reported illnesses exceed	Weekly Influenza Census at:
expected range.	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_weekly_
	census.pdf.
	Begin morning <i>flu check</i> first hour of school; screen those who
	report positive for symptoms.
	Log absences due to flu-like illness on Daily Pandemic
	Influenza Census Log, a sample is available at:
	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_daily_ce
	nsus.pdf.
	Send weekly absence report to local health department upon
	request.
Intensive Surveillance -	Monitor daily attendance and log absences on Daily Influenza
Reported illnesses significantly	Census or Daily Pandemic Influenza Log at:
exceed expected range.	www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic_flu/school_guide/sppg_daily_ce
	nsus.pdf.
	Continue morning flu check.
	Send daily absence report to local health department upon
	request.
	Begin preparation for potential school closure.

#### Important Resources

School Guidance During an Influenza Pandemic, Section III. Surveillance at: <a href="https://www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic\_flu/schoolguide.htm">www.idph.state.il.us/pandemic\_flu/schoolguide.htm</a>.

AMENDED: June 14, 2017

### **Targeted School Violence Prevention Program**

Threats and acts of targeted school violence harm the District's environment and school community, diminishing students' ability to learn and a school's ability to educate. Providing students and staff with access to a safe and secure District environment is an important Board goal. While it is not possible for the District to completely eliminate threats in its environment, a Targeted School Violence Prevention Program (Program) using the collective efforts of local school officials, staff, students, families, and the community helps the District reduce these risks to its environment.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement the Program. The Program oversees the maintenance of a District environment that is conducive to learning and working by identifying, assessing, classifying, responding to, and managing threats and acts of targeted school violence. The Program shall be part of the District's Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, required by Board policy 4:170, *Safety*, and shall:

- 1. Establish a District-level School Violence Prevention Team to: (a) develop a District-level Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan, and (b) oversee the District's Building-level Threat Assessment Team(s).
- 2. Establish Building-level Threat Assessment Team(s) to assess and intervene with individuals whose behavior may pose a threat to safety. This team may serve one or more schools.
- 3. Comply with State and federal law and align with Board policies.

The Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act protects the District from liability. The Program does not: (1) replace the care of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed medical practitioner or professional trained in violence prevention, assessments and counseling services, (2) extend beyond available resources within the District, (3) extend beyond the school day and/or school-sponsored events, or (4) guarantee or ensure the safety of students, District staff, or visitors.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-21.7, 5/10-27.1A, 5/10-27.1B, 5/24-24, and 5/27-23.7.

105 ILCS 128/, School Safety Drill Act.

745 ILCS 10/, Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act.

29 Ill.Admin.Code Part 1500.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 4:170 (Safety), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting),

5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:230 (Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:270 (Guidance and Counseling Program), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:250 (Student Support Services), 7:290 (Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention), 7:340 (Student Records), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property), 8:100 (Relations with Other Organizations and

Agencies)

ADOPTED: January 8, 2020

AMENDED: January 13, 2021, January 11, 2023

#### Administrative Procedure - Targeted School Violence Prevention Program

Use this procedure to establish a Targeted School Violence Prevention Program (Program). It defines terms important to the Program, outlines actions for specific staff members to execute, and is adapted from the premier best practice model as of this publication: *Threat Assessment in Virginia Public Schools: Model Policies, Procedures, and Guidelines*, Second Edition (2016), Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety, Virginia Dept. of Criminal Justice Services, at: <a href="https://www.dcjs.virginia.gov/sites/dcjs.virginia.gov/files/publications/law-enforcement/threat-assessment-model-policies-procedures-and-guidelinespdf.pdf">https://www.dcjs.virginia.gov/sites/dcjs.virginia.gov/files/publications/law-enforcement/threat-assessment-model-policies-procedures-and-guidelinespdf.pdf</a>.

This administrative procedure contains three sections as follows:

- 1. Glossary of Terms
- 2. Establishment and Function of Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan
- 3. Preparedness for a Targeted School Violence Crisis, Response, and Recovery

#### Glossary of Terms

**Aberrant Behavior** – Behavior that is atypical for the person or situation and causes concern for the safety or well-being of those involved. Aberrant behavior involves actions, statements, communications, or responses that are unusual for the person or situation; actions that could lead to violence toward self or others; or actions that are reasonably perceived as threatening or causing concern for the well-being of the person. These can include (but are not limited to):

- Unusual social distancing or isolation of subjects from peers and family members;
- Sullen or depressed behavior from a usually friendly and positive person;
- Out-of-context outbursts of verbal or physical aggression;
- Increased levels of agitation, frustration, and anger;
- Confrontational, accusatory, or blaming behavior;
- An unusual interest in or fascination with weapons; and/or
- Fixation on violence as a means of addressing a grievance.

