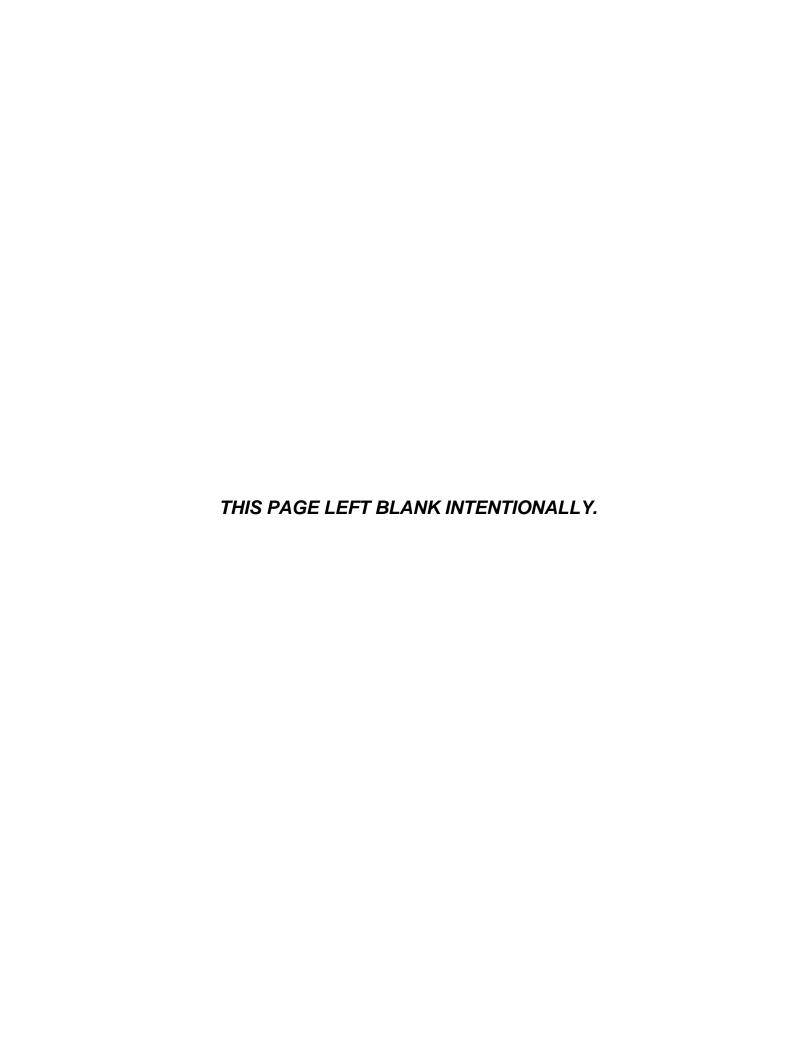
**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023



8 WEST WAY COURT LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS 77566



## Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

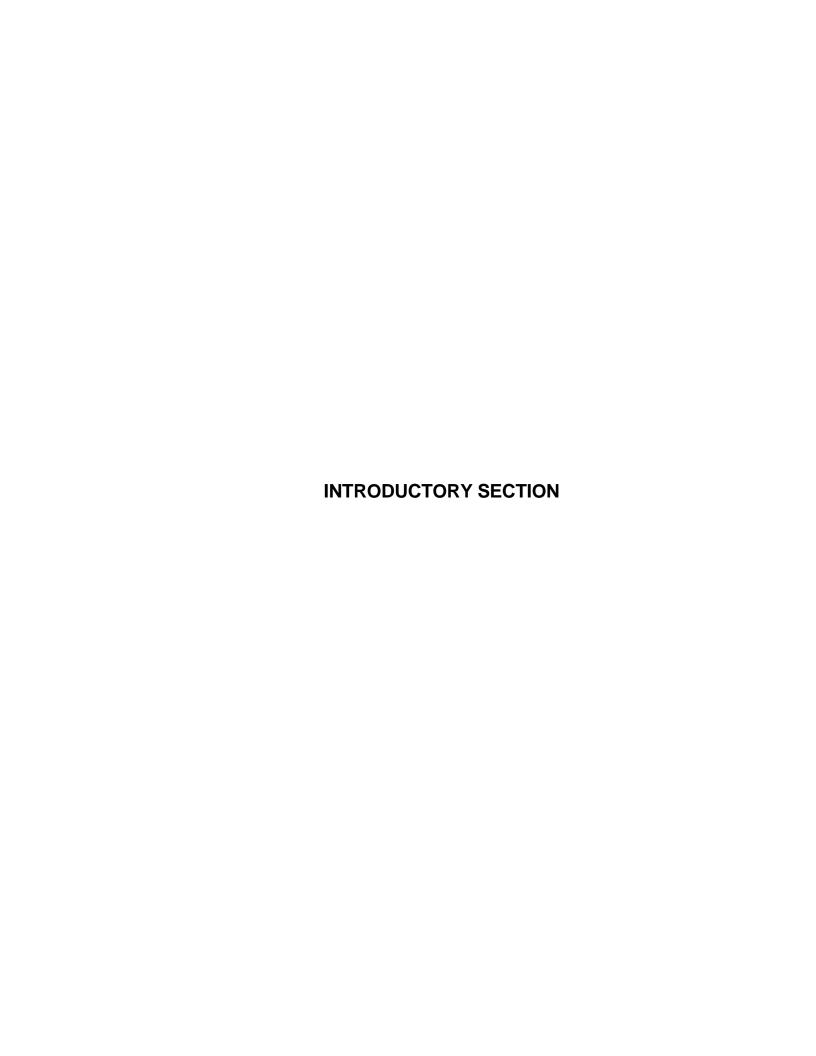
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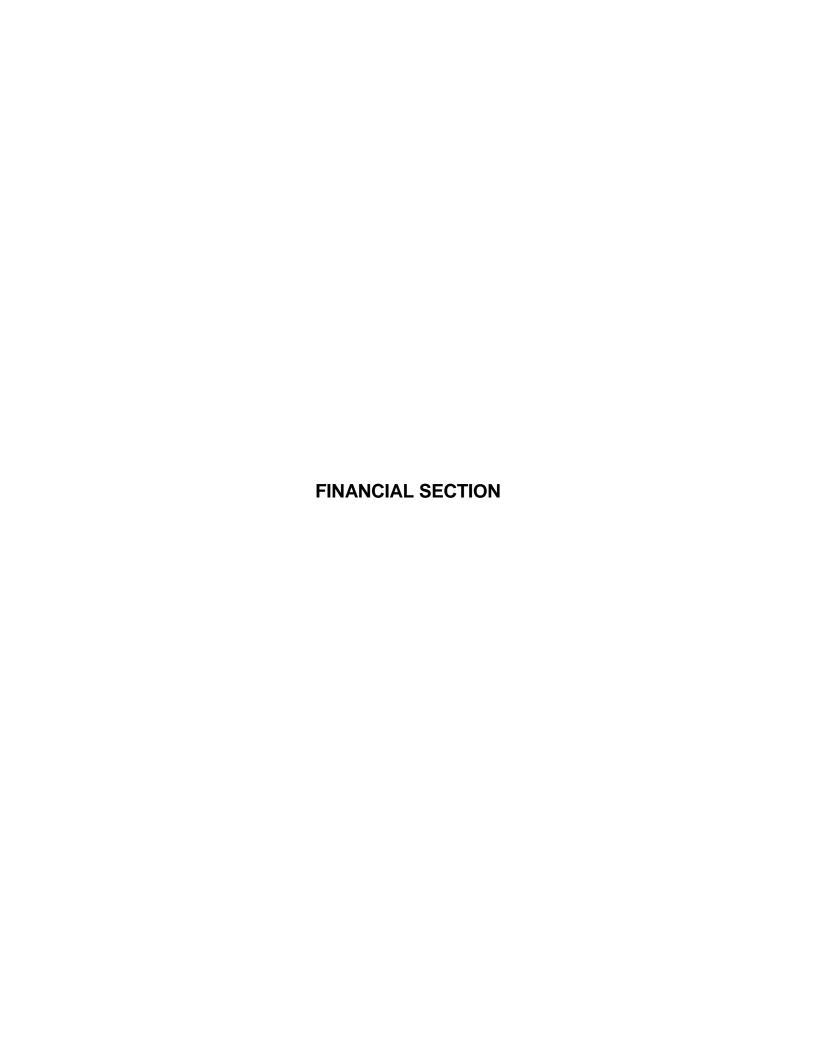


## **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Van Vleck Independent School District	<u>Matagorda</u>	<u> 158-906</u>
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annua	Il financial reports of the above nar	ned school district were
reviewed and (check one) approved disap	proved for the year ended August	31, 2023, at a meeting
of the board of trustees of such school district on the	e <u>27th</u> day of November 2023.	
	$\Delta A$	
President, Board of Trustees Tony Kucera, Jr.	Secretary Board of Trustees Terry Blackmon	

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are) (attach list if necessary):









#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Van Vleck, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 2

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 3

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 15 through 25 and 75 through 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 4

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas November 17, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

As management of the Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent period by \$ 19,600,590 (net position). Of this amount, \$ 7,039,293 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 16,508,396. Approximately 27.65% of this total amount, \$ 4,564,484, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$ 4,564,484, or 30.35% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The District reported net pension liability of \$ 4,691,541 and a net OPEB liability of \$ 2,463,343, at August 31, 2023, with the implementation of GASB Statements 68, 71, and 75. With the addition of these non-current liabilities on an accrual basis, the District reported an unrestricted net position in the amount of \$ 7,039,293.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 28 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds - not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes
  or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains twenty-five (25) governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-two (22) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program, and debt service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 33 of this report.
- Proprietary funds. The District maintains no proprietary funds.
- **Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 34 through 35. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 38 through 72 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 75 through 83 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 86 through 93 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 19,600,590 as of August 31, 2023. Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$ 2,620,865, from \$ 16,979,725 to \$ 19,600,590.

#### The District's Net Position

	2023	2022
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 18,307,905 84,348,186	\$ 17,564,307 86,175,787
Total assets	102,656,091	103,740,094
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,932,819	2,397,956
Liabilities: Other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,235,888 81,622,848	1,268,702 83,491,944
Total liabilities	82,858,736	84,760,646
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,129,584	4,397,679
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	11,915,133 646,164 7,039,293	10,324,141 519,429 6,136,155
Total net position	\$ <u>19,600,590</u>	\$ <u>16,979,725</u>

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, right to use assets, and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$ 11,915,133. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$ 646,164 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is \$ 7,039,293, which represents unrestricted net position.

