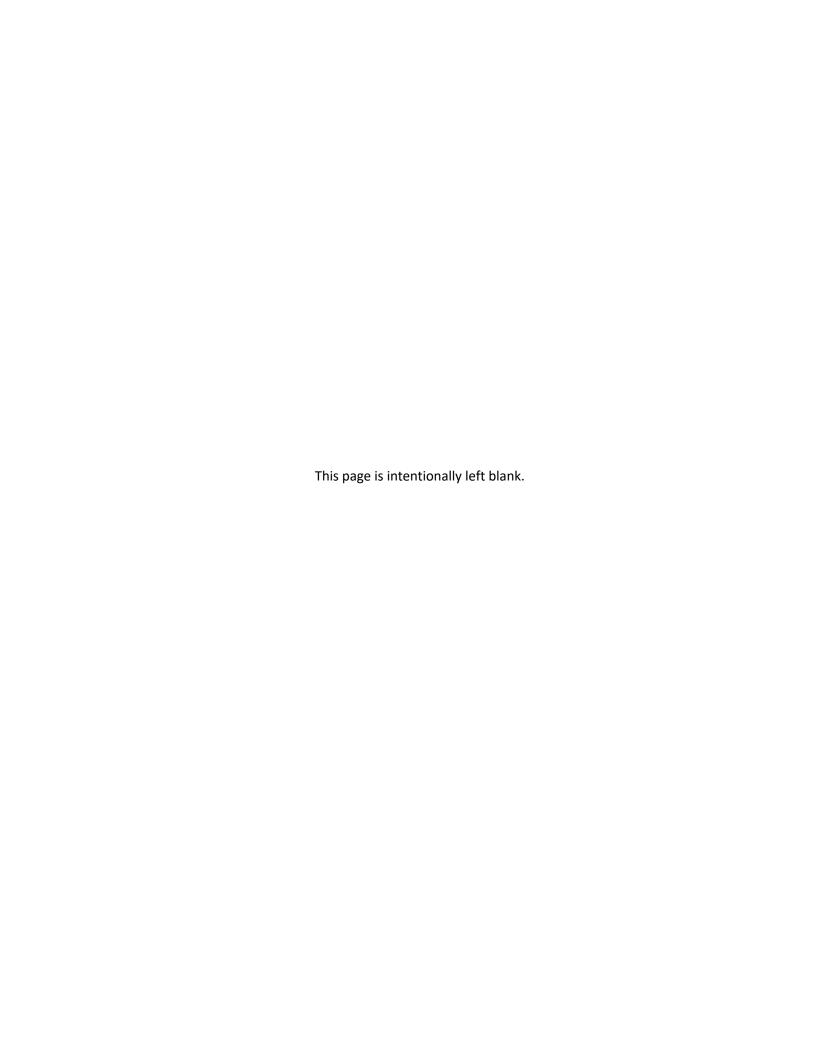
COUNTY OF KERN BUTTONWILLOW, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2022







Buttonwillow Union School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

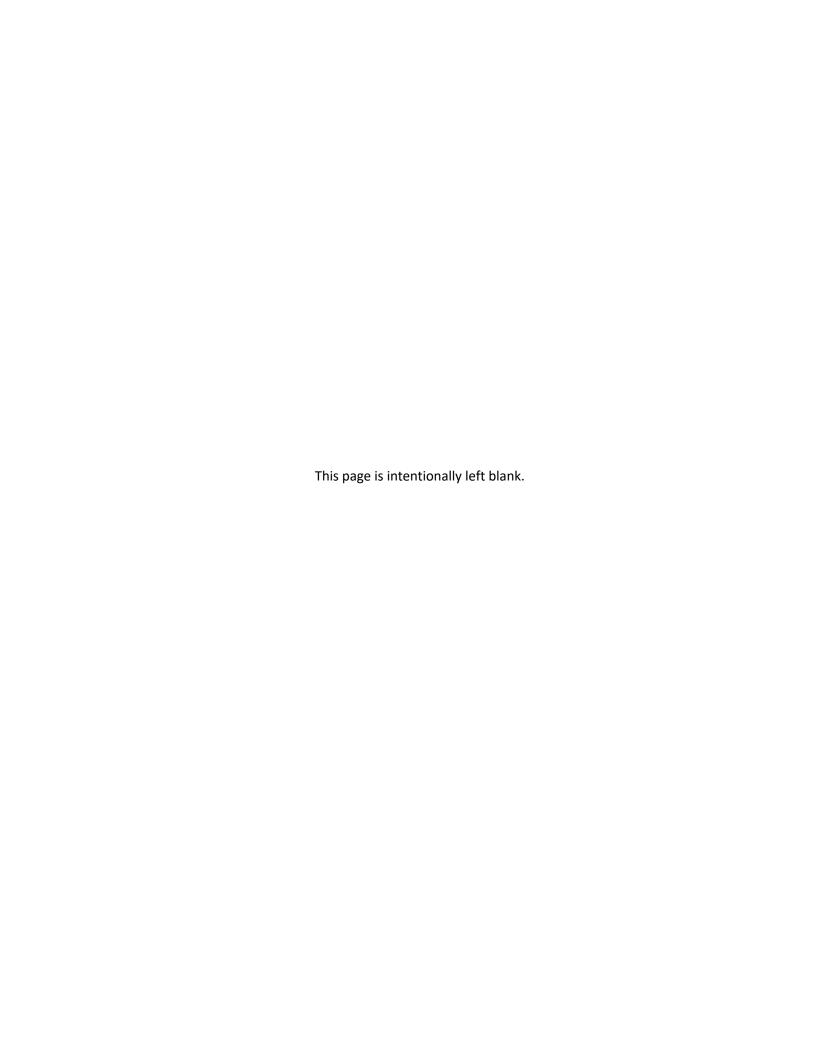
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Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Buttonwillow Union School District Buttonwillow, California 93206

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buttonwillow Union School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Buttonwillow Union School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability And Related Ratios identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Buttonwillow Union School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022 on our consideration of Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Linger, Peterson & Shrum Fresno, California

Linger, Peterson & Shrum

December 12, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Hiedi Witcher Assistant Superintendent/Principal

42600 Highway 58, Buttonwillow, CA 93206

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the Buttonwillow Union School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Total assets increased \$616,208. Net position increased \$1,428,997 from the prior year net position, which represents a -43.47% increase from fiscal year 2021 net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,106,596 of the total revenues. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services were \$0, operating grants and contributions accounted for \$2,926,651.
- The District had \$6,604,250 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,926,651 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily interest, property taxes, and Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes) of \$5,106,596 were adequate to provide for these programs.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities as a whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant/major funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in a single column. For the District, the General Fund, Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects, and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund are the significant/major funds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this report contains a large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole, looks at all financial transactions and asks the question: "How did we do financially during the fiscal year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the District has improved or diminished for the District as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities All of the District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, and extracurricular activities.
- Business-type activities This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District had no business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Reporting the District's Most Significant/Major Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects, and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at the fiscal year end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

Table 1: Net Position

Table 1. Net Position	 Governmental Activities		
	 2022		2021
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 4,856,360	\$	4,291,733
Capital assets, net	3,290,206		3,238,625
Total Assets	\$ 8,146,566	\$	7,530,358
Deferred Outflows	\$ 1,152,294	\$	1,076,634
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 737,880	\$	492,863
Long-term liabilities	7,819,623		10,498,878
Total Liabilities	\$ 8,557,503	\$	10,991,741
Deferred Inflows	\$ 2,599,592	\$	902,483
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (1,449,594)	\$	(1,830,583)
Restricted	1,586,645		2,442,689
Unrestricted	 (1,995,286)		(3,899,338)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,858,235)	\$	(3,287,232)

Total assets increased \$616,208. Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,428,997 from the prior year net position.