**District Environment** – broadly characterized as the District's learning and working environment; it includes the physical environment of school buildings and grounds, all services and programs provided by the District, and the overall school climate.

**School Climate** – a part of the District environment, school climate is the quality and character of school life. School climate is based on patterns of students', parents', and school personnel's experience of school life; it also reflects norms, goals, values, interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning practices, and organizational structures.

**Targeted School Violence** – Includes school shootings and other school-based attacks where a school or a member of the school community was deliberately selected as the target of the attack and was not simply a random target of opportunity.

**Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan (TSVP Plan)** – For purposes of policy 4:190, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*, and this procedure, a District-wide plan that is incorporated into each School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP) in 4:170-AP1, *Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan*. A TSVP Plan is collectively implemented by local school officials, District staff, students, families, and the community with the goal of preventing and identifying threats and targeted school violence. Under a properly implemented TSVP Plan, schools can respond to individuals/situations that raise safety concerns.

**Threat** – A concerning communication or behavior that indicates that an individual poses a danger to the safety of school staff or students through acts of violence or other behavior that could cause harm to self or others. The threat may be expressed/communicated behaviorally, orally, visually, in writing, electronically, or through any other means; it is considered a threat regardless of whether it is observed by or communicated directly to the target of the threat or observed by or communicated to a third party, and regardless of whether the target of the threat is aware of the threat. For more information on types of threats, see the subhead entitled **Assessing and Classifying Threats** in 4:190-AP2, *Threat Assessment Team (TAT)*.

**Threat Assessment** – A fact-based process emphasizing an appraisal of observed (or reasonably observable) behaviors to identify potentially dangerous or violent individuals/situations, to assess them, and to manage/address them.

**Threat Assessment Team (TAT)** – A multidisciplinary Building-level team lead by the Building Principal to perform specific threat assessments. For information about the function of TATs and their procedures, see 4:190-AP2, *Threat Assessment Team (TAT)*.

Establishment and Function of Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan

Following are the strategic procedures to integrate a TSVP Plan into the District's existing policies and procedures.

Actor	Action
Superintendent	Selects School Violence Prevention Team (SVP Team) members from throughout the community to include:
	Building Principals (Building Principals are mandatory for successful implementation of a TSVP Plan).  District Safety Coordinator (see 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part C, District Safety Coordinator and Safety Team; Responsibilities)  Teachers  Law enforcement representatives  Board attorney  District psychologist(s), social worker(s), and/or counselor(s)  Other mental health workers and/or social service agencies  Faith leaders  Community members  Students
	Chairs and convenes SVP Team meetings for the purpose of developing a TSVP Plan.

Actor	Action
	Determines whether to recommend that the Board assess the District's conditions for development and learning (see 7:180-AP1, <i>Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying,</i> for resources and more discussion).
	Informs the Board of the SVP Team's progress, needs, and recommendations by adding information items to the Board's agendas as needed.
	Prior to the start of each school year, files 4:190-AP2, <i>Threat Assessment Team (TAT)</i> , and a list identifying the members of all TATs with: (1) a local law enforcement agency, and (2) the Regional Office of Education or Intermediate Service Center, as applicable. 105 ILCS 128/45(b), amended by P.A. 102-791. Informs the Board that this filing was completed.
SVP Team	Meets when called by the Superintendent for the purpose of: (1) developing a TSVP Plan, and (2) creating, implementing, and monitoring TATs.
	For more information about the function of TATs, see 4:190-AP2, Threat Assessment Team (TAT). See Recommendation #1 from the Recommendations of the Illinois Terrorism Task Force School Safety Working Group, encouraging districts to establish TATs, at
	www.iasb.com/IASB/media/School- Safety/ITTFSchoolSafetyRecommendations.pdf.
	Ensures that the District's TSVP Plan complies with applicable civil rights and other State and federal laws.
	Ensures that all District staff are annually trained and understand the TSVP Plan, the role of the SVP Team, and the role a TAT.
	Ensures that procedures are maintained for effective information sharing between the District and local law enforcement agencies and community services agencies, including defining the threshold for law enforcement intervention.
	Regularly assesses the effectiveness of the TSVP Plan throughout the District, including the establishment of resources for central reporting mechanisms at the District-wide and school-building level.
	Identifies policies and procedures or equivalent topics that possibly affect a TSVP Plan, including but not limited to:
	1:20, District Organization, Operations, and Cooperative Agreements 2:150, Committees
	2:240, Board Policy Development
	3:40, Superintendent 3:60, Administrative Responsibility of the Building Principal
	4:170, Safety 4:190, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program
	5:100, Staff Development Program 5:130, Responsibilities Concerning Internal Information 5:230, Maintaining Student Discipline