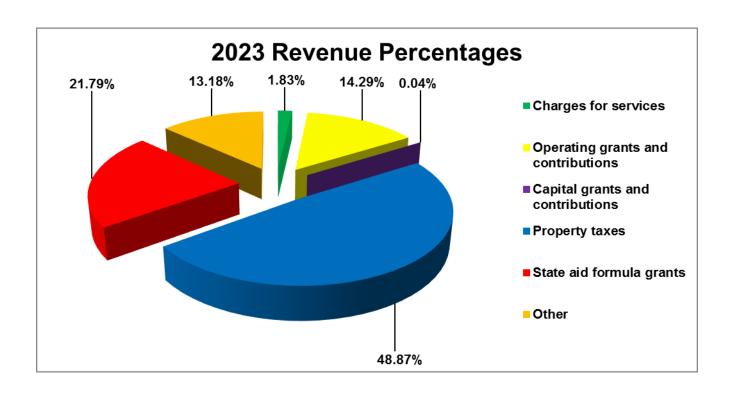
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

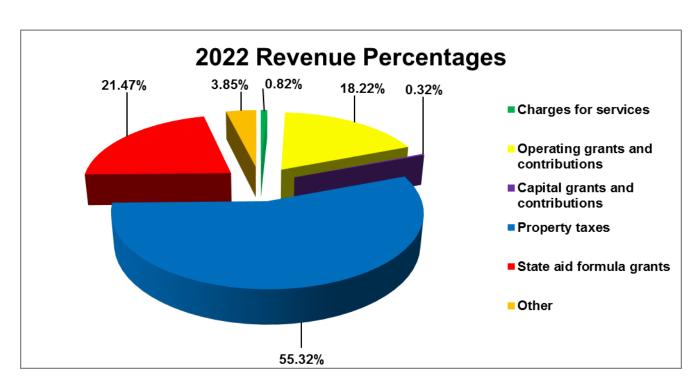
**Governmental activities**. The District's total net position increased \$ 2,620,865. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$ 22,925,794. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$ 12,485,210 or 54.46%.

## **Changes in the District's Net Position**

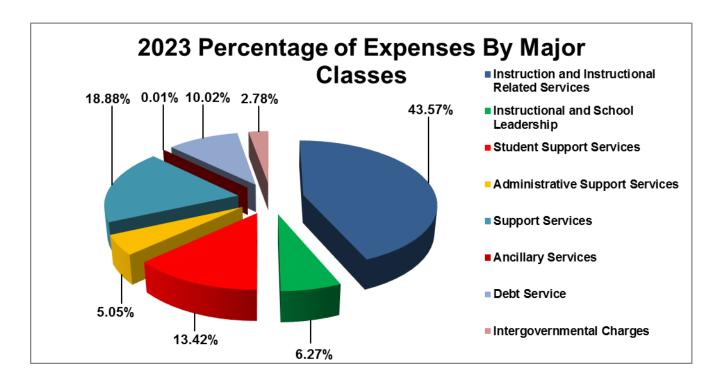
		2023		2022
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	468,704	\$	187,695
Operating grants and contributions		3,650,510		4,155,273
Capital grants and contributions		10,714		73,111
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		12,485,210		12,613,580
State aid formula grants		5,565,715		4,895,415
Other	_	3,365,806	_	877,741
Total revenues	_	25,546,659	_	22,802,815
Expenses:				
Instruction		9,754,815		9,171,009
Instructional resources and media services		148,964		125,194
Curriculum and instructional staff development		57,963		69,091
Instructional leadership		340,542		327,949
School leadership		1,092,703		951,499
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		261,224		331.559
Social work services		69,175		62,055
Health services		254,013		249,746
Student transportation		768,212		674,607
Food service		828,435		835,057
Extracurricular activities		954,383		885,787
General administration		1,153,846		894,417
Plant maintenance and operations		3,633,960		3,303,144
Security and monitoring services		204,669		171,087
Data processing services		477,495		467,739
Community services		400		1,510
Interest and fiscal charges		2,290,620		2,473,029
Payments related to shared services arrangements		455,303		430,662
Other governmental charges	_	179,072		159,342
Total expenses	_	22,925,794		21,584,483
Change in net position		2,620,865		1,218,332
Net position - beginning		16,979,725		15,761,393
	ф —		ф —	
Net position - ending	\$ <u>_</u>	<u> 19,600,590</u>	\$_	16,979,725

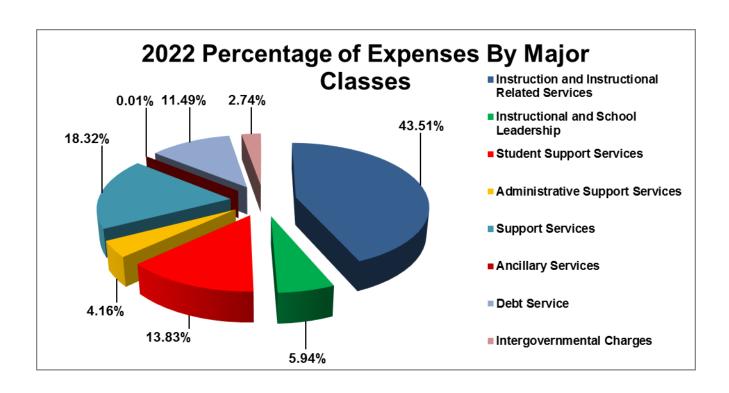
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 16,508,396, an increase of \$ 616,154. Approximately 27.65% of this total amount, \$ 4,564,484, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable, restricted or committed* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been classified 1) for inventories \$ 21,578, 2) for prepaid items \$ 695,256, 3) for grants funds \$ 319,828, 4) for capital acquisitions and contractual obligations \$ 2,034,911, 5) for debt service \$ 227,828, 6) other restricted \$ 42,871, and 7) other committed \$ 8,601,640.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$ 4,564,484, while the total fund balance was \$ 13,809,740. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 30.35% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 91.82% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$809,024 during the current fiscal year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

- Property and casualty insurance premiums of \$ 990,004.
- Chapter 313 revenue loss protection payments in the amount of \$1,825,491.
- Average daily attendance supplemental payments of \$ 201,225.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$ 227,828, all of which is restricted for debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$ 38,960. Following are factors contributing to this change:

- The tax rate for I&S was \$ 0.257668 with a 100% projected collection rate. The tax collections exceed the expected collection rate.
- Interest income received in the debt service fund was \$ 39,768.
- The District received existing debt allotment funding from the state in the amount of \$43,072.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$ 2,034,911, all of which is restricted for the acquisition of capital contractual obligations. The net decrease in fund balance during the period in the capital projects fund was \$ 286,862. The following are factors contributing to the net decrease in fund balance:

- Safety fencing at the high school, junior high and elementary school.
- Construction of a greenhouse at the high school.
- Installation of irrigation to the baseball field.
- Additional concrete poured and added to the football stadium.
- Safety infrastructure installed around the District.
- Various equipment and improvement purchases.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District made the following amendments to budgeted revenues:

Increased budgeted revenue for revenue loss protection payments.

The District made the following amendments to appropriations:

- Purchase of new curriculum and student information software.
- Property and casualty Insurance renewal increase.

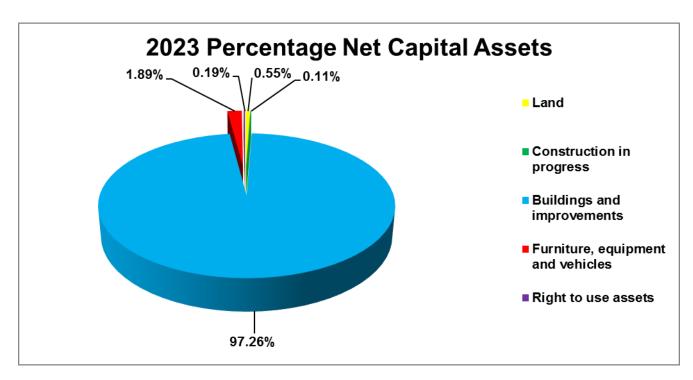
**Capital assets**. The District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2023 amounts to \$84,348,186 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, right to use assets, and construction in progress.

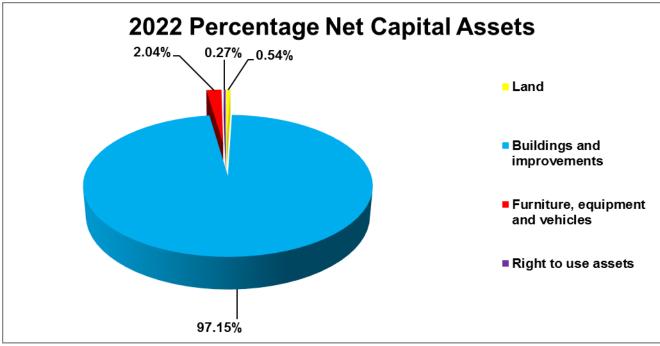
#### **District's Net Capital Assets**

	2023			2022
Land	\$	461,898	\$	461,898
Construction in progress		89,700		-
Buildings and improvements		82,044,800		83,721,362
Equipment		1,595,504		1,759,668
Right to use assets	_	156,284	_	232.859
Total at historical cost	\$_	84,348,186	\$ <u>_</u>	86,175,787

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 54 through 55 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023



