NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES HAXTUN, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
AND
SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NORTHEAST COLORADO **BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES** HAXTUN, COLORADO

ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governing Board

Board Member Superintendent BOCES Fred Raish Brian Christensen Akron R-1 **Buffalo RE-4J** Jason Adamson **Robert Sanders** Steve McCracken Frenchman RE-3 Christa Lousberg Haxtun RE-2J Abby Henry Marsha Cody **Kyle Stumpf Justin Clayton** Holyoke RE-1J Shawn Ehnes Julesburg RE-1 Kyla Kizer Michael Bowers Lone Star #101 **Brian Kuntz Beth Wells** Tracey Kinney Otis R-3 Jeff Long Jeff Durbin Plateau RE-5 **Revere School BOCES** Rob McClary Sandra Rahe Wray RD-2 **Grant Bledsoe** Levi Kramer Dianna Chrisman Yuma -1 **Lindsey Galles**

Management

Tamara Durbin **Executive Director**

Michelle Patterson **Director of Special Education**

Alan Nall **Director of Secondary Support Services**

Director of Instruction, Accountability & Learning

Anthonya Kahrs **Roxanne Weers Director of Business Services**

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES HAXTUN, COLORADO

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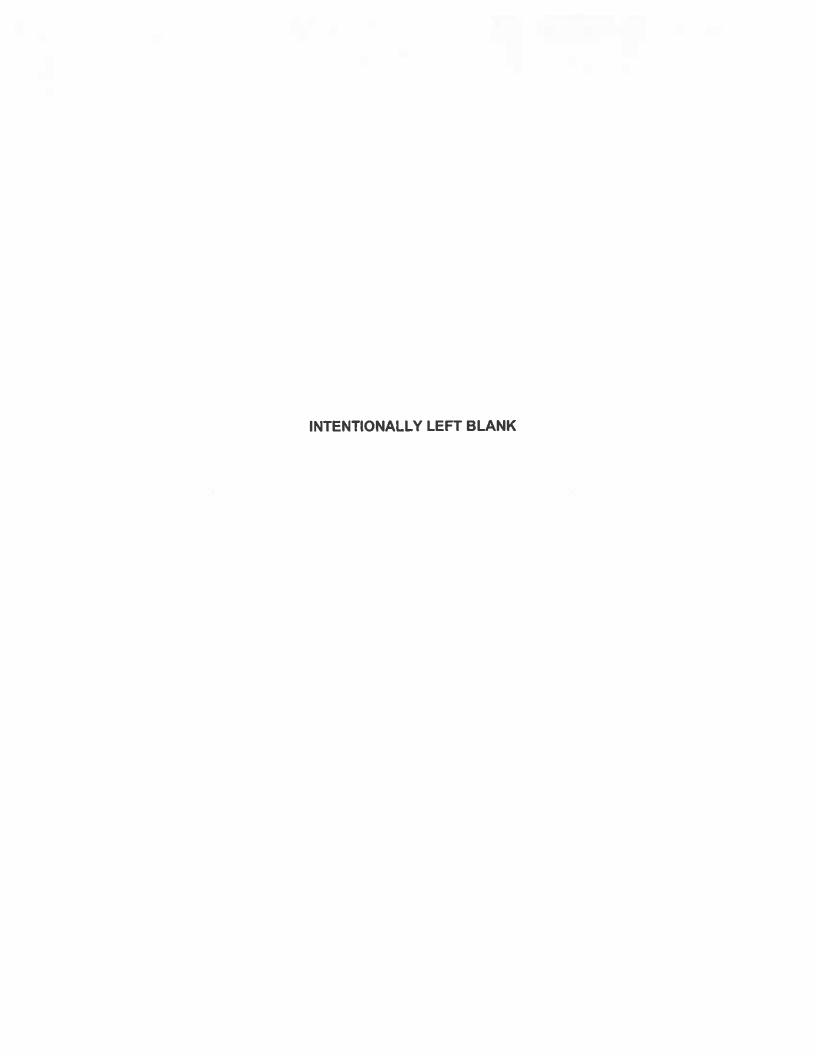
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NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES HAXTUN, COLORADO

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of Northeast Board of Cooperative Educational Services' (the "BOCES") financial performance provides an overall review of the BOCES' financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the BOCES' financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements, financial statement footnotes, budgetary comparison schedules and additional supplementary information to broaden their understanding of the BOCES' financial performance.

Financial Highlights

The BOCES' annual budget was developed via discussions with the Superintendents' Advisory Committee (SAC) with input and approval by the BOCES Board. While the BOCES' annual budget remained fairly constant for the majority of programs offered by the BOCES, there was an increase in the amount of revenue generated via competitive grants during the budget year. Increase in revenues, due to receipt of competitive grants, allowed the BOCES to provide enhanced services to member school districts.

At the time of budget development, the COVID-19 pandemic was continuing to create uncertainty regarding school finance and the BOCES, recognizing the increased financial cost of managing the COVID-19 pandemic for member districts, opted to retain the 5% decrease in local BOCES assessments made the prior budget year. CARES Act funds to mitigate the COVID-19 pandemic were received by the BOCES during the fiscal year and were used to implement safety procedures and mitigate learning loss via additional personnel and services.

The BOCES currently has an adequate fund balance in the General Fund with enough cash on hand to meet BOCES spending obligations before reimbursement from federal programs. In planning for this budget, there was no plan to use fund balance as revenue. The focus was on using anticipated revenues to meet budgetary obligations of BOCES programs and services.

Salary and Benefits make up the greatest portion of the BOCES budget and are a top priority. A new salary schedule was prepared by the BOCES and adopted by the BOCES Board in April of 2021. This budget year was the first in which all classified, non-certified and certified staff were placed on the BOCES adopted salary schedule. The budget reflects the actual cost of salaries for personnel based upon their placement on the new salary schedule.

The BOCES continues to analyze salaries annually to make sure the BOCES can compete with hospitals, other BOCES, schools and the private market to have quality personnel. In addition to placement on the new salary schedule, BOCES managed step increases, increases in health insurance costs, and employer increases to the employee's retirement plan, PERA. The BOCES retained payment of employee's portion of PERA costs at 2%, a practice which started during the 2020-2021 budget year. Personnel recruitment and retention has been successful in recent years and continues to be a priority. Competitive wage and access to benefits is always a goal.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of the Management Discussion and Analysis (this section) and a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader can first understand the BOCES as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. Both provide long and short-term information about the BOCES' overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the BOCES' operations in more detail. The governmental fund statements tell how general BOCES services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the BOCES as a Whole

The BOCES' total net position was (\$1,506,259) as of June 30, 2022.

The Governmental Activities has an overall net position deficit of (\$1,506,259) and an unrestricted net position Deficit of (\$2,001,143), primarily due to adding the PERA net pension liability of (\$4,189,125), and net OPEB liability of (\$202,432) as further described in Note 6 and 8. As the BOCES has no control over pension benefits or contribution rates, the BOCES expects this deficit net position to continue for the foreseeable future.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the BOCES as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private businesses. The statements of net position include all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the BOCES' net position and how they have changed. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that for the BOCES as a whole, the financial position of the BOCES has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of various factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include facility conditions and required educational programs. In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, the BOCES is shown as one type of activity:

Governmental Activities - The BOCES' programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance and extracurricular activities.

A condensed summary of the BOCES' net position is as follows:

TABLE I - CONDENSED SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

		2022	2021
Assets:			
Current Assets	\$	4,105,666	\$ 3,570,500
Capital Assets - Net		518,840	183,071
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,298,153	 2,013,601
Capital Assets & Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources		5,922,659	5,767,172
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities		761,686	783,282
Non-current Liabilities		4,424,603	6,001,546
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,242,629	 3,240,080
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources	\equiv	7,428,918	10,024,908
Net Position:			
Net Invested in Capital Assets		494,884	183,071
Unrestricted Net Position		(2,001,143)	(4,440,807)
Total Net Position(Deficit)		(1,506,259)	(4,257,736)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Net Position	\$	5,922,659	\$ 5,767,172

A small portion of the BOCES' net position are invested in capital assets (equipment and buildings). The remaining unrestricted net position are available for future revenue shortfall and grant matching.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Year Ended June 30, 2022

A condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net position is as follows:

TABLE 2 - CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 2,362,744	\$ 2,265,348
Operating Grants	4,956,075	4,599,918
Capital Grants & Contributions	357,404	
Total Program Revenues	7,676,223	6,865,266
General Revenues:		
Investment Earnings	1,657	938
Miscellaneous Revenues	182,625	131,388
Total General Revenues	184,282	132,326
Total Revenues	7,860,505	6,997,592
Expenses:		
Instruction	2,516,047	2,199,180
Supporting Services	2,584,461	2,193,213
Total Expenses	5,100,508	4,392,393
Change in Net Position	2,759,997	2,605,199
Net Position - Beginning	(4,257,736)	(6,877,935)
Prior Period Restatement	(8,520)	15,000
Net Position - Beginning (Restated)	(4,266,256)	(6,862,935)
Net Position Ending	\$ (1,506,259)	\$ (4,257,736)
Net Position Ending	\$ (1,506,259)	\$ (4,257,

The BOCES change in net position increased by \$2,759,997 as a result of current operations, districts contributing larger amounts and PERA liability.