Actor	Action
	6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development
	6:120, Education of Children with Disabilities
	6:235, Access to Electronic Networks
	7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited
	7:130, Student Rights and Responsibilities
	7:140, Search and Seizure
	7:150, Agency and Police Interviews
	7:170, Vandalism
	7:180, Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment
	7:190, Student Behavior
	7:200, Suspension Procedures
	7:210, Expulsion Procedures
	7:230, Misconduct by Students with Disabilities
	7:250, Student Support Services
	7:340, Student Records
	8:10, Connection with the Community
	8:95, Parental Involvement
	8:100, Relations with Other Organizations and Agencies
	Recommends, through the Superintendent, proposed policy changes to the Board for consideration. See Board policy 2:240, <i>Board Policy Development</i> .
	Recommends and procures resources for stakeholder training.
Building Principal	Ensures 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part G, School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP), is:  Available throughout schools (do <b>not</b> limit to office);
	Distributed to and discussed with local law enforcement; and Regularly reviewed with building staff.
	Notifies and educates all staff, volunteers, and contractors of their duty to immediately report to the Building Principal or designee any expression of intent to harm another person, concerning communication, or concerning behavior that suggests an individual may intend to commit an act of violence.
	Notifies and educates staff, parent(s)/guardian(s), students, and community members: (1) to report individuals and situations of concern to any school administrators or other authorities, i.e., local law enforcement, and (2) how school officials will address these concerns. Distributes Board policy 4:190, <i>Targeted School Violence Prevention Program</i> ; 4:190-AP2, E6, <i>Targeted School Violence and Threat Assessment Education</i> ; and 7:180-AP1, E2, <i>Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying</i> ; and discusses what TATs are and what they do when they learn of threats and/or school violence.
	Assesses the feasibility of forming an anonymous tip line and organizing its management.
	When a tip or concern is raised, ensures TATs are trained to engage in their work. See 4:190-AP2, <i>Threat Assessment Team (TAT)</i> .

Actor	Action
All District staff, volunteers, and	Read 4:190-AP2, E6, Targeted School Violence and Threat Assessment Education.
contractors	Immediately report to the Building Principal or designee any expression of intent to harm another person, concerning communication, or concerning behavior that suggests an individual may intend to commit an act of targeted violence.
	Upon belief that an individual/situation poses a clear and immediate threat of serious violence that requires containment, notify school security and/or law enforcement in accordance with the SEOCRP. See 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan.
School Board	Monitors 4:190, <i>Targeted School Violence Prevention Program</i> , and considers adopting changes recommended by the SVP Team. See Board policy 2:240, <i>Board Policy Development</i> .
	Ensures that prior to the start of each school year, the Superintendent files 4:190-AP2, <i>Threat Assessment Team (TAT)</i> , and a list identifying the members of all TATs with: (1) a local law enforcement agency, and (2) the Regional Office of Education or Intermediate Service Center. 105 ILCS 128/45(b), amended by P.A. 102-791.
	Provides both the SVP Team and TATs with appropriate resources, which may include providing resources and access for staff professional development opportunities. These opportunities should train staff to properly respond to individuals who provide them with information about a threat or school safety concern.
Superintendent/Building Principal	Ensures the student behavior policies referred to in student handbooks notify students that threatening behavior could subject a student to disciplinary consequences. See Board policies 7:180, <i>Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment</i> , and 7:190, <i>Student Behavior</i> .
	Ensures that staff responds to students who provide them with information about a threatening or concerning individual/situation.