Changes in Net Position

Table 2 reflects the change in net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021:

Table 2: Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ctivities	
	2022			2021	
Revenues:		_		_	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	8,010	
Operating and capital grants and contributions		2,926,651		2,227,905	
General revenues					
LCFF sources		4,206,805		3,647,751	
Federal revenues		-		37,675	
State revenues		40,991		471,620	
Local revenues		858,800		818,733	
Total Revenues	\$	8,033,247	\$	7,211,694	
Program expenses:					
Instruction	\$	2,575,434	\$	3,097,039	
Instruction-related services		300,501		373,647	
Pupil services		986,243		806,296	
Ancillary services		19,718		-	
Community services		2,096		1,231	
General administration		655,527		678,282	
Plant services		1,783,986		988,807	
Other outgo		6,928		87,269	
Interest on long-term debt		273,817		290,057	
Total Expenses	\$	6,604,250	\$	6,322,628	
Changes in Net Position	\$	1,428,997	\$	889,066	

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues of \$8,059,752, and expenditures of \$7,759,099. The positive change in the governmental fund balance for the year of \$300,653, reflects that the District was able to meet current costs with current revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted funds are the General Fund, Special Reserve fund for Capital Outlay Projects, and Bond Interest and Redemption fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The District uses a site-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for site management.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$3,290,206 invested in capital assets. Table 3 reflects fiscal year 2022 balances compared to 2021:

Table 3: Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities			
		2022	2021		
Land	\$	71,823	\$	71,823	
Land improvement		65,304		71,725	
Buildings		3,046,364		2,933,447	
Equipment		93,135		161,630	
Leased assets		13,580		-	
Totals	\$	3,290,206	\$	3,238,625	

The work-in-progress is costs incurred for modernization.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$2,437,856 in net pension liability. This is a decrease of \$2,305,935 from last year as shown in Table 4.

Table 4: Outstanding Debt, at Year-End

	Governmental Activities			
	2022			2021
Net pension liability	\$	2,437,856	\$	4,743,791
General obligation bonds		2,686,045		3,011,008
Accreted interest on general obligation bonds		2,014,950		2,025,790
Postemployment health benefits		645,364		690,212
Lease liability		8,203		-
Compensated absences		27,205		28,077
Totals	\$	7,819,623	\$	10,498,878

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In light of the COVID pandemic, the United States Department of Agriculture declared that all K-12 students are eligible to receive free meals, regardless of the students' household incomes. This change increased the District's cafeteria funding to provide meals to students.

With the current Governor's interest in supporting school facility funding, there is hope for additional funding. With the challenges that are currently faced at Buttonwillow Union School District we will continue to explore and advocate for any possible funding sources to update and improve facilities. The District is committed to remaining fiscally conservative while making certain we address our facilities updates in an organized and informed fashion.

The Buttonwillow Union School District maintains more than the required 5% reserve for economic uncertainties, and continues to build its special reserves. The Buttonwillow Union School District has no long-term debt other than the net pension liability and, as in the past, will continue to be fiscally conservative.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. This outbreak has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments have affected School Districts and Governments globally, resulting in an economic downturn. It has also disrupted the normal operations of the School District, forcing closures and changes needed to operate. It is not possible to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effects on the School District or the results of operations at this time.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances, and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to Stuart Packard, Superintendent, Buttonwillow Union School District, 42600 Highway 58, Buttonwillow, CA 93206.

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Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmenta Activities	
ASSETS:	ď	2 002 641
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$	3,983,641 33,949
Cash in Revolving Fund		3,000
Accounts Receivable		742,439
Due from Grantor Governments		110,868
Unamortized Issuance Costs		(17,537)
Capital Assets:		(17,557)
Land		71,823
Land Improvements, Net		65,304
Buildings, Net		3,046,364
Equipment, Net		93,135
Leased Assets, Net		13,580
Total Assets	_	8,146,566
1014.7100010	_	0,110,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		1 004 000
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		1,004,960
	_	147,334 1,152,294
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,152,294
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable		332,965
Due to Grantor Governments		8,519
Unearned Revenue		396,396
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		2,437,856
Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation		645,364
Due within one year		566,376
Due in more than one year		4,170,027
Total Liabilities	_	8,557,503
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		1,849,660
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		749,932
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,599,592
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(1,449,594)
Restricted For:		(, , , ,
Debt Service		715,638
Capital Projects		115,123
Other Purposes		755,884
Unrestricted		(1,995,286)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,858,235)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			_	Program Revenues Operating	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Contributions	Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:					
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$	2,575,434	\$	1,305,156	\$ • • • • • • •
Instruction-Related Services		300,501		162,081	(138,420)
Pupil Services		986,243		694,822	(291,421)
Ancillary Services		19,718		6,469	(13,249)
Community Services		2,096		892	(1,204)
General Administration		655,527		267,442	(388,085)
Plant Services		1,783,986		489,789	(1,294,197)
Other Outgo		6,928		-	(6,928)
Interest on Long-Term Obligations	_	273,817	_	-	(273,817)
Total Governmental Activities	Φ	6,604,250	φ	2,926,651	(3,677,599)
Total Primary Government	\$	6,604,250	\$	2,926,651	(3,677,599)
	General Rev	venues:			
	LCFF Sou	rces			4,206,805
	State Reve	enues			40,991
	Local Reve	enues			858,800
	Total Ge	neral Revenues			5,106,596
	Change	in Net Position			1,428,997
	Net Position				(3,287,232)
	Prior Period				-
	Net Position				\$ (1,858,235)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:	General Fund	Capital Outlay Projects
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 2,226,314	\$ 764,008
Cash on Hand and in Banks	-	φ 701,000 -
Cash in Revolving Fund	3,000	-
Accounts Receivable	556,723	1,321
Due from Grantor Governments	110,868	-
Due from Other Funds	46,537	
Total Assets	2,943,442	765,329
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 313,386	\$ -
Due to Grantor Governments	203	-
Due to Other Funds	-	-
Unearned Revenue	364,609	
Total Liabilities	678,198	
Fund Balance:		
Nonspendable Fund Balances:		
Revolving Cash	3,000	-
Restricted Fund Balances	495,522	705.000
Assigned Fund Balances Unassigned:	37,807	765,329
Other Unassigned	1,728,915	-
Total Fund Balance	2,265,244	765,329
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$2,943,442	\$

	Bond		Other		Total
	Interest	Go	vernmental	(Governmental
&	Redemption		Funds		Funds
\$	715,638	\$	277,681	\$	3,983,641
Ψ	7 10,000	Ψ	33,949	Ψ	33,949
	-		-		3,000
	_		184,395		742,439
	_		-		110,868
	_		_		46,537
	715,638		496,025	_	4,920,434
	7.0,000		.00,020	=	.,020,101
\$	-	\$	6,514	\$	319,900
	-		8,316		8,519
	-		46,537		46,537
	-		31,787		396,396
-	-		93,154		771,352
				_	
	-		-		3,000
	715,638		375,485		1,586,645
	-		27,386		830,522
					1,728,915
	715,638		402,871		4,149,082
\$	715,638	\$	496,025	\$	4,920,434

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds	\$	4,149,082
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation/amortization		12,406,028 (9,115,822)
Certain debt issue costs are recognized in the funds as expenditures in the period the debt was incurred, whereas in the government-wide statements, they are amortized over the life of the debt:		
Unamortized prepaid insurance related to debt		(17,537)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest payable		(13,065)
General obligation bonds payable		(2,686,045)
Accreted interest		(2,014,950)
Other post-employment benefits payable (OPEB)		(645,364)
Net pension liability		(2,437,856)
Compensated absences payable		(27,205)
Leases payable		(8,203)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported in the funds because they are applicable to future periods:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,004,960
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(1,849,660)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		147,334
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	_	(749,932)
Total Fund Balance of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	(1,858,235)