Reporting the BOCES' Most Significant Fund

The BOCES' major fund is the general fund. The BOCES records all activity in this fund. This fund uses an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view of the BOCES' general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements of the Governmental Funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2022, the BOCES' governmental general fund reported a fund balance of \$3,343,980.

The following is additional information by programmatic area:

Local revenues were \$2,547,025, State support was \$3,216,260, and federal revenues were \$2,097,220.

Capital Assets

The BOCES recorded depreciation of \$32,866 during the fiscal year.

	Restated			0-1
	Balance			Balance
	July 1,			June 30,
	2021	Additions	Deletions	2022
Governmental activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	344,652	15,914	•	360,566
Equipment	129,016	337,404	-	466,420
Lease assets	19,390			19,390
Total capital assets being depreciated	493,058	353,318		846,376
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(178,782)	(7,424)	-	(186,206)
Equipment	(111,816)	(25,246)	-	(137,062)
Lease assets	(4,072)	(196)		(4,268)
Total accumulated depreciation	(294,670)	(32,866)		(327,536)
Net Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 198,388	\$ 320,452	\$ -	\$ 518,840

Debt Administration

In May 2017, the BOCES entered into a lease agreement for \$27,155 to purchase a copier. Monthly payment of \$525 are due through May 2022, at an interest rate of 6%. Equipment with a remaining book value of \$27,155 has been capitalized under this lease.

	В	estated alance y 1, 2021	Adv	/ances	<u>Pa</u>	yments	_	alance e 30, 2022	 Within e Year	terest pense
Governmental Activities:										
2017 Capital Lease Payments	\$	5,606	\$		\$	5,606	\$		\$ -	\$
2001 Ground Lease Payments		23,838		3<		(118)		23,956	300	417
Total	\$	29,444	\$		\$	5,488	\$	23,956	\$ 300	\$ 417

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) Year Ended June 30, 2022

General Fund Budget

The Board adopts the BOCES' budget in May of each year. The adoption of supplemental budgets is allowed throughout the year when unanticipated additional revenues are received. The majority of changes to the General Fund budget are due to revisions in grant allocations that occur subsequent to the original adoption of the budget.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Northeast Colorado BOCES adjusts services to meet the needs of the districts and to meet federal and state requirements. Superintendents have expressed the continued need for professional development, alternative teacher licensure, teacher recruitment/retention, federal program implementation, mental health support, gifted/talented facilitation and a wide range of special education services. There is interest in continued pursuit of revenue via competitive grants to enhance services and supports. BOCES provides these through five sources of revenue.

District Assessments	23%
State Funding	36%
Federal Funding	29%
Grants	0%
Other Sources of Revenue	12%

The BOCES anticipates that the core programs and services will remain consistent into next year. However, BOCES will adjust to the needs of the member districts in terms of services and in terms of their capacity to fund projects. The BOCES is always considerate of the impact State and Federal Funding have on our districts when setting assessments, which make up just under one quarter of our revenue. Our small rural school districts have been hit hardest by the State's Budget Stabilization Factor and the added costs related to mitigation of COVID-19. Yet the BOCES maintains quality programming for our students and for member school district staff.

We are continually adjusting programs accordingly with the budget and grants received. All programs, services and related costs are approved by the Board of Directors—through the recommendations of the Superintendents Advisory Committee, or Executive Director. Northeast Colorado BOCES will continue to fund, deliver and support educational and instructional programs to enable—member districts to meet the needs of students and staff. Northeast Colorado BOCES will also continue to apply for any and all eligible funds as applicable.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the BOCES' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager, PO Box 98, Haxtun, CO 80731.

Mayberry & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Governmental Audit Quality Center
and Private Company Practice Section

Board of Directors

Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services
Haxtun, Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and major fund of Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the
 financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services 2021 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 3, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the 2021 financial statements have been restated due to the adaptation of GASB statement No. 87 - Leases. These restatements impacted the governmental activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, historical pension information and other post-employment benefit plan information listed in the tables of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services Independent Auditors' Report Page 3

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Accounting Standards

In accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards* on our consideration of the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Englewood, CO

January 10, 2023





NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES		
Assets		
Current Assets	300	
Cash and Investments	\$	3,033,416
Grants Receivable		864,899
Other Accounts Receivable		207,351
Capital and Other Assets		540.040
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		518,840
Total Assets		4,624,506
Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources		
Net Pension Deferred Outflows		1,265,788
Net OPEB Deferred Outflows		32,365
Total Deferred Outflows of Financial Resources		1,298,153
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	\$	5,922,659
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	-	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	65,773
Accrued Salaries & Benefits		383,286
Unearned Revenue Grants		312,627
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Capital Leases Payable		23,956
Other Long Term Liabilities		4,400,647
Total Liabilities		5,186,289
Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources		
Net Pension Deferred Inflows		2,148,930
Net OPEB Deferred Inflows		93,699
Total Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources		2,242,629
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		494,884
Unrestricted Net Position		(2,001,143)
Total Net Position		(1,506,259)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$	5,922,659

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) **Revenue and Change Progam Revenues** in Net Position **Capital Grants** Operating **Charges for** Grants and and Governmental Services Contributions Contributions Activities **Functions/Programs** Expenses **Primary Government Governmental Activities** 2,516,047 \$ 3,012,282 496,235 Instruction 357,404 **Supporting Services** 2,584,461 2,362,744 1,943,793 2,079,480 **Total Primary Government** 5,100,508 2,362,744 4,956,075 357,404 2,575,715 **General Revenues Investment Earnings** 1,657 Other Revenues 182,625 **Total General Revenues and Transfers** 184,282 **Change in Net Position** 2,759,997 **Beginning Net Position** (4,257,736) **Prior Period Restatement** (8,520) Beginning Net Position (As Restated) (4,266,256) **Ending Net Position** (1,506,259)

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Balance Sheet Governmental Funds General Fund June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2021)

	Totals			
		2022		2021
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	3,033,416	\$	2,957,141
Grants Receivable		864,899		557,054
Other Accounts Receivable		207,351		56,305
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,105,666	\$	3,570,500
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE		·		
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	65,773	\$	58,398
Accrued Salaries & Benefits		383,286		347,945
Unearned Revenue Grants		312,627		376,938
Total Liabilities		761,686		783,281
Deferred Inflows of Financial Resources				
Fund Balance				
Unassigned Fund Balance	100	3,343,980		2,787,219
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$	4,105,666	\$	3,570,500

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to Governmental Activities Net Position June 30, 2022

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	*	\$ 3,343,980
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds		
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 846,3	76
Accumulated depreciation	(327,5	36) 518,840
Certain long-term pension and OPEB related costs and adjustments are not		
available to pay or payable currently and are therefore not reported in		
the funds		
Pension Liability		
Net pension deferred outflows	1,265,7	88
Net pension liability	(4,198,2	15)
Net pension deferred inflows	(2,148,9	30) (5,081,357)
OPEB Liability		
Net OPEB deferred outflows	32,3	65
Net OPEB liability	(202,4	32)
Net OPEB deferred inflows	(93,6	99) (263,766)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital leases payable		(23,956)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (1,506,259)

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		Totals			
	2022	2021			
REVENUES					
Local Sources	\$ 2,547,025	5 \$ 2,429,711			
State Sources	3,216,260	2,689,240			
Federal Sources	2,097,220	1,878,643			
TOTAL REVENUES	7,860,509	6,997,594			
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	3,024,25				
Pupil Support	1,523,433				
Staff Support	1,009,82				
General Administration	168,55 ⁶	•			
School Administration	119,81	•			
Business Services	631,58	•			
Operations and Maintenance	421,55				
Other Central Support	152,45	5 159,191			
Risk Management	29,85	1 44,077			
Other Supporting Services	157,84	1 150,740			
Community Support	57,90	2 56,398			
Debt Service	6,67	6,300			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,303,74	6,477,204			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	556,76	520,390			
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	2,787,21	9 2,266,829			
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,343,98	0 \$ 2,787,219			