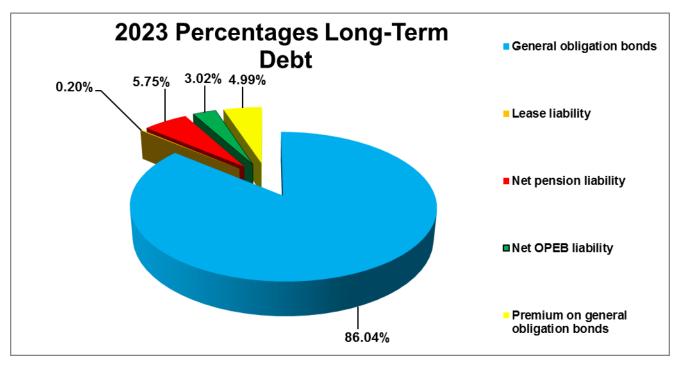


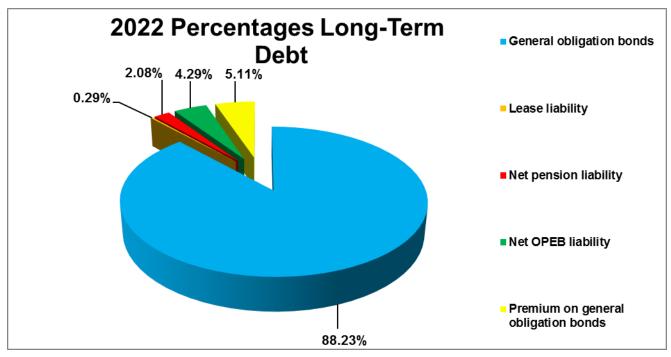
**Long-term debt.** At August 31, 2023, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$ 81,622,848. Long-term debt is made of general obligation bonds of \$ 70,235,000, lease liability of \$ 163,030, net pension liability of \$ 4,691,541, net OPEB liability of \$ 2,463,343, and premium on general obligation bonds of \$ 4,069,934.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **District's Long-Term Debt:**

· ·	2023			2022
General obligation bonds Lease ability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$	70,235,000 163,030 4,691,541 2,463,343	\$	73,665,000 244,137 1,738,068 3,580,457
Premium on general obligation bonds		4,069,934	_	4,264,282
Total long-term debt	\$_	81,622,848	\$_	83,491,944





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

S&P's AAA rating on the District's bonded indebtedness is provided by a guarantee of the Texas Permanent School Fund for timely payment of principal and interest in the event the District is unable to meet debt service requirements. S&P's AAA underlying rating is representative of the District's sizable but highly concentrated tax base, low debt levels, and modest financial reserves.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 on pages 55 through 57 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Factors affecting the 2023 Budget were as follows:

- The 2023 M&O Certified Taxable Value is \$882,792,018. The District's M&O budget is based on an M&O tax rate of \$0.669200.
- The 2023 I&S Certified Taxable Value is \$ 2,600,357,058 and an I&S tax rate of \$0.212690.
- The total tax rate is \$ 0.881890.
- Total amount of outstanding and unpaid bond indebtedness \$70,235,000
- ESSER I and ESSER II grant funding has ended. The District has limited ESSER III funds for the 2024 budget. Expenditures will be covered by the general fund budget.
- The District is in the 9th year of the tax limitation period of the Chapter 313 School Value Limitation Agreement with Tenaris USA.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Superintendent, 142 S. Fourth Street, Van Vleck, TX 77482 or call 979-245-8518.



Statement of Net Position

August 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		(	Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,322,844
1120	Current investments		14,831
1220	Property taxes receivables		1,378,317
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(	677,605)
1240	Due from other governments	,	1,552,684
1300	Inventories		21,578
1410	Prepaid items		695,256
-	Capital Assets:		, , , , , ,
1510	Land		461,898
1520	Building and improvements, net		82,044,800
1530	Furniture, equipment and vehicles, net		1,595,504
1560	Right to use assets, net		156,284
1580	Construction in progress		89,700
1000	Constitution in progress	_	00,100
1000	Total assets	_	102,656,091
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1700	Deferred outflows	_	3,932,819
	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	3,932,819
	LIABILITIES:		
2110			161,583
2140	Accounts payable		
2160	Accrued interest payable		103,676
	Accrued wages payable		948,386
2300	Unearned revenue		22,243
0504	Noncurrent Liabilities:		0.070.500
2501	Due within one year		3,678,586
0=00	Due in more than one year:		
2502	Bonds payable and other		70,789,378
2540	Net pension liability		4,691,541
2545	Net OPEB liability	_	2,463,343
2000	Total liabilities	_	82,858,736
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2600	Deferred inflows		4,129,584
2000		_	
	Total deferred inflows of resources		4,129,584
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net investment in capital assets		11,915,133
	Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and state programs		341,406
3850	Debt service		210,247
3870	Campus activities		51,640
3890	Other		42,871
3900	Unrestricted		7,039,293
2000	Tatal nat pacition	<b></b>	10 000 500
3000	Total net position	\$ <u></u>	<u> 19,600,590</u>
me notes t	o the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

					Program Revenues						
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses			arges for ervices	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	Gra	Capital ants and tributions	(E	let Revenue xpense) and Changes in Net Position
11 12 13 21 23 31 32 33 34 35 36 41 51 52 53 61 71 93 99	Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Social work services Health services Student transportation Food service Extracurricular activities General administration Plant maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Community services Interest and fiscal charges Payments related to shared service arrangements Other intergovernmental activities	\$	9,754,815 148,964 57,963 340,542 1,092,703 261,224 69,175 254,013 768,212 828,435 954,383 1,153,846 3,633,960 204,669 477,495 400 2,290,620 455,303 179,072	\$	29,418 - - - - - 211,383 31,033 196,690 180 - - - - -	_	2,108,304 11,758 14,507 186,857 104,919 15,540 67,000 21,885 54,168 650,870 51,834 42,917 147,840 11,469 26,315		10,714	\$( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	7,617,093) 137,206) 43,456) 153,685) 987,784) 245,684) 2,175) 232,128) 714,044) 44,532 871,516) 914,239) 3,485,940) 193,200) 451,180) 400) 2,290,620) 320,976) 179,072)
MT DT SF GC IE	General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service State aid-formula grants Grants and contributions not restricted to specific pro	_		\$ <u></u>	408,704	\$ <u></u>	3,650,510	\$	10,714	ֆ <u>(</u> \$	6,588,717 5,896,493 5,565,715 291,372 751,619
MI TR	Miscellaneous  Total general revenues									_	2,322,815 21,416,731
CN	Change in net position										2,620,865
NB	Net position - beginning									_	16,979,725
NE	Net position - ending									\$_	19,600,590



Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds August 31, 2023

Data Control Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	98 Total overnmental Funds
	ASSETS:						_				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,458,788	\$	229,090	\$	2,051,011	\$	583,955	\$	15,322,844
1120	Current investments		-		-		-		14,831		14,831
1220	Delinquent property taxes receivable		1,164,787		213,530		-		-		1,378,317
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)	(	556,436	(	121,169)		-		-	(	677,605)
1240	Receivables from other governments	`	1,458,164	•	- '		-		94,520	,	1,552,684
1260	Due from other funds		25,210		5,500		-		, -		30,710
1300	Inventories		, -		, -		-		21,578		21,578
1410	Prepaid items		695,256		-		-		-		695,256
		_		_		_				_	
1000	Total assets	\$_	15,245,769	\$_	326,951	\$_	2,051,011	\$	714,884	\$_	18,338,615
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Liabilities:	S, Al	ND FUND BAI	_AN	CE:						
2110	Accounts payable	\$	23,410	¢		\$	16,100	\$	122,073	¢	161,583
2160	Accounts payable Accrued wages payable	Ψ	825,917	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,100	Ψ	122,469	Ψ	948,386
2170	Due to other funds		5,500		-		_		25,210		30,710
2300	Unearned revenue		3,300		13,028		-		9,215		22,243
2300	Official revenue	-		-	13,020	_			9,213	_	22,243
2000	Total liabilities	_	854,827	_	13,028	_	16,100	_	278,967	_	1,162,922
	Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
2600	Deferred inflows - property taxes		581,202		86,095		_		_		667,297
2000	Bolottod Illiows property taxes	_	001,202	_	00,000	-	-			_	001,201
	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	581,202	_	86,095	_		_		_	667,297
	Fund Balance:										
	Nonspendable:										
3410	Inventories		-				-		21,578		21,578
3430	Prepaid items		695,256		-		-		, -		695,256
	Restricted:										
3450	Grant funds		-		-		-		319,828		319,828
3470	Capital acquisitions and contractual obligations		-		-		2,034,911		-		2,034,911
3480	Debt service		-		227,828		· · ·		-		227,828
3490	Other		_		-		_		42,871		42,871
	Committed:								,-		,-
3545	Other		8,550,000		_		_		51,640		8,601,640
3600	Unassigned		4,564,484		-		_		-		4,564,484
	ŭ		, ,	_						_	
3000	Total fund balance	_	13,809,740	_	227,828	_	2,034,911	_	435,917	_	16,508,396
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
4000	resources and fund balance	\$_	15,245,769	\$_	326,951	\$_	2,051,011	\$	714,884	\$_	18,338,615

Exhibit C-2

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position August 31, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (C-1)

\$ 16,508,396

## Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization unused in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The costs of these assets is \$ 94,728,158 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$ 10,379,972 resulting in a net addition to net position.

84,348,186

Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

667,297

The government-wide statement includes the District's proportionate share of TRS net pension liabilities, as well as pension related transactions accounted for as deferred inflows and outflows of resources. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Net pension liability \$( 4,691,541)
Deferred outflows of resources - TRS pension 2,361,515
Deferred inflows of resources - TRS pension ( 366,014)

2,696,040)

The government-wide statement includes the District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liabilities, as well as pension related transactions accounted for as deferred inflows and outflows of resources. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

Net OPEB liability \$( 2,463,343)

Deferred outflows of resources - TRS OPEB 1,571,304

Deferred inflows of resources - TRS OPEB ( 3,763,570) ( 4,655,609)

Some liabilities, including bonds payable, capital lease payable, premium on bonds and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of:

General obligation bonds \$( 70,235,000) Lease liability ( 163,030) Premium on bonds ( 4,069,934) Accrued interest payable ( 103,676)

Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (A-1)