### Preparedness for a Targeted School Violence Crisis, Response, and Recovery

Following is an extension of 4:170-AP1, *Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan*. It outlines additional tasks for the Superintendent, District Safety Coordinator, and Building Principal(s) preparing for a targeted school violence crisis that school officials can incorporate into trainings related to each existing SEOCRP.

Actor	Action
Superintendent, Building	Examine 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, and
Principal, and SVP	recommend any changes to existing procedures to the Superintendent or
Team	District Safety Coordinator.
District Safety	Meets with SVP Team to foster an understanding of what additional
Coordinator	items each 4:170-AP1 Safety Team (see 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive
	Safety and Security Plan, Part C, District Safety Coordinator and Safety
	Team; Responsibilities) might add to its procedures to accomplish a
	response and recovery.
	Adds an agenda item to the 4:170-AP1 Safety Team meetings specific to
	Targeted School Violence; considers inviting the Board Attorney and
	local law enforcement and emergency responders to this meeting.

Actor	Action
Accor	<b>Note</b> : During a crisis, legal counsel will be a crucial part of crisis response and management (but not necessarily public relations and communication) because school officials must make split-second decisions, often with legal consequences to the District. Local law enforcement's familiarity with the identity of the District's legal counsel <i>before</i> a crisis occurs will assist with a faster connection between legal counsel and the school officials involved in the early stages of a Targeted School Violence Crisis and the immediate response to it.
	Considers designating a trained public relations and communication manager to inform parent(s)/guardian(s) and the community during a crisis and to keep pace with social media information.
Superintendent and	For crisis preparedness and response, ensure that:
Building Principal(s)	<ul> <li>4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part G, School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP), reflects each individual building's needs.</li> <li>4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part F, School Safety Drill Plan, supports a TSVP Plan.</li> <li>4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Parts G and H, reflects each building's needs. Also ensure that multiple copies of these plans exist, and direct that appropriate persons have access to the plans, e.g., local law enforcement authorities, etc. One copy in the Building Principal's office is insufficient.</li> </ul>
	For crisis recovery, ensure that 4:170-AP1, <i>Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Parts I, J, and K</i> , reflects District needs and that the Board Attorney is aware of the plans.  Recommend to the District Safety Coordinator any other additional crisis recovery items that the 4:170-AP1 Safety Team deems necessary.

ADOPTED: January 11, 2023

### Administrative Procedure - Threat Assessment Team (TAT)

This procedure implements Threat Assessment Teams (TATs). TAT members are professional educators, mental health professionals, law enforcement professionals, and professionals from other disciplines as necessary who are trained in behavioral threat assessment. See p. 3 of 4:190-AP1, *Targeted School Violence Prevention Program*, for authority encouraging the establishment of TATs.

TATs function at the Building level, taking direction from the District-level School Violence Prevention Team. They address potential or developing threatening behavior exhibited not only by students, but from a broad range of individuals affecting the District environment, including:

- Students: current and former (and potentially prospective)
- Employees: current and former (and potentially prospective)
- Parents/guardians of students
- Persons who are (or have been) in relationships with staff or students
- Contractors, vendors, or other visitors
- Unaffiliated persons

Customize this procedure to each TAT's building-specific needs, and use it in conjunction with 4:190-AP1, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program; 4:190-AP2, E1, Principles of Threat Assessment; 4:190-AP2, E2, Threat Assessment Documentation; 4:190-AP2, E3, Threat Assessment Key Areas and Questions; Examples; 4:190-AP2, E4, Responding to Types of Threats; and 4:190-AP2, E5, Threat Assessment Case Management Strategies. This procedure contains five sections as follows:

- 1. Glossary of Terms
- 2. TAT Formation, Development, and Responsibilities
- 3. Assessing and Classifying Threats
- 4. Responding to and Managing Threats
- 5. Reporting Threats to Outside Agencies

#### Glossary of Terms

**Subject of Concern (Subject)** – an individual who has been identified to pose a threat of violence or serious harm to self/others.

**Target** – an individual who is the intended target of the threat posed by the subject of concern.

**Threat Assessment** – A fact-based process emphasizing an appraisal of observed (or reasonably observable) behaviors to identify potentially dangerous or violent individuals/situations, to assess them, and to manage/address them.