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues: LCFF Sources: State Apportionment or State Aid Education Protection Account Funds Local Sources Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	1,1 7 1,0 9 3		\$	Capital Outlay Projects 7,388 7,388
Expenditures: Current: Instruction		860,120		-
Instruction - Related Services Pupil Services Ancillary Services Community Services	6	325,355 593,237 17,235 2,096		- - -
General Administration Plant Services Other Outgo Capital Outlay	7	706,189 733,087 6,928 547,102		- - - 650,129
Debt Service: Principal Interest Total Expenditures		- - - 391,349		650,129
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		665,325	_	(642,741)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Other Sources Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	6	665,325		(642,741)
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Period Adjustment Fund Balance, June 30		599,919 - 265,244	\$	1,408,070 - 765,329

Bond Interest & Redemption	on_	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
\$		\$ - 411,993 283,254 9,358 704,605		\$ 2,245,174 1,166,870 794,761 1,425,335 1,267,265 1,160,347 8,059,752
	- - - - - - -	201,655 35,735 359,168 4,951 - - 4,684		3,061,775 361,090 1,052,405 22,186 2,096 706,189 737,771 6,928 1,197,231
324,9 286,4 611,4	65	- - 606,193	- -	324,963 286,465 7,759,099
179,6	57	98,412	-	300,653
17,1 17,1		<u>-</u>	- -	17,149 17,149
196,8	06	98,412		317,802
518,8	32	304,459		3,831,280
\$ 715,6	38	\$ 402,871	_ =	\$4,149,082

1,428,997

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 317,802
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period: Expenditures for capital outlay Depreciation expense	544,136 (492,555)
Governmental funds report repayments of long-term debt as expenditures. In the Government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	333,735
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds: Change in accrued interest payable and accreted interest Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits cost in excess of contributions	12,648 872 22,237
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Amounts recognized in the funds as proceeds from debt were:	(16,975)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	707,097

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Buttonwillow Union School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual." The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

1. Reporting Entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the District to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The District or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund, reported in these financial statements, includes four Funds maintained by the District: The General Fund (Fund 01), the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits (Fund 20). Although Funds 17 and 20 are separate funds authorized in the Education Code, neither fund meets the definition of a Special Revenue Fund under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and have therefore been combined into the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. The beginning fund balances have also been combined.

Special Reserve (Capital Projects) Fund is used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of funds for capital outlay purposes, as established by the Board in accordance with Education Code 42840 et seg.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. This fund is maintained by the County Treasurer and is used to account for both the accumulation of resources from ad valorem tax levies and the interest and redemption of principal of bonds issued by the District.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Student Body Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made related to student activity funds.

Child Development Fund is used to account for resources committed to child development programs maintained by the District.

Cafeteria Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeterias.

Building Fund. This fund is used to account for the acquisition of major governmental capital facilities and buildings from the sale of bond proceeds.

Capital Facilities Fund is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

County School Facilities Fund is used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of funds for projects funded under the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998, as established by the Board in accordance with Education Code 42840 et seq.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after year-end. The District does not consider revenues collected after its taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the Kern County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with Kern County Treasury was not available.

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories of the General Fund are immaterial and have been omitted from these statements.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Examples	Estimated Useful Life in Years
Land		N/A
Site improvements	Paving, flagpoles, retaining walls,	,
	sidewalks, fencing, outdoor lighting	20
School buildings	3 1 3	50
Portable classrooms		25
HVAC systems	Heating, ventilation AC systems	20
Roofing	3 ,	20
Interior construction		25
Carpet replacement		7
Electrical/plumbing		30
Sprinkler/fire system	Fire suppression systems	25
Outdoor equipment	Playground, radio towers,	
	fuel tanks, pumps	20
Machinery and tools	Shop, maintenance equipment, tools	15
Kitchen equipment	Appliances	15
Custodial equipment	Floor scrubbers, vacuums, other	15
Science and engineering	Lab equipment, scientific apparatus	10
Furniture and accessories	Classroom and other furniture	20
Business machines	Fax, duplicating and	
	printing equipment	10
Copiers		5
Communication equipment	Mobile, portable radios,	
	non-computerized	10
Computer hardware	PC's, printers, network hardware	5
Computer software	Instructional, other short-term	5 to 10
Computer software	Administrative or long-term	10 to 20
Audio visual equipment	Projectors, cameras (still and digital)	10
Athletic equipment	Gymnastics, football, weight machines, wrestling mats	10
Musical instruments	Pianos, strings, brass, percussion	10
Library books	Collections	5 to 7
Licensed vehicles	Buses, other on-road vehicles	8
Contractors equipment	Major off-road vehicles, front-end loaders, large tractors,	O
	mobile air compressors	10
Grounds equipment	Mowers, tractors, attachments	15

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

e. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The current portion of the liabilities is recognized in the general fund at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

f. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

g. <u>Interfund Activity</u>

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the Government-wide Statement of Activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Kern bills and collects the taxes for the District.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

6. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

Consistent with fund reporting requirements established by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund 17 (Special Revenue Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects) and Fund 20 (Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits) are merged with the General Fund for purposes of presentation in the audit report, when applicable.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan) and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD) (STRS) June 30, 2021

Valuation Date (VD) (PERS) June 30, 2020

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2021

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

8. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

9. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a

government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an

asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the current fiscal year the District did not have any recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements.

10. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standard. The applicable provisions of the new standard are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It established a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual funds as follows:

Appropriations Catagory	Excess Expenditures				
Appropriations Category	EX	penaltures			
General Fund:					
Certificated Salaries	\$	640,234			
Classified Salaries		291,968			
Employee Benefits		678,696			
Books And Supplies		55,577			
Services And Other Operating Expenditures		286,384			
Other Outgo		106,796			
Capital Outlay		487,102			
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:					
Capital Outlay		1,300,129			
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:					
Debt Service		611,428			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

General Fund: The District incurred unanticipated expenditures for inflationary salary increases, supplies other operating expenditures, other outgo, and capital projects.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: The District incurred unanticpated expenditures for capital projects.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: The District does not budget for the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund as this fund is managed by Kern County.

C. Cash and Investments

1. Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Kern County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$5,062,899,304 as of June 30, 2022). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$3,983,641. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

2. Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$33,949 as of June 30, 2022) and in the revolving fund (\$3,000) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

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3. <u>Investments:</u>

The District's investments at June 30, 2022 are shown below.

		ran
Investment or Investment Type	Maturity	Value
Cash in County Treasury	Less than 12 months	\$ 3,983,641
Cash in Revolving Fund	Less than 12 months	3,000
Cash on Hand and in Banks	Less than 12 months	33,949
Total Investments		\$ 4,020,590

4. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to significant credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to significant custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to significant concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to significant foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported in conformity with GASB Statement No. 77 unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Special				
		Reserve Fund		All Other		Total
	General	for Capital		Government		Governmental
	 Fund	Outlay Projects	<u> </u>	Funds	_	Funds
Federal programs	\$ 658,959	\$ -	\$	184,395	\$	843,354
State categorical aid programs	74,518	-		-		74,518
Interest	(237,960)	-		-		(237,960)
Other local receivables	 61,206	1,321		-		62,527
Total	\$ 556,723	\$1,321	\$_	184,395	\$_	742,439

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	_				
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	71,823 \$	- \$	- \$	71,823
Work in progress		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated		71,823			71,823
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		10,817,268	527,161	-	11,344,429
Improvements		181,925	-	-	181,925
Equipment		790,876	-	-	790,876
Leased assets		-	16,975	-	16,975
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	11,790,069	544,136	-	12,334,205
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(7,883,821)	(414,244)	-	(8,298,065)
Improvements		(110,200)	(6,421)	-	(116,621)
Equipment		(629,246)	(68,495)	-	(697,741)
Lease amortization		-	(3,395)	-	(3,395)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(8,623,267)	(492,555)	-	(9,115,822)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	3,166,802	51,581	-	3,218,383
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	3,238,625 \$	51,581 \$	- \$	3,290,206

Depreciation/amortization was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	42,425
Pupil Services		18,269
General Administration		3,841
Plant Services		428,020
	\$_	492,555

F. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

		I	nterfund	Interfund
Fund		Re	eceivables	Payables
General Fund		\$	46,537 \$	-
Child Development Fund			-	21,537
Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund			-	25,000
	Total	\$	46,537 \$	46,537

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

G. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

			All Other	Total	
	General G Fund		Government Funds	Governmental Funds	
Vendor payables	\$	9,680 \$	- \$	9,680	
Salaries and benefits		191,306	6,514	197,820	
State categorical aid programs		112,400	-	112,400	
Total	\$_	313,386 \$	6,514	319,900	

H. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District has received revenues for programs as advances, or before program expenditures were incurred. Such revenues are reported in these statements as "unearned," and will be recognized in subsequent periods as program expenditures are made.