19,600,590

74,571,640)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Data			10		50 Debt		60 Capital		Other	98 Total
Control			General		Service		Projects	Go	vernmental	Governmental
Codes			Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
	REVENUES:								_	
5700	Local and intermediate sources		9,375,584	\$	5,910,854	\$	151,253	\$	1,087,227	\$ 16,524,918
5800	State program revenues		6,181,605		43,072		-		212,066	6,436,743
5900	Federal program revenues		291,372	_	<del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u>	_	2,140,691	2,432,063
5020	Total revenues	_1	<u>5,848,561</u>	_	5,953,926	_	151,253	_	3,439,984	25,393,724
	EXPENDITURES:									
0011	Current:		C 007 C0C						4 700 007	0.055.000
0011 0012	Instruction		6,927,696		-		-		1,728,227	8,655,923
0012	Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development		127,551 39,112		-		-		5,396 15,181	132,947 54,293
0013	Instructional leadership		137,457		_		-		177,647	315,104
0021	School leadership		922,515		_		_		45,397	967,912
0023	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		210,730		_		_		2,686	213,416
0032	Social work services		210,700		_		_		67,000	67,000
0033	Health services		215,753		_		_		8,183	223,936
0034	Student transportation		664,729		_		27,323		20,154	712,206
0035	Food services		-		_		- ,020		813,680	813,680
0036	Extracurricular activities		787,063		-		-		28,294	815,357
0041	General administration		826,499		-		-		203,213	1,029,712
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		3,000,598		-		321,092		124,451	3,446,141
0052	Security and monitoring services		179,260		-		89,700		1,132	270,092
0053	Data processing services		417,101		-		-		4,577	421,678
0061	Community services		400		-		-		-	400
	Debt Service:									
0071	Debt service - principal		76,179		3,430,000		-		4,928	3,511,107
0072	Debt service - interest and fees		6,846		2,484,966		-		479	2,492,291
	Intergovernmental:									
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangement	nts	320,976		-		-		134,327	455,303
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		179,072	_		_	<del>-</del>	_		179,072
6030	Total expenditures	_1	<u>5,039,537</u>	_	5,914,966	_	438,115	_	3,384,952	24,777,570
1200	Net change in fund balance		809,024		38,960	(	286,862)		55,032	616,154
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_1	3,000,716	_	188,868	_	2,321,773	_	380,885	15,892,242
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>_1</u>	3,809,740	\$_	227,828	\$_	2,034,911	\$_	435,917	\$ <u>16,508,396</u>

Exhibit C-4

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities Statement of Activities For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (from C-3)

616,154

## Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.

 Capital outlay
 \$ 361,407

 Depreciation/amortization expense
 ( 2,189,008 )
 ( 1,827,601 )

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect on premiums and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond principal payments \$ 3,430,000

Lease principal payments 81,107

Change in accrued interest payable 7,323

Amortization of bond premium 194,348 3,712,778

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Net pension liability increased \$( 2,953,473)

Deferred outflows increased 1,117,470

Deferred inflows decreased 1,541,273 ( 294,730)

The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Net OPEB liability decreased \$ 1,117,114

Deferred outflows increased \$ 417,393

Deferred inflows increased \$ ( 1,273,178) 261,329

Because some property tax receivables will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred inflows in the governmental funds.

152,935

Change in net position of governmental activities (see B-1)

2,620,865

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit E-1

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds August 31, 2023

Accete		Private- Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,566	\$	75,046	
Total assets	_	6,566		75,046	
Liabilities: Amounts due to student groups	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities				<u>-</u>	
Net Position: Restricted For: Held in trust for other purposes		6,566		_	
Students and other activities	<u> </u>			75,046	
Total net position	\$	6,566	\$	75,046	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Exhibit E-2

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

		Private- Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS Enterprising revenues Revenues from student activities	\$	360	\$	310,869	
Total additions	_	360	_	310,869	
DEDUCTIONS Payments for student activities	_			315,211	
Total deductions	_		_	315,211	
Change in net position		360	(	4,342)	
Net position - beginning		6,206		79,388	
Net position - ending	\$	6,566	\$	75,046	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees that are elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

## **Reporting Entity**

The Board of Trustees of the District is elected by the public; has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers; significantly influence operations; and has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - and amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34". The District has no component units that it is including within the reporting entity.

## **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The *governmental activities* are supported by tax revenues and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no *business-type activities* that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## <u>Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as needed.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal and state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## <u>Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Continued

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the general fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with related debt service.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and made for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. The major revenue source includes investment earnings and other resources from proceeds from sale of general obligation bonded debt.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for donations for endowments received from individuals and/or organizations for specified donor purposes for which the principal and earned interest or revenue may be used.

The *custodial fund* accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District, and consists of funds that are the property of students or others.

## **Cash and Investments**

The District considers highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value. Fair values are based on published market rates. Current investments have an original maturity greater than three months but less than one year at the time of purchase. Non-current investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

## Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The District had no advances between funds. See Note 4 for additional discussion of interfund receivables, payables and transfers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business property located in the district in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Matagorda County Appraisal District (MCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. MCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years.

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the MCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The assessed value (adjusted) of the property tax roll on August 1, 2022, upon which the levy for the 2022-23 fiscal year was based, was \$ 728,305,176. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 20% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2023, to finance general fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$ 0.855400 and \$ 0.257668 per \$ 100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$ 1.113068 per \$ 100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2023 were 96.54% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the general and debt service funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2023, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$ 608,351 and \$ 92,361 for the general and debt service funds, respectively.

#### Inventories

The consumption method is used to account for inventories (food products, school supplies and athletic equipment) of governmental funds. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Governmental fund inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve indicating that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the United States Department of Agriculture. Although commodities are received at no cost, their market value is recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received in the governmental funds. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **Capital Assets and Depreciation/Amortization**

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, and right to use leased assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government to be \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

Buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles and right to use leased assets of the District are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5 - 15
Right to use assets	5

## <u>Leases</u>

The District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$ 5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included
  in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase
  option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

## **Compensated Absences**

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

## **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are unearned and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures or expenses in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## **Pensions**

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

## **Budgetary Data**

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required governmental funds, as outlined in TEA's FASRG, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required governmental funds prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program. The remaining special revenue funds and the capital projects fund (if utilized) adopt project-length budgets, which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was properly amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

The Official Budget was prepared for adoption for the general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program and debt service fund prior to August 31, 2022. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within fund groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

The Budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting in accordance with law prior to the expenditure of funds. The approved budget is filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) through the Public Education Information Management System. Should any change in the approved budget be required, budget amendment requests are presented to the Board of Trustees for consideration. Amendments are made before the fact and once approved are reflected in the official minutes. During the year the budget was properly amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

As of August 31, 2023, the District did not have any encumbrances outstanding.

## **Fund Balance**

The District's Board of Trustees meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The District's Unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the Board of Trustees. Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board of Trustees has delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent of Finance. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The District implemented GASB 54, "Fund Balance, Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for its governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a Board of Trustees Resolution by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by the Assistant Superintendent of Finance. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## Fund Balance - Continued

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed or assigned.

As of August 31, 2023, nonspendable fund balances include \$ 695,256 for prepaid items in the general fund and \$ 21,578 for inventories in the national school breakfast and lunch program. Restricted fund balances include \$ 227,828 for the debt service fund, \$ 2,034,911 for the capital projects fund, and \$ 362,699 for national school breakfast and lunch program, state textbook fund, gulf coast medical grant fund, Trull foundation grant fund, Conoco Phillips grant fund, WIT program fund and WIT junior program fund (special revenue funds). Committed fund balances include \$ 8,550,000 for capital expenditures, technology refresh, transportation, grounds, instructional materials, and insurance deductible in the general fund and \$ 51,640 for campus activity funds. Unassigned fund balance includes \$ 4,564,484 in the general fund.

## **Data Control Codes**

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

## **Use of Estimates**

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **New Pronouncements**

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## **New Pronouncements** - Continued

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022" was issued in April 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

## **NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The District classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and cash equivalents, current investments, and non-current investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose an investment is considered a cash equivalent if when purchased it has maturity of three months or less. Investments are classified as either current investments or non-current investments. Current investments have maturity of one year or less and non-current investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Cash and cash equivalents are reported on the statement of net position at August 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Go	overnmental Funds		Fiduciary Funds		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				_		
Cash (petty cash accounts)	\$	1,620	\$	-	\$	1,620
Financial Institution Deposits:						
Demand deposits		773,077		5,249		778,326
Local Government Investment Pools:						
Lone Star		4,467,028		76,363		4,543,391
Logic		10,081,119	_		_	10,081,119
Total	\$_	15,322,844	\$_	<u>81,612</u>	\$_	<u> 15,404,456</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

## **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to them. The District requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

Under Texas state law, a bank serving as the school depository must have a bond or in lieu thereof, deposited or pledged securities with the District or an independent third party agent, an amount equal to the highest daily balance of all deposits the District may have during the term of the depository contract, less any applicable FDIC insurance.

At August 31, 2023, in addition to petty cash of \$ 1,620, the carrying amount of the District's cash, savings, and time deposits was \$ 778,326. The financial institutions balances were \$ 969,585 at August 31, 2023. Financial institution balances of \$ 250,000 were covered by federal depository insurance and \$ 719,585 were covered by collateral pledged in the District's name. The District's financial institution balances were covered by federal depository insurance and collateral pledged in the District's name. The collateral was held in safekeeping departments of unrelated financial institutions, which act as the pledging bank's agent.

In addition the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

## Depository:

- a. Name of bank: First State Bank
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 3,500,000.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$2,571,284 and occurred on March 21, 2023.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$250,000.

#### **Investments**

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the District to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

## **Investments** - Continued

The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Trustees. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the District will deposit funds is addressed. The District's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The District's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

The District's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Board of Trustees. The report details the investment positions of the District and the compliance of the investment portfolio as they relate to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas State law.

The District participates in Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP): Lone Star Investment Pool and Logic. The Lone Star Investment Pool (the "Pool") was established on July 25, 1991, as a public funds investment pool in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, as amended. Lone Star is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Standard and Poor's has assigned its "AAAm" fund risk ratings to the Pool's Corporate Overnight Plus Fund.

Logic is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Texas Term is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas Term are rated AAAm from Standard and Poors and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At August 31, 2023, the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund had a weighted average maturity of 44 days and Logic had a weighted average maturity of 32 days. Although these funds had weighted average maturities of 44 and 32 days, respectively, the District considers holdings of these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can normally be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

The District's investment in LGIP are insured, registered, or the District's agent holds the securities in the District's name; therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

## **Investments** - Continued

The following table includes the portfolio balances of all investment types of the District at August 31, 2023:

	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity (In Days)
Local Government Investment Pool:		
Lone Star Investment Pool: Corporate Overnight Plus Fund Logic	\$ 4,543,391 10,081,119	44 32
Total Local Government Investment Pool	14,624,510	36
Certificates of deposit	14,831	332
Total investments	\$ <u>14,639,341</u>	36

Credit Risk - As of August 31, 2023, 99.90% of the investment portfolio was invested in AAAm rated funds in the LGIP (2(a)7 like pools) and 0.10% are invested in certificates of deposits that are fully insured by the FDIC.