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

Reconciliation of Governmental Changes in Fund Balance to Governmental Activities Change in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	556,761
Capital assets used in governmental activities are expensed when purchased		
in the funds and depreciated at the activity level		
Capitalized Asset Purchases	\$ 353,318	
Depreciation Expense	(32,866)	320,452
Pension and OPEB expense at the fund level represent cash contributions to the		
defined benefit plan. For the activity level presentation, the amount		
represents the actuarial cost of the benefits for the fiscal year.		
Pension Liability		
Current year change and amortization of deferred outflows - net	(732,003)	
Change in net pension liability	1,587,666	
Current year change and amortization of deferred inflows - net	987,220	1,842,883
OPEB Liability		
Current year change and amortization of deferred outflows - net	16,555	
Change in OPEB liability	7,627	
Current year change and amortization of deferred inflows - net	10,231	34,413
Repayments of long-term liabilities are expensed in the fund and reduce		
outstanding liabilities at the activity level. In addition, proceeds from long-		
term debt issuances are reported as revenues in the funds and increase		
liabilities at the activity level.		
Principal payments on capital leases	_	5,488
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	2,759,997

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services (the BOCES) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. Following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the BOCES' management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and as subsequently amended.

Based upon the application of these criteria, no governmental organizations are includable within the BOCES' reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information of the BOCES as a whole. The reporting information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the BOCES. These statements are used to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the BOCES. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The BOCES does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the BOCES and for each function of the BOCES' governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the BOCES' funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds would be aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Any fiduciary funds are presented separately. The BOCES presently does not treat any of its funds as non-major, and does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

The BOCES reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the BOCES. It is used to account for all financial resources.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the same time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions in which the BOCES gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The BOCES considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available as allowed by the per pupil operating revenue formula approved by the State legislature or within sixty days after year end. These revenues could include federal, state, and county grants, and some charges for services. Grants are only recognized to the extent allowable expenditures have been incurred. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The BOCES adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Budgets are required by state law for all funds. By May 31, the Executive Director submits to the Board a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at year end.
- Public hearings are conducted by the Board to obtain comments.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- Revisions that after the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board.
- Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as revised by the Board.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash - The BOCES pools cash resources of its various operations in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash is pooled in interest bearing accounts which are legally authorized. Cash applicable to a particular operation is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets – Capital assets used in governmental activities operations are shown on the government-wide financial statements. These assets are not shown in the governmental funds and are therefore listed as a reconciling item between the two presentations. Property and equipment acquired or constructed for governmental fund operations are recorded as expenditures in the fund making the expenditure and capitalized at cost in the government-wide presentation. No depreciation has been provided on capital assets in the governmental funds.

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Where cost could not be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost was used to record the estimated value of the assets. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their fair market value at the date of transfer.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of the asset in the government-wide presentation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 50 years Other Equipment 7 years

Long-Term Debt – The BOCES capital lease is shown as an expenditure in the General Fund. For the government-wide presentation, principal payments are reclassified as reductions in the outstanding obligation balances.

Unearned Revenues - The unearned revenues include governmental grants and other donations which have been received but not yet earned as service has not been provided.

Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences - The BOCES employees do not vest in compensated absences for vacation, sick leave or other compensated absences unless specifically authorized by the Executive Director on a case by case basis. No material leave carryovers existed as of June 30, 2022.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category all related to outstanding pension and OPEB obligations and further described in Notes 6 and 8.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The BOCES reports deferred inflows for pension and OPEB related deferrals as further described in Notes 6 and 8. The BOCES also reports deferred inflows related to unspent grant and donation receipts.

Net Position/Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statements, net position are either shown as net investment in capital assets, with these assets essentially being nonexpendable; restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed; or unrestricted.

For the governmental fund presentation, fund balances that are classified as "nonspendable" include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

Fund balance is reported as "restricted" when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors, is reported as "committed" fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as "assigned" fund balance. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

All remaining fund balance in the General Fund is presented as unassigned.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance, if allowed under the terms of the restriction. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses – Revenues for governmental funds are recorded when they are determined to be both measurable and available. Generally, tax revenues, fees, and non-tax revenues are recognized when received. Grants from other governments are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred. Expenditures for governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of deposits and investments at June 30, 2022, follows:

Total Cash and Investments	\$ 3,033,416
Investments	767,220
Cash deposits	\$ 2,266,196

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At June 30, 2022, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the BOCES are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Deposits are categorized by type of credit risk: (1) Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name. (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name. (3) Uncollateralized, including any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name.

	Bank	Carrying
	Balance	Balance
FDICInsured	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
PDPA Collateralized (Not held in the BOCES' name)	2,316,645	 2,016,196
Total	\$ 2,566,645	\$ 2,266,196

Investments

The BOCES had invested in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments of Colotrust consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by Colotrust. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the valuation of the pool shares.

<u>Cash Invested</u> – Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. The allowed investments include local government investment pools and obligations of the United States Government.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The BOCES does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

The BOCES has no investments policy that would further limit its investment choices. At June 30, 2022 the BOCES' investment in the Colorado Government Liquid Assets Trust (Colotrust) was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The BOCES Board has placed no limit on the amount the BOCES may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Activity for governmental activity capital assets is summarized below:

	Restated Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
		Additions	Deletions	2022
Governmental activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	344,652	15,914	-	360,566
Equipment	129,016	337,404	-	466,420
Lease assets	19,390			19,390
Total capital assets being depreciated	493,058	353,318		846,376
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(178,782)	(7,424)	-	(186,206)
Equipment	(111,816)	(25,246)	-	(137,062)
Lease assets	(4,072)	(196)		(4,268)
Total accumulated depreciation	(294,670)	(32,866)	-	(327,536)
Net Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 198,388	\$ 320,452	\$ -	\$ 518,840

Depreciation has been allocated for the statement of activities as follows:

Total	\$ 32,866
Supporting Services	 19,252
Instruction	\$ 13,614
Depreciation Allocation	

The BOCES' policy is to capitalize and inventory annually all capital assets with a unit value of or greater than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of or greater than one year.

NOTE 4: ACCRUED SALARY AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelvemonth period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2022, are \$383,286. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements of the General Fund.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of changes in long term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	В	estated alance 1, 2021	Adv	ances	Pay	ments	_	alance 30, 2022	 Within e Year	 erest iense
Governmental Activities:										
2017 Capital Lease Payments	\$	5,606	\$	-	\$	5,606	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
2001 Ground Lease Payments		23,838				(118)		23,956	 300	417
Total	\$	29,444	\$		\$	5,488	<u>\$</u>	23,956	\$ 300	\$ 417

Capital Lease

In May 2017, the BOCES entered into a lease agreement for \$27,155 to purchase a copier. Monthly payments of \$525 are due through May 2022, at an interest rate of 6%. Equipment with a remaining book value of \$27,155 has been capitalized under this lease. During the current fiscal year the BOCES made the final lease payment.

In July 2000, the BOCES entered into a Ground Lease agreement for \$19,390. The property shall be used only for educational and school purposes, including use as administrative offices for the BOCES. Annual payments between \$300-\$1,000 are due through June 2000 - 2099, at an estimated interest rate of 1.75%. The BOCES are not expected to cover the imputed interest until 2041. In the event of default, the lessor may terminate the lease or pursue other remedies permitted by this lease or by law.