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		General Fund	Child Development Fund	Total Governmental Fund
In-Person Instruction (IPI) Grant	\$	7,959 \$		
Child Dev: Universal Prekindergarten Planning & Imp Grant	•	54,951	-	54,951
Other Fed: AB 114 CANS Demonstration Project and AB 114 Grant		836	-	836
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants		226	-	226
Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5		1,468	-	1,468
Special Ed: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611		61,878	-	61,878
Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 619, Preschool Grants		1,128	-	1,128
Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Entitlement		13,889	-	13,889
ELO Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss		10,608	-	10,608
ELO Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs		6,154	-	6,154
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant GEER II		2,167	-	2,167
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant ESSER II State Reserve		9,440	-	9,440
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III Fund		119,078	-	119,078
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund		74,827	-	74,827
Child Development: California State Preschool Program	_		31,787	31,787
Totals	\$	364,609 \$	31,787	\$396,396

I. Long-Term Obligations

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
Governmental activities:		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$_	3,011,008 \$	- \$	324,963	2,686,045 \$	337,215
Accreted Interest		2,025,790	189,198	200,038	2,014,950	222,786
Other post-employment						
benefits payable		690,212	-	44,848	645,364	-
Net pension liability		4,743,791	-	2,305,935	2,437,856	-
Compensated absences		28,077	-	872	27,205	-
Lease liability		-	16,975	8,772	8,203	6,375
Total governmental activities	\$_	10,498,878 \$	206,173 \$	2,885,428 \$	7,819,623 \$	566,376

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
General obligation bonds	Governmental	Bond Interest and Redemption
Accreted Interest	Governmental	Bond Interest and Redemption
Other post-employment benefits payable	Governmental	General
Net pension liability	Governmental	General
Compensated absences	Governmental	General
Lease liability	Governmental	General

2. General Obligation Bonds and Accreted Interest

The outstanding general obligation bond debt of the District at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	l l	ssue	Maturi	ty	interest				
Bond		Date	Date		Rate %				
2002, Series 2003A	4	/1/03	11/1/2	:7	2.00-5.50%	_			
2002, Series 2004A	1	0/1/04	11/1/2	9	2.81-5.59%				
			Bond	S					Bonds
	0	riginal	Outstand	ding	Issued		Redeemed		Outstanding
Bond	I	ssue	July 1, 2	021	During Year		During Year		June 30, 2022
2002, Series 2003A	\$	4,000,000 \$	1,64	5,000 \$	-	- \$	200,000	\$	1,445,000
2002, Series 2004A		2,499,967	1,36	5,008		-	124,963		1,241,045
	\$	5,499,967	3,01	1,008 \$		_ \$_	324,963	\$_	2,686,045

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds, payable and outstanding, and accreted interest as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds						
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	\$ 337,215	\$ 296,487 \$	633,702				
2024	350,568	311,308	661,876				
2025	368,172	326,191	694,363				
2026	380,102	341,061	721,163				
2027	396,422	355,854	752,276				
2028-2030	853,566	1,678,985	2,532,551				
Totals	\$ 2,686,045	\$ 3,309,886 \$	5,995,931				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year Ending June 30,	Accreted Intere			
2023	\$	204,400		
2024		210,396		
2025		215,239		
2026		218,954		
2027		221,644		
2028-2030		944,317		
Totals	\$	2,014,950		

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences at June 30, 2022 consisted of:

	Compensated		
	Absences	Benefits	Totals
Classified	\$ 20,336 \$	6,869 \$	27,205

All amounts are due after one year.

K. Pension

1. General Information About the Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

b. Benefits Paid

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62*
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	55-60	55-62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.4-2.4%	1.16-2.4%**
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2022)	10.25%	10.21%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2022)	16.920%	16.920%
Required State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2022)	10.828%	10.828%

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

^{**}The contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based, in part, on the normal cost of benefits and may increase or decrease in future years.

	CalF	PERS
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	<u>Jan. 1, 2013</u>
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62*
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly For Life
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1-2.5%	1.0-2.5%
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2022)	7.00%	7.00%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2022)	22.91%	22.91%

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

c. Contributions

CalSTRS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (measurement date June 30, 2021), California Education Code Section 22950 requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired before January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 16.92% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Beginning in the fiscal year June 30, 2022 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary. Those adjustments are limited to 1% annually, not to exceed 20.25% of creditable compensation. For 2021-22, the employer rate reflects a 2.18% reduction from the rate that was originally required in the funding plan.

<u>CalPERS</u>

California Public Employees' Retirement Law section 20814(c) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (measurement date June 30, 2021) the employee contribution rate was 7.00% and the employer contribution rate was 22.910% of covered payroll. For 2021-22, the employer rate reflects a 2.16% reduction from the rate originally adopted by the board on April 20, 2021, due to an amendment of Government Code 20825.2 (c).

On Behalf Payments

Consistent with California Education Code Section 22955.1, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (measurement date June 30, 2021) the State contributed 10.828% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Consistent with the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the States contribution for the fiscal year. Contributions made by the state on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	On Behalf	On Behalf
Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution
June 30,	Rate	Amount
2020	10.328%	179,721
2021	10.328%	191,562
2022	10.828%	208,319

The State contributed an additional \$1.1 Billion to CalSTRS during the 2019-20 fiscal year and \$297 Million to CalSTRS during the 2020-21 fiscal year as a continuing settlement associated with SB90.

d. Contributions Recognized

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (measurement period June 30, 2021), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

		Fund Financial Statements		
		(Current Financial Resources Measurement Focus		
	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	333,695 \$	172,565 \$	506,260
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		208,319	-	208,319
Total Contributions	\$	542,014 \$	172,565 \$	714,579

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022 (measured June 30, 2021), the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate	
	Share of Net	
	Pension Liabilit	y
CalSTRS	\$ 1,474,004	
CalPERS	963,852	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	=

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 (STRS) and June 30, 2020 (PERS) rolled forward to measurement date June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		CalSTRS					
	District's	District's State's Total For					
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	Proportionate			
	Share	Share*	Employees	Share			
Proportion June 30, 2021	0.0034%	0.0017%	0.0051%	0.0048%			
Proportion June 30, 2022	0.0032%	0.0016%	0.0049%	0.0047%			
Change in Proportion	-0.0001%	-0.0001%	-0.0003%	-0.0000%			

^{*}Represents State's Proportionate Share on Behalf of District employees

a. Pension Expense

		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,809,273) \$	(496,662) \$	(2,305,935)
On Behalf Contribution Amount		208,319	-	208,319
Employer Contributions to Pension Plan		333,695	172,565	506,260
Change in Other Outflows/Inflows of Resources		1,215,504	383,334	1,598,838
Total Pension Expense	\$_	(51,755) \$	59,237 \$	7,482

b. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$_	542,014 \$	172,565 \$	714,579
Differences between actual and expected experience		3,692	28,773	32,465
Changes in assumptions		208,851	-	208,851
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-	49,065	49,065
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	754,557 \$	250,403 \$	1,004,960
		Deferred	Inflows of Resour	ces
	_	Deferred CalSTRS	Inflows of Resour	ces Total
Differences between actual and expected experience	- \$			
Change in employer's proportionate share	\$	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
·	_ \$	CalSTRS (156,865) \$	CalPERS	Total (159,137)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2022. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