**Threat Assessment Team (TAT)** – A multidisciplinary Building-level team lead by the Building Principal to perform specific threat assessments that, if available to serve, must include the following members: an administrator, a teacher, a school counselor, a school psychologist, a school social worker, and at least one law enforcement official.

**TAT Triage Team** – Consists of at least two members of the TAT designated by the Building Principal to triage reported cases of threatening behavior. Screens cases to determine if sufficient resources exist to address concerns or if review and/or action by the full TAT is appropriate.

### **Types of Threats** –

**Low-Risk Threat**: Subject/situation does not appear to pose a threat of violence or serious harm to self/others, and any exhibited issues/concerns can be resolved easily.

**Moderate-Risk Threat**: Subject/situation does not appear to pose a threat of violence or serious harm to self/others at this time, but exhibits behaviors that indicate a continuing intent and potential for future violence or serious harm to self/others, and/or exhibits other concerning behaviors that require intervention.

**High-Risk Threat**: Subject/situation appears to pose a threat of violence, exhibiting behaviors that indicate both a continuing intent to harm and efforts to acquire the capacity to carry out the plan, and may also exhibit other concerning behaviors that require intervention.

Imminent Threat: Subject/situation appears to pose a clear and immediate threat of serious violence toward self/others that requires containment and action to protect the District's environment and/or identified or identifiable target(s), and may also exhibit other concerning behaviors that require intervention.

#### TAT Formation, Development, and Responsibilities

Following are tasks to integrate TATs into the District's Targeted School Violence Prevention Plan.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Ensures TATs are trained in threat assessment by a threat assessment expert. Free statewide training is available through the Ill. School and Campus Safety Program, at:www2.illinois.gov/ready/plan/Pages/schools-training.aspx.  Prior to the start of each school year, files this procedure and a list identifying the members of all TATs with: (1) a local law enforcement agency, and (2) the Regional Office of Education or Intermediate
	Service Center, as applicable. 105 ILCS 128/45(b), amended by P.A. 102-791. Informs the Board that this filing was completed.
Building Principal	Selects TAT members with expertise in:  School administration, e.g., a principal or other senior administrator from the school(s) covered by the TAT and human resource professionals; Instruction, e.g., a teacher or administrator with recent instructional experience; Counseling, e.g., a school counselor, school psychologist and/or school social worker; Law enforcement, e.g., a school resource officer; Being a staff member in the building; and Other community resource persons (as members or consultants as determined by the TAT).  Designates a TAT triage team. See 4:190-AP2, E2, <i>Threat Assessment Documentation</i> .  When a tip or concern is raised, activates the TAT and uses this procedure.

Actor	Action
TAT	Receives education and seeks training resources, including 4:190-AP2, E1, <i>Principles of Threat Assessment</i> .  Receives threat assessment training by a threat assessment expert.  Commits to work collaboratively with each other, with other school staff, and (as appropriate) with community resource persons to support the safety of the school, its students, and its staff.  Actively, lawfully, and ethically communicates with each other, District administrators, and other school staff who have a need to know particular information to support the safety of the school, its students, and its staff. Trains staff, students, parents/guardians, and other members of the
	school community to recognize and report possible threats by conducting presentations, broadly disseminating relevant information, and ensuring access to consultation from the TAT.
	Identifies and trains members of the school community who can take reports of possible threats.
	Effectively implements Board policy 4:190, Targeted School Violence Prevention Program.

## Assessing and Classifying Threats

When a threat is reported, the Building Principal and TAT assess and classify the threat using the criteria and process outlined below.

Actor	Action
Building Principal	Educates him/herself about <i>types</i> of threats.
	Determines if an imminent threat exists. If an imminent threat exists, notifies law enforcement in accordance with 4:170-AP1, Comprehensive Safety and Security Plan, Part G, School Emergency Operations and Crisis Response Plan (SEOCRP).
Building Principal and/or TAT Triage Team	If no imminent threat exists, or once an imminent threat is contained, triages threat (with the TAT Triage Team, if one is designated by the Building Principal) to determine if the full TAT must be involved. See 4:190-AP2, E2, <i>Threat Assessment Documentation</i> .
	Triage may include:
	Reviewing the threatening communication and/or behavior. Reviewing school and other records for any prior history or interventions with the individual(s) involved. Evaluating the threat in context so that the meaning of the threat and intent can be determined by, among other things, conducting timely and thorough interviews (as necessary) with the person(s) who reported the threat, the threat recipient(s)/target(s), other witnesses who have knowledge of the threat, and when reasonable, the subject of concern (subject) who allegedly engaged in the threatening communication and/or behavior.  If the full TAT needs to be involved, convenes it as soon as possible.