Interest rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities should be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the District's cash flow requirements.

## Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

## Fair Value Measures - Continued

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District held no investments valued at fair market value as of August 31, 2023.

# NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES

## **Receivables and Allowances**

Receivables as of August 31, 2023, for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total
Receivables: Property taxes Receivables from	\$ 1,164,787 \$	213,530	\$ - \$	1,378,317
other governments	1,458,164		94,520	1,552,684
Gross receivables	2,622,951	213,530	94,520	2,931,001
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	<u>556,436</u>	121,169		677,605
Net receivables	\$ <u>2,066,515</u> \$	92,361	\$ 94,520 \$	2,253,396

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

# NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

## Receivables/Payables from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA or other state agency and are reported on the combined financial statements as either Receivable from or to Other Governments, as applicable.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	State Grants and Other	Total
Major Governmental Funds: General fund Other governmental funds	\$ 1,458,164 	\$ - 94,520	\$ -	\$ 1,458,164 94,520
Total	\$ <u>1,458,164</u>	\$ <u>94,520</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>1,552,684</u>

## <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources/Unearned Revenue</u>

## Governmental Funds

Governmental funds defer the recognition of revenue in connection with receivables that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period and report these amounts as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of August 31, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ir Re	Deferred oflows of esources onavailable)	_	Jnearned Revenue
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund) Delinquent property taxes receivable (debt service fund) Advance Funding:	\$	581,202 86,095	\$	-
State entitlements		-		13,028
State grants		-		367
Federal food commodities	_	<u>-</u>	_	8,848
Totals	\$	667,297	\$_	22,243

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

# NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

## **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources/Unearned Revenue** - Continued

## **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension and OPEB expense for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date to the current year-end of August 31, 2023 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of August 31, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
TRS pension deferred outflows and inflows of resources	\$ 1,968,171	\$ 366,014	\$ -
TRS-Care OPEB deferred outflows and inflows of resources TRS pension contributions subsequent to the	1,486,123	3,763,570	-
measurement date TRS-Care OPEB contributions subsequent to the	393,344	-	-
measurement date Advance Funding:	85,181	-	-
State entitlement	-	-	13,028
State grants	-	-	367
Federal food commodities			8,848
Totals	\$ <u>3,932,819</u>	\$ <u>4,129,584</u>	\$ <u>22,243</u>

## NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

## **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Interfund balances at August 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	0	08-31-23		
General Fund Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	25,210 5,500		
		\$	30,710		

#### **Interfund Transfers**

As of August 31, 2023, the District had no interfund transfers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## **NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

## **Changes in Capital Assets and Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization**

The following provides a summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation/amortization for the year ended August 31, 2023:

	S	eptember 1, 2022		Additions	Retirements		August 31, 2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/ Amortized: Land Construction in progress	\$	461,898 <u>-</u>	\$	- 89,700	\$ -	\$	461,898 89,700
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized		461,898	_	89,700			<u>551,598</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amor Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Right to use assets	tized:	90,428,890 3,015,908 460,055	_	191,074 80,633	- - -	. <u>-</u>	90,619,964 3,096,541 460,055
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		93,904,853	_	271,707			94,176,560
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortize Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Right to use assets	zation:	6,707,528 1,256,240 227,196	_	1,867,636 244,797 76,575	- - -		8,575,164 1,501,037 303,771
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization		8,190,964	_	2,189,008			10,379,972
Capital assets	\$	86,175,787	\$ <u>(</u>	1,827,601)	\$	\$_	84,348,186

See Note 1 for additional information regarding capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

## **Depreciation/Amortization Expense**

In accordance with requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments, depreciation/amortization expense of the governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

Data Control Codes	Function	 Amount
0011	Instruction	\$ 1,078,828
0012	Instructional resources and media services	15,717
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	3,670
0021	Instructional leadership	24,637
0023	School leadership	121,953
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	47,217
0032	Social work services	2,175
0033	Health services	29,425
0034	Student transportation	70,322
0035	Food service	24,451
0036	Extracurricular activities	137,886
0041	General administration	122,480
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	431,665
0052	Security and monitoring services	23,796
0053	Data processing services	 54,786
	Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 2,189,008

## **Governmental Fund Construction Commitments**

At August 31, 2023, the District did not have any construction commitments.

## **NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT**

## **General Obligation Bonds**

Long-term debt includes contractual obligations. Contractual obligations are issued at parity with general obligation bonds, but carry a secondary revenue stream pledge; however, all certificates of obligation are tax, not revenue, supported. This debt, unlike other tax-supported debt, can be issued without a vote of the citizens. Bond premiums and discounts, and gains and losses on refunding are amortized using the straight-line method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

## **General Obligation Bonds** - Continued

The following is a summary of the District's general obligation bonded debt as of August 31, 2023:

Date of Issue		Original Issue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Date <u>Callable</u>	% Rates	_	Outstanding Balance
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	9,600,000 38,085,000 28,235,000 9,550,000	2043 2044 2045 2046	2027 2028 2029 2030	3.125 - 4.125 3.000 - 5.000 2.250 - 5.000 1.000 - 4.000	\$	8,290,000 26,460,000 26,175,000 9,310,000
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	85,470,000				\$ <u>_</u>	70,235,000

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended August 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total <u>Requirement</u>
2024	\$ 3,405,000	\$ 2,316,966	\$ 5,721,966
2025	3,385,000	2,152,019	5,537,019
2026	3,370,000	1,988,394	5,358,394
2027	3,340,000	1,828,057	5,168,057
2028	3,165,000	1,675,273	4,840,273
2029-2033	16,835,000	6,438,099	23,273,099
2034-2038	17,775,000	3,947,087	21,722,087
2039-2043	13,930,000	1,712,372	15,642,372
2044-2046	5,030,000	147,025	5,177,025
Totals	\$ <u>70,235,000</u>	\$ <u>22,205,292</u>	\$ <u>92,440,292</u>

Bond indebtedness of the District is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net position, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. Proceeds of long-term issues are reflected as "Other Resources" in the operating statement of the recipient fund.

There are limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2023 was as follows:

Long-Term Debt:		Balance 09-01-22		Additions	<u>R</u>	etirements		Balance 08-31-23		Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Lease liability Net pension liability	\$	73,665,000 244,137 1,738,068	\$	4,851,705	\$	3,430,000 81,107 1,898,232	\$	70,235,000 163,030 4,691,541	\$	3,405,000 78,706 -
Net OPEB liability Premium on general obligation bonds	_	3,580,457 4,264,282	_	719,020	_	1,836,134 194,348	_	2,463,343 4,069,934	_	- 194,880
	\$_	83,491,944	\$_	5,570,725	\$_	7,439,821	\$_	81,622,848	\$_	3,678,586

The General Fund has been used to liquidate the net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

#### **NOTE 7. LEASES**

In March 2021, the District entered a sixty month lease agreement for the lease of copiers. Based on this agreement, the District is required to make monthly payments of \$7,369. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the District will not purchase the copiers at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$322,882 using a 3.00% discount rate during the current fiscal year. As of August 31, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$ 163,030 and the value of the right-to-use asset was \$ 460,055 and had accumulated amortization of \$ 303,771.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of August 31, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ended August 31	<u>P</u>	Principal Intere			Total <u>Requirement</u>		
2024 2025 2026	\$	78,706 64,382 19,942	\$	4,891 2,530 598	\$	83,597 66,912 20,540	
Totals	\$	163,030	\$	8,019	\$	171,049	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

## **Plan Description**

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/aboutpublication.aspx">https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/aboutpublication.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

#### Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

## Contribution Rates

	2022		2023
Member Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers	8.00% 7.75% 7.75%		8.00% 8.00% 8.00%
Employer # 1344 - 2023 Employer Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2023 Member Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2023 NECE On-behalf Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2023 Medicare Part D Contributions		\$ \$ \$ \$	393,344 788,247 539,895 53,345

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7 percent of the member's salary beginning fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward to

August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value Single Discount Rate 7.0%

Long-term Expected Investment

Rate of Return 7.0% Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022 3.91% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 2.95% to 8.95%

Benefit changes during the year None Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation %**	of Return***	Returns
Global Equity:			
USA	18%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity*	14%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value:			
Government Bonds	16%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute Return*	0%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	3.40%	0.18%
Real Return:			
Real Estate	15%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastruct	ture 6%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity:			
Risk Parity	8%	4.60%	0.43%
Leverage:			
Cash	2%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	3.60%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.70%
Volatility Drag****			-0.91%
Total	100%		8.21%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease			19	6 Increase
	in Discount		Discount			Discount
	<u>Ra</u>	ite (6.00%)	<u>Ra</u>	te (7.00%)	Ra	ite (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the Net pension liability	\$	7,298,259	\$	4,691,541	\$	2,578,674

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2022).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$ 4,691,541 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability		4,691,541	
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		6,074,837	
Total	\$	10.766.378	

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0079026% which was an increase of 0.0010776% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

## **Changes since the prior Actuarial Valuation**

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 688,004 and revenue of \$ 580,686 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>-</u>		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	68,027	\$	102,284
Changes in actuarial assumptions	φ	874,187	φ	217,872
Net difference between projected and actual		07-4,107		217,072
investment earnings		463,509		_
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement	i	562,448		45,858
Date	_	393,344	_	
Total	\$_	2,361,515	\$_	366,014

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended August 31,	Pension <u>Expense Amount</u>		Defe	Balance of rred Outflows erred Inflows)
2024	\$	424,164	\$	1,177,993
2025		271,151		906,842
2026		136,507		770,335
2027		634,078		136,257
2028		136,257		-

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

## **Plan Description**

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx">http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

## TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare		<u>-Medicare</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - Continued

#### **Contributions**

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

## **Contribution Rates**

		2023
Active Employee Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers		0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%
Employer # 1344 - 2023 Employer Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2023 Member Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2023 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$ \$ \$	173,536 85,181 111,895

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19-related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - Continued

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

## Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August

31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate
Aging Factors
Aging Factors
Expenses
Single Discount Rate
3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Based on plan specific experience
Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care
benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

## **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 3.91 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - Continued

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1%	6 Decrease	Cur	rent Single	19	% Increase		
	in Discount		in Discount Discount		Discount		in	Discount
	Ra	ate (2.91%)	Rat	te (3.91%)	Ra	ate (4.91%)		
District's proportionate share of the	<u>-</u>							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,904,477	\$	2,463,343	\$	2,105,968		

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$ 2,463,343 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$  2,463,343 3,004,892
Total	\$ 5.468.235

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.01028793%, compared to 0.00928194% as of August 31, 2022.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease	Current Single	1% Increase
	in Healthcare	Healthcare	in Healthcare
	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ <u>2,029,806</u>	\$ <u>2,463,343</u>	\$ <u>3,025,369</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - Continued

## **Changes since the prior Actual Valuation**

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

 The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of desources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
·	\$	136,953	\$	2,052,186
Changes in actuarial assumptions		375,216		1,711,384
Net difference between projected and actual investment earning	gs	7,337		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		966,617		-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement dat	:e	85,181	_	_
Total	\$	1,571,304	\$_	3,763,570

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended August 31,			Defe	Balance of eferred Outflows Deferred Inflows)		
2023	\$(	456,801)	\$(	1,820,646)		
2024	(	456,774)	Ì	1,363,872)		
2025	,	352,312)	Ì	1,011,560)		
2026	,	210,888)	(	800,672)		
2027	(	286,847)	(	513,825)		
Thereafter	,	513,825)	,	-		

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ (176,174) and a negative on-behalf expense and revenue of \$ 426,418 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

## NOTE 10. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Following is a schedule of federal source revenue recorded in the General Fund.