		Deferred Outflows	of Resources	Deferred Inflows	of Resources	Net Effect
Year Ended June 30		CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
2023	_ \$_	641,144 \$	38,968 \$	(330,890) \$	(111,093)\$	238,129
2024		99,130	24,413	(300,087)	(103,633)	(280,177)
2025		4,761	14,457	(306,128)	(103,633)	(390,543)
2026		4,761	172,565	(350,103)	(102,876)	(275,653)
2027		4,761	-	(20,041)	-	(15,280)
Thereafter		-	-	(121,176)	-	(121,176)
Total	\$_	754,557 \$	250,403 \$	(1,428,425)\$	(421,235)\$	(844,700)

c. Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were based on actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Experience Study Period	2015-2018	1997-2015
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.50%
Wage Growth	3.50%	(3)
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(1)	(4)
Mortality	(2)	(5)

- (1) CalSTRS post retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level.
- (2) CalSTRS base mortality tables are custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set to equal 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Varies by entry age and service.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% CalSTRS and 7.15% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate and the use of the discount bond rate calculation is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently, CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. CalSTRS completed their ALM November 2019 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2021. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2018 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2018. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS	
---------	--

Assumed	Long Term
Asset	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return*
42.00%	4.80%
15.00%	3.60%
13.00%	6.30%
12.00%	1.30%
10.00%	1.80%
6.00%	3.30%
2.00%	-0.40%
	Asset Allocation 42.00% 15.00% 13.00% 12.00% 10.00% 6.00%

^{*20} year average

CalPERS

	Assumed	Real Return	Real Return
	Asset	Years	Years
Asset Class (1)	Allocation	1-10 (2,4)	11+ (3,4)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

⁽¹⁾ In the Basic Financial Statements, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

- (2) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period
- (3) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period
- (4) Figures are based on the previous ALM of 2017

e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 CalSTRS	CalPERS		
1% Decrease	6.10%		6.15%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,000,545	\$	1,625,190	
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 7.10% 1,474,004	\$	7.15% 963,852	
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 8.10% 207,004	\$	8.15% 414,800	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

CalSTRS - Governmental Activities

		Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share		
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension		
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability		
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)		
Balance at June 30, 2021								
(Previously Reported)	\$_	18,685,808 \$	13,710,015 \$	4,975,793 \$	1,692,516 \$	3,283,277		
Changes for the year:								
CalSTRS Auditor Adjustment		-	-	-	-	-		
Change in Prop share		(138,535)	100,319	(238,854)	(106,873)	(131,981)		
Service Cost		370,611	-	370,611	124,058	246,553		
Interest		1,186,665	-	1,186,665	397,224	789,441		
Differences between								
expected and actual		(,,,,,,,,,)		(,,,,,,,,,)	(- ()	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
experience		(164,029)	-	(164,029)	(54,907)	(109,122)		
Change in assumptions		-	-	-	-	-		
Change in benefits		-	-	-	-	-		
Contributions:				()	((-)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Employer		-	280,345	(280,345)	(93,843)	(186,502)		
Employee		-	182,214	(182,214)	(60,994)	(121,220)		
State On Behalf Payments		-	181,649	(181,649)	(60,805)	(120,844)		
Net Investment Income		-	3,263,958	(3,263,958)	(1,092,577)	(2,171,381)		
Other Income		-	4,404	(4,404)	(1,474)	(2,930)		
Benefit Payments, including								
refunds of employee		(544.470)	(555,000)	14.750	4.040	0.010		
contributions		(541,172)	(555,930)	14,758	4,940	9,818		
Administrative expenses		-	12,248	(12,248)	(4,100)	(8,148)		
Borrowing Costs		-	4,362	(4,362)	(1,460)	(2,902)		
Other Expenses	_		83	(83)	(28)	(55)		
Net Changes	_	713,540	3,473,652	(2,760,112)	(950,839)	(1,809,273)		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$_	19,399,348 \$	17,183,667 \$	2,215,681 \$	741,677	1,474,004		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CalPERS - Governmental Activities

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total	Plan	Net		
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension		
		Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	_	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	4,859,218 \$	3,398,704 \$	1,460,514		
(Previously Reported)	_					
Changes for the year:						
Change in Proportionate Share		(14,610)	(8,474)	(6,136)		
Service Cost		111,267	-	111,267		
Interest		342,073	-	342,073		
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(3,030)	-	(3,030)		
Change in Assumptions		-	-	-		
Contributions:						
Employer		-	140,883	(140,883)		
Employee		-	48,308	(48,308)		
Nonemployer		-	-	-		
Net Investment Income		-	755,011	(755,011)		
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-	-	-		
Benefit Payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(233,796)	(233,796)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(3,366)	3,366		
Other expenses	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Net Changes		201,904	698,566	(496,662)		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	5,061,122 \$	4,097,270 \$	963,852		

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports available on their respective websites.

L. Leases

The District has three leasing arrangements totaling \$8,203 outstanding at year end with an interest rate of 4.0 percent. Variable payments not included in the measurement of the leases are estimated by the District and payable upon lease expiration.

Future lease payment maturity schedule is as follows:

	Year ended						
	June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
_	2023	\$_	6,375	\$	277	\$	6,652
	2024		1,382		73		1,455
	2025		446		18		464
		\$_	8,203	\$_	368	\$_	8,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

M. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District provides health insurance only. All coverages are self-insured on a pooled basis through the Retired Health Plan. There are approximately 2 retirees currently receiving benefits, as well as approximately 24 active employees who may become eligible to retire and receive benefits in the future as of June 30, 2022. The District provides postemployment health care benefits to eligible employees and their dependents under a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

Benefit provisions and the authority to pay benefits as they come due are established and may be amended by the District, as approved by the Board of Education. The OPEB Plan is administered by the District. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

The OPEB plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports that are available to the public.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the following retirees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	24
Total number of participants	26

2. Total OPEB Liability

The OPEB plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports that are available to the public.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Inflation

The total OPEB liability actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Salary Increases	2.75% per year
Discount Rate	3.54% per year
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.00%
Retiree's Share of Costs	0.00% of projected health insurance premiums

2.50%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

angoon Total of Lo Liability	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	690,212
Changes for the year: Service cost		67,345
Interest		15,306
Benefit payments		(30,532)
Assumption changes		(96,967)
Net changes		(44,848)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	645,364

The interest assumption changed from 2.16% to 3.54% and the inflation rate changed from 2.75% to 2.50%. There were no changes to any other inputs or assumptions.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point-higher than the current discount rate:

	1° —	% Decrease 2.54%	Discount Rate 3.54%	1% Increase 4.54%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	716,672 \$	645,364	591,677

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point-lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare					
	1%	Decrease	Cost Trend	1% Increase		
		3.00%	4.00%	5.00%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	542,169 \$	645,364	\$ 767,981		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$22,237.

At June 30, 2022 the District reported the following deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits.

	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Assumption changes	\$	749,932 \$	-
Difference between expected and actual		-	114,360
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	_	- -	32,974
	\$_	749,932 \$	147,334

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows.

	Deferred	Deferred
	Inflows of	Outflows of
	Resources	Resources
\$	84,081 \$	40,401
	84,081	7,427
	84,081	7,427
	84,081	7,427
	84,081	7,427
_	329,527	77,225
\$	749,932 \$	147,334
	_	Inflows of Resources \$ 84,081 \$ 84,081 84,081 84,081 84,081 84,081 329,527

N. Commitments and Contingencies

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to view and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

Pending Assessment for Disputed Tax Revenues

The Kern County Auditor-Controller's Office has impounded disputed revenues of school district taxes on secured and unsecured property based on claims or actions filed for the return of such tax revenues. The claims and actions are regarding the valuation of mineral rights that could trigger repayment of property taxes. Revenues are impounded until the final disposition of the claim or action.