NOTE 5: LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Capital Lease (Continued)

The future minimum asset lease payments at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2023	\$ 300
2024	300
2025	300
2026	300
2027	300
2028-2032	1,700
2033-2037	2,000
2038-2042	2,200
2043-2047	2,500
2048-2052	2,700
2053-2057	3,000
2058-5062	3,200
2063-2067	3,500
2068-2072	3,700
2073-2077	4,000
2078-2082	4,200
2083-2087	4,500
2088-2092	4,700
2092-2097	5,000
2098-2100	2,000
Total Future Minimum	50,700
Less: Interest at 1.75%	(26,744)
Present Value of Payments	\$ 23,956

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The BOCES participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the BOCES are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a
 monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life
 expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2021, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022: Eligible employees of, BOCES and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

	2021
Employer contribution rate	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-208(1)(f)	-1.02%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization equalization disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental amortization equalization disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

¹ Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

The allocation for 2021 was as follows:

Trust Fund	Direct	Direct Distribution		
State Division	\$	76,706		
School Division		127,781		
Judicial Division		1,360		
DPS Division		19,153		
	\$	225,000		

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the BOCES is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from BOCES were \$448,213 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2021. The BOCES proportion of the net pension liability was based on BOCES contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The proportions presented in this schedule are also based on the direct distribution payment received in July 2021 for \$127,781 and is considered a nonemployer contribution that meets the definition of a special funding situation for the purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the BOCES reported a liability of \$4,198,215 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the BOCES as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the BOCES were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (4,198,215)
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity	
associated with the District	\$ (431,774)
Total	\$ (4,629,989)

At December 31, 2021, the BOCES proportion was 0.03608 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00220 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the BOCES recognized pension expense of \$1,365,718 and revenue of \$431,774 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, the BOCES reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 165,921	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 340,014	\$ - :
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 194,806	\$ (1,789,388)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions - Plan Basis	\$ 329,130	\$ (359,542)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 235,917_	\$ -
Total	\$ 1,265,788	\$ (2,148,930)

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$235,917 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	Fiscal Year
	Totals
2023	\$ (51,513)
2024	(428,669)
2025	(447,293)
2026	(191,584)
Total	\$ (1,119,059)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of	
pension plan investment expenses, including	
price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and	
DPS benefit structure (automatic) 1	1.00%
PERA benefit struture hired after 12/31/06 (ad	Financed by the Annual
hoc, substantively automatic)	Increase Reserve (AIR)

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately with each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available, therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The total pension liability as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the annual increase cap, resulting from the 2020 automatic adjustment provision (AAP) assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active
 membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members
 assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was
 assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to
 pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits
 reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit
 payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting form the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

NOTE 6: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the BOCES proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionare share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (6,179,429)	\$ (4,198,215)	\$ (2,544,966)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 7: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description - Employees of the BOCES that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The BOCES does not contribute to the plan. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions, if any, and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2022 program members contributed \$44,795.

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The BOCES participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the BOCES are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the BOCES is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the BOCES were \$22,920 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the BOCES reported a liability of \$202,432 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2021. The BOCES proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on BOCES contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the BOCES proportion was 0.02348 percent, which was an increase of 0.00137 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the BOCES recognized OPEB expense of \$10,006. At June 30, 2022, the BOCES reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	De	ferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 339	\$	(46,623)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 4,204	\$	(10,340)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 1,447	\$	(13,593)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions - Plan Basis	\$ 14,309	\$	(23,143)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 12,066	\$	E
Total	\$ 32,365	\$	(93,699)

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$12,066 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	Fiscal Year Totals
2023	\$ (23,505)
2024	(24,196)
2025	(19,346)
2026	(7,477)
2027	882
2028	242
Total	\$ (73,400)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increase, including wage inflation	3.40-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA Benefit Structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
	4.50% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022,
	gradually decreasing to 4.50%
PERACare Medicare plans	in 2029
	3.75% for 2021, gradually
Medicare Part A premiums	increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS Benefit Structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Initial Costs for Members Without			
			Monthly	
			Cost	
	Monthly	Monthly	Adjusted to	
Medicare Plan	Cost	Premium	Age 65	
Medicare Advantage/ Self-Insured Prescription	\$633	\$230	\$591	
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	\$596	\$199	\$562	

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare Medicare	Medicare Part A
Year	Plans	Premiums
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure
 who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare
 Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the thencurrent expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the BOCES proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to C	hanges in the Health	Care Cost Trend	Rates
	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability)	\$ (217,306)	\$ (223,071)	\$ (229,783)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

NOTE 8: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the BOCES proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

Discount Rate	1% Decrease (6.25%) Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Proportionare share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (255,532)	\$ (223,071)	\$ (195,336)	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability Coverage. The BOCES belongs to the Colorado School BOCES Self Insurance Pool ("CSDSIP") that was formed in 1981 to give individual school BOCESs more buying power and financial stability. By partnering with BOCESs across the state, members gain better access to essential coverage at a competitive price, and more control over the entire risk management function. The coverage provided by CSDSIP is property, crime, general liability, auto liability and physical damage, and errors and omissions. CSDSIP became self-administered in 1997. The board of directors is comprised of nine persons who are BOCES school board members, superintendents, or BOCES business officials. Each member's premium contribution is determined by CSDSIP based on factors including, but not limited to, the aggregate CSDSIP claims, the cost of administrative and other operating expenses, the number of participants, operating and reserve fund adequacy, investment income and reinsurance expense and profit sharing. Reporting to the Division of Insurance, as well as an audit and actuarial study is conducted annually. These reports may be obtained by contacting the CSDSIP administrative offices at 6857 South Spruce Street, Centennial, CO 80112. The BOCES has not materially changed its coverage from previous years. The BOCES has not recorded any liability for unpaid claims at June 30, 2022.

As discussed previously the BOCES is a member of the Colorado School BOCESs' Self-Insurance Pool. The pool has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The ultimate liability to the BOCES resulting from claims not covered by the pool is not recently determinable. Management is of the opinion that the final outcome of such claims, of any, will not have a material adverse effect on the BOCES' financial statements.

Worker's Compensation. The BOCES purchases commercial insurance for its workers compensation coverage. Claims have not exceeded coverage during the past three years.

Health Insurance. The BOCES participates in the Colorado Boards of Education Self-Funded Trust, Inc. ("BEST") for its employee health coverage. BEST was formed to assist individual school BOCESs and BOCES in acquiring favorable rates for health care benefits as well as access to major health care providers by pooling coverage for multiple BOCESs. BEST is funded through contributions from member BOCESs and obtains stop loss coverage for claims in excess of predetermined limits. To join the trust, member employers agree to exclusively offer the BEST health plans to their employees and accept certain financial risk for offering such health benefit plans. The underwriting manual describes how financial risk is attributed to each member employer, the basis for the monthly contribution calculation, financial contribution requirements and financial reconciliation upon termination. Financial contributions in the form of monthly contributions and initial and annual claims fluctuation reserves are actuarially determined. BEST maintains detailed records to account for all member employer activity. In order to insure minimal funding, if BEST determines that a member employer is underfunded, BEST may utilize other member employer claims fluctuation reserves or other surpluses to offset the funding within the same tier. Each employer member is charged a minimum of 10% of its projected annual claims costs for the plan year as a claims fluctuation reserve.

This BOCES exposure as a Tier 1 member employer is for incurred claims up to \$24,999 per year for level one risk claims and the employer level, and level two risk is from \$25,000 to \$49,999 shared at the tier level (all tier members share in the risk). If at any point, the member employer's level one fund is insufficiently funded to pay incurred claims, BEST may transfer assets from the claims fluctuation reserve, or request the employer to immediately provide additional funds, or BEST may require funding within four months from the date of notice.

Effective with the June 30, 2015 fiscal year, BEST no longer provides claim activity; however, the BOCES has not been notified that they have a negative reserve balance as of June 30, 2022. Should the balance become negative the BOCES recognizes that funding may be required should they terminate membership in BEST.