Program or Source	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>		Total
Direct Costs:			
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)		\$	281,782
Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC)	93.778	_	9,590
		\$	291,372

The School Health and Related Services (SHARS) funds is not considered federal financial assistance for inclusion in the Schedule of Federal Financial Awards.

## **NOTE 11. LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE REVENUES**

During the year ended August 31, 2023, local and intermediate revenues for governmental funds consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Funds		Total
Property taxes \$ Food sales	6,318,502	\$ 5,836,396	\$ -	\$ - 211,383	\$	12,154,898 211,383
Investment income	560,547	39,768	151,253	51		751,619
Penalties, interest and other tax related	300,347	39,700	131,233	31		751,019
income	142,700	34,677	-	-		177,377
Co-curricular income	31,033	-	-	-		31,033
Enterprise activities	-	-	-	226,288		226,288
Grants and contributions	-	-	-	26,250		26,250
Other	2,322,802	13		623,255	_	2,946,070
Total \$	9,375,584	\$ <u>5,910,854</u>	\$ <u>151,253</u>	\$ <u>1,087,227</u>	\$_	16,524,918

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT**

## **Property Casualty**

During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District met its statutory property casualty obligations through participation in the Property Casualty and Coastal Property Alliance of Texas (the "Fund"). The Fund was created pursuant to the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Title 7 of the Texas Government Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides property and casualty coverage and services to its members. The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any covered claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retentions. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended February 28, 2023, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on the last day of February. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees by July of the same year. The Fund's audited financial statement as of February 28, 2022 is available for inspection at the Property Casualty Alliance of Texas' office.

## Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in a workers' compensation pool administered by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. All members participating in the fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The estimated liability will not exceed the District's loss fund and the District is not responsible for claims and claims allocation expense beyond its individual loss fund. The amounts for incurred but not reserved are projected estimates, based on the experience history of the association.

## **Unemployment Compensation**

During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 13. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2023 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **NOTE 14. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS**

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides speech therapy, diagnostic and other services for locally funded special education to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in a special revenue fund and will be accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts	Ex	<u>senditures</u>
Tidehaven ISD	\$	314,225
Van Vleck ISD		333,661
Total	\$	647.886

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Service Arrangement ("SSA") which provides speech therapy, diagnostic and other services using federal funds to the member districts listed below. Services are provided by the fiscal agent. All funds are passed through the state directly to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in the TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent activities of the SSA in a special revenue fund and is accounted for using Model 2 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts	-	ormula oenditures	 school nditures	-	ARP Formula penditures	 ARP reschool penditures
Tidehaven ISD Van Vleck ISD	\$ 	190,385 202,161	\$ 367 389	\$ 	33,028 35,000	\$  2,156 2,289
Total	\$	392,546	\$ 756	\$	68,098	\$ 4,445

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS**

The District enters into appraised value limitations with local businesses under the Texas Economic Development Act (Tax Code Chapter 313). Under the Act, an appraised value limitation is an agreement in which a taxpayer agrees to build or install property and create jobs in exchange for a 10-year limitation on the taxable property value for the District's maintenance and operations tax (M&O) purposes. The minimum limitation value varies by District. The application for a limitation on the appraised value for M&O purposes is submitted directly to the District and requires an application fee that is established by the District. Tax credits are applicable only to applications determined to be complete prior to January 1, 2014. To qualify for a tax credit, a separate application must be submitted to the District after property taxes for the last complete year of the qualifying time period are paid. The credit is for M&O taxes paid in excess of the limitation amount in each complete year of the qualifying time period. The District's tax collector must credit the overage in equal parts over the last seven years of the agreement, but the credit in each year may not exceed 50 percent of the total taxes paid on the qualified property during that year. Any eligible amount not credited during the seven-year period are to be credited over the following three years, but the amount credited in each year may not exceed the total taxes paid on the qualified property in that year. The following is a brief description of the agreement as of August 31, 2023:

The District entered in an agreement with Maverick Tube Company dba Tenaris USA on July 21, 2014. In addition to the tax abatement, Maverick Tube Company has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 284. The following are the details of the agreement for the year ended August 31, 2023. The total project value is \$ 1,538,113,250, the projects value limitation is \$ 10,000,000, applicant's M&O taxes paid \$ 668,225, applicant's M&O taxes reduced \$ 13,071,483, and Company's hold harmless payment to the District in the amount of \$ 1,925,447.

#### **NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 17, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.





## Exhibit G-1

## **VAN VLECK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Data									Variance with Final Budget
Control			Budgeted	Amo					Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	9,426,559	\$		\$	9,375,584	\$	84,025
5800	State program revenues		4,571,190		6,176,994		6,181,605		4,611
5900	Federal program revenues		265,000	_	265,000	_	291,372	_	26,372
5020	Total revenues	_	14,262,749	_	15,733,553	_	15,848,561	_	115,008
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		7,049,296		7,349,296		6,927,696		421,600
0012	Instructional resources and media services		126,881		130,881		127,551		3,330
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		69,427		62,427		39,112		23,315
0021	Instructional leadership		150,925		150,925		137,457		13,468
0023	School leadership		938,736		938,736		922,515		16,221
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		230,360		225,360		210,730		14,630
0033	Health services		205,363		222,363		215,753		6,610
0034	Student transportation		631,907		666,907		664,729		2,178
0036	Extracurricular activities		783,508		798,508		787,063		11,445
0041	General administration		822,460		827,460		826,499		961
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		3,068,466		3,090,466		3,000,598		89,868
0052	Security and monitoring services		207,220		207,220		179,260		27,960
0053	Data processing services		458,887		438,887		417,101		21,786
0061	Community services		8,049		1,049		400		649
	Debt Service:								
0071	Debt service - principal		101,356		105,944		76,179		29,765
0072	Debt service - interest and fees		9,109		9,521		6,846		2,675
	Intergovernmental:								
0093	Payments related to shared service arrangements		321,076		320,977		320,976		1
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		193,136		183,136	_	179,072	_	4,064
6030	Total expenditures	_	15,376,162		15,730,063		15,039,537	_	690,526
1200	Net change in fund balance	(	1,113,413)		3,490		809,024		805,534
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_	13,000,716	_	13,000,716		13,000,716	_	<u>-</u>
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	11,887,303	\$	13,004,206	\$	13,809,740	\$_	805,534

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Cost Sharing Employer Plan For the Last Ten Measurement Years Ended August 31, (1)

	2014			2015		2016		2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0036287%		0.0057668%		0.0059264%	0	.0060119%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	969,276	\$	2,038,487	\$	2,239,490	\$	1,922,282
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	3,569,361	_	3,881,720	_	4,149,933	_	3,661,459
Total	\$_	4,538,637	\$_	5,920,207	\$_	6,389,423	\$_	5,583,741
District's covered payroll	\$	6,273,110	\$	6,151,110	\$	6,604,142	\$	7,586,453
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	า	15.45%		33.14%		33.91%		25.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.25%		78.43%		78.00%		82.17%

<sup>(1)</sup> Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2014. Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021		2022
	0.0064701%	% 0.0067220%		0.0065208%			0.0068249%	C	0.0079026%
\$	3,561,279	\$	3,494,304	\$	3,492,421	\$	1,738,068	\$	4,691,541
_	5,860,383		5,394,283	_	5,922,903	_	2,877,421		6,074,837
\$	9,421,662	\$_	8,888,587	\$_	9,415,324	\$ <u>_</u>	4,615,489	\$	10,766,378
\$	7,304,460	\$	7,643,218	\$	8,376,655	\$	8,850,420	\$	9,454,970
	48.75%		45.72%		41.69%		19.64%		49.62%
	73.74%		75.24%		75.54%		88.79%		75.62%

Schedule of Required Contributions -Cost Sharing Employer Plan For the Last Ten Years Ended August 31, (1)

	2015		2016	2017			2018
Contractually required contributions	\$	170,758	\$ 187,866	\$	197,075	\$	239,619
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		170,758	187,866		197,07 <u>5</u>	_	239,619
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$_		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	6,151,110	\$ 6,604,142	\$	7,586,453	\$	7,304,460
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.78%	2.84%		2.60%		3.28%

<sup>(1)</sup> The first TRS actuarial report was completed for the year ended August 31, 2014 (measurement date). Therefore, only nine years of required supplementary information is available.