The Kern County Auditor-Controller has estimated the contingent liability as of June 30, 2022 as follows:

Pending appeals for taxes	\$ 6,684
Pending appeals for interest	163
Total	 6,847
Less amount held by Kern County Auditor-Controller	(1,320)
Net contingent liability	\$ 5,527

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

O. Restricted Fund Balances

Restricted fund balances at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Eveneded Learning Opportunities Dreaven	φ	040 000
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	\$	248,398
Educator Effectiveness, FY 2021-22		82,427
Lottery: Instructional Materials		63,148
Special Ed: Learning Recovery Support		18,177
Special Education Early Intervention Preschool Grant		20,612
Child Nutrition: Kitchen Infrastructure Upgrade Funds		37,644
Child Nutrition: Food Service Staff Training Funds		9,202
Classified School Employee Professional Development Block Grant		3,455
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant		8,849
Other Restricted Local		3,610
Student Activity Special Revenue Fund		32,666
Child Development Fund		22,485
Cafeteria Fund		205,211
Building Fund		1,207
Capital Facilities Fund		113,133
County Schools Facilities Fund		783
Bond Interest and Debt Service Fund		715,638
Totals	\$	1,586,645

P. <u>Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)</u>

The District participates in four joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs) as follows:

Schools Legal Services (legal services)

Self-Insured Schools of California I (SISC I) (workers' compensation insurance)

Self-Insured Schools of California II (SISC II) (property and liability insurance)

Self-Insured Schools of California III (SISC III) (health insurance)

The relationships between the District and the other JPAs are such that none of the other JPAs are component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs provide insurance and services as noted for member school districts.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Such governing board controls the operations of its JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond representation on the governing board.

Each district pays premiums and fees commensurate with the level of coverage or services requested, and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to its participation in each JPA.

Each JPA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters, and maintains its own accounting records.

The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity has not been calculated by the entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Condensed financial information for the above JPAs for the year ended June 30, 2022 was not available as of the audit report date. Complete financial statements for the JPAs may be obtained from the JPAs at the addresses indicated below:

Schools Legal Services Kern County Superintendent of Schools

1300 17th St., No. 7 Bakersfield, CA 93301

SISC I, II and III Self-Insured Schools of California

Kern County Superintendent of Schools

P. O. Box 1847

Bakersfield, CA 93303-1847

Q. Prior Period Adjustment

Adjustments to previously reported amounts relate to transfers between the Child Development Fund and the Cafeteria Fund.

	_	June 30 2021
Fund balance of the Child Development Fund, as previously reported Prior period adjustment	\$	25,277 (2,792)
Fund balance of the Child Development Fund, as restated	\$_	22,485
Fund balance of the Cafeteria Fund, as previously reported Prior period adjustment Fund balance of the Cafeteria Fund, as restated	\$ 	132,546 2,792
Fund balance of the Cafeteria Fund, as restated	\$_	135,338

R. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Required supplementary information	on includes financial info	entary Information	Governmenta
Accounting Standards Board but not	considered a part of the b	asic iirianciai Statements.	

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
LCFF Sources:								
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	2,390,241	\$	2,449,781	\$	2,245,174	\$	(204,607)
Education Protection Account Funds		-		-		1,166,870		1,166,870
Local Sources		836,594		749,905		794,761		44,856
Federal Revenue		28,000		18,500		1,013,342		994,842
Other State Revenue		20,023		20,023		983,697		963,674
Other Local Revenue	_	(245,005)	_	(228,125)	_	352,830	_	580,955
Total Revenues		3,029,853	_	3,010,084	_	6,556,674	_	3,546,590
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Certificated Salaries		1,264,600		1,306,460		1,946,694		(640,234)
Classified Salaries		412,400		412.800		704,768		(291,968)
Employee Benefits		661,630		710,340		1,389,036		(678,696)
Books And Supplies		265,000		269,000		324,577		(55,577)
Services And Other Operating Expenditures		616,640		685,860		972,244		(286,384)
Other Outgo		(14,817)		(99,868)		6,928		(106,796)
Capital Outlay		60,000		60,000		547,102		(487,102)
Total Expenditures		3,265,453		3,344,592		5,891,349		(2,546,757)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(235,600)		(334,508)		665,325		999,833
Over (Onder) Experialitates	_	(200,000)		(004,000)		000,020	_	333,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers Out		39,220		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		39,220		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(196,380)		(334,508)		665,325		999,833
Fund Balance, July 1		1,599,919		1,599,919		1,599,919		_
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,403,539	\$	1,265,411	\$	2,265,244	\$	999,833

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year										
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	_
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.003%	0.003%	0.004%	0.003%	0.003%	0.003%	0.003%	0.003%	-		-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,474,004 \$	3,283,277 \$	3,153,891 \$	1,898,799 \$	1,933,609 \$	2,226,735 \$	922,520 \$	541,500 \$	- \$		-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		741,677	1,692,516	1,721,560	1,120,201	1,067,391	552,265	835,480	942,500	-		-
Total	\$_ _	2,215,681	4,975,793 \$	4,875,451 \$	3,019,000 \$	3,001,000 \$	2,779,000 \$	1,758,000 \$	1,484,000 \$	\$		<u>-</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,065,594 \$	1,836,604 \$	2,011,068 \$	1,976,907 \$	1,930,121 \$	1,815,755 \$	1,798,278 \$	1,493,492 \$	- \$		-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		71.36%	178.77%	156.83%	96.05%	100.18%	122.63%	51.30%	36.26%	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ige	88.60%	73.37%	72.56%	71.00%	69.50%	69.00%	70.00%	77.00%	-		-

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year										
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	333,695 \$	288,140 \$	321,560 \$	745,608 \$	405,934 \$	335,388 \$	186,302 \$	182,257 \$	- \$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(333,695)	(288,140)	(321,560)	(745,608)	(405,934)	(335,388)	(186,302)	(182,257)	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$_	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,065,594 \$	1,836,604 \$	2,011,068 \$	1,976,907 \$	1,930,121 \$	1,815,755 \$	1,798,278 \$	1,493,492 \$	- \$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.15%	15.69%	15.99%	37.72%	21.03%	18.47%	10.36%	12.20%	-	-

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year											
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	_	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.050%	0.050%	0.040%	-		-	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	963,852 \$	1,460,514 \$	1,377,065 \$	1,287,000 \$	1,102,000 \$	891,000 \$	603,000 \$	447,000 \$	- \$		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	801,915 \$	713,401 \$	738,397 \$	704,373 \$	706,433 \$	625,803 \$	591,579 \$	546,801 \$	- \$		-	
District's proportionate share of the ne pension liability (asset) as a percentag of its covered-employee payroll		120.19%	204.73%	186.49%	182.72%	155.99%	142.38%	101.93%	81.75%	-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percen of the total pension liability	tage	80.96%	69.94%	70.05%	70.99%	71.87%	73.90%	79.40%	83.38%	-		_	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 172,565 \$	141,464 \$	137,247 \$	208,062 \$	99,840 \$	81,725 \$	63,493 \$	60,258 \$	- \$	-	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(172,565)	(141,464)	(137,247)	(208,062)	(99,840)	(81,725)	(63,493)	(60,258)	-	-	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 801,915 \$	713,401 \$	738,397 \$	704,373 \$	706,433 \$	625,803 \$	591,579 \$	546,801 \$	- \$	-	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.52%	19.83%	18.59%	29.54%	14.13%	13.06%	10.73%	11.02%	-	-	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year Ended										
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total OPEB liability:											
Service cost	\$	67,345 \$	49,843 \$	48,391 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Interest		15,306	13,452	36,566	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Experience gains/losses		-	129,214								
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(96,967)	(71,672)	(818,270)	562,773	-	221,917	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments		(30,532)	(34,350)	(41,940)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments		-	-	44,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability		(44,848)	86,487	(731,191)	562,773	-	221,917	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liability - beginning		690,212	603,725	1,334,916	772,143	772,143	550,226	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	645,364 \$	690,212 \$	603,725 \$	1,334,916 \$	772,143 \$	772,143 \$	- \$	- \$_	- \$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,869,797 \$	2,550,005 \$	2,681,281 \$	2,636,554 \$	2,441,558 \$	2,177,113 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Total OPEB liability as a percentage											
of covered-employee payroll		22.49%	27.07%	22.52%	50.63%	31.63%	35.47%	-	-	-	-

Notes to Schedule:

There were no changes of benefit terms in 2022.