NOTE 10: SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES AND COMPLIANCE

Claims and Judgments - The BOCES participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the BOCES may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2022, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by state and federal agencies, but the BOCES believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent state and federal audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the BOCES.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10: SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

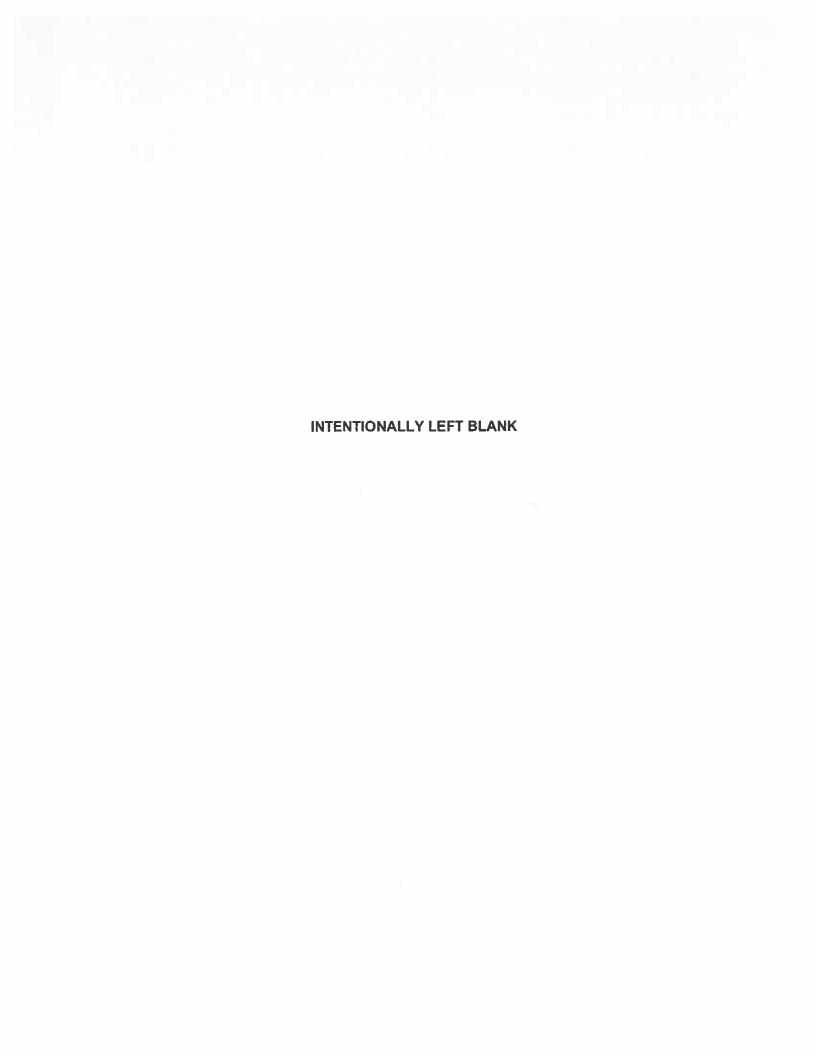
TABOR Amendment - In November 1992, Colorado voters passed the TABOR Amendment (Amendment 1) to the State Constitution which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limits. The amendment does not specifically address BOCES. However, several legal opinions have been issued stating that a BOCES itself is not subject to the requirements and restrictions of the TABOR amendment. There have been several recent court cases with organizations similar to BOCES, where the court has found that these organizations are not subject to TABOR since they are not a municipality and do not exercise independent "Government" power. However, in virtually all situations BOCES will be impacted to the degree that their member BOCESs are impacted by the restrictions of TABOR. A BOCES does not need to maintain emergency reserves required by TABOR and expenditures can fluctuate independently of TABOR.

NOTE 11: DEFICIT NET POSITION

The Governmental Activities has an overall net position deficit of \$1,506,260 and an unrestricted net position deficit of \$2,001,144, primarily due to adding the PERA net pension liability of \$4,198,215 and related net deferrals, and net OPEB liability of \$202,432, as further described in Notes 6 and 8. As the BOCES has no control over pension benefits or contribution rates, the BOCES expects this deficit net position to continue for the foreseeable future.

NOTE 12: PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

The BOCES has restated beginning long-term debt and capital assets with regards to recognition of a lease obligation and asset in pursuant to GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases. This resulted in a restatement that increased governmental activities net position in the amount of \$8,520.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMAITON

(Pension and OPEB Schedules - Unaudited)

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES SCHEDULE OF THE BOCES' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY)
PERA Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	BOCES' proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	BOCES' proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	Non-employer contributing entity's total proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	Total proportionate share associated with BOCES	BOCES'	BOCES' proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension tiabilty
June 30, 2014	0.000494%	5 \$ (6,303,888)	\$	\$ (6,303,888)	\$ 1,992,395	316.40%	64.07%
June 30, 2015	0.049424%	\$ (6,898,632)	\$ -	\$ (6,898,632)	\$ 2,070,518	333.18%	62.84%
June 30, 2016	0.048356%	\$ (7,395,593)	\$ -	\$ (7,395,593)	\$ 2,107,312	350.95%	59.16%
June 30, 2017	0.046198%	6 \$ (13,754,903)	\$ -	\$ (13,754,903)	\$ 2,050,821	670.70%	43.13%
June 30, 2018	0.452710%	6 \$ (14,638,917)	\$ -	\$ (14,638,917)	\$ 2,088,282	701.00%	43.96%
June 30, 2019	0.036898%	6 \$ (6,533,585)	\$ (785,914)	\$ (7,319,499)	\$ 2,028,495	322.09%	57.01%
June 30, 2020	0.034907%	6 \$ (5,215,057)	\$ (587,009)	\$ (5,802,066)	\$ 2,038,137	255.87%	64.52%
June 30, 2021	0.038272%	6 \$ (5,785,881)	\$	\$ (5,785,881)	1,067,926	541.79%	66.99%
June 30, 2022	0.036075%	6 \$ (4,198,215)	\$ (431,774)	\$ (4,629,989)	2,254,593	186.21%	74.86%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are for the calendar year prior to the date shown.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

^{(1) -} Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES SCHEDULE OF BOCES CONTRIBUTIONS PERA Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year	re	tractually quired ributions	COI	Actual ntributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	BOCES'	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2014	\$	309,419	\$	(309,419)	\$	-	\$ 1,992,395	15.53%
June 30, 2015	\$	340,186	\$	(340,186)	\$ -	-	\$ 2,070,518	16.43%
June 30, 2016	\$	365,197	\$	(365,197)	\$	-	\$ 2,107,312	17.33%
June 30, 2017	\$	371,814	\$	(371,814)	\$ Α .	-	\$ 2,050,821	18.13%
June 30, 2018	\$	389,047	\$	(389,047)	\$	_	\$ 2,088,282	18.63%
June 30, 2019	\$	388,051	\$	(388,051)	\$	-	\$ 2,028,495	19.13%
June 30, 2020	\$	394,991	\$	(394,991)	\$	-	\$ 2,038,137	19.38%
June 30, 2021	\$	206,964	\$	(206,964)	\$	-	\$ 1,067,926	19.38%
June 30, 2022	\$	448,213	\$	(448,213)	\$	-	\$ 2,254,593	19.88%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are for the calendar year prior to the date shown.

See the accompanying independent Auditors' Report.

^{(1) -} Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES SCHEDULE OF THE BOCES' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET (LIABILITY) PERA Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year Ended	BOCES' proportion of the net OPEB asset (liability)	sh	BOCES' proportionate pare of the net OPEB asset (liability)	BOCES' covered payroll	proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
June 30, 2017	0.026073%	\$	(338,042)	\$ 2,050,821	16.483%	16.70%
June 30, 2018	0.025723%	\$	(334,291)	\$ 2,088,282	16.008%	17.53%
June 30, 2019	0.023984%	\$	(326,313)	\$ 2,028,495	16.086%	17.03%
June 30, 2020	0.022814%	\$	(256,424)	\$ 2,038,137	12.581%	24.49%
June 30, 2021	0.022106%	\$	(210,059)	\$ 1,067,926	19.670%	32.78%
June 30, 2022	0.023476%	\$	202,432	\$ 2,254,593	8.979%	39.40%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are for the calendar year prior to the date shown.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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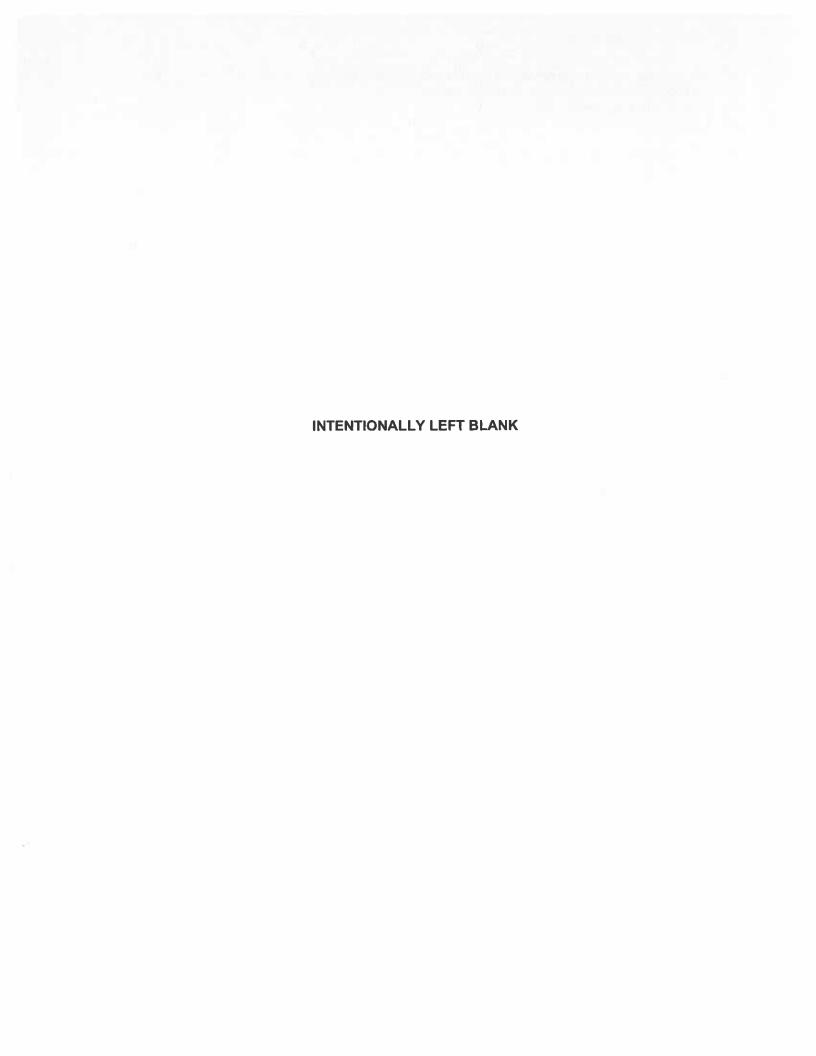
NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES SCHEDULE OF BOCES CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB PERA Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year	req	actually uired butions	ctual ibutions	Contribution deficienc (excess)	У	BOCES' covered	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2017	\$	20,918	\$ (20,918)	\$	-	\$ 2,050,821	1.02%
June 30, 2018	\$	21,300	\$ (21,300)	\$	-	\$ 2,088,282	1.02%
June 30, 2019	\$	20,691	\$ (20,691)	\$	-	\$ 2,028,495	1.02%
June 30, 2020	\$	20,789	\$ (20,789)	\$		\$ 2,038,137	1.02%
June 30, 2021	\$	10,893	\$ (10,893)	\$	-	\$ 1,067,926	1.02%
June 30, 2022	\$	22,997	\$ (22,997)	\$	-	\$ 2,254,593	1.02%