Actor	Action
TAT	Assesses the threat. See 4:190-AP2, E3, <i>Threat Assessment Key Areas and Questions; Examples</i> , for key questions to ask the person(s) who reported the threat, the threat recipient(s)/target(s), other witnesses, and the subject in order to assess the threat.
	Once the assessment is complete, classifies the threat using the following basic criteria:
	Documents the threat assessment and classification using 4:190-AP2, E2, <i>Threat Assessment Documentation</i> , and ensures that TAT documentation follows the acronym FORT:
	<ul> <li>F Fair – sought to understand situations and give individuals an opportunity to be heard and understood;</li> <li>O Objective – sought information based on facts and observations of the case and not speculation or bias;</li> <li>R Reasonable – engaged in responses that were effective and proportionate to the situation; and</li> <li>T Timely – quickly and responsively addressed reports of threatening behavior.</li> </ul>

## Responding to and Managing Threats

Actor	Action
TAT	Identifies appropriate responses to the threat based upon its level. See 4:190-AP2, E4, <i>Responding to Types of Threats</i> , for guidance on responses to each threat level.
	Develops, implements, and monitors an individualized, fact-based case management plan to intervene with, address, and reduce the threat by:
	Designating a TAT member as case manager to monitor the status of the subject and to notify the TAT of any change in status, response to interventions/referrals, or additional information that would be cause for reassessment and/or changes in interventions strategies; Assisting the subject, and any impacted staff or students, in accessing appropriate school and community-based resources for support and/or further intervention;  Appointing one or more TAT members to engage directly with the subject to prevent the subject from becoming isolated; and Using the least intrusive interventions and strategies that are sufficient, fair, and reasonable to address the concerns identified. See 4:190-AP2, E5, <i>Threat Assessment Case Management Strategies</i> , for interventions and strategies, including those that are subject-based, target-based, and environmental/systems-based.  Documents this process and any case updates using 4:190-AP2, E2, <i>Threat Assessment Documentation</i> .
	Submits updates regularly, e.g., at least every 30 days, until the case is resolved and the subject no longer poses a threat to the school, its students, or its staff.
	Maintains documentation in accordance with Board policy, State records laws, and administrative procedures.

## Reporting Threats to Outside Agencies

Following is the process to notify the Local Law Enforcement Agency (LLEA) and/or the Ill. State Police (ISP) about certain types of threats:

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Reports batteries committed against teachers, teacher personnel, administrative personnel, or educator support personnel to: (1) the LLEA immediately after the occurrence of the attack, and (2) ISBE through its web-based School Incident Reporting System (SIRS) as they occur during the year and no later than August 1 for the preceding school year. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7, amended by P.A. 102-894.
	Immediately notifies the LLEA and the ISP upon receiving a report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving:
	A firearm in a school or on school-owned or leased property. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A(b).  Drugs in a school or on school-owned or leased property, including any conveyance owned, leased, or used by the school for the
Building Principal	transport of students or school personnel. 105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A(b).  Reports to the LLEA threats to the safety and welfare of students and teachers by illegal use of drugs and alcohol, by illegal use or possession of weapons, or by gang activity. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.4a.
	Reports other threats to the LLEA as necessary and appropriate.
	Immediately notifies the LLEA upon receiving a report that any person has been observed in possession of a firearm on school grounds (other than a law enforcement official engaged in the conduct of his or her official duties).
	If the person found to be in possession of a firearm on school grounds is a student, the Building Principal or designee shall also immediately notify the student's parent/guardian. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.7A(b). Reports directly to the ISP within 24 hours of a determination that a student or other person poses a clear and present danger to himself, herself, or others. 430 ILCS 66/105 and 405 ILCS 5/6-103.3; 20 Ill.Admin.Code §1230.120(b).

ADOPTED: January 8, 2020

AMENDED: January 13, 2021, January 11, 2023