There were no changes of assumptions in 2022. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

2022	3.54%
2021	2.16%
2020	2.20%
2019	3.62%
2018	NA
2017	NA
2016	NA
2015	NA
2014	NA
2013	NA

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

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Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL GENERAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	General Fund	S	pecial Reserve General Fund	1	Post-Employmen Benefits Fund	t _	Totals June 30, 2022
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash in Revolving Fund Accounts Receivable Due from Grantor Governments Due from Other Funds Total Assets	\$	2,188,601 3,000 556,629 110,868 46,537 2,905,635	\$	4,119 - 10 - - - 4,129	\$	33,594 - 84 - - - 33,678	\$	2,226,314 3,000 556,723 110,868 46,537 2,943,442
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Grantor Governments	\$	313,386	\$		\$	-	\$	313,386
Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities Fund Balance:	_	364,609 678,198	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	364,609 678,198
Nonspendable Fund Balances: Revolving Cash Restricted Fund Balances Assigned Fund Balances		3,000 495,522 -		- - 4,129		- - 33,678		3,000 495,522 37,807
Unassigned: Other Unassigned Total Fund Balance Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	 _ \$	1,728,915 2,227,437 2,905,635	- - \$	4,129	\$	33,678	_ _ \$	1,728,915 2,265,244 2,943,442
Total Elabilities and Fund Dalances	$^{\Psi} =$	2,000,000	$^{\Psi}=$	7,123	Ψ	33,070	$\Psi_{=}$	2,070,772

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICTCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GENERAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues:	_	General Fund	S _l	pecial Reserve General Fund		Employmen	t _	Totals June 30, 2022
LCFF Sources:								
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	2,245,174	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,245,174
Education Protection Account Funds		1,166,870		-		-		1,166,870
Local Sources		794,761		-		-		794,761
Federal Revenue		1,013,342		-		-		1,013,342
Other State Revenue		983,697		-		-		983,697
Other Local Revenue		352,451		41		338		352,830
Total Revenues	_	6,556,295		41		338		6,556,674
Expenditures:								
Current:		0.000.100						0.000.100
Instruction Instruction - Related Services		2,860,120		-		-		2,860,120
		325,355		-		-		325,355
Pupil Services		693,237		-		-		693,237
Ancillary Services		17,235		-		-		17,235 2,096
Community Services General Administration		2,096		-		-		
Plant Services		706,189		-		-		706,189
		733,087		-		-		733,087
Other Outgo		6,928		-		-		6,928
Capital Outlay	_	547,102						547,102
Total Expenditures	_	5,891,349	_				_	5,891,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	664,946	_	41		338	_	665,325
Net Change in Fund Balance		664,946		41		338		665,325
Fund Balance, July 1		1,562,491		4,088		33,340		1,599,919
Fund Balance, June 30	\$_	2,227,437	\$_	4,129	\$	33,678	\$_	2,265,244
•	·=			·	`===		'=	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

						Total
		Special		Capital		Nonmajor overnmental
	Revenue			Projects	Funds (See	
		Funds		Funds	Exhibit A-3)	
ASSETS:		1 41145		1 41145		zambit / t o j
Cash in County Treasury	\$	162,844	\$	114,837	\$	277,681
Cash on Hand and in Banks		33,949		-		33,949
Accounts Receivable		184,109		286		184,395
Total Assets		380,902	•	115,123		496,025
			===			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	6,514	\$	-	\$	6,514
Due to Grantor Governments	·	8,316	•	-	•	8,316
Due to Other Funds		46,537		-		46,537
Unearned Revenue		31,787		-		31,787
Total Liabilities		93,154		-		93,154
Fund Balance:						
Restricted Fund Balances		260,362		115,123		375,485
Assigned Fund Balances		27,386		-		27,386
Total Fund Balance		287,748		115,123		402,871
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	380,902	\$	115,123	\$	496,025

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TOTT THE TEXT ENDED CONE CO, 2022	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenues:			
Federal Revenue	\$ 411,993	\$ -	\$ 411,993
Other State Revenue	283,254	-	283,254
Other Local Revenue	8,205	1,153	9,358
Total Revenues	703,452	1,153	704,605
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction	201,655	-	201,655
Instruction - Related Services	35,735	-	35,735
Pupil Services	359,168	-	359,168
Ancillary Services	4,951	-	4,951
Plant Services	4,684	-	4,684
Total Expenditures	606,193		606,193
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	97,259	1,153	98,412
Net Change in Fund Balance	97,259	1,153	98,412
Fund Balance, July 1	190,489	113,970	304,459
Prior Period Adjustment	Φ 007.740		Φ
Fund Balance, June 30	\$287,748	\$115,123	\$402,871

Total

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Speci	ent Activity al Revenue Fund	•	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-3)
ASSETS:	_		_		_		_	
Cash in County Treasury	\$	-	\$	110,622	\$	52,222	\$	162,844
Cash on Hand and in Banks		33,949		-		-		33,949
Accounts Receivable			_	359		183,750		184,109
Total Assets		33,949	=	110,981	=	235,972	=	380,902
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	3,546	\$	2,968	\$	6,514
Due to Grantor Governments	•	-	·	8,316	·	, -	•	8,316
Due to Other Funds		-		21,537		25,000		46,537
Unearned Revenue		-		31,787		-		31,787
Total Liabilities		-	_	65,186	_	27,968	_	93,154
Fund Balance:								
Restricted Fund Balances		32,666		22,485		205,211		260,362
Assigned Fund Balances		1,283		23,310		2,793		27,386
Total Fund Balance		33,949	_	45,795	_	208,004	_	287,748
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	33,949	\$_	110,981	\$	235,972	\$	380,902

Total

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TOTAL TENTE ENDED COME SC, 2022	Student Activity Special Revenue Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-4)
Revenues:				
Federal Revenue	\$ -	\$ 22,200	\$ 389,793	\$ 411,993
Other State Revenue	-	247,198	36,056	283,254
Other Local Revenue	6,234	1,110	861	8,205
Total Revenues	6,234	270,508	426,710	703,452
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction	-	201,655	-	201,655
Instruction - Related Services	-	35,735	-	35,735
Pupil Services	-	5,124	354,044	359,168
Ancillary Services	4,951	-	,	4,951
Plant Services	-	4,684	-	4,684
Total Expenditures	4,951	247,198	354,044	606,193
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,283	23,310	72,666	97,259
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,283	23,310	72,666	97,259
Fund Balance, July 1	32,666	25,277	132,546	190,489
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(2,792)	2,792	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 33,949	\$ 45,795	\$ 208,004	\$ 287,748

EXHIBIT C-7

BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTION FUND DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	1 Postost		3 Variance Positive
B	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	•	Φ 04.4	Φ 044
Other State Revenue	\$ -	\$ 314	\$ 314
Other Local Revenue	-	790,771	790,771
Total Revenues		791,085	791,085
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	324,963	(324,963)
Interest	-	286,465	(286,465)
Total Expenditures		611,428	(611,428)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures		179,657	179,657
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Other Sources	-	17,149	17,149
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		17,149	17,149
,			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	196,806	196,806
Fund Balance, July 1	518,832	518,832	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 518,832	\$ 715,638	\$ 196,806