Note: All amounts are as of plan calculation dates which are for the calendar year prior to the date shown.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

^{(1) -} Additional years will be added to this schedule as they become available.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		202	2		
	Original	Final	8-6	Variance with Final	2021 Actual
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Local Sources		\$ 1.657	ė 1 <i>6</i> 53	\$ 200 \$	938
Investment Earnings	\$ = :	\$ 1,657	\$ 1,657	> 3	32,037
Donations	3 535 343	2 201 660	2,150,169	(51,389)	2,058,340
Local BOCES Passthrough	2,535,242	2,201,558 47,982	47,982	(31,303)	50,643
Overhead Cost Revenue	•	-	164,593	3,719	156,365
Indirect Cost Revenue	•	160,874 185,149	182,624	(2,525)	131,388
Other Local	2 525 343			(50,195)	2,429,711
Total Local Sources	2,535,242	2,597,220	2,547,025	(30,193)	2,423,711
State Sources					
State Grants from CDE					
State ECEA (Special Education)	1,652,244	1,968,030	1,968,030		1,855,078
State Gifted and Talented	49,925	126,714	172,341	45,627	160,170
Expelled and At Risk Students	20,000	117,686	67,373	(50,313)	10,411
Counselor Grant	•	39,725	18,927	(20,798)	140,603
Implementing State Educational Priorities	165,000	250,743	165,602	(85,141)	174,392
Adult Education Grant	-	3,649	3,649	•	
School Heath Professional Grant	•	85%	-	•	23,622
Gifted Ed - Univ Screening and Qualified Persnl	78,372	16,080	16,080	-	20,364
Retaining Teachers Grant		5.48	•	-	84,143
Ninth Grade Success Grant	•	3,007	3,007	-	80
Automatic Enrollment In Advanced Course Grant Prog	•	78,850		(78,850)	
Local Accountability Systems Grant	*	46,713	46,713	-	23,574
Concurrent Enrollment Expansion and Innovation	-	50,000	50,000	*	
State Grants from Other Agencies					
State PERA Contribution	55		51,382	51,382	•
School to Work Alliance Program (SWAP)	425,972	235,350	235,350	•	161,883
SAFER/School Safety Grant	+31	357,404	357,404	•	•
Other Agency State Grants	50,000	125,488	60,402	(65,086)	35,000
Total State Sources	2,441,513	3,419,439	3,216,260	(203,179)	2,689,240
Federal Sources					
Federal Grants from CDE					
NCLB Title I, Part A-Imp Basic Prgrms Oper by Sch	402,419	377,842	377,842		330,371
Coronavirus Relief Fund			2		24,273
Special Education: Grnts to States - IDEA Part 8	1,061,537	880,639	1,034,073	153,434	1,016,916
IDEA Part B- Special Education Preschool	41,771	35,605	47,518	11,913	41,771
NCLB Title III, Part A- Eng Lang Acq	23,741	23,741	23,741	-	22,296
NCLB Title II, Part A-Teacher & Principal Trng	43,327	41,170	41,170		47,870
ESSER II 9.5% (State Reserve)	129,008	39,384	39,384		
ESSA, Title IV-A: Stud Supp and Acad Enrich Grants	81,160	93,634	110,891	17,257	72,925
Ed Stab Fd - Elem Sec Emer Relief Discretionary	-	15,989	15,989	- 4	48,874
CRF: Safe schools Reopening Grant	2	•			85,000
ARP: Special Education: Grants to States IDEA	95	169,066	211,445	42,379	
ARP: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (A.5	12,782	15,185	2,403	
Title III Set Aside	₽.	100	3,992	3,992	
ARP: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act		16,589	16,589		100
ARP Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCY II)		5,152	5,152	©	0.00
Federal Grants from Other State Agencies					
Carl Perkins Voc & App Tech Ed Act, Title I Voc Ed	122,797	59,845	78,102	18,257	121,086
Medicaid	5,000	1,712	1,712		937
Federal Provided through BOCES		74,435	74,435	- 1	66,324
Total Federal Sources	1,910,760	1,847,585	2,097,220		1,878,643
TOTAL REVENUES	6,887,515	7,864,244	7,860,505		6,997,594
- WINE HETEITORY	0,007,515		. ,000,000	(-1)	-,,,,,,,,,