 2019		2020		2021		2022	_	2023
\$ 235,633	\$	268,925	\$	291,323	\$	368,826	\$	393,344
235,633		268,925		291,323		368,826		393,344
\$ 	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	
\$ 7,643,218	\$	8,376,655	\$	8,850,420	\$	9,454,970	\$	9,854,277
3.08%		3.21%		3.29%		3.90%		4.07%

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Cost Sharing Employer Plan For the Last Ten Measurement Years Ended August 31, (1)

	2017		2018		2019			2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00809135%		0.00858018%		0	.00879695%	0.	00895168%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,518,623	\$	4,284,164	\$	4,160,187	\$	3,402,937
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		5,647,383		6,301,276		5,527,956		4,572,731
Total	\$ <u></u>	9,166,006	\$	10,585,440	\$	9,688,143	\$	7,975,668
District's covered payroll	\$	7,586,453	\$	7,304,460	\$	7,643,218	\$	8,376,655
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		46.38%		58.65%		54.43%		40.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.91%		1.57%		2.66%		4.99%

<sup>(1)</sup> Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2017. Net OPEB liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

	2021		2022
0.	00928194%	0	.01028793%
\$	3,580,457	\$	2,463,343
_	4,797,015	_	3,004,892
\$	8,377,472	\$_	5,468,235
\$	8,850,420	\$	9,454,970
	40.46%		26.05%
	6.18%		11.52%

Schedule of Required OPEB Contributions - Cost Sharing Employer Plan For the Last Ten Years Ended August 31, (1)

	2018		 2019		2020	 2021
Contractually required contributions	\$	51,978	\$ 62,512	\$	68,039	\$ 72,522
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		51,978	62,512		68,039	 72,522
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>		\$ 	\$_		\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	7,304,460	\$ 7,643,218	\$	8,376,655	\$ 8,850,420
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.71%	0.82%		0.81%	0.82%

<sup>(1)</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

2022		2023
\$ 84,525	\$	85,161
 84,525		<u>85,161</u>
\$ 	\$_	
\$ 9,454,970	\$	9,854,277
0.89%		0.86%





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds August 31, 2023

											Special
			211 ESEA		240 National		255		281		282
			Title I		School		ESEA				
			Part A		Breakfast		Title II				
Data		lr	nproving		and		Part A				
Control			Basic		Lunch	T	eacher and		ESSER II		ESSER III
Codes		<u>P</u>	rograms		Program		Principal		Grant		Grant
	ASSETS:										
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	352,823	\$	-	\$		- \$	-
1120	Current investments		-		-		-			-	-
1240	Receivable from other governments		32,612		-		2,509			-	6,952
1300	Inventories			_	21,578	_		_		=	
1000	Total assets	\$	32,612	\$_	374,401	\$	2,509	\$		- \$	6,952
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:										
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		- \$	
2160	Accrued wages payable		30,660		24,147		1,509			-	139
2170	Due to other funds		1,952		-		1,000			-	6,813
2300	Unearned revenue			_	8,848	_		_		=	
2000	Total liabilities		32,612	_	32,995	_	2,509	_		-	6,952
	Fund Balance:										
	Nonspendable:										
3410	Inventories		-		21,578		-			-	-
0.450	Restricted:				0.4.0.000						
3450	Grant Funds		-		319,828		-		,	-	-
3490	Other Committed:		-		-		-		,	-	-
3545	Other										
3343	Otrier		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	_		_		-	<u>-</u>
3000	Total fund balance			_	341,406	_	<u>-</u>	_		=	
4000	Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	32,612	\$_	374,401	\$	2,509	\$		- \$	6,952

Re	venue Funds							
	289	313	314	315	364	365	397	410
	Federally Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Preschool	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Discretionary	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula-ARP	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Preschool-ARP	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Textbook Fund
\$	-	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217	\$ 1,909
_	11,000	37,002	<u> </u>	- - 	- - 	4,445 	- - 	- - 
\$	11,000	\$37,007	\$	\$	\$	\$4,445	\$217	\$1,909
\$	-	\$ - 37,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	11,000	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,445 	217	- - -
	11,000	37,007				4,445	217	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,909
_		<del>-</del>				<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	
_								1,909
\$	11,000	\$37,007	\$	\$	\$	\$ <u>4,445</u>	\$ <u>217</u>	\$ <u>1,909</u>

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds August 31, 2023

										Special
		429		437		459		461		479
Data Control Codes	ASSETS:	State Funded Special Revenue Fund		Shared Service rangements Special Education	A	Shared Service rrangements State Funded	_	Campus Activity Funds		Gulf Coast Medical Grant Fund
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	151,080	\$	150	\$	51,640	\$	8,718
1120	Current investments	-		-		-		, -		14,831
1240	Receivable from other governments	-		-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories	<del>-</del>	_		_	<del>_</del>	_		-	<del>_</del>
1000	Total assets	\$	\$_	151,080	\$_	<u>150</u>	\$_	51,640	\$_	23,549
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:									
2110	Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	122,073	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable	-		29,007		-		-		-
2170	Due to other funds	-		_		-		-		-
2300	Unearned revenue	<del>-</del>	_	<del>_</del>	_	<u>150</u>	_	<u>-</u>	-	<del>_</del>
2000	Total liabilities	<del>_</del>	_	151,080	_	150	_		-	
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:									
3410	Inventories Restricted:	-		-		-		-		-
3450	Grant Funds	_		_		_		_		_
3490	Other	_		_		_		_		23,549
0.00	Committed:									_0,0.0
3545	Other	<del>_</del>	_		_		_	51,640	_	<u>-</u>
3000	Total fund balance		_		_		_	51,640	_	23,549
4000	Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	\$_	151,080	\$_	150	\$_	51,640	\$	23,549

Rev	venue Funds								
· <u> </u>	480		481		486		487		
F	Trull oundation Grant Fund		Conoco Phillips Grant Fund		WIT Program Fund		WIT Junior Program Fund	(	Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-1)
\$	2,000	\$	1,045	\$	13,985	\$	383	\$	583,955
	-		-		-		-		14,831
	-		-		-		-		94,520
_		_		-		=		-	21,578
\$	2,000	\$_	1,045	\$_	13,985	\$_	383	\$_	714,884
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	122,073
Ψ	_	٣	-	۲	-	۳	-	۳	122,469
	-		-		_		_		25,210
		_		_		_		_	9,215
	<u>-</u>	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	-	278,967
	-		-		-		-		21,578
	_		_		_		_		319,828
	2,000		1,045		13,985		383		42,871
	<del>_</del>	_	<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>	_	51,640
	2,000	_	1,045	_	13,985	_	383	_	435,917
\$	2,000	\$_	1,045	\$_	13,985	\$_	383	\$_	714,884

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended August 31, 2023

						Special
		211	240	255	281	282
		ESEA	National			
		Title I	School	ESEA		
		Part A	Breakfast	Title II		
Data		Improving	and	Part A		
Control		Basic	Lunch	Teacher and	ESSER II	ESSER III
Codes	DEVENUE	Programs	Program	<u>Principal</u>	Grant	Grant
5700	REVENUES:	Φ.	<b>6</b> 044 000	Φ.	Φ.	•
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	\$ 211,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	OEO 402	24,567	22.000	104.035	275 600
5900	Federal program revenues	250,103	625,692	33,968	124,935	375,688
5020	Total revenues	250,103	861,642	33,968	124,935	375,688
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	250,103	-	25,295	38,253	278,765
0012	Instructional resources and media services	-	-	-	4,240	1,156
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	-	674	8,673	649	-
0021	Instructional leadership	-	-	-	-	4,161
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	30,529	14,868
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	-	-	-	375	2,311
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	49,266	17,734
0033	Health services	-	-	-	1,623	6,560
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-	19,421
0035	Food service	-	802,355	-	-	11,325
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	1,154
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-	6,862
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	1,741	-	-	5,662
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-	1,132
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-	4,577
0074	Debt Service:		0.070			
0071	Debt service - principal	-	2,078	-	-	-
0072	Debt service - interest and fees	-	215	-	-	-
0000	Intergovernmental:					
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements					<del></del>
6030	Total expenditures	250,103	807,063	33,968	124,935	375,688
1200	Net change in fund balance	-	54,579	-	-	-
0100	Fund balance - beginning	<del>-</del>	286,827	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	\$ 341,406	\$	\$	\$

-	Revenue Funds 289	313	314	315	364	365	397	410
_	Federally Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Preschool	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Discretionary	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula-ARP	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Preschool-ARP	Advanced Placement Incentives	State Textbook Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	12,228	392,546	<u>756</u>	252,232	68,098	4,445	- 	68,475
	12,228	392,546	<u>756</u>	252,232	68,098	4,445		68,475
	7,043	378,932	756	252,232	68,098	4,445	-	68,475
	- 5,185	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5,105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		13,614		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>		
	12,228	392,546	756	252,232	68,098	4,445		68,475
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		1,909
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,909

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended August 31, 2023

						Special
		429	437	459	461	479
Data Control Codes	DEVENUEO.	State Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements Special Education	Shared Service Arrangements State Funded	Campus Activity Funds	Gulf Coast Medical Grant Fund
5700	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	\$ 623,255	\$ -	\$ 226,288	\$ 51
5800	State program revenues	94,333	24,631	Ψ -	Ψ 220,200	Ψ 51
5900	Federal program revenues	J+,555 -	24,001	_	_	-
0300	1 cuciai program revenues					
5020	Total revenues	94,333	647,886	<del>-</del>	226,288	51
	EXPENDITURES: Current:					
0011	Instruction	-	326,667	-	29,163	-
0012	Instructional resources and media services	-	-	-	-	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	-	-	-	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	-	173,486	-	-	-
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	-	-	-	-	-
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	-	-
0033	Health services	-	-	-	-	-
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	
0041	General administration	-	1,369	-	194,982	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	94,333	22,537	-	178	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-	-
22-1	Debt Service:					
0071	Debt service - principal	-	2,850	-	-	-
0072	Debt service - interest and fees	-	264	-	-	-
0000	Intergovernmental:		100 710			
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements		120,713			
6030	Total expenditures	94,333	647,886		224,323	
1200	Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	1,965	51
0100	Fund balance - beginning				49,675	23,498
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	\$	\$	\$ <u>51,640</u>	\$ 23,549

Revenue Funds	;					
480	481	486	487			
Trull Foundation Grant Fund	Conoco Phillips Grant Fund	WIT Program Fund	WIT Junior Program Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-3)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ 11,250	\$ 1,087,227		
-	-	60	-	212,066 2,140,691		
				2,140,031		
		15,060	11,250	3,439,984		
-	-	-	-	1,728,227 5,396		
-	-	-	-	15,181		
-	-	-	-	177,647		
-	-	-	-	45,397		
-	-	-	-	2,686		
-	-	-	-	67,000		
-	-	733	-	8,183 20,154		
-	-	733	-	813,680		
-	-	12,870	14,270	28,294		
-	-	-	-	203,213		
-	-	-	-	124,451		
-	-	-	-	1,132		
-	-	-	-	4,577		
-	-	-	_	4,928		
-	-	-	-	479		
		<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	134,327		
<del>_</del>		13,603	14,270	3,384,952		
-	-	1,457	( 3,020)	55,032		
2,000	1,045	12,528	3,403	380,885		
\$ 2,000	\$ <u>1,045</u>	\$ <u>13,985</u>	\$383	\$ <u>435,917</u>		

Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Years Ended	 Tax Rates				Assessed/Appraised Value for School		Beginning Balance September 1,	
August 31,	Maintenance		Debt Service		Tax Purposes	_	2022	
2014 and Prior	\$ Various	\$	-	\$	Various	\$	281,605	
2015	0.988400		-		606,755,969		34,289	
2016	1.034100		-		696,059,859		42,782	
2017	1.014000		-		937,273,858		49,101	
2018	1.014000		-		580,839,879		55,525	
2019	1.040000		0.213250		603,917,108		99,573	
2020	0.970000		0.222810		556,328,636		107,534	
2021	0.897400		0.282040		631,324,712		167,668	
2022	0.872000		0.297560		686,817,470		344,322	
2023 (School Year Under Audit)	0.855400		0.257668		728,305,176	_	<del>-</del>	
1000 Totals						\$_	1,182,399	

 Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections		Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance August 31, 2023	
\$ -	\$ 11,464	\$ -	\$(	4,019) \$	\$ 266,122	
-	1,770	-	(	322)	32,197	
-	1,918	-	(	676)	40,188	
-	2,634	-	(	816)	45,651	
-	3,655	-	(	774)	51,096	
-	11,542	2,363	(	21)	85,647	
-	-	-	(	15,176)	92,358	
-	35,546	11,162		21	120,981	
-	91,097	31,086	(	6,407)	215,732	
 12,473,368	6,157,498	5,792,311	<u>(</u> _	95,214)	428,345	
\$ 12,473,368	\$ 6,317,124	\$5,836,922	\$ <u>(</u> _	<u>123,404</u> ) \$	1,378,317	

### Exhibit J-2

## **VAN VLECK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - National School Breakfast and Lunch Program For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

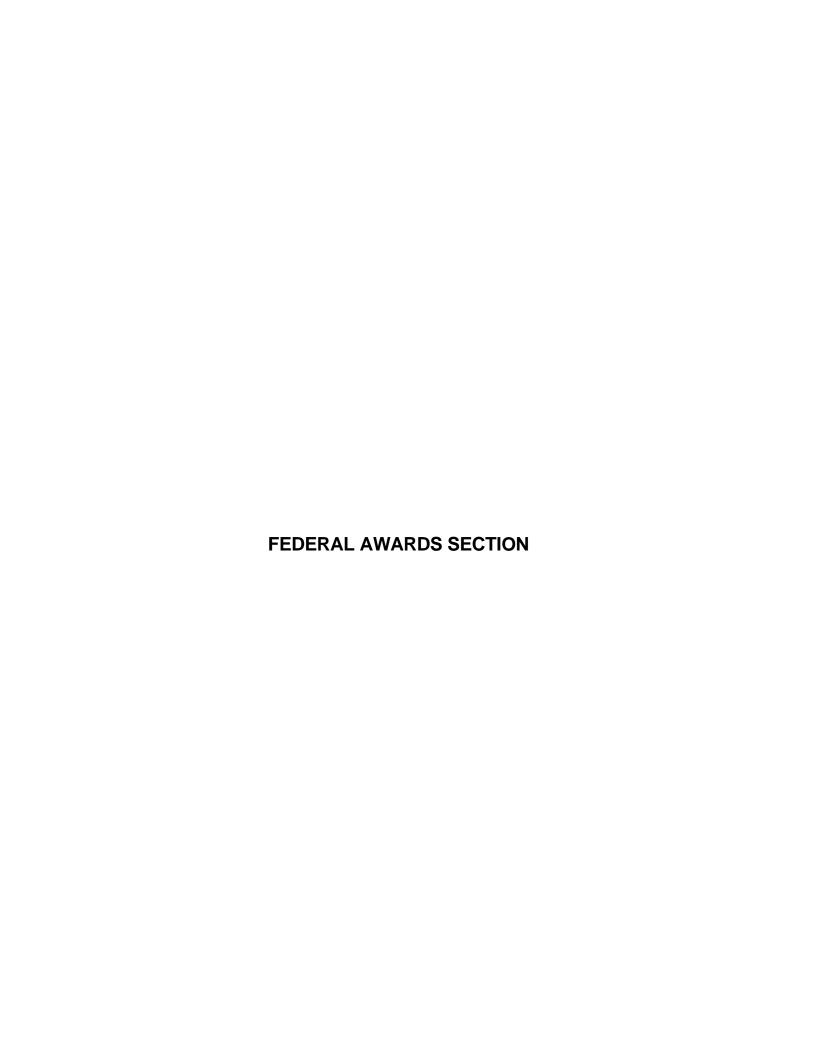
Data Control			Budgeted	Amounts			-	ariance with inal Budget Positive
Codes		(	<u>Original</u>	Final		Actual		(Negative)
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	202,000 27,587 627,554	\$ 202,000 27,587 627,554		211,383 24,567 625,692	\$ ( (	9,383 3,020) 1,862)
5020	Total revenues		857,141	857,141		861,642	_	4,501
0013 0035 0051	EXPENDITURES: Current: Curriculum and instructional staff development Food service Facilities maintenance and operations		3,000 788,216 8,000	3,000 823,216 8,000		674 802,355 1,741		2,326 20,861 6,259
0071 0072	Debt Service:  Debt service - principal  Debt service - interest and fees		8,609 891	8,609 <u>891</u>	_	2,078 215		6,531 676
6030	Total expenditures		808,716	843,716		807,063		36,653
1200	Net change in fund balance		48,425	13,425		54,579		41,154
0100	Fund balance - beginning		286,827	286,827		286,827	_	<del>_</del>
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	335,252	\$ 300,252	\$	341,406	\$	41,154

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	REVENUES:	Budge Original	ted Amounts Final	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 6,094,0	45 \$ 5,994,045	\$ 5,910,854	\$( 83,191)
5800	State program revenues	56,1			( 13,028)
5020	Total revenues	6,150,1	45 6,050,145	5,953,926	( 96,219)
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:				
0071	Debt service - principal	3,430,0	00 3,430,000	3,430,000	-
0071	Debt service - interest and fees	2,484,9	<u>2,484,967</u>	2,484,966	1
6030	Total expenditures	5,914,9	<u>5,914,967</u>	5,914,966	1
1200	Net change in fund balance	235,1	79 135,178	38,960	( 96,218)
0100	Fund balance - beginning	188,8	68 188,868	188,868	<del>-</del>
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>424,0</u>	<u>47</u> \$ <u>324,046</u>	\$227,828	\$ <u>( 96,218</u> )

Schedule of Compensatory Education Program and Bilingual Education Program For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Data Code	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	Responses		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes	
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	882,343	
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	1,553,224	
Data Code	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	R	Responses	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program:		Yes	
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	21,792	
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35).	\$	52,628	







### Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Van Vleck, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2023.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 2

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas November 17, 2023



### Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Van Vleck, Texas

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Van Vleck Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 Bay City 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 2

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
  test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
  Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 3

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas November 17, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
  - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
  - 2. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
  - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None
  - 4. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
  - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
  - 6. Did the audit disclose findings, which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a): No.
  - 7. Major programs include:

**Education Stabilization Fund** 

- CRRSA, ESSER II Grant ALN 84.425D
- ARP, ESSER III Grant ALN 84.425U
- 1. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.
- 2. Low risk auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.



### **Van Vleck Independent School District**

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

## **Van Vleck Independent School District**

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Education	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	23610101158906 24610101158906	\$ 219,448 30,655 250,103
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: IDEA, Part B Formula* IDEA, Part B Formula* COVID-19 IDEA, Part B Formula ARP Carryover* IDEA, Part B High Cost Fund* IDEA, Part B Discretionary Residential*	84.027A 84.027A 84.027X 84.027A 84.027A	236600011589066600 245350011589065350 225350021589065350 66002306 66002312	37,002
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: IDEA, Part B Preschool* COVID-19 IDEA, Part B Preschool ARP Carryover*	84.173A 84.173X	236610011589066610 225360021589065360	
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A 84.367A	23694501158906 24694501158906	32,459 1,509 33,968
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101158906	12,228 12,228
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: COVID-19, CRRSA, ESSER II Grant COVID-19, ARP, ESSER III Grant	84.425D 84.425U	21521001158906 21528001158906	124,935 375,688 500,623
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 1,514,999
			(Continued)

## Exhibit K-1 Page 2 of 2

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Ind	openditures direct Costs or Award Amount
Direct Program: Commodity Supplement Program ** Passed Through Texas Education Agency:	10.555		\$	50,545
School Breakfast Program ** School Breakfast Program ** National School Lunch Program ** National School Lunch Program **	10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555	71402201 71402301 71302201 71302301		25,261 159,005 43,123 302,794
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) **	10.555	226TX400N8903		42,583 623,311
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: State Administrative Expenses (SAE)	10.560	236TX312N2533		1,753 1,753
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: COVID-19 Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT)	10.649	236TX312N2533		628 628
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	625,692
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission: Medical Administration Claiming (MAC)	93.778	HHS000537900202	\$	9,590
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES			\$	9,590
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE  * Special Education Cluster  ** Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	2,150,281
RECONCILIATION: Federal Program Revenues (Exhibit C-3)			\$	2,432,063
Less: School Health and Related Services (SHARS) not conside federal revenue for the Schedule of Federal Awards	red		<u>(</u>	281,782)
Total federal financial assistance (Schedule of expenditures of Fe	ederal Award	s)	\$	2,150,281

Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The District accounts for all awards under federal programs in the General and certain special revenue funds in accordance with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Commodity Supplement Program (ALN 10.555) received like kind goods and no grant revenue received was reported on the schedule for the monetary value of these goods. The monetary value of goods received was \$ 52,071, while the monetary value of goods used and recognized as income and expenditures was \$ 50,545.

#### **NOTE 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### **NOTE 3. FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE**

The District has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.