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:	_	Building Fund	_	Capital Facilities Fund	unty School Facilities Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-3)
Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,204	\$	112,852	\$ 781	\$	114,837
Accounts Receivable		3		281	 2		286
Total Assets	_	1,207	_	113,133	 783	_	115,123
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Total Liabilities	_		_	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Fund Balance: Restricted Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	\$	1,207 1,207	\$_ _	113,133 113,133	\$ 783 783	\$_ _	115,123 115,123
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,207	\$_	113,133	\$ 783	\$_	115,123

Total

BUTTONWILLOW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Building Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	C	ounty School Facilities Fund	_	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-4)
Revenues:								
Other Local Revenue	\$	12	\$_	1,133	\$	8	\$_	1,153
Total Revenues		12	_	1,133		8	_	1,153
Expenditures: Current:								
Total Expenditures	_	-	_	-	_		_	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	12	_	1,133	_	8	_	1,153
Net Change in Fund Balance		12		1,133		8		1,153
Fund Balance, July 1		1,195		112,000		775		113,970
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,207	\$_	113,133	\$	783	\$_	115,123

EXHIBIT C-10

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	1	2	3 Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ <u>15,000</u> 15,000	\$ 7,388 7,388	\$(7,612) (7,612)
Expenditures: Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	(650,000) (650,000)	650,129 650,129	(1,300,129) (1,300,129)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	665,000	(642,741)	(1,307,741)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	665,000	(642,741)	(1,307,741)
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	1,408,070 \$2,073,070	1,408,070 \$	\$ <u>(1,307,741)</u>

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Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The District is located in Kern County and was established in 1921. The District is comprised of a single campus of grades Kindergarten through eighth. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the year ended June, 30 2022.

Governing Board

Term Expiration 2022 2022
2022
2024
2022
2024

Administration

J. Stuart Packard Superintendent

Heidi Witcher Assistant Superintendent

> Tierney Ballard Business Manager

BUTTONWILLOW UNION ELEMENTARY

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
TK/K-3: Regular ADA	135.29	120.35
Grades 4-6: Regular ADA	110.54	102.31
Grades 7 and 8: Regular ADA	78.83_	83.00
ADA Totals	324.66	305.66

There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district or charter school. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes	Ed. Code 46207 Adjusted &	2021-22 Actual	Number of Days Traditional	Number of Days Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Reduced	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Transitional Kindergarten	36,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	N/A	58,420	180	N/A	Complied

School districts must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207 This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District did not meet its target funding.

The district met the daily minimum requirement and complied with the annual instructional day requirement.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget 2023			
General Fund	(see note 1)	2022	2021	2020
Revenues and other financial sources	\$ 4,417,182 \$	6,556,674	\$ 5,635,501 \$	4,830,731
Expenditures	4,960,386	5,891,349	4,900,070	5,017,178
Other uses and transfers out	58,881			140,852
Total outgo	5,019,267	5,891,349	4,900,070	5,158,030
Change in fund balance (deficit)	(602,085)	665,325	735,431	(327,299)
Ending fund balance	\$ 1,663,159 \$	2,265,244	\$ 1,599,919 \$	864,488
Available reserves (see note 2)	\$ 121,316 \$	1,728,915	\$ 1,319,028 \$	490,468
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	2.4%	29.3%	26.9%	9.5%
Total long-term debt	\$ 8,148,125 \$	9,973,877	\$ 9,973,877 \$	10,498,878
Average daily attendance at P-2	325	325	306	306

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The fund balance of the General Fund has increased by \$1,400,756 (162.0%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget projects a decrease of \$602,085 (26.6%). For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 4% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred any operating deficits in one of the past three years, and projects a deficit during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has decreased by \$525,001 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 19 over the past two years. During fiscal year 2022-2023, no change in average daily attendance is anticipated.

The District has incurred any operating deficits in one of the past three years, and projects a deficit during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has decreased by \$763,979 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 7 over the past two years. During fiscal year 2021-2022, no change in average daily attendance is anticipated.

NOTES:

- 1. The budget for 2023 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2. Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Student Body Fund	 Cafeteria Fund
June 30, 2022 annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$ 	\$ 24,533
Adjustments and reclassifications:		
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:		
To record activity in ASB account	33,949	-
Adjustment to record meal reimbursements for the year	 	 183,471
Net adjustments and reclassifications	 33,949	 183,471
June 30, 2022 audited financial statement fund balances	\$ 33,949	\$ 208,004

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

TABLE D-5

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS AND OTHER INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No charter schools are chartered by Buttonwillow Union School District.

	Included I
Charter Schools	Audit?

N/A None

Subrecipients

Charter Schools

The District did not provide any awards to subrecipients.

De Minimis Cost Rate

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Excess Sick Leave

The District did not authorize or accrue any excess sick leave as that term is defined in subdivision (c) of Education Code Section 22170.5 for the District's employees who are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS).

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CCDF CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through California Department of Education: Child Development: ARP California State Preschool Program Stipend Total U.S. Department of Education Total CCDF Cluster	93.575	15640	\$ 22,200 22,200 22,200
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program-Needy National School Lunch Program Child Nutrition: Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.582	13526 13523,13524 14968	147,246 226,342 15,591 389,179 389,179 389,179
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through California Department of Education: Other Fed: AB 114 CANS Demonstration Project and AB 114 Imp Grant Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027	01110	9,154 9,154 9,154
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through California Department of Education: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected Title III, English Learner Student Program Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III Fund Total Passed Through California Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	84.010 84.365 84.367 84.424 84.425 84.425	14329 14346 14341 15396 15547 15559	149,653 21,060 25,255 10,963 744,595 53,276 1,004,802 1,004,802 \$ 1,425,335

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Buttonwillow Union School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Buttonwillow Union School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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Other Independent Auditor's Reports



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Buttonwillow Union School District Buttonwillow, California 93206

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buttonwillow Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Buttonwillow Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Buttonwillow Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Linger, Peterson & Shrum

Linger, Peterson & Shum

Fresno, California December 12, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Buttonwillow Union School District Buttonwillow, California 93206

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Buttonwillow Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Buttonwillow Union School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Buttonwillow Union School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Buttonwillow Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Buttonwillow Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a legal determination of Buttonwillow Union School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Buttonwillow Union School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Buttonwillow Union School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Buttonwillow Union School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Buttonwillow Union School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,
 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Buttonwillow Union School District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Linger, Peterson & Shrum

Linger, Peterson & Shum

Fresno, California December 12, 2022 This page is intentionally left blank.



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Board of Trustees Buttonwillow Union School District Buttonwillow, California 93206

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the District's compliance with the requirements specified in the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In our opinion, Buttonwillow Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Buttonwillow Union School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2021-22 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed?
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES	
OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	
Independent Study	
Continuation Education	
Instructional Time	
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF	
EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	N/A
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	N/A
In Person Instruction Grant	Yes

CHARTER SCHOOLS:

Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Linger, Peterson & Shrum

Linger, Peterson & Shrum

Fresno, California December 12, 2022 Findings and Recommendations Section

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unm</u>	<u>Unmodified</u>		
	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	One or more material weaknesses	s identified?		Yes	X	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material			Yes	X	None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X_	No
2.	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesses	s identified?		Yes	_X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material			Yes	_X_	None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compount for major programs:	oliance	<u>Unm</u>	odified		
	Version of compliance supplement use	d in audit:	<u>April</u>	2022		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are re reported in accordance with Title 2 U. Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200,	S. Code of		Yes	_X_	No
	Identification of major programs:					
	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
	84.425D	Elementary and Se	econdar	y School E	mergen	cy Relief Fund
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet type A and type B programs:	ween	<u>\$750</u>	,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes	_X_	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the state's Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting?	n Yes	X_	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified		

B. Financial Statement Findings

State Awards

3.

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with paragraphs 5.18 through 5.20 of "Government Auditing Standards."

There were no Financial Statement findings or questioned costs.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the audit findings required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance (e.g., significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs).

There were no Federal award findings or questioned costs.

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the audit findings pertaining to noncompliance with State program rules and regulations.

There were no State award findings or questioned costs.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented

There were no prior year findings and questioned costs.