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

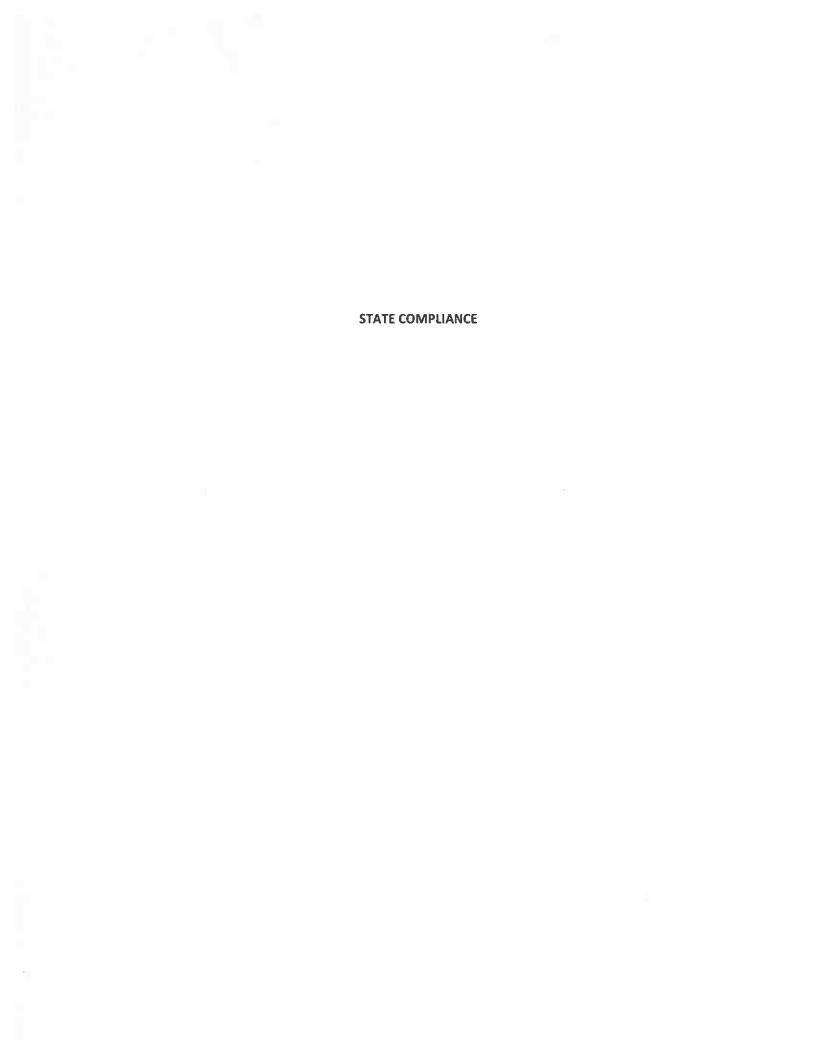
NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2022	2		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2021 Actual
(Continued)					
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Salaries	722,178	761,161	692,783	68,378	641,745
Benefits	262,274	269,943	238,537	31,406	224,386
PS-Professional	16,400	16,400	22,783	(6,383)	13,458
PS-Other	1,888,009	1,983,167	2,057,301	(74,134)	1,921,798
Supplies	35,300	36,290	11,018	25,272	18,371
Property	4,000	4,000	826	3,174	
Other Expenses	212,986	215,437	1,009	214,428	048
Total Instruction	3,141,147	3,286,398	3,024,257	262,141	2,819,758
Supporting Services					
Pupil Support					
Salaries	925,853	1,056,504	904,609	151,895	721,126
Benefits	339,129	394,865	366,086	28,779	258,220
PS- Professional	115,406	64,373	36,995	27,378	91,077
PS-Other	169,104	215,267	149,906	65,361	100,349
Supplies	20,540	45,280	48,615	(3,335)	34,264
Property	3,000	3,000	- 1	3,000	11,790
Other Expenses	5,250	20,469	17,222	3,247	7,396
Total Pupil Support	1,578,282	1,799,758	1,523,433	276,325	1,224,222
Staff Support					
Salaries	424,756	436,891	426,314	10,577	354,154
Benefits	160,066	160,166	169,509	(9,343)	133,378
PS- Professional	113,580	112,737	105,112	7,625	68,835
PS-Other	147,301	162,918	232,172	(69,254)	245,678
Supplies	126,115	136,287	42,850	93,437	56,208
Property	5,500	5,500	4.0	5,500	15,385
Other Expenses	9,504	10,184	33,867	(23,683)	24,741
Total Staff Support	986,822	1,024,683	1,009,824	14,859	898,379
General Administration					
Salaries	83,620	83,620	83,620		82,000
Benefits	29,888	29,888	29,142	746	27,039
PS- Professional		46,713	46,461	252	
PS-Other	11,000	11,000	8,490	2,510	5,138
Supplies			166	(166)	23,574
Other Expenses	700	700	675	25	600
Total General Administration	125,208	171,921	168,554	3,367	138,351
School Administration					
Salaries	76,962	76,962	79,189	(2,227)	78,375
Benefits	37,532	37,532	40,628	(3,096)	78,375 33,944
Total School Administration	114,494	114,494	119,817	(5,323)	112,319

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

NORTHEAST COLORADO BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		202	22		
	Original	Final		Variance with Final	2021
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
(Continued)					
EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Supporting Services (Continued)					
Business Services					
Salaries	224,508	224,508	228,803	(4,295)	213,580
Benefits	88,010	88,010	87,290	720	82,619
PS- Professional	200,685	200,685	185,506	15,179	330,375
PS-Other	44,659	46,659	36,850	9,809	12,741
Supplies	86,900	88,400	72,835	15,565	70,343
Other Expenses	18,000	18,000	20,302	(2,302)	19,639
Total Business Services	662,762	666,262	631,586	34,676	729,297
Operations and Maintenance					
Salaries	12,000	12,000	12,921	(921)	12,141
Benefits	2,922	2,922	3,053	(131)	2,955
PS- Professional	4,300	158,720	24,975	133,745	16,230
PS- Property	18,950	18,950	12,573	6,377	14,190
PS-Other	14	6740	25	(25)	182
Supplies	7,000	69,566	7,070	62,496	91,354
Property	12,650	153,068	358,926	(205,858)	1,120
Other Expenses	-	-	2,012	(2,012)	
Total Operations and Maintenance	57,822	415,226	421,555	(6,329)	138,172
•	3,1022	413,220	722,333	(0,000)	220,212
Transportation PS-Other	600	600		600	
Other Central Support					
Salaries	29	4	18,358	(18,358)	-
Benefits	*5		5,650	(5,650)	
PS- Professional	26,000	26,000	65,766	(39,766)	66,161
PS-Other	20,800	20,800	48,810	(28,010)	65,269
Supplies	15,000	15,000	13,870	1,130	16,756
Other Expenses					11,005
Total Other Central Support	61,800	61,800	152,454	(90,654)	159,191
Risk Management					
PS-Other	36,093	36,398	29,851	6,547	44,077
Other Supporting Services					
Supplies	5,000	5,000		5,000	_
Other Expenses	121,088	141,774	157,841	(16,067)	150,740
•	126,088	146,774	157,841	(11,067)	150,740
Total Other Supporting Services	125,088	140,774	137,041	(11,007)	130,740
Community Support					
Salaries	45,704	45,704	45,704	***	44,847
Benefits	11,129	11,129	11,166	(37)	10,920
PS- Professional	531	531	50	481	
PS-Other	600	600	100	600	
Supplies	1,000	1,000	982	18	631
Total Community Support	58,964	58,964	57,902	1,062	56,398
Total Supporting Services	3,808,935	4,496,880	4,272,817	224,063	3,651,146
Debt Service					
Interest	1,100	1,100	1,181	(81)	
Principal	6,333	6,333	5,489	844	6,300
	7,433	7,433	6,670	763	6,300
Total Debt Service					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,957,515	7,790,711	7,303,744	486,967	6,477,204
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(70,000)	73,533	556,761	483,228	520,390
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			2,787,219	2,787,219	2,266,829
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ (70,000)	\$ 73,533	\$ 3,343,980	\$ 3,270,447	\$ 2,787,219



Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report District: 9040 - Northeast BOCES Fiscal Year 2021-22 Colorado School District/BOCES

-		The second secon			
inder	Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6890*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
9	General Fund	2,787,218	7,060,505	7,303,743	3,343,979
		0	0	٠	
5	Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	
	Sub-Total	2,787,218	7,860,505	7,303,743	3,343,979
=	Charter School Fund	0	0	0	
	20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	
8	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	
02	Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	
5	Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	0	0	0	
22	Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	
23	Pupit Activity Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	
52	Transportation Fund	0	0	0	
Ξ	Band Redemption Fund	0	0	0	
38	Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	
4	Building Fund	0	0	0	
42	Special Building Fund	0	0	0	
43	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	0	
46	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	Ф	0	
	Totals	Charles of the Control of the Contro	O March Control of the Control of th	0	Confederate Analogous
	Proprietary				
20	Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	۰	
2	64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	٥	•	
60,4	60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	•	
	Totals		O THE STREET STREET, S		and the common than the common
	Fiduciary				
8	Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	•	0	
72	Private Purpose Trust Fund	•	0	0	
73	Agency Fund	•	0	0	
74	Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	
٤	GASB 34:Permanent Fund	•	٥	0	
92	Foundations		0	0	

Colorado Department of Education

Bolded Balance Sheet Report
District: 9040 - Northeast BOCES
Fiscal Year 2021-22
Colorado School District/BOCES

	*****	***************************************	Gover	Govеrnmental	ттепtal		400000000000000000000000000000000000000		F0 + + + 0 + 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Proprietan	tary			Fiduciary	ary	
				Special			Food									
		Charter		Revenue		Total	Service	Debt	Capital		Other					
ASSETS	General	School		Funds	Supplemental	Program	Special	Service	Projects	Supplemental	Enterprise	Activity	Service	Agency		
	Funds		Preschool	20,	Cap Const		Revenue	Funds	Funds	Cap Const					Foundations	
	10,12-18		11 Fund 19		Fund 06		Fund 21	30-39	40-45,47-49	Fund 46					Fund 85	Totals
Cash and Investments (8100-8104.8111)	3.033,416	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,033,416
Grants Accounts Receivable (8142)	864,899	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	864,899
Other Receivables (8151-8154,8161)	207,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	207,350
Total Assets	4,105,666	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,105,666



			9,007	Governmental	ımental		Propri			Proprietary				Fiduciary		
LIABILITIES & FUND FOUITY LIABILITIES	Charter General School Funds Fund 10,12-18	Charter School Fund	Charter School Fund Preschool 11 Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 340-45,	Other Supplemental Enterprise Cap Const Funds 50, Fund 46 52-59	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Other Payables (7421-7423)	65,773	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65,773
Accrued Expenses (7461)	383,286	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	383,286
Unearned Revenue (7481)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grants Deferred Revenue (7482)	312,627	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	312,627
Deferred Inflow (7800)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deferred Inflow Grants (7801)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	761,687	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	761,687

Supplemental Total Food Debt Capital Single Total Fund of Funds Fund of Funds Fund 21 Fund 22 Fund 42 Fund 42 </th <th> Supplemental Total</th> <th>Supplemental of Total Food Food Open Open Capital Supplemental Food Food Const Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Reserve Food Service Food Fund 21 Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Projects Cap Cap Const Reserve Projects Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap Cap</th> <th>Supplemental Total Food Debt Capical Capical Other Capicals Capical Const. Exercise Capical Service Capical Service Capical Funds Fund</th> <th>Supplemental Food Check Pool Peat Leading Supplemental Supplemental Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Food Peat Leading Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Special Speci</th> <th>FUND EQUITY General Charter Preschool Sp Fund 19 Revenue 10,12-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 13.72-18 Fund 1</th> <th>Non-spendable Fund Balance 6710 0 0 0</th> <th>Restricted Fund Balance 6720 0 0 0</th> <th>TABOR 3% Emergency Reserve 6721 0 0 0</th> <th>TABOR Multi-Year 6722 0 0 0</th> <th>District Emergency Reserve (letter of credit or real 0 0 0 estate) 6723</th> <th>Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) Reserve 6724 0 0 0</th> <th>Full-Day Kindergarten Reserve 6725 0 0 0</th> <th>Risk-Related / Restricted Capital Reserve 6726 0 0 0</th> <th>BEST Capital Reserve 6727 0 0 0</th> <th>Total Program Reserve 6728 0 0 0</th> <th>Committed Fund Balance 6750 0 0 0</th> <th>Assigned Fund Balance 6760 0 0</th> <th>Unassigned Fund Balance 6770 3.343.979 0 0</th> <th>invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6790 0 0</th> <th>Restricted Net Assets 6791 0 0 0</th> <th>Unrestricted Net Assets 6792 0 0</th> <th>Prior Period Adjustment 6880 0 0</th> <th>Total Fund Equity 3,343,979 0 0</th> <th>General Charter Preschool S Funds School Fund 19 Re 10,12-18 Fund Fun</th> <th>Total Liabilities & Fund Equity 4.105.666 0 0</th> <th>General Charter Preschool Funds School Fund 19 F 10,12-18 Fund 11 F</th> <th>For Each Fund Type: Yes Yes Yes</th>	Supplemental Total	Supplemental of Total Food Food Open Open Capital Supplemental Food Food Const Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Food Food Service Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Reserve Food Service Food Fund 21 Service Projects Cap Const Reserve Projects Cap Cap Const Reserve Projects Cap	Supplemental Total Food Debt Capical Capical Other Capicals Capical Const. Exercise Capical Service Capical Service Capical Funds Fund	Supplemental Food Check Pool Peat Leading Supplemental Supplemental Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Food Peat Leading Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Supplemental Program Special Food Peat Leading Special Speci	FUND EQUITY General Charter Preschool Sp Fund 19 Revenue 10,12-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 12.72-18 Fund 13.72-18 Fund 1	Non-spendable Fund Balance 6710 0 0 0	Restricted Fund Balance 6720 0 0 0	TABOR 3% Emergency Reserve 6721 0 0 0	TABOR Multi-Year 6722 0 0 0	District Emergency Reserve (letter of credit or real 0 0 0 estate) 6723	Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) Reserve 6724 0 0 0	Full-Day Kindergarten Reserve 6725 0 0 0	Risk-Related / Restricted Capital Reserve 6726 0 0 0	BEST Capital Reserve 6727 0 0 0	Total Program Reserve 6728 0 0 0	Committed Fund Balance 6750 0 0 0	Assigned Fund Balance 6760 0 0	Unassigned Fund Balance 6770 3.343.979 0 0	invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6790 0 0	Restricted Net Assets 6791 0 0 0	Unrestricted Net Assets 6792 0 0	Prior Period Adjustment 6880 0 0	Total Fund Equity 3,343,979 0 0	General Charter Preschool S Funds School Fund 19 Re 10,12-18 Fund Fun	Total Liabilities & Fund Equity 4.105.666 0 0	General Charter Preschool Funds School Fund 19 F 10,12-18 Fund 11 F	For Each Fund Type: Yes Yes Yes
Total Food Debt Capital Service Service Projects Reserve Special Funds Funds Funds Color Special Funds Funds Color Color A7-49 Color Color Color	Food Debt Capital Supplemental Reserve Sevice Sevice Funds Fund 45 Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 57 Fund 45 Fund 46 Fund 46<	Total Food Debt Capital Supplemental Other Reserve Service Service Service Service Ser	Total Food Debt Capital Supplemental Other Risk Oth Reserve Service Service Service Funds Fund 25 Fund 46 Fund 27	Total Food Debt Capital Supplemental Other Risk Other Trop Fund 20 Service Fund 45 Fund 45 Fund 45 Fund 50 Activity Service Interprise Related	Special Suppler Revenue Cap C Funds 20, Func	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	water the same of the same	0		Yes
Food Debt Capital Service Service Service Service Service Service Service Service Service A7-49	Food Debt Capital Supplemental Service Service Projects Cap Const E Special Funds Fund 46 F Revenue 30-39 40-45. Fund 46 F Revenue 47-49 Fund 46 F Revenue 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Food	Food Debt Capital Supplemental Other Risk Oth Const. Cap Const. Funds So. 39-64 Ga-45. Risk Oth Capital Ga-45 Gap Const. Funds So. 32-69 Ga-64 Ga-45. Related Integration Scale Ga-64 Ga-45. Oth Capital Gap Const. Funds Ga-64 Ga-45. Cap Const. Funds Ga-46 Ga-46. Funds Ga-46.	Frodd Debt Capital Supplemental Other Risk- Other Trace Service Projects Cap Constant Enterprise Related Internal Age Service Projects Cap Constant Enterprise Related Internal Age Funds Sabada Internal Age Funds F																			State and			10 15 14 15	
Service	Capital Supplemental Supplemen	Debt	Debt (a) Capital (a) Supplemental (b) Other (b) Risk- (b) Other (b) Risk- (b) Other (b) Other (b) Other (b) Other (b) Related (b) Interprise (b) Capital (b) Fund 46 (c) Fun	Debt Capital Supplemental Other Risk- Other Tra Service Cap Const Fund 46 Fund 550, Activity Service 774 90-39 47-49 Fund 5 Fund 550, Activity Service 77 10-30 47-49 Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 50, Activity Service 77 10-40 47-49 Fund 46 Fund 50, Activity Service 77 70 70 10-40 10-40 Fund 46 10-40 10-40 70 <td>Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21</td> <td></td> <td>S. C. C.</td> <td>Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21																		S. C.	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21			
S O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	Supplemental Eund 46 F Fund 46 F Fund 46 F F Fund 46 F F Fund 46 F F Fund 46 F F F F F F F F F	Supplemental Other R Cap Const Enretprise Rel Enret Act Fund 50, Act Fund 46 Fund 50, Act Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 50, Act Enretprise Enret Prise Fund 46 Fund 46 Fund 50, Act Enret Prise Fund 46	Supplemental Other Risk- Ott	Supplemental Other Risk- Other Tracap Cap Const Enterprise Related Internal Ag		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		
	Nemental E	Const	Const	Const		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Yes
Risk-	k- Other Trust & Fundations and service funds Fundations and service funds 64 Funds 60 70-79 Fund 85 64 Funds 60 70-79 Fund 85 64 Funds 60 70-79 Fund 85 64 Funds 60 70-79 60 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 61 0 0 0 62 0 0 0 63 0 0 0 60 0 0 0 61 0 0 0 <	Agency Fund 85 Funds Funds Funds Fund 85 Fund 86 Fund	Fund 85 Fund 85 Coundation Coundation Funds Funds Funds Funds Funds Funds Funds Funds		Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	¢	3,343,979	0	0	0	0	3,343,979	Totals	0 4,105,666	Foundations Fund 85	Yes

